

tragedy, history, not ex-cepting those up- with 25,000 soldiers, Martinez Campos on which is writdoings of

The revolution was organized by Jose and establish in each one a regular was Marti, a Cuban exile in this country and of the Cuban army.

July 13, 1895, is the memorable date of Davaleio. The war had been ized here what is called the Cuban Revo-lutionary Party, an association of clubs until then confined almost to the province of Cuban political exiles, for the purpose of raising money to free their country.



Poor as were the majority of the few Cu-bans who lived in the United States before the beginning of the revolution, they listened to the eloquent appeals of Mart and gave him all they had on earth to liberate Cubs from Spain. Marti was appointed delegate of the party, and his faithful friend, Benjamin J. Guerra, was made treasurer. There was not much money then in the safes of the afterward famous Junta and their funds were soo exhausted by an unsuccessful attempt to start an expedition from the South. But Marti had obtained the co-operation of Gen. Maximo Gomez and Gen. Antonio Maceo, two veterans of the last war. He knew that the discontent against Spain was deep throughout the Island. He had important connections with conspirators in all the provinces. He gave without hesitation the orders for the uprising an went to Santo Domingo to join Gen. Go

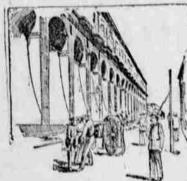
mez and take, with him, the field.

At that grave and decisive moment the total funds of the patriots amounted to not more than \$70,000. It is wonderful that with a sum, comparatively speaking, so paltry for so great a purpose, a war should have been raised which cost Spain up to February, 1898, besides the sacrifice of so many of her soldiers, \$250,000,000 and caused to the United States a net loss in trade and business of \$300,000,000.

On May 19, 1895, Marti was killed in the engagement at Dos Ries, but his work had already been done. He had landed on April 11 with Gen. Gomez at Sabana la Mar, on the southern coast of Cuba, after issuing at Monte Cristi a revolutionary manifesto, and had had time before his death to convoke the representatives of all the Cuban provinces to a general assembly to elect a provisional government and frame a constitution. If this was not done until later, in September of the same year, at the town of Jimaguayu, it was not the less true that from the first days of the revolution the desire of Marti, as of all the patriots, was to organize a republic with popular institutions,

Two mouths before Marti's death Gen. Antonio Macco had landed at Duava, near Baracoa, Santiago de Cuba province, him to Cuba from Jamaica. But his name er, Jose Macco, were surrounded by suish lines and made their way into the and ammunition. On Dec, 15 the Spanish country. In a few days, as soon as the battalions of Canarias and Trevino were news spread of their arrival, the province routed by Macco at Mai Tiempo, after the 10,000 Cuban soldiers.

Cuba's president, the attacks of the columns of the Spanish Gen. Lachambre, as



DEAD WAGON ON ITS ROUNDS.

well as the proposals of peace from the captain general of the island, Don Emilio Calleja. The envoys of the captain gen-Calleja. The envoys of the captain general told Maso that the revolution was a failure. The provinces of Pinar del Rio and Havana were entirely quiet. A few unimportant bands in Matanzas and Santa Clara had been dispersed or had surrendered. Puerto Principe was unani-mously in favor of peace. But Maso, captain general framed in the old iron mously in favor of peace. But Maso, captain general framed in the old iron knowing well how to receive such reports, cast of the Spanish conquerors, not to was in Cuba reached Madrid shortly after courage. They wanted an executioner, manner, under pretext of a military operation of the Sagasta cabinet. Canovas satisfied them and appointed Don tion, half a million people, most of them bath.

a generals and with all the resources of the tragedy so black nation. Gen, Calleja was recalled and that the pages of Gen. Martinez Campos was sent to Cuba

Martinez Campos landed in Guantanoma, Santiago de Cuba, on April 16, 1895. ten the diabolical His first impression was pessimistic and the the long chain of defeats inflicted upon Inquisi- his command until December of the same tion, contain no counterpart. It is a nar- year proved how right he was in believing rative which had its beginning in the dis- from the first day of his arrival that this covery of America; it was rooted in Span- war was to be more important than the lsh tyranny, transplanted into centuries previous one of 1868. He wasted a great of trenchery and oppression, reared in in- deal of time in useless trips by sea to Haternicine strife, and matured in this re- vana and again to the East. Maceo was volting war and its attendant horrors, preparing in the meantime his men and which have wrested from Cuba the proud Gomez was formulating the plan of the title, "Pearl of the Antilles," and earned great invasion of the West in order to

of Santiago de Cuba, with some small bands of patriots roaming through Puerto Principe and keeping up only an unimportant guerrilla warfare. But Maceo had already obtained some notable triumphs, and Martinez Campos decided to carry reenforcements to the Spanish towns in the interior which were in great danger of attack by the insurgents. While Martinez Campos was on the way to Bayamo, Maceo offered him battle near Peralejo.

The engagement was a pitched battle, and the Cubans, not numbering 6,000, carried the day. Gen, Stantocildes fell dead near Gen, Martinez Campos, The Spanlards lost all their ammunition and their horses. Completely routed, a body of them, availing themselves of the darkness Martinez Campos on a stretcher borne by four soldiers. He was exhausted by fatigue and filled with despair. More than 300 Spanish soldiers were left dead on the With the splendid booty secured by him, Maceo completed the arming of

is patriots. From April to October Gomez success fully carried the war through Puerto Principe province and laid his plans for the invasion of the west. On Oct, 22 Macee, having received orders from Gomez,

Valeriano Weyler y Nicolau to succeed

The question may be asked why the pat riots, after so many victories, did not invest the city of Havana and end therewith the Spanish dominion. The answer is very clear. After the battle of Coliseo Gomez reviewed his troops and Gen. found that each soldier had only three cartridges. The Cubans in the United States were making vain efforts to send a big expedition to the patriots. But if the Spanish army was defeated in the fields of Cuba. Spanish diplomacy was triumphant at Washington. At Guira de Melena on Jan. 4, 1896, the patriots had to fight with their machetes to enter the province of Havana. · For such a state of affairs Gen. Gomez considered his best plan to be to organize armies in all the prominces invaded, so far as his resources permitted him to do, and try to raise the war in Pinar



GEOGRAPHICAL RELATION TO

tered Pinar del Rio, Gen, Gomez then ed to the west. On Jan. 17 he obtained of the evening, fled to Bayamo, carrying another victory at the very gates of Pingr cia at Victoria de las Tunas. del Rio city and on Jan, 22 he took the town of Banes at the western extremity of the island, three months after his de- fall of the short-lived Azcarraga cabinet, parture from Baragua in Santiago de vana province. Gen. Weyler publicly de-clared Pinar del Rio pacified, and the gal-posed upon Spain by this country. lant Cuban leader returned to that province on March 15.

women and children, were condemned to die from hunger.

Wholesale Slaughter.

From the date of those decrees until November, 1896, 300,000 people were murdered thus in Cuba, Since November, as a result of Weyler's sanguinary orders. the number has been increased to 400,000. What monster in history ever did so much against humanity and civilization? Nero, Caligula, Tamerlane, Torquemada, Alva when compared with Weyler, appear mild and humane. A poltroon, besides being an assassin, he never offered battle to the Cubans or took the field to fight. In his time Spain sent 200,000 soldiers to Cuba, He kept them inactive guarding the trocha from Mariel to Majana in Pinar del Rio province or from Jucaro to Moron Puerto Principe. At other times from his palace in Havana, following on a map the maginary positions of his enemies, dered his columns to make combined move-

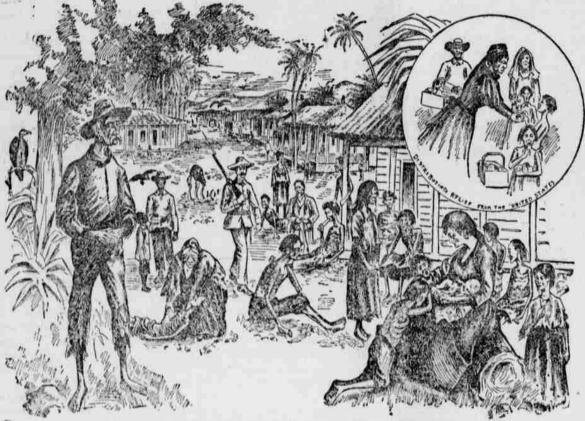
ments that always resulted in defeats. One instance of the stupidity and ardice of Weyler occurred on May 1, 1896. He ordered one of his favorite combinations of columns against Maceo at a place called Cacarajicara in the province of Pinar del Rio. The result was that the forces of the Spanish Colonels Inclan and Gelabert were shattered by the Cuban leader, and the havoc made in the Spanish lines was so great that the Spanish soldiers, panic-stricken, threw themselves into the sea to escape the Cuban machete, Weyler, as in all other cases, accused his subordinates of not having obeyed his orders exactly.

On Dec. 7, 1896, Maceo, after having crossed Weyler's famous trocha and entered Havana province, was assassinated in an ambush near Punta Brava, The revolution lost in him a great patriot and a heroic soldier. But Weyler soon understood that the murder of Maceo was not the death of Cuba's cause. In March, 1896, Gen. Calixto Garcia landed in Santiago de Cuba. He soon replaced Maceo as a dashing fighter and a brilliant commander. At the same time Gomez in Santa Clara had won the important battle of Saratoga and controlled the whole del Rio province. At Garro Jan. 8 the province. The battle of Juan Criollo in patriots routed a Spanish column and en- February, 1897, was another of Gomez's important victories, and in Santiago de withdrew to the east while Maceo proceed- Cuba the latter part of the year was made conspicuous by the triumph of Gen, Gar

Weyler was recalled in November, when, after the death of Canovas and the Senor Sagasta was selected as prime min-Cuba. On Feb. 12 Maceo returned to Ha- ister by the queen regent. It is a well-

Gen. Don Ramon Blanco, who was to nce on March 15.

Before this Weyler had already shown fare of his predecessor, entered Havana his sanguinary spirit and plans of mur- Nov. 29, 1897. Spain granted to Cuba cee, having received orders from Gomez, der. Prisoners of war and innocent per- an autonomist system, which has been dethe army, in September, by the assembly bellion were shot every day in Havana. The Cubans rejected it, and the new



A SCENE AMONG THE STARVING RECONCENTRADOS.

of Santiago de Cuba rose in arms and most gallant charge with machetes of the Antonio Maceo had around him more than Cuban cavalry, led by Maceo himself, that

The revolution was saved. The few Dec, 21 the victory of El Desquite cleared emigrated from Cuba panic-stricken, patriots who took up arms on Feb. 24 at the way for the invaders to the province Baire and Manzanillo had courageously of Matanzas. Martinez Campos then resisted under Gen, Bartolome Maso, now made a desperate effort to check the two terminate the natives. Seeing that the been recoiling before the invaders with lution was growing day by day through-Martinez Campos rallied his almost dis persed men and presented battle at El Co-

iseo on Dec. 23. The action was sharp and decisive, Martinez Campos behaved bravely, leading one of his wings in a charge against Gomez, but Maceo, falling on the Spanish, won the day for Cuba and compelled Martinez Campos to retire. The captain general hurriedly entered Havana, making preparations to defend the city, and he confessed his defeat to the astonished Spanish volunteers and residents of the

Spain Sends Weyler.

On the night of Dec. 27 the captain general made that avowal. A few days later the rabid Spaniards of the city compelled him to tender his resignation to

of representatives, started for the east | The most summary court martial preceded | regime inaugurated in Havana on the first With a handful of men and a few rilles with 2,000 of his men. On Oct. 30 Gomez the executions as a mere formality. In day of this year by Gen. Blanco was as and cartridges, a small open boat brought linvaded Las Villas. Macco joined him on Nov. 29 near a place called Los Guayos. | cold blood in their dungeons or thrown | the acceptance of autonomy an act of and his presence were enough to make From there they began their triumphant alive into the sea during the night at the Spain tremble. He and his heroic broth- march. On Dec. 3 the Spanish Col. Section of the sea during the night at the content of the sea during the night at the sea during the night at the content of the sea during the night at the night at the sea during the night at the sea during the night at the gura was defeated by the insurgents at The horrors of the Council of Blood under perior Spanish forces on the day of their Ignara and had to leave his dead on the Alva look pale when compared to the landing. They broke through the Spanfield, together with a great supply of arms crimes of Weyler. In the country his troops had orders to kill every non-combatant without regard to age. In the cities he appointed as inspectors of police the most infamous murderers and thieves from the Spanish penal colonies in Africa, has ever been seen in the Cuban wars, On In a short time more than 100,000 persons

But Weyler was not satisfied. He intended to destroy the country and to ex-Cuban leaders. Until that moment he had executions in the forts were too slow a method and that the destruction wrought his columns, hoping that they would stop, But he saw that each step of the patriots island, he conceived one of the most monto the west was a decisive triumph for strons crimes ever committed against hutheir cause. The enthusiasm of the revolunnity. On Feb. 16, 1896, he issued his two famous decrees of concentration, By out the country. The Cuban ranks were them every human being in the country filled by volunteers from all the cities and districts was compelled to leave his home towns by which Gomez and Maceo passed. after it had been destroyed by the Span-



PLAG OF FREE CUBA-

ish columns, and go to one of the fortified refused to yield. He had confidence in fight battles and risk his life on the field, towns under the vigilance of the Spanish but to exterminate the native population.

He knew the great moral effect that the In their belief, women, children, every one centrades their cultivated lands were to presence of those leaders in the field was born in Cuba, should be held responsible be devastated and around the towns coing to have on the Cuban people; and for the situation. They did not like a where they had to live not a piece of Spain knew it also. The news that Maceo soldier with a gallant career and personal bread was to be given to them. In this



spies all the Spanish agents sent to them to propose such a scheme. They rejected with scorn the offers of money made to them by Blanco. The death of the Cuban Gen. Aranguren, near Havana, did not discourage the patriots in the least. They kept up the war as enthusiastically as ever, adopting as their motto "Indepen-dence or Death."

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