Oregon City Courier. A. W. OHENEY, Publisher. REGON CITY OREGON NEWS OF THE WEEK

Interesting Collection of Current Events In Condensed Form From Both Continents.

The fund raised in Canada for the India famine sufferers has been closed.

The amount contributed was \$179,161. Ten saloons in Kansas City, Kan., were raided by the police and \$3,500 worth of liquors seized and poured into the gutters. Saloon furniture and fixtures filling ten big drays were seized and carted to police headquarters, where it will be burned.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says the wheat crop in the province of Santa Fe is calculated at about 10,000 tons, scarcely more than enough to supply the province for the year. What is true in Santa Fe province is said to be true in the other provinces, enough for home use.

The jewelry store of W. H. Finck, at Seattle, was burglarized and goods to the amount of \$10,000 taken. By sawing the iron bars off the window, the burglars secured an entrance to the store. With a seven-pound sledgehammer and an eight-inch punch they broke the handle off the outside door of the safe, and then easily pried the door open.

Five orphan children have been shipped from Honolulu to San Francisco. The government officials will not permit them to land unless \$500 bonds are furnished for each of the quintet as a guarantee that they shall not become public charges, but so far the necessary amount has not been raised by the Salvation Army officer to whom they were consigned.

Official information received at Manila confirms the reports previously published as to the disastrons character of the eruption of the Manyon volcano. Several villages were completely destroyed. At Libog 150 bodies were recovered and buried, and more remained in the lava. At another place 200 persons were missing. Some of the bodies recovered were so completely calcined as to be unrecognizable.

Advices from Rio de Janeiro state that the fanatics attacked several convoys of provisions and ammunition in the interior a few days ago and a bloody battle followed. The fanatics were forced to retire after severe losses. The Brazilian troops had 28 officers wounded. The fanatics are now reorganizing their forces and another attack on convoys is expected, as the fanatics are in need of ammunition.

Involved in the question of inter-pretation of section 23 of the new tar-iff, with regard to the 10 per cent discriminating duty on foreign goods coming to the United States from Canada or Mexico, which is now before the attorney general for decision, is another stion of equal if not greater magnitude. It involves the question of whether this discriminating duty of 10 per cent does not apply to all goods imported in foreign vessels landing at United States ports which are not exempt from discriminating tonnage taxes by express treaty stipulation. The matter is now before the attorney-general, awaiting an interpretation.

CUBA'S FIGHT FOR LIBERTY. LATTER DAY PIRATES Quinton Banderas Tells of the Progress of the War. New York, Sept. 1 .- The Journal

and Advertiser says: The sensationally victorious march of the Cubans under Maximo Gomez and Antonio Maceo, the entire length of the island, in Martinez Campo's time, has just been duplicated by Quintin Banderas. Tho negro war captain, than whom no Cuban of the colored race, excepting only Maceo, perhaps, has won greater honors in the struggle for independence, led 12,000 men from the eastern end of the

island, where the patriots in arms are strongest, to the western end, where, since Maceo's death the Cuban cause has not prospered so well. Those 12 .-000 men represented all branches of the Cuban army service. They penetrated into the provinces of Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio, strengthening the existing forces in each of these provinces to such an extent that the coming winter campaign there may be expected to be even as disastrous for the Spanish as in the times of the redoubtable Maceo.

The news of the brilliant achievement was brought to the Journal and Advertiser by the mail from Havana in an autograph letter from Banderas himself. In it he requests the publication that is, none will furnish more than of the proclamation that he issued on taking charge of the department. Banderas says that the second invasion of the west was made in compliance with plans that were completed by Maximo Gomez, the general-in-chief himself, in June last, and that the march was effected with little or no trouble or molestation from the Spanish troops. The proclamation intimates that there have been wholesale desertions from the Spanish army in Havana province into the Cuban service.

The rest of the proclamation is directed "To the Men of My Race," and is as follows:

"It only remains for me to appeal to the men of my race, to point out to them that we owe the liberty of our fathers to the revolution of 1868, and it is my duty to present to them the example of that noble figure, Major-General Antonio Maceo, who died on the field for the liberty of his country."

Spain Will Never Yield.

Denver, Sept. 1 .- Count Henri Penaloza, of Paris, is spending a few days in the city upon mining business. The count is an American by birth, a Spaniard by descent and a Frenchman by adoption. He was born in San Francisco in 1869, while his parents were spending the winter in California. In the course of an interview Count Penaloza said:

"As long as Spain has a man or a penny in the treasury the Spanish government will not consent to the independence of Cuba. A country whose call for military funds was subscribed four times over and which has sent 200,000 soldiers to Cuba, is not in the impoverished condition so often described."

Count Penaloza is exiled from his native country on account of the Carlist proclivities of his family.

IN BEHALF OF INDIANA MINERS.

A Large Relief Fund Subscribed

Bloody Outrages Occurred in Chinese Waters.

VESSELS AND PORTS PLUNDERED

Achinese Attacked a British Steamer. Massacred Passengers and Crew and Looted the Ship.

Tacoma, Aug. 31 .- The Northern Pacific tiner Columbia arrived today on her maiden voyage from Yokohama. with 127 passengers and a full cargo of freight. She was delayed on several occasions and forced to lie to 24 hours on account of the breakage of her machinery. One of the firemen died of heat apoplexy, and was buried at sea. The Columbia's cargo includes 1,700 bales of silk, valued at \$500,000, which will go acorss the continent via the Northern Pacific today on a special train of eight baggage cars. The Columbia brings Oriental advices up to July 27, as follows:

News has just reached Hong Kong of the prevalence of pirates on the Canton river, and one of the most daring outrages perpetrated. One of the sons of Captain Chung Kwei, a Straits millionaire, Kung Ah Phin, who recently went to Canton, was the victim. He, in company with a few of his relatives, hired a flower boat, and they were proceeding to their native place. On the sec ond day the boat stuck in the mud, and could not proceed. During the night, a gang of men with painted faces and fully armed boarded the boat. With revolvers leveled at the passengers, they commanded silence while four men began at once to look for plunder. Ah Phin brought from the Straits jewelry amounting in value to \$5,000 and \$2,-000 in notes. These the pirates took, besides clothing, etc. When they had satisfied themselves that nothing more was to be obtained, they left the boat, after threatening the victims with instant death if they made a noise till hours afterward. In the morning, information was at once sent down to Canton, but before the authorities had time to send a gunboat, the pirates had made their escape. Up to the present, nothing more has been heard of them.

Mat Sallet, a notorious brigand, with 200 followers, raided the government station at Pulch Gaya, captured Mr. Newbronner, the officer in charge, killed a corporal, and then sacked the treasury of \$20,000. The town, which consisted entirely of wooden and kajang houses, was then fired, and every building destroyed. Gaya is the export and import center of a considerable district, and the population is largely Chinese. Sallet at last accounts was fortified at Inaman, and it is feared will attack Sandkan and massacre the Europeans, after looting the town.

A daring piracy is reported off the coast of Acheen. The British steamer Pegu was attacked by six armed Achinese. Captain Ross managed to force his way through and reached the deck, hotly pursued by his savage assailants, one of whom had meanwhile laid hold of the carving knife from the table. As

THE TRAIL IS OPEN. A Few of Those Gathered at Skaguay

Can Now Escape. Seattle, Sept. 1 .- The following let-

Skaguay, Aug. 25.-The jam is broken on the Skaguay trail. A number of outfits have gotten over, and there is a steady stream of moving humanity, mixed up in an almost indescribable

mass of horses of all sizes, ages and conditions, mules, steers, milch cows, goats and dogs, also vehicles of every description and kind to be imagined. Three steamers are now unloading on lighters, which convey the freight as near the shore as possible, where it is loaded on wagons or carried above high tide. The Utopia is unloading at the only wharf-a very shaky structure. Two piledrivers are at work on another dock, which is intended to be a substantial one.

A new sawmill got up steam for the first time this morning. Rough lumber is worth \$37 per 1,000, but cannot be got half fast enough at any price. The city of tents is not being displaced, but reinforced by a city of "shacks" of all sizes and degrees of finish. Skaguay is the boom town of Alaska. Every man whose heart failed him when he encountered the first hardship has turned townsite boomer. Four weeks ago Skaguay was not known; today there are not less than 3,000 people here, in addition to those on the ships in the harbor. They have surveyed off the townsite, the first comers having first choice. The United States commissioner is issuing some kind of a certificate for a fee of \$5; then the squatter sticks up his tent, shack, or corral, and is ready to "skin" the first tenderfoot that comes along. Transfers by quit claim are quite common, and as high as \$200 has been paid for a choice location.

Skaguay has all the usual accompaniments of a frontier mining town. Dance halls and scarlet women are plentiful, while roulette, faro, and stud poker and craps find devotees ready to tempt fickle fortune's smile.

There is no danger of a famine here, though there may be shortage in certain lines. On all sides, "smiling plenty as if conjured by some enchanter" here abounds. Great piles of hay, grain, flour, bacon, sugar and all the necessaries are in stock apparently enough to last for some time to come. There are not less than 2,000 horses at work on the Skaguay trail, but it is hard to get anyone to contract to deliver you over the summit-at any price-but you can get over for about 30 cents a pound, if you are willing to wait and contract by sections. The packers at this end of the trail do not like to contract farther than the first hill, six miles out, then one has to hire another outfit.

At Dyea the Indians are moving the freight in an almost unbroken stream from the landing to Lake Lindeman, and it is no trouble to contract to get one's entire outfit over at one trip for 30 to 35 cents per pound. No one should come expecting to get over this fall for a less rate, and no one should bring boats. There are boats, set up, knocked down, in sections, and single boards on both trails from the landing to the base of the summit, but not one

NORTHWEST BREVITIES

Evidence of Steady Growth and Enterprise.

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST

From All the Cities and Towns the Thriving Sister States -Oregon.

The spring run of salmon at Celilo was a failure this year.

The hay harvest in Wallowa county is over, and farmers are busy garnering their wheat.

A student of fruit culture in Jackson county says that yellow jackets are death on all kinds of moths that prey on fruit.

One of the tramps injured in the wreck south of Roseburg drew \$100 out of his pocket and asked to be well cared for while that lasted.

The schooner Bella, built on the Siuslaw by Eli Hansen, was furnished with masts last week. The Bella has been a long time building.

Hon. Thomas H. Tongue has succeeded in locating the lost muster rolls of the companies of volunteers that fought the Rogue river Indians in 1853.

The sawmills up the North Santiam are being operated to their fullest sapacity. Many of them are cutting ties and bridge timbers for repairs on the G. C. & E.

Eighty acres of the Ginn place, near Weston, which was threshed last week, averaged 52 bushels of wheat to the acre. This is the largest yield yet heard of in that section.

Engineer Halcombe, with a crew of men, is now engaged in making a sur-vey of the Nehalem bar, with the ob-ities of pockets and development of ject of getting an appropriation for jetty work. He is doing the work thoroughly, and will also make a survey of the Tillamook bar later.

Astronomer S.S. Gannett has the instruments in place for receiving time by wire from St. Louis, in order to establish a meridian line at Baker City for the geological maps that are to be made by the federal authorities of the Baker mineral district.

The Astoria carnival this year has eclipsed anything of the kind ever held in that city. It is the intention to effect a permanent organization of a regatta club, the objects of which will be to collect funds and otnerwise promote the annual carnival.

The state fair to be held in Salem this year promises to be a success in every way. The O. R. & N., with its usual generosity and care for the state's interests, is the first line to announce a reduced rate to Salem during the fair of one fare for the round trip.

Work is being pushed on the construction of the Astoria & Columbia River road to Goble, and the officers say they will have trains running between Astoria and Portland by January

1. The affairs of the road are in good hands, and being conducted in a business-like manner.

THE TREASURE SHIP.

The Steamer Portland Arrives From St. Michaels.

Port Angeles, Wash., Aug. 31 .- The steamer Portland arrivel from St. Michaels tonight. Captain Kidston reported a pleasant voyage, and explained the delay of three days in reaching Port Angeles by stating that a very serious storm at St. Michaels delayed the discharge of his cargo.

He laughed when told of the reports that the Portland was carrying over \$2,000,000 in gold. As a matter of fact, he said, there was only about \$825,000 in gold dust and nuggets on board his vessel.

Up to the time he left St. Michaels he had heard of no new gold fields.

Among the Portland's passengers from St. Michaels is Timothy Bell, who bas with him \$30,000 in gold which he dug from a claim that cost \$125.

William Ogilvie, Dominion surveyor, says the 600 claims now staked out will yield \$60,000,000.

From a number of the Portland's crew it was learned that Captain Kidston had expected the Weare, one of the company's boats, to come down the Yukon with about \$1,000,000 worth of nuggets and gold dust, but as she did not arrive in time he decided to bring down the treasure next trip.

The United States cutter Bear, it is said, will guard the Portland on her next trip from St. Michaels to Seattle. As most miners will make their cleanup by that time it is expected the Portland's cargo will be a very valuable one.

The returning miners say the remarkably rich claims on Eldorado creek will number 140. Mr. Ogilvie estimates that, at the rate these 140 claims are now producing, and considering the ground yet to be worked, the amount in the next three years will aggregate about \$70,000,000. To this claims already found, but not opened.

There have been other rich strikes on Stewart river, Hunker, Henderson and Indian creeks, but none of these are as rich as the claims on Eldorado and Bonanza creeks.

Until the wonderful discoveries of Klondike were made, ground worth 10 cents to the pan, with two or three feet of pay dirt, was considered very good for the Yukon, and the miners made their money with rockers and sluices. This year the miners are passing entirely over ground of this richness in their search for sand and gravel that will pay like that of the Klondike discoveries.

Up to date, none of the claims was showing any signs of exhaustion, and scarcely a dozen are more than well opened. Every one has large areas of ground to be worked.

One returning miner says it is impossiblle to make anything like an accurate estimate of the probable yield of the mines. The ground is not at all even in richness, and the worth of pay streaks varies greatly.

The most important news from St. Michaels is that the river steamers left there two weeks ago for their last trip up. It is not certain they will reach Dawson this fall, and the passengers who left the Sound as early as July 25 L. C. Coleman returned to Jackson- may not reach Circle City before navithat hundreds who left the Sound and California since August 1 for St. Michaels will winter there. At the best they can scarcely get started up the Yukon before it freezes solid. All vessels touching at St. Michaels this summer have had difficulty keeping their crews, who have caught the fever. One schooner from Victoria was captain to cook, who started up the river for Klondike.

ter was received per steamer Utopia, which arrived in Seattle today:

Two young ladies from Alameda and San Francisco have gone to Trinity county upon a prospecting tour. They are equipped with complete miners' outtits and are determined to work hard to tind a paying claim.

Edwin Corbin, of Chicago, has closed a deal amalgamating the United States and Canadian Lakes Fisheries Companies, whereby the control of 20 companies passed into the hands of the British company with \$5,000,000 capital.

The British, Russian and French ministers to Greece have notified their respective governments that it is impossible for Greece to pay an indemnity exceeding £3,000,000 Turkish. It is anderstood that negotiations are on foot to induce Turkey to accept a smaller sum than the amount originally demanded.

The county recorder in Great Bend, Kan., has reported the release of over \$60,000 in chattel and real estate mortgages since August 1, and half of the crop has not been threshed. It is predicted that by the new year the county will be in better shape than ever before and will look back on the largest acreage of wheat in the history of the county.

Paul J. Henning, who has just arrived in San Francisco, says the American flag is flying on Clipperton island. He has been living on the island with two other men and they successfully blocked the attempt of Captain Murtray of the ship Kinkora, to hoist the British flag there three months ago. The Kinkora was wrecked and the three Americans held as wreckage nearly a million feet of lumber, which was washed ashore. H. M. S. Comus visited the island later, but did not disturb the Stars and Stripes nor enter a claim for the lumber.

S. J. Hatchett, formerly secretary of the Los Anglees chamber of commerce, who had charge of the Los Angeles exhibit at the world's fair and mysteriously disappeared before the exposition closed, is said to have been seen in Chicago. His wife has mourned him as dead. The informant states that Hatchett told him he had concluded to drop out of sight, and cautioned him to say nothing about having met him.

President McKinley spoke at the Grand Army encampment at Buffalo,

Lebanon. Denver, Sept. 1 .- A special to the

News from Lebanon, Ind., says: An immense meeting was held last night at the opera house in behalf of the starving coal miners in Indiana. Thomas J. Terhune made a statement of the condition of the miners as he found it while making his investigation as Governor Mount's special com-

missioner. He said: "There are 8,000 families in this state in destitution. Thirty thousand people are literally starving. A few years ago they received \$1.25 per ton; now the average price paid is about 35 cents per ton. A good miner can make

\$1 a day and is allowed to work two or three days each week. They are compelled to trade at company stores and the prices they pay are left entirely to the mine operators. The miners admit that they cannot live upon the present scale of wages."

A large subscription to the relief fund was raised.

E. V. Debs left Terra Haute for St. Louis last night to attend the conference called by the national executive board of United Mineworkers. He says there has been a remarkable change in public sentiment on the injunction question; that whereas three years ago there was hardly any dissent from the course of judges who were issuing restraining orders against the strikers, the prependerance of sentiment now is in opposition.

A Convert to Buddhism.

New York, Sept. 1 .- A most uunsual ceremony will be performed this evening upon the platform of New Century hall, on Fifth avenue, when Conntess M. de Canavaro will be received into the Buddhist faith by Dharmapala, a priest of the Brahma-Somaj sect. The priest will repeat in his native language the formula of the oath of Buddha, which will be repeated by the proselyte. This will be but the second ceremony of the kind ever performed in this country.

Countess de Canavaro is an American woman, about 45 years old, a native of California, who married a foreigner. Further than that she will say nothing whatever about her family affairs.

Thinks Andree Will Return.

New York, Sept. 1 .- Evelin B. Baldwin, an Arctic explorer of some note, when seen by a reporter in Brooklyn last night, declared his belief that Andree will come back safely from his journey in search of the north pole. Mr. Baldwin has just returned from Europe, where he talked with leading scientists, all of whom share his belief.

Friendship, Me., has a great grand mother but 53 years old.

the unfortunate skipper, badly wounded as he was, struggled to get to the bridge, this man stabbed him terribly in the abdomen and when he fell, the rest of the piratical gang surrounded the prostrate man and hacked him savagely, actually disemboweling him, and leaving him a mangled corpse on the deck. The mate and the steersman were

the next to be attacked. Both these men were on the bridge, and in spite of what resistance they could offer were soon cut down. The boatswain, however, climbed up the funnel stairs and escaped the onslaught of the pirates.

Returning to the deck, two more of the crew and three Chinese passengers were killed. Thirty or forty passengers according to one account, were killed or met their death by jumping overboard. The vessel was then thoroughly looted. One of the Achinese was placed at the wheel to steer the ship nearer land; others plundered the captain's cabin, taking a repeating rifle and a revolver. The safe was opened, \$15,000 taken, and the pirates made off in the direction of Simpang Olim. The vessel was a frightful sight, the deck being spattered with blood and the entrails of the victims.

Official information received at Manla confirms the reports previously published as to the disastrous character of the eruption of the Mayon - volcano. Lava covered the whole mountain to its base, and the obscuration of the sun by the clouds of ashes was so great that in the neighborhood of the disaster artificial light had to be used at 3 c'clock in the afternoon. Several villages were completely destroyed. At Libog 150 bodies were recoverd and buried, and more remained in the lava. At another place, 200 persons were missing. Some of the bodies recovered were so completely calcined as to be unrecognizable.

A great danger threatens the sugar planters in Java, from a widespread disease which attacks the roots of the cane. The roots rot and the cane dies. The planters stand helpless before the disease, which may ere long bring on a failure of the sugar crop. It has already struck four provinces, and has broken out even on well-kept estates.

According to a Tokio dispatch, it is reported that next year's budget will show a deficit of 25,000,000 yen, even though the fullest economy is observed. The deficit is chiefly due to the extraordinary expenditures, sanctioned by the diet.

Advices from Taipeh, North Formosa, state that the rebels have been particularly active, but no serious fighting has taken place.

Serious floods are reported from various parts of Japan.

has yet been taken over.

Another Rich Strike.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 1 .- A letter to the Ledger has just been received from the north fork of the McMillan river, Alaska, from George Lemmon, addressed to his wife, in South Tacoma, giving particulars of a fabulously rich strike on this tributary of the McMillan river. He and his partner went there from the Yukon on information from an Indian, who accompanied them, last spring, and he says they have struck a locality richer than the Klondike. In three months they have made a cleanup of \$55,000. He says they have a lard bucket and a bean can full of nuggets, and although they have no scales, they believe it will run at least the amount named. They have staked off five claims, and he tells his wife to send up four friends, whom he designated, as quickly as possible, to locate the adjoining properties, the law being that one man can locate only one claim.

The letter was sent down by the Indian, who takes \$500 or \$600 worth of nuggets to lay in a fresh supply for the winter. Lemmon says he will not be out before next summer, and thinks his friends can reach there by the aniddle of October over the Chilcoot pass. Mc-Millan river is between 200 and 300 miles south of Klondike, and until lately has been an unexplored region. He expresses fear of scurvy breaking out this winter unless they can get some green vegetables in, but adds that nothing would induce him to leave the diggings until next year, as by that time they are confident of having several hundred thousand dollars.

Flour Pays No Duty.

Washington, Sept. 1 .- Consul Fowler, at Chee Foo, China, reports to the state department that foreign flour pays no import duty in that country. He says that one-third of the flour imported goes to Canton. About 850,000 pounds of flour from California is sold in Chee Foo yearly. The Chinese in that part of China consume corn food mostly.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1 .- Twelve hundred trousers-makers struck today for shorter hours, better pay and abolition of the sweat system.

American Manufacturers Excluded.

Hamburg, Sept. 1 .- The agreement arrived at between the leading American dynamite companies and the Nobel trust has been ratified. Its provisions exclude American manufacturers of dynamite from the South African market.

A Fatal Fire.

Venice, Sept. 1 .- A great fire oc-curred today, and it is believed nine men were burned to death and that their bodies are buried in the debris. and the vield promises fair

ville from San Francisco last week, gation closes. This makes it certain While at that city he had four sugar beets, raised on Griffin creek, analyzed at the Spreckles refinery. The result showed that they averaged 10 ounces in weight, contained 16.53 per cent of sugar and co-efficient of purity of 85 per cent. The percentage of saccharine matter is high, especially as the beets are not matured. Those containing 14 per cent sugar, with a co-efficient purity entirely deserted by her crew, from of over 80 per cent, are considered good. Should beets raised in other parts of Jackson county turn out equally well, a factory may be up in the near future.

Washington.

Much of the grain around Colfax is yielding more than 40 bushels to the acre.

The turfmen of Walla Walla have arranged for a race meeting in that city for October 20, 21, 22 and 23,

The shingle mill at Cosmopolis is running a night and a day crew, as are the box factory and planing mill.

The ruling price for pack horses in Ellensburg last week was \$20, and the tendency of the market is still upwards.

It is reported that the Northern Pacific will at once put on six more compound locomotives between Ellensburg and Hope.

Kittitas county is advertising for bids for building a bridge across the Cle-Elum river, and also across the Yakima at Thorp.

The steam heating apparatus for the marine hospital in Port Townsend has followed the Benders after their flight arrived, and is being put in by the con- from the scene of their crimes and tractor, who expects to have the work finished on time.

The Spokane Spokesman-Review says that never in the history of Spokane has there been such a demand for harvest hands, and that unprecedented wages are offered. From \$2 to \$4 per day and board is tendered in many sections.

Lists of school land of Lincoln, Walla Walla and Adams counties subject to lease have been sent to the respective county auditors by the board of hand commissioners. After these lists have been posted 30 days, the lands will be offered for lease.

Each of the fair associations in Stevens county will hold a fair this fail. one at Kettle Falls, September 29 and 30, and October 1 and 2, and the other at Myers Falls, September 29 and 30, and October 1.

county comes the gratifying report that able that the incident will be diplothe hop crop of that vicinity is giving matically arranged. excellent promise. The lice have not bothered much this year, and the crop now maturing is of excellent quality,

The crew of the J. M. Colman tried to desert, but the attempt was discovered in time, and, by a display of firearms, the men were compelled to remain.

Every vessel from St. Michaels has ome away short-handed. The Portland lost several of her crew, but was able to obtain men by paying high wages.

FATE OF THE BENDERS.

The Old Man and Kate Were Shot by a Posse

Wichita, Kan., Aug. 31 .- Another chapter is added to the gruesome story of the Bender family, whose home in Montgomery county over 20 years ago was the scene of upward of 30 murders. according to the deathbed confession of Captain Carroll. The fate of the Benders has heretofore been veiled in mystery.

Captain Carroll confessed that a band of citizens, sworn to eternal secrecy, killed Kate and the old man, but let Mrs. Bender go, with a warning never to return on pain of death.

He said that Kate and her mother stood by and stoically watched the men riddle the body of William Bender with bullets, and then when Kate's turn came she stepped out like a tragedy queen and said:

"Blaze away."

She was shot down like a dog, but when it came to shooting the mother, the hearts of the posse failed them and they allowed her to go. The bodies were carefully buried and the graves concealed.

Peru Invaded.

Lima, Peru, Aug. 31 .- The reports that Colonel Pando, with a force of Bolivians, has invaded the Peruvian province of Sandia, proves upon investigation to be correct. The number of Colonel Pando's followers is consider-From the southern part of Thurston ably exaggerated, however. It is prob-

> Three million, five hundred thousand steel pens are used throughout the world every day in the week.