SEVEN PRESENT AND NOT VOTING

One Democrat and Two Silver Repub licans for the Bill-End of a Long. Weary Debute.

Washington, July 10 .- By the decisive vote of 38 to 28, the tariff bill was passed in the senates bout 5 o'clock last evening. The culmination of the long and arduous struggle had ex-cited the keenest interest, and the floor and the galleries of the senate chamber were crowded by those anxious to witness the closing scene. Speaker Reed, Chairman Dingley and many members of the house of representatives were in the rear area, while every seat in the galleries, save those reserved for foreign representatives, were occupied.

The main interest centered in the final vote and, aside from this there was little of a dramatic character in the debate. The early part of the day was spent on amendments of comparatively minor importance, the debate branching into financial and anti-trust channels.

By 4 o'clock the senators began to manifest their impatience by calls for "vote, vote," and thereafter the last amendment was disposed of and the final vote began. There were many interruptions as pairs were arranged, and then, at 4:55 o'clock, the vice-president rose and announced the passage of the bill-ayes, 38; noes, 28.

There was no demonstration, but a few scattered handclaps were given as the crowds departed. Senator Aldrich withdrew his vote to pair with Senator

Murphy.

An analysis of the final vote shows that the affirmative was cast by 35 Republicans, two silver Republicans (Jones of Nevada and Mantle) and one Democrat (McEnery). The negative vote was cast by 25 Democrats, two Populists (Harris of Kansas and Turner) and one silver Republican (Can-

Eight Republicans were paired for the bill and eight Democrate against it. The first named would have voted for the bill, and the last named against Aldrich and Murphy, Chandler and McLourin, Frye and Gorman, Gear and Smith, Hansbrough and Daniel, Hoar and Harris of Tennessee, Thurs-ton and Allen, Wolcott and George. The senators present and not voting

Populists-Allen, Butler, Heitfeld, Kyle and Stewart. Silver Republicans -Teller and Pettigrew.

Following the passage of the bill a resolution was agreed to asking the house for a conference, and Senators Allison, Aldrich, Platt of Connecticut, Burrows, Jones of Nevada, Vest, Jones of Arkansas and White were named as conferees on the part of the senate.

A Six Weeks' Debate.

The tariff debate began May 25, on which day Aldrich, on behalf of the finance committee, made the opening sideration of the bill began the next day, May 26, when the schedules relating to chemicals was taken up. The debate has been continuous since then, covering six weeks and one day. It has been notable in some respects, although it has lacked many of the dramatic and oratorical features marking past debates. From the outset the advocates of the bill refrained from set speeches, and the discussion was narrowed to a consideration of rates and schedules, rather than general princi-

Aldrich's illness took him from the chamber, and since then the bill has been in the immediate charge of Alli-

The opposition has been directed in the main by Jones, of Arkansas, and Vest, while White, Caffery, Gray and Allen have frequently figured in the

The bill, as it goes back to the house re-enacts the anti-trust sections of the Wilson act, while the senate reciprocity and retaliatory provisions are substi-tuted for those of the house.

House Conferees Named.

Washington, July 10.-The house committee on rules today presented a special order sending the tariff bill to conference as soon as it was received from the senate.

The house adopted the special order by a vote of 142 to 107, and agreed to Dingley's motion to non-concur on the senate amendments, and agree to a conference. The speaker appointed the following conferees on the tariff bill: Dingley, Payne, Dalzell, Hopkins, Grosvenor, Republicans; Bailey, Mc-Millin and Wheeler, Democrats.

First Conference Held.

Washington, July 10 .- The first meeting of the conferees of the senate and house on the tariff bill began at 3 The Democratic members of the conference remained less than 10 minutes. They withdrew, upon inti-mation of the Republicans that they desired an opportunity to reconcile their differences before consulting the Democrats. With the departure of the Democrats, the Republicans entered upon a general exchange of views. The conferees will meet daily at 9:30 A. M., and continue in session until 6 P. M., with an hour for lunch. They will reassemble after dinner and continue in session until 11 o'clock.

A machine for cutting and buttering bread is in successful operation. It is intended for prisons and reformatories. After the bread comes from the cutter, a cylindrical brush spreads on a thin layer of butter

CUBANS IN MATANZAS.

Long-Threatened Invasion of That Province Has Begun. New York, July 12 .- A Herald dis-

patch from Havana says: The threatened invasion of Matanzas province by the insurgents has begun. Several large bodies of Cubans have crossed the line from Santa Clara and the strength of the force engaged in the westward movement is estimated from 4,000 to 6,000. La Crete and Herie, who

recently crossed the Jucaro and Moron trocha and passed into Santa Clara from Camaguay, have united with other leaders, and there are now five or six chiefs, each with a considerable following, moving into Matanzas, where the insurgent forces were ordered to mo-Men have been summoned from the plantations around and ordered westward.

Whether the movement was ordered to embarrass General Weyler or to distract attention from Gomez, who is supposed to be hemmed in by Spanish columns near Sancti Spiritus, is not yet clear. It may be both.

The purpose of the gathering in Matanzas is said to cover the landing of an expedition which is due in that province, and which will furnish the combined forces with some additional arms and cartridges and several rapid-fire field guns. After receiving this expedition the programme mapped out by General Gomez is for an advance across Matanzas province, and if all goes well a demonstration near the city of Havana itself.

Quintin Banderas, who recently came from the East with 1,600 men, and who was in Melana del Sur two weeks ago, has gone to Matanzas. The entire force of rebels under Castillo in this province is ready to join with those in the eastern province. Duccasse and his force of 2,500 to 3,000 men may come from Pinar del Rio to take part in the movement.

General Calixo Garcia will remain in Santiago province, but practically all the other leaders of prominence of the insurgent side have been ordered to meet in Matanzas.

Just what opposition the Spanish troops will make to the movement is not certain. The sudden activity in the rebel ranks after the rainy season has well begun shows that they are able to move, despite the muddy condition of the roads, and frequent drenchings which they must receive. Any forced marches of large bodies of Spanish troops to head off the rebel movement must result in beavy losses from sickness, hardship and exposure.

Evacuation of Bayamo.

New York, July 12 .- A Herald dispatch from Havana says: Captain-General Weyler has at last

decided it wise to evacuate Bayamo. He has already ordered the inhabitants to betake themselves to Manillo, and has asked the war department of Spain to authorize the withdrawal of troops and the burning of the town. The expenses of maintaining the garrison there have

always been very heavy and one which the end gained did not justify. Much sickness prevails. The insur-gents are looking out for the landing of artillery along the coast of Matanzas. The Spanish army has never been so weakened by sickness before. An official estimate of the number of Spanish soldiers in hospitals throughout the island is 2,500. Not long a chano battalion marched to the front 1,100 strong; today the battalion unmbers 150 men.

New York, July 12 .- A World dis-

patch from Berlin says: A Stuttgart dispatch received here brings the news of a destructive hail storm which raged for hours in Southern Wurtemburg, causing the death of 18 persons and damage to crops amounting to more than 4,000,000 marks, Such a meteorological phenomenon in the hottest month of the year has never been experienced before in this part

of the fatherland. Before the storm the weather was extremely sultry. Gradually the clouds began to darken, and within a few minutes after there was a sudden darkness followed by rushing torrents of rain, which almost submerged the villages. The rain was followed by a terrific hailstorm, some of the hailstones being of almost incredible size.

New Officials.

Olympia, July 12 .- At a meeting of the state board of control today, a communication was read from Dr. Semple, superintendent of the Eastern Washington hospital for the insane, asking to be relieved, as he wished to take a postgraduate course in an Eastern medical college. The board elected Dr. Wilson Lockhart, of Spokane, to fill this vacancy, and Dr. J. D. Maclean, of Spokane, his first assistant physician. Dr. Lockhart will take charge of the Medical Lake hospital July 20, and Dr. Maclean's term of office will begin September 1. John Scott, also of Spokane, was appointed overseer of the jute mill at the penitentiary.

Sixty Deaths in the Week. Cincinnati, July 12 .- The number of heat deaths today was six. The maximum heat, by trustworthy street thermometers, today was 96 at 3 P. M. It is 85 at 11 o'clock tonight. The number of deaths in the last seven days

Durrant Was Not Hanged.

San Francisco, July 12 .- The reprieve granted Theodore Durrant by Governor Budd expires today, but the murderer of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams is in no danger of hanging. It does not matter whether Governor Budd grants a further reprieve or not, as the granting of an appeal by the United States circuit court to the United States supreme court takes all power from the state officials until the highest federal court renders a decision in the case.

THE STRIKE GROWING.

A Complete Shutdown in the Wheeling District.

Pittsburg, July 12 .- Nineteen thous-There is an almost total supension of work in the mines along the Monongahela river. The suspension is radically total on the Wheeling division of the Baltimere & Ohio railroad, about five ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST men working there. All the mines closed down today excepting the M. A. Hanna & Company, along the Panhandle; the New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Company, and a few individual mines which can have but little effect upon the situation.

The Hanna mines have about onethird of their usual number of men at work. The coming out of the men along the Baltimore & Ohio is a decided victory for the miners, because these men are working under an ironelad agreement, and by their loyalty to their brethren forfeit \$8,000 in wages which

the company holds out.

The situation as to the supply of coal cannot be called serious as yet, because there are from 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 bushels of black diamond in stock at the various pools along the river which can be placed in Pittsburg at short notice and, if need be, a portion of it could be shipped to the lakes.

Up to the present time, no sign of lawlessness has developed among the strikers and there is no evidence what-

ever that there will be.

A careful review of the situation proves the assertion of the mine offi-cials that the Wheeling division is solidly advocating the strike. Five cars were loaded at the Germania mine yesterday, but it was with coal which had been lying on the dump since work was suspended last week. There was a doubt as to whether or not the Slavs on this road.
would return to work, but this has been A band of dispelled, and the foreigners seem as enthusiastic as any on the strike ques-

It is said that Presiddent Gompers will offer to raise a fund of \$60,000 per week to assist the strikers in their struggle.

Columbus, O., July 12.-The United Mineworkers' headquarters report that from 125,000 to 180,000 miners are out.

Florida Filibusters.

New York, July 12.—A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Havana save:

An expedition of Cuban filibusters fram Florida is reported to have landed on Sunday in Havana province at the mouth of Jaruco bay. The Spanish gunboat Reina Maria Christina, which was cruising about the coast, endeavored to intercept the expedition, but without success.

When the cruiser arrived at the spot and disembarked her marines, they were fired upon and driven to their boats by a strong rebel force in ambush. After a brief bombardment of the insurgents' position the warship hurried to Havana for reinforcements. When she returned the filibusters had already left with their munitions and supplies for Castillo's headquarters in the Tapeste hills, closely pursued by Fons-devielas' Spanish column, which had marched overland from Minas to intercept their movements.

Dr. Augustine Clemente Betancourt, an American citizen, after years of incarceration as a military prisoner in Pinar del Rio and in Cabanas castle as a political suspect, has been liberated and ordered to leave the island, no proofs to substantiate the charges against him having been found.

Manuel Fernidanez Cahuquielo, an American citizen captured with the insurgents near Jaruco, 12 months ago, and since then confined in Cabanas fortress, has been notified to prepare for an early trial.

Railroads Confiscate Coal.

Chicago, July 12.-Railroad companies issued orders to confiscate all coal being carried over their lines. The order carried confusion with its execution, and local coal companies, who expected to receive special shipments to meet the demand of the day, were thrown on their own resources to overcome the difficulty. The price of common soft coal jumped 40 cents a ton while soft screenings were rated at just double their customary value. Fully 15,000 carloads from the mines in Southern Illinois were confiscated by the railroad companies. The seizure is made because of a recent supreme court opinion, which says that in case of strikes the railroad companies have the right to confiscate any coal on their railroad property, regardless of the con-

The Elks' Grand Lodge.

Minneapolis, July 12.—The grand lodge of Elks this afternoon elected the following officers: Grand exalted ruler, M. D. Detweiler, Harrisburg, Pa .: grand exalted leading knights, M. B. Allen, Birmingham, Ala.; Louis Hau-ser, Newark, N. J.; Charles M. Foote, Minneapolis; grand secretary, George A. Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich.; grand treasurer, Ed S. Ortis, Meadville, Pa.; grand tyler, Scott Holmes, Cincinnati; grand esquire, Lew A. Clark, St. Louis; grand inner guard, George E. Meyer, jr., Pittsburg; grand chaplain, Rev. Dr. S. D. Timberlake, New Albany, Ind.; board of directors, Jerome B. Fisher, Jamestown, N. Y.; Hunter A. Graycroft, Dallas, Tex.; George B.

A Portland Man Drowned. New York, July 12 .- The body of a

man found in the North river Wednesday with \$207 in his pockets, is believed to be that of Edward J. Johnson, of Portland, Or., who left that city June 14. He was a Swede, and is supposed to have been drowned.

Toronto, Ontario, July 12.-The na tional conference of charities and corrections began here today.

NORTHWEST BREVITIES

and men in this district are idle. Evidence of Steady Growth and Enterprise.

From All the Cities and Towns of the Thriving Sister States -Oregon.

Edward Walker was killed near Bronaugh by a bucking horse.

In Sumpter, Baker county, a vas knocked down and robbed of \$150. Jacob Burckhardt fell in the river at he foot of Flanders street, Portland, and was drowned.

An enterprising man named Long has put in a photo gallery, a newspaper and a steamboat at Woods.

The Pendleton roller mills are grinding about 2,000 buhsels of wheat every 24 hours, turning out daily 400 barrels Goods to the amount of \$633 were

The Eastern Oregon Association of Baptist churches held its annual meeting at Adams. L. E. Penland, of Helix, was elected moderator, and Rev.

Hugh Miller, of Pendleton, was elected The McKenzie wagon road across the Cuscade mountains is now free from snow, and in good condition for travel. Several thousand head of cattle have already been driven across the mountains

A band of sheep that were being driven to the Canyon creek range, back of Strawberry, in Grant county, ate ome poisonous weed just before reaching the range, and several hundred of hem died on the hillside.

Denny pheasants will be more numerous in the Willamette valley this year than ever before. The weather was one for batching and raising the first crop, now being cared for by the cooks, while the second crop is being hatched

Pocahontas, an old Indian woman who has been roaming up and down the coast from Rogue river to Humboldt for years, is reported to have perished while attempting to cross the mountains from Crescent City to Happy Camp, on the Klamath river. She was caught in a snow storm.

For the scalps of gophers and squirrels, Marion county pays 10 cents apiece for the former in quantities of 18, and 5 cents apiece for the latter in amounts of 30. For wildcats, \$1 is the rate, coyetes \$2.50, bear \$1.50, and cougars \$2.50. During the month of June the county treasurer paid out on this account about \$192.

Mr. Wilcox, of Eagle Lake, missed one of his cows a few days ago, and when he finally found her, he discovered that she had adopted a young fawn, and was taking proper care of it. A few days later she gave birth to a calf, and now the calf and fawn receive the same motherly attention.

Washington.

navigation has been suspended for the

Walla Walla, being an increase of 81 above the census of last year.

The Washington State Philiological Soceity held its second annual convention in the state university at Seattle. Work on the new cannery building at Blaine is advancing satisfactorily. A force of about 25 or 30 men is employed

in construction. Ed McNeil, of Tumwater, has made a number of violins of Washington wood. The violins are said to be of

The plat of township 24 north, range 11 west, has been placed on file in the Olympia land office, and the township thrown open for entry.

George Brown was drowned in the Hoh river, Chehalis county. Indians who recovered the body say he was seized and held under the water by

mammoth crabs. John H. Walsh, of Oakesdale, has received from the secretary of the navy his appointment as a cadet at Annapo-Emery Hathaway, of Seattle, has

been named as an alternate. William Chambers, 18 years of age, was hunting a bob-oat that had been catching chickens on his father's ranch near Asotin. In his eagerness to catch the animal he fell over a precipice and

was instantly killed. A number of men have visited Westport and other points in Chehalis county lately, with a view to making estimates on the material advertised for the government jetty work at the

harbor mouth. The Great Northern shops at Hillyard are now employing a larger force than ever before. There are 139 men on the payroll, exclusive of the various clerks in the store department, section men and numerous other employes. The two engines that rolled several bundred feet down a mountain side some weeks ago, near Kalispell, have been put in the shope for general re-

The receipts for the school fund at the office of the land commission, in \$7@10; oat, \$7@8 river barley, Olympia, for the quarter ending June \$5@6; best barley, \$6@8; alfalfa, 80. aggregate \$28,242.10. The receipts \$5@5.50 clover, \$6@8. from Whitman county alone for leases of school lands amounted to \$6,000.

pairs.

The citizees of Anacortes are somewhat hampered by lack of bank facilities through which to transact the large amount of business that their new industries furnish, and it is probable that a new bank will soon be established

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

There was not much activity or business in the wheat market during the past week partially owing to the very hot weather throughout the the states east of the Rocky mountains. On account of the temporary strength of the corn market prices advanced 2 cents, but the advance did not hold and the close was at about the same as a week

The July returns of the departments of agriculture indicate the everage condition of spring and winter wheat com-bined are 84.9, which is 2.7 points higher than last month.

The Orange Judd Farmer says: fully maintained. The present condireported last month. Should it go to harvest with no future drawback, there is abundance in the situation to justify an expectation of 260,000,000 bushels, with nearly 200,000,000 bushels in the with nearly 200,000,000 bushels in the less they did so, the Nootkas would. Dakotas and Minnesota alone. This, come out and fight.
with a reasonable certainty of at least The affair did not come to blows, as: stolen from a store at Pleasant Hill.

Rewards aggregating \$350 are offered for the apprehension of the thieves.

With a reasonable certainty of at least the tribesmen, following the examplemakes possible this year a total wheat crop of 575,000,000 bushels.

The amair did not come to blow, the tribesmen, following the examplemakes possible this year a total wheat crop of 575,000,000 bushels.

fluence in the corn market during the tribesmen nearly came to blows. The last week. There was renewed activity Kitkathlas are much worked up over over a range of about 11/4 cents. During the first part unseasonable tempera-ture and lack of moisture prevailed Nootka holding "wah-wahs" among throughout the entire corn belt. This themselves, indignation meetings, as its induced liberal buying for speculative were. Two of them went to Kyuaot to account, forcing prices up 2 cents from try to catch the Quadra to lay their last week's finish. Later, when normal conditions set in, the early buyers Failing to get satisfaction from him, took profit, resulting in one cent de-cline. Sentiment is decidedly less bearish. Conservative operators prefer dian affairs. buying on the weak spots, believing that only a moderate crop can be raised with perfect conditions from now on. while all the accidents favor the hold-or Receipts at primary points fell off Across the Pacific. er. Receipts at primary points fell off sharply, but promise slightly larger next week. The cash demand was dis-

Portland Markets.

appointing.

Wheat-Walla Walla, 65@66c; Valley, 67c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$3.50@3.60; grahram, \$3.25; superfine, \$3.25 per

Oats-Choice white, 88@40c; choice gray, 37@39c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$16@16.50;

brewing, \$18@19 per ton.
Millstuffs—Bran, \$13.50 per ton; niddlings, \$21; shorts, \$15.50. Hay—Timothy, \$10@18.50; clover, \$11.50@12.50; California wheat, \$10@12; do oat, \$11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@

«Cheese — Oregon, 11 1/40; Young America, 12 1/40; California, 9@10c per

turkeys, live, 10c per pound.

There are 2,100 children of school age for Merced; new potatoes, 50@60c per sack. Onions-California, new, red, 90c@

\$1; yellow, \$1.25 per cental. Hops-71/680 per pound for new crop; 1896 crop, 4c.

Wool-Valley, 11@13c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 7@9c; mohair, 20c per pound. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 21/4 @21/2c; dressed mutton,

4 160; spring lambs, 5 1/2 per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$4; light and feeders, \$2.50@8; dressed, \$3@

4.25 per 100 pounds. Beef-Gross, top steers, \$2.75@3; cows \$2.25; dressed beef, 4@5%c per

pound. Veal-Large, 3; small, 4@416c per pound.

Scattle Markets.

Butter-Fancy native creamery, brick, 17c; ranch, 10@12c. Cheese- Native Washington, 10@ 11c; California, 93ge.

Eggs-Fresh ranch, 17@18c. Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 1014@11c; spring chickens, \$2 @3.50; ducks, \$2.50@3.75.

Wheat-Feed wheat, \$25 per ton. Oats-Choice, per ton, \$21@22. Corn-Whole, \$20; cracked, per ton, \$20; feed meal, \$20 per ton.

Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton, \$19; whole, \$18.50. Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef, steers, 6c; cows, 51/c; mutton sheep,

6c; pork, 6½c; vesl, small, 6. Fresh Fish—Halibut, 3@4c; salmon, 4@5c; salmon trout, 7@10c; flounders and sole, 8@4; ling cod, 4@5; rock cod, 5c; smelt, 21/64c.

San Francisco Markets. Wool-Choice foothill, 9@11e; Sar. Joaquin, 6 months' 8@10c; do year's

gon, 10@12c per pound. Hops—8@12c per pound. Millstuffs — Middlings, 20: California bran, \$14@14.50 per extinct.

Hay-Wheat, \$11; wheat and oat,

Potatoes-New, in boxes, 60@90c. Onions-New red, 65@75c; do new

ülverskin, 85@\$1 per cental. Fresh fruit-Apples, 20@30c per mall box; do large box, 30@50c Royal spricots, 20@40c common cherries, 15@25c; Royal Anne cherries, 20@30c per box; currants, \$1.00@1.50 per best; peaches, 25@60c; pears, 20@ 40c; cherry plums,

BRITISH COLUMBIA INDIANS.

Trouble Between the Tribes on the

Vancouver Island Coast. Victoria, July 12.-The troubles of the sealing schooners with their Indian crews on the west coast have not been entirely settled yet, as when the steamer Tees, which arrived today, called, the captain of the Dominion cutter was still trying to arrange matters.

The Tees brings news of the trouble between the different tribes of Indians on the coast. In years gone by, an arrangement was made with the chief of the Nootks Indians and the Kitkathlas that by paying a bounty of one in every seven skins taken the Kitkathlas could come down and hunt sea otters on the shores of the Nootka reservation. The Orange Judd Farmer says:

In the spring wheat district the month has been wholly favorable and previous high condition of the crop, is fully maintained. The arrangement worked well while the Nootka Indians were away scaling, and the chief reaped a rich harvest, but now that the Nootkas are at home, they fully maintained. The present condi-tion, 93.2, is practically the same as Accordingly, when the Kitkathias came

For the past week the decrease in the visible supply was 874,000 bushels, and the total is now but 16,609,000 factions, and decided in favor of the bushels. The weather was the controlling in- the pow-wow, and several times the the matter. When the Tees left they grievance before Captain Walbran. they will come to Victoria to lay the matter before the superintendent of In-

WAR TALK IN JAPAN.

Seattle, Wash., July 12.—The Japanese press is grinding out fierce editorials on the pending annexation treaty with Hawaii, and if these bellicose paragraphs represent the national spirit, the war feeling is certainly rampant. among the Japanese. A number of late papers arrived here yesterday from Japan by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha steamship Matsuyama Maru. They devote columns to consideration of the annexation quesiton, and the tenor of the majority favors resistance against the proposed action of the United States. The Japan Daily Mail of June-24 says editorially:

"It is certainly true that the little band of Americans who have arrogated the right to dispose of the Hawaiian islands are usurpers; that they have at-Eggs—13@14c per dozen.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 85@40c; fair to good, 80c; dairy, 25@80c per roll.

Cheese — Oregon, 11%c; Young
America, 13%c; California, 9@10c per

that Japan must handle the matter Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@8 with a firm determination to shed bloodper dozen; broilers, \$1.50@3.25; geese, \$2 if need be, for the maintenance of the @8.50; ducks, \$2.50@3 per dozen; rights and interests of the 25,000 Jap Potatoes.—Oregon Burbanks, 40@ prestige and honor of Japan. It does 50c per sack; sweets, \$2.75 per cental not advise, however, that such strict measures should be adopted until every other method of pacification has failed.

The Tokio Shimbun says: ship Naniwa is quite capable of affording the Japanese in Hawaii ample pro-tection. If additional men-of-war are to be sent anywhere, they should be sent in the form of a squadron to the other side of the Pacific. Unless we are determined to take that step, if necessary, how can we effectually wipe away the indignity to which we have been subjected?"

A Duty on Salmon.

Vancouver, B. C., July 12.-A newsdifficulty confronted the Fraser river canners today by the announcement that a duty of 1 per cent per fish would be charged on all salmon brought in from the American side. As most of the canners have fishtraps at Point Roberts, on the American side of the line, the duty, if enforced, will be a considerable item in the expense of the canners. It is claimed by the canners that while they had no official notice that the duty would not be charged, verbal assurances were given both by the local members of parliament and officials of the marine and fisheries department that such a course would not be adopted. They were highly indig-nant at the action of the government.

The Bank Caved In,

Los Angeles, July 12 .- An accident occurred this evening at the zanja No. 7 of the Los Angeles waterworks, just beyond Ninth steret, whereby two men. lost their lives. David Scott and David Rheinspild were working at the point desingated attempting to fill a washout which had occurred in the ditch. Above them was an embankment, under which they were excavating, intending that it should fall and close the break. Without warning, the staple, 7@9c; mountain, 10@12c; Ore-embankmeunt gave way, burying the men under tons of earth. The work of rescue began at once, and in 12 minutes the bodies were unearthed, but life was

Intense Suffering in St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 12.—Seven people died from heat on this, the 12th day of insufferable heat. Two people, one of them a New Orleans negress, were driven insane, and six others have been fatally sunstruck and will die before morning. There have been numberless prostrations in St. Louis. A. Smith, the Brooklyn's catcher, and Grady, first baseman of the St. Louis team, were prostrated in the baseball game today. Smith is unconscious, and his condition appears to be serious.