THE LOSS OF PROPERTY HEAVY

Flames Sweeping Into North Dakota-Swamp and Prairie Fires in Other States.

Winnipeg, Oct. 11.-The forests fires that have been raging in Manitoba close to the boundary line for the past ten days have broken out more furiously than ever. Ten or 12 persons are reported to have been burned to death. and the fire is rapidly spreading and crossing the boundary into North Dakota. Settlers have been fighting the flames for over a week trying to keep them from getting into the more thickly populated districts.

The flames are driving hundreds of wolves and coyotes into the open, and flocks of geese and ducks have been seen flying over the burning forests. Near Whitemouth, H. L. Laundry, a

trapper, was burned to death. A German woman living in a small house near where the fire was the most furious yesterday is reported to have burned to death and her children are missing.

A dispatch from Whitemouth states the fire is spreading rapidly. Several settlers had close calls for their lives. A heavy wind drove ahead of it a mass of smoke which blinded them, and a long line of flames which consumed everything in their path.

East of Whitemouth the situation is very critical. The section foreman of Darwin and his wife and men were picked up by a freight train and brought to Whitemouth. Roadmaster Horner, on a handcar attempted to run from Darwin with his men, but nearly succumbed through suffocation, and was compelled to take refuge in a passing freight train.

All the telegraph poles for several miles east of the town are down and trains are tied up.

A Broken Head, Manitoba, dispatch says the country is on fire there. On both sides of Broken Head river much damage is being done. The smoke is so thick that it is impossible to see 20 yards, though there is no fire nearer than a mile.

Mr. and Mrs. Young, who live eight miles away, lost everything, and only saved their lives by standing in the river for 12 hours, when they were able to come onto the burnt ground after the fire had passed. Nearly every one in the path of the flames lost every-

At Beauzjour, Manitoba, seven person have been burned to death. Mrs. O. W. Thomas, her young son and a daughter, had a race with the flames for several miles. They had a team of horses, which they kept on the run. Sparks from the burning timber were blown into the dry ground of a prairie where they were compelled to cross, and soon they were surrounded by flames. The frantic horses started to run straight ahead into the burning timbers. Before they had gone far the carriage overturned and they were thrown down an embankment into a small creek. This probably saved their lives. They

were badly burned. A report from Morris, Manitoba, says a fire has been raging there, and that one family of five persons is known to have perished.

## The Kankakee Marsh Fires.

Valpariso, Ind., Oct. 11.-The Kankakee marsh fires are spreading in this county, although the farmers have given up all other work and are fighting it at all hours of the day. Several houses were destroyed last night. The big marsh near Assinong caught fire last night, and the flames swept over acres of land, destroying everything in their path. Residents of Hebron, Koutz and Kinman are badly frightened, as it is feared the fire may sweep across the heavy ditches which have been dug.

## Michigan Marsh Fires.

Niles, Mich., Oct. 11.-East and north of this city the marsh fires continue. Farmers have fought the flames night and day for a week, and are utterly exhausted. They have moved their household goods to places of safety and have sacrificed their homes. Game which inhabited the marshes has been driven to the city. Near Berrien Springs, on what is known as the Big Meadow, the fire has swept over like a prairie fire, and hundreds of acres of potatoes have been roasted in the hills. The fire is the worst that has occurred in this vicinity since 1871.

## Fires in Wisconsin.

Kenosha, Wis., Oct. 11 .- Prairie fires in Sommers and Bristol counties caused by sparks from passing engines destroyed considerable property belonging to the farmers. All kinds of means have been adopted to stay the advance of the flames. In some cases where the fire was apparently extinguished it continued to burn the surface.

## Whole Fields of Corn Burned.

Decatur, Ill., Oct. 11.-Forest fires are raging over the entire Northwestern part of this county. Fields of shocked corn have been swept by the flames.

St. Louis, Oct. 11 .- John Jackson, employed in the Tudor iron works in East St. Louis, was terribly burned last night while at work. He was guiding a red-hot bar of iron as it came out of the rollers. Suddenly the bar twisted, and before Jackson could escape, had pushed him against a heavy stand, where, by the force of the rollers it slowly encircled him. The smoke and the odor of his burning body filled the room. Before he was rescued he was terribly burned.

SENORITA CISNEROS' ESCAPE.

Additional Facts Brought to Light by

Havana, Oct. 11 .- The escape of Senorita Evangeline Cassio, otherwise sensation in Havana. Investigations made by the authorities have devleoped a number of additional facts. It is now asserted that the young woman escaped between 11 o'clock and midnight, Wednesday, over the roof of a neighboring house, and through it to the street, where the police found a ladder. The police also found on the roof a loaded revolver and a new rope, evidently used as a guiding rope to enable the escaping prisoner to cross the plank bridge from the house near the Casa de Recogdias to the roof of that prison.

Some of the details of the young The companions of the young woman say that the day before Senorita Cassio escaped, she received a package believed to contain drugged candies. Contrary to her usual custom, she did not at once distribute the candies to her prison companions, but waited unitl Wednesday night, when she urged them to partake of the confections. They did so, and soon afterwards fell into a deep sleep, and did not awaken throughout the night. Ferdinandez, the jailer in charge of Casa de Racogdias, and four employes of the government on duty there, have been arrested and confined incommunicado, pending the result of the inquiry into the escape.

Madame Ana Milan de Bendou, who has been in charge of the hall at the Casa de Recogdias, where Senorita Evangelinea Cassio was confined, and in whose house in San Rafael street the police several months ago found trunks containing dynamite and cartridges, is one of the four employes who, with the jailer, have been arrested, and held, pending the inquiry being made into the circumstances of the escape of Senorita Cassio.

#### THE TROUBLE IN GUATEMALA.

Barrios Overcame the Rebels by Superior Force.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.-The steamer City of Para arrived today from Central American ports, bringing the latest news of the revolution in Guatemala prior to the receipt of the dispatches concerning the capture of Quezaltenango by the government forces. While those on board had not heard of the retaking of Quezaltenango, they are for news, as they say that Barrios maintained a strict censorship over both press and telegraph.

Shortly before the City of Para left San Jose de Guatemala, 10 days ago, a conference of the Americans, English and French consuls was held, as the result of which they waited upon President Barrios, and asked for information as to the use which he proposed to make of the steamer City of Panama, informing him that it was currently rumored that he intended to leave the country. Barrios stated that he proposed to use the vessel for the transportation of troops, and had no intention of abandoning his followers.

On September 29, Morales issued a proclamation throughout the city of Guatemala, offering to allow Barries to escape, in the hope of avoiding further bloodshed, but the City of Para sailed before Barrios' answer was made

Consul-General Carrillo today received a dispacth to the effect that the revolution was at an end, and that Barrios was again in complete control of the situation, which was confirmed later on by private cables to prominent business men who have large interests in Guatemala.

The Evacuation of Quezaltenango. New York, Oct. 11 .- A dispatch to

the Herald from Guatemala says: The news of the evacuation of Quezaltenango by the rebels and its reoccupation by the government forces is fully confirmed. The consular corps there has sent the following message to President

"The city of Quezaltenango has been abandoned by the rebels, and we have notified General Garcia Leon. city has been for some time without proper authorities and all desiring the re-establishment of order and peace respectfully beg you to give the necessary orders to that effect. Confiding in your well-known rectitude, Mr. President, we trust the occupation of Quezaltenango will bring peace for which Quezaltenango prays and is

The United States cruisers Alert has arrived at San Jose, where she is now

Objectionable Order Rescinded. Seattle, Oct. 11.-A telegram was received here today from the United States treasury department, stating that Secretary Gage had rescinded the recent order reducing the pay of seamen on the revenue cutters from \$28 to \$25 per month. It is now expected that the sailors on the cutters Grant and Perry, who quit the service here will re-enlist

Eighty Horses Burned.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 11.-At 2:30 this morning the barn of the Kansas City Transfer Company was almost totally destoryed by fire. The loss is about \$300,000, partially insured. Eighty horses were consumed. A section of the roof fell, carriyng down eight firemen. None was fatally hurt.

Verdict Was Guilty.

Marshfield, Oct. 11 .- The jury in the case of the State of Oregon vs. J. N. Russell, after being out 14 hours, brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree.

Russell was on trial for killing his son-in-law in November last. He was given a trial at the May term of the circuit court, but the jury failed to agree. His defense was insanity.

Fennies have just appeared in circulation in Hawaii.

ON THE SAILOR BOY.

A Crowd Who Were Glad to Get Away From St. Michaels

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 11 .-The schooner Sailor Boy, Captain Pet-Cassio y Cisneros, has caused quite a erson, arrived at 1 o'clock this afternoon, direct form St. Michaels, having left there September 19. The Sailor Boy brought nine passengers from St. Michaels, who came to spend the winter rather than endure the hardhsins incident to semi-camp life at St. Michaels until the river onens in the spring. The returning passengers had gone north on the steamers Eliza Anderson and Merwin. Their names are: J. Q. Barnum, of Murray, Idaho; Dr. Proot, of Michigan: Dr. Frost, of New York; Kaufman, of Chicago; Anderson, of Chicago;; Kappapal, of Sioux City, Ia.; Robinson, of San Francisco, Cuban's escape are quite romantic, and W. H. Churchill, of New York city. All the returning passengers agree that St. Michaels will never be

popular as a place of residence. Captain Peterson says the Yukon river was still open to navigation when he left, but water was so low that boats of over 15 inches draught could not cross many bars which showed at irregular intervals in the river's course, and as a result all efforts to go up the river this fall will be fruitless. Captain Peterson does not think either Captain Frank Worth's or Mayor Wood's boats will be able to go to Dawson City before next June, notwitstanding the fact that both were all ready to make the attempt when the Sailor Boy left.

The Sailor Boy did not sight or hear anything of the schooner Bryant, which broke loose from the tug Holyoke off Kadiak island in a severe storm, Sep-

tember 20. There had been no news direct from Dawson City received at St.. Michaels for four weeks previous to leaving, and no news can possibly be brought by river before next summer, as ice was already forming in the salt water at the mouth of the river, and the fresh water must certainly have been frozen to a considerable thickness at that time.

"In a month form now," said he, "I do not believe there will be 100 persons at St. Michaels, as nearly everybody is preparing to come back. A great many will come down on the Portland. But a majority left ere this on the schooner Novelty, which was discharging cargo at St. Michaels when we left. The captain of the Novelty will bring down all those having sufficient money to pay their board on the trip, no fare being charged. This is done simply as an act the most part disinclined to accept the of charity and in the interests of humanity. Many persons have not money sufficient to even pay for their board on the schooner, and unless they can sell their outfit for cash, will be forced to remain at St. Michaels during the winter.

Mayor Wood, of Seattle, manager of the Humboldt expedition, and D. K. Howard, who had charge of the Eliza Anderson party, are practically prisoners in the hands of their irate passen-gers. Only the presence of the United States troops under Lieutenant-Colonel Randall is expected to avert serious trouble.

The feeling against both Wood and Howard is said to be bitter in the extreme, and the miners have appointed nassenger on the Sailor Boy said:

"There is no chance for the Wood party to get any considerable distance up the river, although they had everything ready to make the start September 19, the day we left. The men ere disgusted and disheartened. They are quite likely to do something desperate before spring. Without exception, they seem to blame Wood for all their misfortunes, and it would not be surprising if he were made the victim of their wrath. I would not be surprised to hear of the death of Howard at the hands of the miners. The feeling against him is growing more bitter every day. The passengers of the Eliza Anderson paid their fares and freight to Dawson, but the Anderson was abandoned at Dutch harbor, and the passengers were landed at St. Michaels by the schooner Baranoff, with no prospect of getting futher this winter. Then Howard announced that the expedition was a failure, and that he would not feed them till they reached Dawson, as his contract demanded. His declaration caused great dissatisfaction, and he will be fortunate if he gets out of there alive.

## Died of the Glanders.

Chehalis, Wash., Oct. 11 .- W. W. Jordan, the second victim of the glanders, died this morning at his residence, after a brave fight of nearly a month against the disease. Everything was done by the physician in charge, and the A. O. U. W. lodge, of which he was a member, and it was thought at times that, on account of his vigorous constitution, he might be able to pull through, but he was compelled to succumb.

## Our Foreign Trade.

Washington, Oct. 11 .- The bureau | end is fast approaching. of statistics has issued a table showing imports and exports for August; the first full month under the new tariff

These figures show for that month the largest exports of domestic merchan- manfully decline to end the war on dise of any August in the history of the government. The exports were \$79,-490.264, against \$66,689,981 for August, 1896.

Grape Thieves Shot.

Fresno, Cal., Oct. 11.-Willie Pattison, aged 17, employed to protect the Reese vineyards from grape thieves, and armed with a shotgun, today shot and fatally injured Dennett Doland and Bobby Murray, who were stealing grapes. Murray is Pattison's cousin Pattison is in jail.

Professor E. C. Pickering, of the Harvard Observatory, announces the discovery of 142 new double stars in the southern skies.

# THE SPANIARDS' REPLY

Decisive Action Has Not Yet Been Taken.

TO CHANGE SYSTEM OF WARFARE

The Insurgents Jeer and Taunt the Spanish During an Engagement at Camarones Hills.

Madrid, Oct. 11 .- A cabinet conneil, at which the queen regent presided. was held here today. When the ministers separated, the premier, Senor Sagasta, announced to the newspaper men that no final decision had been taken in regard to the reply which Spain will make to the note of the United States, handed to the Duke of Tetuan, when he was minister for foreign affairs, by the United States min-

The Imparcial says it learns that the reply of Spain will satisfy Spanish susceptibilities in making clear to President McKinley the resolute attitude which Spain maintains in regard to Cuba.

According to El Heraldo, Spain's reply to the United States will point out if American interests suffer by reason of the war in Cuba, they (the Americans) are themselves to blame for it, inasmuch as the insurrection is assisted from the United States. El Heraldo savs also:

"We understand that the government will express its confidence that the new policy to be pursued with regard to Cuba will produce a change in the attitude of the United States."

It is semi-officially announced that Captain-General Weyler will be recalled from Cuba this month, and that it is probable the cortes will be dissolved in December and a new parliament convoked in March.

Weyler's Methods Must Cease. London, Oct. 11 .- The Madrid correspondent of the Times, referring to the cabinet council says:

"The cabinet was unaniomus in the opinion that the system of warfare in Cuba must be completely changed. Special attention was drawn to the deplorable condition of the sick and wounded soldiers now arriving. This aspect was considered at the direct in-Itation of the queen regent.

"Regarding the finances, although the optimistic views of the recent minister of finance do not appear to have been justified, it is believed that with prudence, sufficient resources may be counted upon at least until the cortes meets in the spring, to authorize supplies."

Routed by the Insurgents.

New York, Oct. Al.-A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: A big battle occurred October 2 in Camarones hills, not far from Matanzas, between the Spanish under General Molina and the rebels under command of Betancourt, Sanguilly and Raoul Arango. The fight began at 9 o'clock in the morning and continued all day. The official report published here states that committees to guard both, and see to it Molina attacked the rebel position and that they do not get out of their reach. drove the rebels out with great loss. pound. Thomas K. Clark, of Seattle, who was The report says that General Molina had his horse shot under him.

The Herald's correspondent at Matanzas has obtained an account of the fight from a Spanish officer who was present. From this it appears that the rebel infantry were strongly intrenched in an almost inaccessible position in the hills, and all efforts to dislodge them were futile, resulting only in heavy losses for the attacking force. The insurgents had only a few men killed, and jeered at and taunted the Spanish during the whole engagement. General Molina narrowly escaped death. Enraged at his failure, he returned to the attack the next day, but with no better success. A large number of Spanish soldiers were brought into Matanzas.

The rebel leader, Juan Ducasse, has crossed the Mariel-Majana trocha with a large force, and is now operating with General Castillo.

Offer Will Not Be Accepted.

New York, Oct. 11.-General Carlo Roloff, secretary of war of the republic of Cuba, has sent the following letter to Gonzales de Quesada, Cuban charge d'affaires at Washington:

"We are now better prepared for an active campaign than at any time during either the present or the late war.

'We are informed here that Spain will probably try to please the American government by offering us autonomy more or less ample. I need not tell you, my friend, that we laugh at such offers, for already we are at the hour of our liberation. Should Spain seriously offer us autonomy, it would prove the full extent of her weakness, and we will fight with renewed ardor until she shall recognize our independence. Imagine our delight should Spain thus confirm us in our belief that the

"Tell the American government that to enter into diplomatic discussion with Spain in the hope that we will accept autonomy is useless. We should simply thank it for its trouble, but such terms. We know that both Palma and you have often made this plain to the American government and public, but we wish you to reaffirm it."

One Expedition Failed.

Havana, Oct. 11 .- According to the bulletins issued today from the headquarters of the Spaniards, a government force has ambushed and captured a boat having on board 207 boxes of ammunition which the troops found ashore. Both of these lots of ammunition, it is stated, belonged to an expedition which landed at the mouth of the river Ariano, in the ditsrict of Cienfuegos, province of Santa Clara, reWEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

There has not been much doing in the wheat market during the past week. The visible supply decreased 1,690,000 bushels, and the exports from both coasts were equal to about 5,000,000 bushels. Crop reports from the Argentine are less favorable and the crop is reported damaged by frost. Should this report be confirmed, it will furnish a strong bull incentive to the market. Not the least important change in the situation is the decreasing receipts of winter wheat-sufficiently marked to offset the increased movement of the spring wheat crop. The export cales have not been large, but sufficiently so to show that our markets are on an export basis and that the demand continues constant. Local speculative conditions remain practically the same as during the previous week. The weakness in values is more apparent than real and results from lack of speculation and moderately increasing stocks. There is no sound argument for any decline in values at present. There are several arguments and many possibilities in favor of an advance. Should Russia prohibit exports or should any serious damage occur to the Argentine crop, extreme high values would obtain. Wheat is fully worth 90 to 95 cents under existing conditions, and as the speculative public become educated to the higher values now ruling renewed speculative support and increasing export sales will

carry values higher. Our corn market has been dull and uninteresting-devoid of any paritcular features or change in previous condiitons, except that farmers' sales of corn to arrive have fallen off to the minimum. Local sentiment has been and continues extremely bearish. Short sellers have taken advantage of every opportunity to depress values, but the market has developed a strong undertone and values have ruled higher than at the close of the previous week. Export clearances continue large and the cash demand, while still inadequate, shows some improvement. The depressing influence in the market continues to be the large stocks.

Portland Markets. Wheat-Walla Walla, 79@80c; Valley and Bluestem, 82@83c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$4.50; graham, \$3.70; superfine, \$2.50 per barrel.

Oats-Choice white, 33@34c; choice gray, 31@32c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$19@20; brewing, \$20 per ton. Millstuffs-Bran, \$14 per ton:

middlings, \$21; shorts, \$15.50. Hay—Timothy, \$12@12.50; clover, \$10@11; California wheat, \$10 do oat, \$11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@ 10 per ton.

Eggs-20c per dozen. Butter-Fancy creamery, 45@50c; fair to good, 35@40c; dairy, 25@35c Cheese - Oregon, 11 1/2c; Young

America, 12 1/2c; California, 9@10c per Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2.00@ 2.50 per dozen; broilers, \$1.50@2; \$5.50; ducks, \$3@4 per

dozen; turkeys, live, 8@9c per Potatoes. - Oregon Burbanks, 40@ potatoes. sack; sweets, \$1.40 per cental.

Onions-California, new, red. 90c: yellow, 80c per cental. Hops-8@15c per pound for erop; 1896 erop, 6@7c.

Wool-Valley, 14@15c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; mohair, 20c per pound. Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers

and ewes, \$2.50@2.60; dressed mutton, 5c; spring lambs, 51/2 per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$4.50; light and feeders, \$3@4; dressed, \$5.50 @6 per 100 pounds.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$2.75@3; cows \$2.25; dressed beef, 4@51/2c per pound. Veal—Large, 41/2 @ 50; small, 51/2 @ 60

per pound.

Seattle Markets.

Butter-Fancy native creamery, brick, 24@25c; ranch, 14@16c. Cheese- Native Washington, 10@ 11e; California, 91/2c. Eggs-Fresh ranch, 22c.

Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 10c; spring chickens, \$2.50 @8; ducks, \$8.50@8.75. Wheat-Feed wheat, \$28@29 per ton.

Oats-Choice, per ton, \$22. Corn-Whole, \$23; cracked, per ton, \$23; feed meal, \$23 per ton. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton.

\$22; whole, \$22. Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef, steers, 6c; cows, 51/4c; mutton sheep, 5@5%c; pork, 7c; veal, small, 6. Fresh Fish-Halibut, 5c; salmon, 31/4c; salmon trout, 7@10c; flounders

cod, 5c; smelt, 21/2 @4c.

San Francisco Markets. Wool-Choice foothill, 8@12c; San Joaquin, 6 months' 5@7c; do year's staple, 7@9c; mountain, 10@12c; Ore-

gon, 12@14c per pound. Hops-11@14c per pound. Millstuffs - Middlings, \$20@22; California bran, \$14@15 per ton. Onions-New red, 70@80c; do new

silverskin, 90c@\$1 per cental.

Butter-Fancy creamery, 27@28c; do seconds, 25@26c; fancy dairy, 23@24c; good to choice, 20@22c per pound. Eggs-Store, 18@24c; ranch, 31@ 33c; Eastern, 14@15; duck, 20c per

dozen. Cheese-Fancy mild, new, 9 1/40; fair to good, 7@8c per pound.

Potatoes-New, in boxes, 40@80c. Citrus fruit - Oranges, Valencias, \$1.50@3; Mexican limes, \$3@3.50; California lemons, fancy,\$2.50;do common,

\$1@2 per box. Hay-Wheat, \$12@15; wheat and oat, \$11@14; oat, \$10@12; river barley, \$7@8; best barley, \$10@12; alfalfa, \$8@9.50 clover, \$8@10.

WEYLER DEPOSED.

Blanco Will Succeed Him as Captain-General.

Madrid, Oct. 11 .- The cabinet has decided upon the immediate recall of General Weyler from Cuba. A decree will be issued appointing Captain General Blanco y Arenas, Marquis of Pena-Plana, governor of the island. The queen regent will sign the

decree tomorrow.

According to El Heraldo, 20,000 reinforcements will accompany General Blanco to Cuba.

General Blanco will be accompanied by General Arderin as vice-governor of Cuba; General Gonzales Painale as chief of staff, and Generals Spando. Bernal and Cannalon.

Staving Off the Inevitable, New York, Oct. 11 .- A dispatch to

the Herald from Madird says: General Weyler will fight tooth and nail against being removed from Cuba. He is trying to terrorize the liberal government into retaining him in command in Cuba until next June, and if recalled now he will utilize his influence over the army to create disturbances in the peninsula or sell himself

to the Carlists. Now that the late conservative administration is no more than a shattered remnant, the organs of the conservative press are nothing backward in vitupearting one another, and the defunct ministry is so malignant in tone as to clearly betray that there was no intention whatever of surrendering the reins of government had not the queen regent herself deliberately induced and insisted on the crisis.

In consequence of this the fallen magnates of that administration, which has been one of continuous brawl and national scandal for so many weary months, are being so bitterly assailed in the columns of their own newspapers that their tempers are said to have suffered in the glorious melee, and more than one has to part from public life and even from Madrid, with scowls upon his brow and anathemas upon his lips, which has caused no little merriment to the unconcerned on-

lookers. The conservative paper El Nacional has made a dead set against General Azcarraga, assailing him more fiercely than ever, and Senor Robledo, the an-tagonist of Cuban reform, "the man who has lost us Cuba," as he is now branded in Spain, in wrath at similar tirades against himself, has stopped his ears and fled southward to his native antiquary, where the crowds turned out to receive him, and where the adulation of the villagers will doubtless compensate him for the harshness, sneers and ridicule of the Madrid-

De Lome to Be Recalled.

Madrid, Oct. 11,-Among the diplomatic changes reported here as being imminent is that the Duke of Almordova, or Senor Muraga, will replace Senor Dupuy de Lome as Spanish minister to the United States.

Treasure Island Again. Victoria, Oct. 11 .- The warship Imperiuse, which recently sailed for Guatemala, carried as a guest of Rear-Admiral Palliser, Ernest Harris, a real estate man of this city. It is asserted that he went south to secure part of the treasure which Charles Hartford says

he has located on Cocos island. Hartford came here from Cocos island a couple of months ago on the schooner Aurora, on which a party of sealers had gone to the island to search for treasure. The sealers could not find it, but Hartford claimed to have located \$30,000,000 in gold, silver and jewels. Hartford is said to have interested Harris and the officers of the Imperiuse in his story, and it is even thought that he himself sailed as a bluejacket on the vessel.

Rich Find of Prospectors.

Long Creek, Or., Oct. 11 .- A rich pocket was discovered a few days ago in the mining belt east of Canyon City. in this county, from which its discoverers realized \$3,000 in cash. This is the same pocket that was searched for by a miner of the name of James Wallace last summer, and from the evidences of Wallace's prospecting, he was within two feet of the rich pocket at the time he abandoned it. The finding of this rich pocket has given new life to the mining belt of Grant county, and with a few more similar strikes, this section is likely to experience a "Klondike rush."

A Filibuster Released From Jail. Philadelphia, Oct. 11.-Cpatain J. H. H. Wiborg was released from prison tonight, after serving a 16 months' sentence for carrying, on the Danish steamship Horsa, a filibustering expedition to Cuba. There was a fine of \$300 and costs, \$500 in all, attached to the and sole, 3@4; ling cod, 4@5; rock term of imprisonment, but Captain Wiborg could not raise the money. The term expired last Saturday, but this default would have added 30 days to his confinement, but a popular subscription, headed by a local newspaper, raised the money, and the captain was restored to his wife and children.

Colorado Forest Fires.

Estes Park, Colo., Oct. 11.-Forest fires are raging in the timber southwest of this city. Immense volumes of smoke darken the sky. Unless there is a storm the destruction will be enormous.

Drowned in the Clearwater.

Lewiston, Idaho, Oct. 11 .- Ira Cowan, of Plaza, Spokane county, was drowned in the Clearwater river today. While crossing with a band of horses, his horse reared up and fell backwards with him. The body has not been recovered.

Victims of the Quebec Fires. Ottawa, Oct. 11.-Word comes from Casselean tonight that four more bodies have been found there, victims of the forest fires.