## BLACK DAY FOR MOBILE

One Death From Fever and Another Case Reported.

YELLOW JACK IN KANSAS CITY

to Stamp Out the Disease in That City.

Mobile, Sept. 20.—This has been a black day in Mobile. One new case was announced at the noon meting of the board of health, and two new sus-Hagam, the first yellow-fever case, died this afternoon.

The city begins to show the effects of the moving away of all who can meet the expense of moving, and now those not financially able are making heroic exertions to get the means with which

Eight Cases in Edwards.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 20 .- Hon, J. L. Redfield, mayor of Edwards, telegraphed the Associated Press at 10 A. M. as follows:

There are eight cases of yellow fever in town and three in the country. No deaths; all patients are doing well.

Vellow Fever in Kansas City. Kansas City, Sept. 20 .- What is possibly a case of yellow fever has developed here in the city hospital.

St. Louis Officials Are Cautious. St. Louis, Sept. 20.-The health department has already taken what precautions it can against the invasion of the city by yellow fever. Measures are being taken to prevent visitors from remaining in the city who have come in contact with the disease. The cooperation of the Southern railroads has been secured and the officials are aidits endeavor to keep St. Louis free from the pestilence.

Outlook for New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 20 .- A brighter outlook for New Orleans is evident tonight, so far as the fever situation is concerned. The reports to the board were of a most encouraging nature. Instead of 20 cases requiring investigation, there were only 10 to be looked into today, and of these, only three were pronounced suspicious, and one declared yellow fever.

President Oliphant, of the board of health, and President Brittain, of the council, said tonight, that the chances of crushing out the disease had infinitely improved.

A fatal case of genuine fever developed in the very heart of Bilexi today. There have been altogether 22 cases of yellow fever in Biloxi, with only only one death, that of today.

At Ocean Springs, no new cases have been reported.

Suspicious Death in Boston

Boston, Sept. 20 .- The Globe says: There has been a good deal of anxie y during the past few days in this city because of the death of Franklin Story Conant, a student of a hospital, last Monday. He was recently in Jamaica and was suspected of having contracted yellow fever. Other accounts say that the death was caused by malarial fever.

VICTIMS OF WEYLER'S HATRED.

The Friends of Miss Cisneros Thrown Into Prison.

New York, Sept. 20.-A special to the Herald from Havana says: The Spanish authorities do not hesitate to show their resentment of the interest displayed by the wives of Americans in the case of Evangelina Cossio Cisneros. They have not only abruptly shut off the Cuban maid from all communication with her friends, but they have thrown into the prison for lewd women in Santa Clara five women who dared to prepare a most courteous appeal to General Weyler for the release of Evangenina.

These Wenen are Senora Rosa Plana, Senoritas Carken and Nicolasa Guiter-rez, Senora Micake Ruiz and Senorita Avila. All these lactes belong to the test families in Santa Cara. Senora Plana is 67 years of age, and in the Plana is 67 years of age, and is the widow of the former mayor of that city. Senorita Carmen Guiterrez is the priq-cipal of the best and oldest private college for young women in the island. She is also principal of a municipal college. Her sister Nicolasa teaches with Senora Ruiz and Senorita Avila are cousins of the Guiterrez family.

A Fatal Collision.

St. Louis, Sept. 20.—The Wabash passenger train leaving for the West last night collided with a freight train at Keyesville this morning. William Gaines, a postal clerk, and W. B. Smith, fireman on the freight, were killed. Two tramps were severely inured. The freignt train was ordered to take the switch but was late and the passenger train ran past the switch before the freight arrived.

Salt Lake, Sept. 20 .- A Butte special says Mrs. James Baptist shot and fatally wounded her husband, a telegraph operator, today, at the poolrooms where he was employed. Baptist recently left his wife and then brought suit for divorce. The woman was arrested.

No Meat in Havana.

Havana, Sept. 20 .- During the last two days the inhabitants of Havana have been without meat. Milk has also been scarce. Only the sick in the hospitals are supplied regularly with either article. In accordance with his agreement, made when Victoria de las Lunas was captured, General Calixto Garcia has delivered up 79 prisoners at Holquin, 12 at Canto Embarcado, 76 at Carolina a 4-year-old child at an open Puerto Principe, and shout 100 sick car window was thrown out of the winand wounded near Puerto Padre.

CONDITIONS MADE KNOWN.

How England Proposes to Do Some thing for Silver.

London, Sept. 20 .- At the semi-annual meeting of the Bank of England today the governor said:

"You are probably aware of the proposition laid before the government in the summer by the United States and France whereby this country should increase its use of silver as a contribution to the international agree-New Orleans Health Officials Expect ment, which, while not affecting our gold standard, might enable the mints of France and America to resume free coinage. Among the proposals was one asking that the Bank of England hold the silver permissable under the act of 1844 as against its notes."

The governor then read a letter dated picious cases were reported. Antone July 29, addressed to the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach. It was as follows:

"Referring to our conversation we beg to say the bank is prepared to carry out what is laid down as permissable in the bank charter, viz.: to hold one-fifth of its note issue in silver, provided always that the French mint is again open to the free coinage of silver and that the price at which silver is procurbale and salable are satisfactory."

Replying to questions, the governor said the bank had had no negotiations with the United States monetary com-

missioners, adding: "We have bought no silver. All we have done is to agree under certain circumstances to carry out what is permissable under the act of 1844."

As It Looks in Germany. Berlin, Sept. 20 .- The National Zietung, referring to the information in the Times of September 10, that the Bank of England was prepared to hold in silver one-fifth of the bullion held

against its notes, says: "The unfavorable reception the announcement has met with from the organs of British trade leaves no room for doubt as to the opinion of British commercial bodies, and as to the ultiing as best they can the department in mate fate of the latest American attempt to secure for the silver-mine owners, with the aid of Europe, a rise in silver as a reward for their support of the McKinley tariff policy and to keep the silverites in a good humor."

WORK OF A SWINDLER.

Used an Astoria Man's Name to Obtain Money in the East.

Astoria, Or., Sept. 20 .- Several Eastern wholesale houses are out various amounts through the operations of a very smooth swindler, purporting to be A. C. Foard, of the Foard & Stokes Co., grocers of this city. He purchases large bills of goods to be shipped to the local firm, and then induces the houses to cash drafts on the company he purports to represent.

Tuesday the Foard & Stokes Co. received a telegram from a prominent Boston house, asking if they would honor A. C. Foard's draft for \$200. A negative reply was sent. Yesterday the firm was surprised to receive from F. McCreary & Co., of New York, an invoice, with a railway bill of lading for \$1,400 worth of silks. Shortly afterwards a sight draft for \$200-arrived through one of the banks. The draft was signed by A. C. Foard, and indorsed by McCreary & Co, who had evidently cashed it. This morning's mail brought to the local house an invoice and a bill of lading for worth of silk umbrellas from Weiner & Co., of New York. A draft arrived soon after, but it was for only \$50. More invoices, bills of lading and

drafts are expected. The fellow, whoever he may be, is a fraud. He is no doubt trying to impersonate M. C. Foard, but became confused on the initials.

Run Down by a Train.

Leadville, Colo., Sept. 20.—Three section men were killed and one fatally hurt in a collision this morning between a Midland engine and a handcar. The accident occurred near Basalt, 50 miles west of Leadville. Foreman Lyons and four men had finished some work five miles east of Basalt, and started for that place on the handcar. The east-bound passenger was due about that time, but, as it had been late several times, it was decided to rush through. The handcar was going around a curve at a high rate of speed when it encountered the passenger. Two of the men jumped, while the other three were caught by the engine and killed. James Cody is probably fatally injured. The dead are: Thos. Lucas, Michael Welch, John Lyons.

UPION PACIFIC SALE.

The Government Is Not Opposed to

Foreclosure. Washington, Sept. 20 .- It is probable that within a few days Attorney-General McKenna will announce the course the government will pursue with reference to the decree of foreclosure in the case of the Union Pacific railroad. It can be said upon good authority that the chances are very strongly against the government's appealing from the decree. The cabinet did not pass upon the question definitely, but, on the contrary, postponed final determination upon it; but there was so much said by the various members in favor of allowing the sale to proceed that it is considered by those familiar with the matter that there is little doubt as to what the

A Fatal Collision.

final decision will be.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20. - Two steamers, the Tsarvitch and the Malpitka, collided today in the Volga, near Astrashan. The former sank. Her passengers were panic-stricken and jumped into the river. Many reached shore, but 40 were drowned.

In a railway collision in North dow by the shock and escaped injury.

REMEDY FOR CATTLE FEVER.

A Denver Physician Is Said to Have Discovered It.

Denver, Sept. 20. - After many months of effort and repeated experiments, a cure for cattle fever has found. Dr. V. A. Norgaard, of this city, is the discoverer. Solution after solution was tried by him in the effort to find one that would be effectual and cheap, as well as immediate in its re-

The plan is to exterminate the insect known as the tick, which abounds on fever-stricken cattle, and through the means of which the disease is communicated. To do this the cattle are forced to swim through a solution in a vat. What the solution is, is not known at present, but crude petroleum

When the successful experiment was tried 27 head of very "ticky" cattle were forced to swim through the solution, and it was noticed that while standing on the dry board there was almost a perfect rain of ticks falling off the cattle. They were put into a special pen, and the next day, just 17 hours after the experiment, a rigid examination was made and the examiners failed to find a single tick in the whole herd. There was no damage done the eyes of the cattle dipped, and not a single bad effect resulted.

If the remedy proves to be all that it is claimed it can do, the cattle market will experience somewhat of a revolution, and about 500,000 head of cattle will be shipped north each year during the now prohibited season, which extends from February 15 to November 15. The "fever line," from beyond the limits of which no cattle can be shipped to the North during the prohibited period, as it now stands, stretches from ocean to ocean and Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Virgina, part of West Virginia and Louisiana form the district affected.

State Veterinarian Goswell is much pleased with the results of Dr. Norgaard's experiments, and says without doubt the long-sought remedy has been found.

A convention of men from all states and territories that handle cattle has been called to meet at Fort Worth. September 27, and at this meeting it is expected the new scheme of dipping cattle will be shown, and should it prove a success, many of the states will be ready to so modify their laws that the cattle of the South can enter Northern markets.

A BAD COLLISION.

Frains Came Together Near Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Sept. 20 .- A special to the Journal from Chippawa Falls, Wis., says: A disastrons wreck oc-curred on the Wisconsin Central railroad six miles west of this city this morning, resulting in the death of five people and the serious injury of four others.

Two free trains, through a mistake in orders, while going 40 miles an hour, met on a curve and came together with terrific force.

The dead are: Engineer Warren, Engineer Smith, Fireman Smiley, Brakeman Miller, an unknown man man riding between the cars.

It is thought others are buried in the wreck.

The two brakemen were taken from the wreck about 7 A. M. and are seriously injured. Two passengers in the caboose are slightly injured. Engineers Warren and Smith and Fireman Smiley and Brakeman Miller, all killed, were residents of this city. Their bodies were terribly mangled. It is not known where the blame lies, but it is rumored both trains were given the right of way.

Engineer Knew His Business.

St. Louis, Spet. 20. - A special to the Republic from Muskogee, I. T., says: A daring attempt was made last night to hold up the south-bound passenger train on the M., K. & T. at Bond, a flag station south of here. A short time before the train was due, the robbers, about eight in number, took charge of the section foreman and compelled him to signal the train to stop. The engineer in charge of the locomotive was an old and trusted employe, who had been held up several times before. He proceeded to obey the signal, but when his engine was within 100 yards of the signal, he noticed several men near the track and at once suspected their business. Opening the throttle, he sped by them as though no signal had been given. The robbers having been foiled in their attempt, fled, and are still at large.

Cremated in Their Dwelling.

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 20.-Three daughters of Preston Howard were burned to death this morning in their home, at Port Alma. The rest of the family escaped from the burning building. The girls were aged 18, 10 and 8 met her death in returning to assist her

Lusters Are Out.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 20 .- One thousand operators on the Chase lasting machines in the shoe factories in Brockton and vicinity, struck today. The trouble grew out of a recent strike of lasters at the factory of Churchill &

A Hint to Shippers.

Washington, Sept. 20. - United States Consul Hill, at Santos, Brazil, in a report to the state department, suggests to the shipping interests that in chartering vessels for that port with the intention of escaping duties, the words "free of wharfage and dock dues" should be inserted. The authorities there recently held that the words 'free of wharfage" alone were not sufficient to exempt the craft from charges of the dock company, and this cost the Virginia \$300.

Determined Revolt Against the Rule of Barrios.

ARE LED BY INFLUENTIAL MEN

Rebel Forces Numbering About Three Thousand Attacked the City

New York, Sept. 20.-A special to the Herald from Panama, Colombia, says: Guatemala now faces an uprising far more serious than the one of a few months ago, telegraphs the Herald largest raised in the history of this correspondent in the city of Guatemala. The present rebellion is led by men of great wealth and influence, and is sides. There is no longer any bubt

Advices just received from Guatemala are to the effect that 3,000 rebels attacked the city of Quezaltenango on plenish our at present depleted reserves the morning of September 13. garrison there consisted of less than membered that Europe has already 1,000 soldiers, but they fought valiantly. The attack continued far into the tities are not entirely for the immediate night, when the rebels, despite their present but for the entire crop year. superior numbers, were repulsed. They The increasing movement of the new vigorously renewed the attack at half crop promises to more than offset the past 9 o'clock on the morning of the demand for the time and result in in-14th, and the advices state that the creasing stocks. latest report is that the fighting still continues.

The garrison still holds the city against the rebels, but the fall of the city is inevitable, unless the reinforcements now hurrying forward arrive within a few hours.

The present revolution is headed by a few months ago was minister of war brother-in-law of President Barrios, and

Feliciano Guitera. These three men were candidates for constitutional term from 1898 to 1901. Their antagonism to the president dates from the time he declared himself dictator of Guatemala and announced his intention of having a law passed in defiance of the constitution, permit- one knows better. ting a president's election for a second term. - This meant another term for Barrios, and met with solid opposition

from the upper classes of Guatemala. In view of this growing discontent, the three presidential candidates decided to meet Barrios with bullets instead of ballots. The first movement in the plot was to get possession of the barracks at San Marcos, where a large quantity of arms and ammunition was stored. This was done by bibery, nearly all the soldiers at San Marcos at that time joining the rebel move-

ment. The rebel force is now 5,000, and is 10 per ton. growing. This is made possible by the wealth and standing of General Moraics and his chiefs and the great discontent in the financial circles of the country, growing out of the business depression there.

DAMAGE NOT GREAT.

R ports as to the Condition of Eastern Washington Wheat.

Spokane, Wash., Sept. 20.—The reports that from one-third to one-half of the wheat crop had been ruined by rains north of the Snake river are incorrect. A Tacoma grain buyer, who has just returned from a tour of the Palouse towns and country, from Riparia, on the south, to Spokane on the north, states that, if the damage by rains exceeds five per cent he is no judge of grain. Where the rainfall was greatest, the grain is bleached, but has thoroughly dried and is being threshed and will grade high.

The only important damage reported is to 80 tons of wheat in sacks stacked on the Snake river awaiting transportation. Much of it was ruined.

The Potlatch country reports that not five per cent damage has been done. About Moscow, Idaho, and on the Nez Perces reservation three per cent will fully cover all lossees.

In the Big Bend country, the great wheat belt of Central Washington, the prospects are glowing. Not two per cent of the crop, which is the largest ever raised, is damaged, or will be lost. C. P. Chamberlin, general manager of the Central Washington railroad, which handles nearly all the Big Bend wheat, says absolutely no loss will occur to standing or stacked grain from rain.

Pittsburg Miners Working. Pittsburg, Sept. 20 .- Between 15,-000 and 18,000 coal miners in Pittsbarg district returned to work today in accordance with the action taken Saturday at the convention authorizing the men to resume work in all mines complying with the provisions of the scale of 65 cents, made at Columbus. The remainder of the 23,000 miners of the district will be at work before the close of the week. It is estimated that years. One of them had escaped but the strike cost the people of Pittsburg district from \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000. Of this amount the miners lost about \$2,250,000 in wages.

The strike against the DeArmitts will continue indefinitely, arrangements having been made to assess the working miners 5 per cent of their wages to defray the expenses of keeping up the fight until the 65-cent rate is made uniform throughout the district.

Odesta Grain Dealers Embarrassed.

London, Sept. 20 .- An Odessa dispatch says the rise in the price of grain has had a disastrous effect there, many houses being unable to complete their contracts, and several of them being unable to meet their paments.

Spanish Steamer Lost.

Madrid, Sept. 20,-Word has been received here that the Spanish coasting steamer Tsal has been lost off Manila, Philippines. Several of the passengers were drowned.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

The renewed export demand has been the dominating factor in the wheat market during the last week. The forward movement of the new crop has been disappointing both in quantity and in quality, but has been sufficiently large to warrant the expectation of a fair increase in stocks at centers of accumulation. The market is lacking in speculative support, the volume of speculation having fallen to the minimum. This serves to emphasize the legitimacy of the present advance. There has been no change in crop prospec.s in America and we still maintain that the present crop will be the second country From a speculative point of view the market now possesses two slightly gaining in strength each day, that Europe requires all of our avail able surplus. We cannot meet this increased draft and at the same time re-The in all positions. But it must be rebought largely and that her necessi-

Corn is king. This has been and is a year of prosperity and advancing values. It is futile to talk of surplus supplies or the growing crop. The former is unprecedentedly large. The latter promises to be much smaller than anticipated, but neither will have but a temporary influence on values. We General Prospero Morales, who, until are emerging form a period of depression and panic. Every other commodin the cabinet, General Fues Barrios, a ity is advancing in value. Corn is going to participate in the general advance. It has been selling too low. It is going to sell higher. The shortage president to succeed Barries for the in the wheat, rye and potato crops of the world insures the substitution of corn as a food product to an extent never before known. To argue that corn is going to sell lower is to maintain that the panic still exists. Every-

Portland Markets

Wheat-Walla Walla, 88@84c; Valley and Bluestem, 86@87c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$4.40; graham, \$3.85; superfine, \$2.50 per barrel. Oats-Choice white, 37@ 38c; choice

gray, 36c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$19@20; brewing, \$19@20 per ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$14

middlings, \$21; shorts, \$20@21. Hay—Timothy, \$13@12.50; clover, \$10@11; California wheat, \$10 do oat, \$11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@

Eggs-17 4c per dozen. Butter—Fancy creamery, 50@55c; fair to good, 40@45c; dairy, 30@35c per roll.

Cheese — Oregon, 111/c; Young America, 121/c; California, 9@10c per Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@

3.00 per dozen; broilers, \$1.75@2.25; geese, \$5@6.50; ducks, \$4@4.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 11@1216c per pound.

Potatoes.-O. egon Burbanks, 40@ 45c per sack; new potatoes, 50c per sack; sweets, \$1.40 per cental. Onions-California, new, red. \$1.25;

Hops-10c per pound crop; 1896 crop, 5@6c. Wool-Valley, 14@15c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; mohair, 20c

per pound. Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 214 @216c; dressed mutton, 5c; spring lambs, 5 % per pound. Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.50; light and feeders, \$8@4; dressed, \$5@

5.50 per 100 pounds. Beef-Gross, top steers, \$2.75@8; cows \$2.25; dressed beef, 4@5%c per pound

Veal-Large, 41/650; small, 6c per pound.

Seattle Markets. Butter-Fancy native creamery, brick, 22c; ranch, 14@16c.

Cheese-Native Washington, 10@ 11c; California, 916c. Eggs-Fresh ranch, 20@21c. Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 10c; spring chickens, \$2.75 @8; ducks, \$2.50@8.75.

Wheat-Feed wheat, \$30 per ton. Oats-Choice, per ton, \$22 @ 23. Corn-Whole, \$24; cracked, per ton, \$23; feed meal, \$22 per ton. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton, \$22; whole, \$22.

Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef, steers, 6c; cows, 516c; mutton sheep, 5@5%c; pork, 7c; veal, small, 6. Fresh Fish-Halibut, 6c; salmon, 3@5c; salmon trout, 7@10c; flounders and sole, 3@4; ling cod, 4@5; rock cod, 5c; smelt, 214 @4c.

San Francisco Markets. Wool-Choice foothill, 8@12c; San Josquin, 6 months' 7@9c; do year's staple, 7@9c; mountain, 10@11c; Oregon, 11@14c per pound. Hops-10@13c per pound.

Millstuffs - Middlings, \$19@22; California bran, \$14.50@15 per ton. Onions-New red, 70@80c; do new lverskin, 85@95c per cental. Potatoes-New, in boxes, 30 @ 85c.

Butter-Fancy creamery, 27 @ 28c; do seconds, 25@26c; fancy dairy, 24c; good to choice, 20@22c per pound. Eggs-Store, 18@24c; ranch, 28@ 30c; Eastern, 16@22; duck, 16@17c per

Citrus fruit - Oranges, Valencias, \$1.50@3; Mexican limes, \$5; California lemons, fancy, \$3; do common,

\$1@2.50 per box. Fresh fruit-Apples, 50@65c per large box; apricots, 20@40c; Fontain-

bleau grapes, 20@25c; muscats, 15@ 30e; black, 20@30e; tokay, peaches, 40@50c; pears, 60@75 per box; plums, 20@40c; crab apples, 20@ ATTEMPTED DIAZ' LIFE.

Arnulfo Arrayo, an Italian, Tried to Stab the Mexican President.

St. Louis, Sept. 20 .- A special to the Post-Dispatch was made this morning to assassinate President Diss by a supposed Italian named Arrayo. There was a general review of troops in the city today. Just before the review President Diaz, in company with the minister of war, was passing through a public park, when suddenly a foreigner sprang from behind a bush with a poinard and made a lunge at the president. The minister of war instantly seized the assailant, threw him to the ground and held him. The police came to the scene and placed the would-be assassin under arrest.

His Life the Penalty.

City of Mexico, Sept. 20.-A most life of President Diaz occurred tonight, when Arnulfo Arrayo was lynched by a band of common people determined on revenge. It was an act unprecedented in the history of this co

At 10 o'clock a number of men force their way into the municipal palace ascended the stairway, overcame the guards and made their way to the office of the inspector-general and killed Arrayo, whom they found there. The killing was a wild and savage scene, and was followed by a wild and noisy retreat.

The police succeeded in capturing a number of people. When the police entered the room they found the body of the dead man lying in the middle of the floor. It was literally riddled with bullets and wounds made by knives and other steel instruments.

The men who were captured last night would not say anything. The police station in the municipal building, the path to which is marked by a trail of blood.

AN INDIAN STRIKE ENDED.

Bold Man With a Gun Easily Got Across

Port Townsned, Wash.. Sept. 20.— A letter received here this morning shows that David E. Brown, a former mailcarrier here, has broken the record in crossing Chilkoot pass. Brown left here for Juneau on the Queen, August 29. From Juneau he took a small boat for Dyea; in nine days after kissing his wife good-bye he wrote from Lake Bennett that he had crossed the pass and nett that he had crossed the pass and had engaged passage with other travelers in a boat from Lake Bennett to Dawson, paying \$450 cash for the passage down the rive. His outfit weighed only \$50 pounds, and he was well provided with money. The time on the trail from Dyea to Lake Bennett was 45 hours. Brown was accompanied by two Indians, who carried his freight across the pass for \$82 cents. ncross the pass for 38 cents a pound. He made a contract with the Indians at Dyes, and at Sheep Camp they struck for 45 cents per pound, but Brown forced them at the point of a revolver to fulfill the contract at the original price, which they did, as Brown drove them ahead, himself bringing up the rear with 100 pounds on his back, and the revolver in his hand.

BIG GOLD DISCOVERY.

Rich Ouartz District Near International Boundary Line.

Seattle, Sept. 20 .- Sumas, the terminus of the Seattle & Internatio railroad, at the Canadian border, le in a condition of wildest excitement over the reports that are brought in from a the reports that are brought in newly discovered quartz district eight newly discovered quartz district all boundmiles south of the international bour ary line, northeast of Mount Baker, and 45 miles from Suams. Samples of free-milling ore brought to this city for assay run as high as \$10,000 in gold to the ton. The infection is spreading, and parties in this city are preparing to leave tomorrow for the Mount Baker mines. Mining experts in Seattle say they believe the reports, and that the discoveries are in a district that is simply a continuation of the Okanogan, Methow, Slate Creek and Ruby Creek districts, across the northern tier of counties in the state. Sumas is practically depopulated, and every man who can get an outfit and a horse is leaving

and worked all the year round, good roads and trails leading to within four miles of the new mines.

for the mines. If the reports are con-firmed there will likely be a great ex-

sitement, as the mines can be reached

To Offset Klandike Tales. San Francisco, Sept. 20.—George Maderia, the well-known mining expert, who has been making a careful examination of the Coffee creek district. in Trinity county, has sent a report to Secretary Durden, of the state mining bureau. He says that the value of the recent finds in that section has be greatly exaggerated. Gold can be panned from surface dirt only in small quantities, paying from 25 to 30 cents a pan. Any large strike that may be made in the furture will accrue to the benefit of those having plenty of capital to buy machinery and properly work claims.

France's Grain Needs. Paris, Sept. 11.—The Matin, in an article on the grain supply, says it will be necessary to import 20,000,000 quintals of wheat this season, on account of the failure of crops. The importation of this quantity of wheat will yield 140,000,000 francs duty.

Counterfeit Postal Cards.

Denver, Sept. 20.-The postoffice inspector's officers here believe they have unearthed a scheme to defraud the government. Postal cards supposed to be Denver mails and arrests are likely to follow. It is claimed that the cards are sold in large quantities to merchants and investment houses, and im-mence profits are being realized. It is supposed that at least one of the oper-stors is located in this city.