OUR FOREIGN POLICY

Outlined by Sherman to a London Correspondent.

THE NEW ARBITRATION TREATY

No Danger of War With Spain-He any service. Does Not Want to Annex Canada.

London, March 16 .- The Times today publishes an interview its correspondent in the United States has had with John Sherman, secretary of state. He says:

"After a long conversation with Mr. Sherman, I believe he has no very definite settled opinions on a foreign policy. He does not think that foreign affairs are of the first importance, or even of high imporatnce. He approves of the doctrine of arbitration, and may readily enough follow the president's lead. He does not seem sure that the amendments proposed for the arbitration treaty are of much importance, though he has been told plainly that the British government will not proceed with the treaty thus amended.

'His intent in Cuba is more direct: his purpose is clearer, and his senatorial jingoism has fallen off him like a worn-out garment. He declares there should be no change of policy in regard to Cuba, and there will be no war with Spain, saying: 'We want none. We do not believe Spain wants war. If Cuba, I would not have it.'

"Referring to Canada, he repelled the notion of desiring to annex the dominion, saying that under the crown she could have all the freedom she would have if independent, adding: "If she will maintain her connection cent laws of the state. with England, my dream for a remote permanent future for North America is three great republics-Canada, the United States and Mexico. We shall not take a step to alter things. What is to come hereafter must come from natural political evolution." "

ANARCHY IN CRETE.

Pillaging at Canes, Candla and Retimo Continues.

Canea, March 16 .- Pillaging began yesterday at Candia, Retimo and at this place, and has continued today. The bishop of Nicephere remains here, though alone, in the hope of being able to save the Metropolitan church from pillage. The landing of European troops was expected today. The insurgents mantain a ceaseless cannonade at Spinalonna.

The foreign admirals have not the powers on their proposals of a week ago. Yesterday they telegraphed their respective governments asking that detachments of sailors, equal in number of those already landed at Canca, Retimo, Candia and Sitia, be sent immediately to relieve the present force, whose work is most harrassing, com-

ON . THE WAY TO ALASKA. ALL IN THE SAME BO Al-Ki Left Port Townsend Crowded to the Guards. Port Townsend, Wash., March 15 .--

The steamer Al-Ki sailed this morning for Alaska with 245 Yukon prospectors, 90 dogs for sledging and 30 packhorses. The using of the packhorses over the divide to the Yukon country has never before been tried, and old miners who have repeatedly made the trip are of the opinion that horses cannot be of

The Al-Ki was so crowded with prospectors and their outfits that she was forced to leave 600 tons of freight on the wharf here. Never before, at any season, has the rush to Alaska been so great.

The steamers Willapa and City of Topeka both arrived this morning from Alaska with a few passengers and a little freight. Just now nearly everything is going in and almost nothing coming from Alaska. Among the Topeka's passengers was C. S. Johnson, ex-United States district attorney for Alaska, who is on his way to Washington to ask President McKinley to appoint him governor of the district. He goes well recommended.

Will Meet at Ellensburg.

Olympia, Wash., March 15 .- State Superintendent Brown has designated Tuesday, April 27, as the day for holding the regular biennial convention of county superintendents. This convention, which is required by law, will convene at Ellensburg. Each county

superintendent will come prepared to discuss any question, which, in his opinion, concerns the administration of schools of the state.

The state board of education will also meet at Ellensburg on Saturday, April 24, to outline plans for reading-circle work and to make necessary regulations for examinations according to the re-

Patent Convention With Japan.

Washington, March 15 .- In response to very many inquiries that are being received at the state department from American manufacturers who are contemplating the introduction of their wares, now protected by patents, into Japan, a notice has been prepared stating that the president has proclaimed the patent convention recently negotiated with Japan, the exchange of ratifications having taken place at Tokio on the 8th ultimo. Consequently, the convention goes into immediate operation and it is now possible for Americans to patent their inventions in Japan in conformity with the provisions of appropriations is approximately \$130,their law.

Floods on the Mississippi.

"Fathere on the Neely cotton plantation, ten miles above here, has failed to resist the powerful current. At Memphis 1,000 acres and the bar is completely under water.

Two great side-wheelers, capable of carrying a thousand passengers each, this afternoon issued a notice of excur- certain warrants on the ground they sions into Eastern Arkansas, giving a are in excess of the constitutional limiview of the overflowed country and sub- tation of tax indebtedness. The an- For the first time in the history of the merged plantations. This means a trip swer sets out that the warrants in the fifty miles due west from Memphis, controversy are compulsory obligations through the tops of trees and over imposed upon the county by the laws cabins, farms and small villages. Past of the state, for services of jurors, withigh water has offered no such opportunity.

Will Not Recognize Clai of Any Commission. theory and practice of politics. Men

Position, Much Money Would Be Saved the State.

State Kincaid today addressed a letta to Hollister D. McGuire, state fish an game warden, that should set at rest al questions as to how claims against th state by the various commissions normal schools, charitable homes, etc. will be treated by the secretary of state. Mr. McGuire asked what form of claim he should file for services and expenses and if he might not obtain a certificate

Answering, the secretary of state said:

"I decline to file or recognize in any way claims against the state by the various commissions, normal schools, charitable homes, etc. They depend upon appropriations of the legislature for what they receive, and when there is no appropriation they have no valid claims against the state, and will not have any until an appropriation is made for their benefit. In the case of those claiming to be commissioners Spain gave me a quitclaim deed to his office and the welfare of the public there is also doubt as to whether they are legally in office. They can present their claims to the legislature, if they think they have any, but they cannot file them is this office nor receive any certificate or other recognition of claims against the state without a mandate of the court." as impared with January, of about \$2, 20,000; cotton, \$17,190,738, a de-

Here are some ot the institutions affecteed by this ruling, and the minimum that the state would save during

the biennial term, if the secretary is sustained: \$ 30,000 \$8,000

Normal schools. Charitable homes. Pilof commissioners and clerk. Fish and game protector. Dairy and food commissioner... Railroad commission Domestic animal commission. Agricultural college.....

This does not include the deficiencies and appropriation for repairs, improvements and incidentals that these items usually carry with them. Including these extras, the amount of the above

cluded Therein.

Olympia, Wash., March 15 .- The supreme court today reversed the judgment in the case of W. P. Rough, respondent, vs. the treasurer of Klickitat county, appellant. This is a suit by the taxpayers to enjoin the payment of

A POSSIBLE SOLUTION POLITICS IN SCHOOL. New Branch of Learning for Chicago Chicago, March 15 .- Chicago child-

Children.

en are to receive instructions in the

dying the subject with a view of

ng able to assist the Civic Federa-

's committee with practical sugges-

s for giving the matter effective

for February and the Past

EXPORTS OF PRODUCTS.

Eight Months.

ashington, March 15 .- The month-

atement of the principal articles of

estic exports for the month of Feb-

y and for the eight months ending

uary 28, last, issued by the bureau

adstuffs, \$15,006,657, a decrease,

of about \$11,250,000; mineral

provisions, including cattle and

\$12,408,811, a decrease of about

For the eight months, the exports of

breadtuffs are given at \$136,951,789,

as coppared with \$94,224,249 for the

including cattle and hogs, \$18,778,164, a comparative loss of about \$500,000.

The total exports of these four arti-

cles during February amounted to \$49,-

167,854, a net loss, as cow paras were

Fire on a Cruiser

about \$85,220,000.

oils, \$4,561,148, an increase of \$500,-

atstics, shows that during Febru-

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aryhe exports were:

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000:

hogs \$12 \$600,000.

The Labor Exchange May Settle the Question.

A Brief Statement of Facts Concerning an Organization That Is Rapidly Gaining Prominence.

IT WILL PROVIDE A MARKET

By G. E. KELLOGG, Vancouver, Wash.

While the various political parties and the people generally are wrangling over the financial and labor questions, there is being established in our midst an organization, known as the Labor Exchange, which claims to be able to transact business without legal tender money by basing its medium of exchange on the products of labor, and eventually to furpish employment to the idle by supplying a market for the products of their labor

This is not an entirely new organization. Though it has been operating successfully in several cities, no systematic effort has been made to extend its workings, until within the last year or two. Now, however, since a number of branches have proven the practicability of the plan by actual business operations, the idea is being taken up in every state in the Union and over 200 branches have been established.

As an example of what is being done in this line we would call attention to the San Francisco branch, locaicd at No. 322 Davis street, which has done a wholesale business of \$28,000 within the last eight months, wholly without money. The manager, Mr. Henry Warfield, has compiled a labor exchange directory of the different business houses that have investigated the plan and now accept "labor checks" at their face value, as being as good as money. Every business nearly is represented, and the list completes the circuit of necessities of man, so that the holders of labor exchange checks are in a position to supply their want without regard to money.

Any useful article may be deposited with the exchange, and the depositor receives therefor a deposit check which is "not redeemable in legal tender, but receivable by the Labor Exchange Association in payment for merchandise, for all services and for all debts and dues to the same; and it is based upon and secured by the real and personal prop-erty in the keeping of the association." The property held for the redemption el.cattide Withdrawn, but may be exchanged by the association for other property of equal value.

The branches in different sections of New York, March 15 .- Fire invaded the country exchange surplus products the cruiser New York on Tuesday with each other. For example, there while the vessel was lying off Tompare such things as socks and cigars from kinsville. The forward magazine is as distant a point as Reading, Pa., at the San Francisco exchange, broom handles from New Whatcom, Wash., surrounded by coal bunkers. In it were 2,000 pounds of guncotton and 6,000 pounds of powder. Smoke poured from fruit extracts from Fresno, as well as the magazine and an alarm was given. fruit from as far south as San Diego. A consignment of shirts and overalls is being negotiated for with a branch in Ohio; a lot of dried fruit was recently shipped to Idaho Falls, Idaho, in exchange for pork; and groceries were sent to Armona in exchange for aried fruit. The branch at Los Angeles is putting up a shoe factory; Forest Grove, Or., has a tannery; Olathe, Kan., a grist mill; Red Bluff, Cal., a spice mill; Salem, Or., has a brick yard, warehouse and wharf; Vancouver, Wash., proposes to make coffins, and the Oregon City, Or., branch will operate a rock crusher. To make the subject more clear to the reader, an illustration of its workings is given: Some farmer owning timber land might cut some logs and deposit them in the exchange, taking labor checks in receipt therefor; the owner of an idle sawmill would rent his outfit to the branch and accept "checks" as rental; some men, now idle, would work the logs into lumber: unmployed carpenters would manufacture the lumber into coffins, furniture, etc., and re-ceive "checks" for their labor. The articles thus made would be sold on the market or exchanged with other branches for provisions, clothing, etc., which would be again exchanged to the farmer, mill-man and mechanics for their "checks." It must be remembered that no "check" can be put into circulation until some labor or the product of labor has been deposited with the branch, and whenever the 'checks" are redeemed the value goes out and the checks are canceled.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

The dominating factor in regulating wheat values during the week has been the weakness and indifference of foreign markets. Advices still indicate Europe must rely entirely on America and Russia for supplies, but for the present the cash demand for export is absent and foreigners have been speculative short sellers in American markets, indicating that they have purchased more than enough wheat for their immediate requirements. The fictitious strength injected by the Graeco-Turkish com-plications has disappeared with the subsidence of war rumors. Values declined 41/2 cents at Chicago, although there was a moderate recovery on Friday and Saturday, leaving the net loss for the week at about 2% cents for May delivery. Export clearances have been small for the week and indicate another large decrease in the amount on passage. The milling demand at home shows son a improvement. The prospects of the growing winter wheat in America are favorable, but we are now approaching the season of the year

when crop damage reports abound. The present decline is due partly to speculative causes. The local trade has been persistently bearish, and by overselling has afforded strength to the market and caused the frequent rallies by trying to cover. The extreme lew prices have been made on liquidation by tired longs. If the situation ever was bullish on this wheat crop, it is equally, if not more so, today, and we regard the present decline as a favorable opportunity to be taken advantage

of to buy some Chicago wheat. Corn has been steady to firm through-out the week. The feature was the barge buying by Bartlett-Frazier, that firm taking at least a willion firm taking at least a million bushels. Commission houses generally were buyers. Receivers and the local crowd were sellers. The cash market was firm with an improved demand.

Country offerings are not large and the wet weather will probably retard the movement next week somewhat. The oats market was narrow and festureless, but with a steady undertons.

Market Quotations.

Portland, Or., March 16, 1897. Flour-Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, \$4.25; Benton county and White Lily, \$4.25; graham, \$3.50; mperfine, \$2.75 per barrel. Wheat-Walla Walla, 79@80c; Val-

ley, 80c per bushel. Oats-Choice white, 44@460 per

bushel; choice gray, 86@40c.

Barley-Feed barley, \$18.00 per ten;

brewing, \$18@19. Millstuffs—Bran, \$15.00; \$16.50; middlings, \$26. shorts

Butter-Creamery, 45@50c; dairy, 30@40c; store, 17½ @30c per roll. Potatoes-Oregon Burbanks,65@70c; Garnet Chiles, 70c; Early Rose, 80@900 per suck; sweets, \$3.00 per cental for Merced; new potatoes, 6% per pound.

Onions-\$1.25@1.50 per sack. Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2.500 4 60 51 1 ys, live, ducks, \$3.00@4.00 per dozen. Eggs-Oregon, 11@111/c per domen. Cheese - Oregon, 1216c; Young America, 13% o per pound. Wool-Valley, 11c per pound; East ern Oregon, 7@9c.

2,400 5,000 3,000 20,000 8,000 5,000 as conpared with \$94,224,225 for the same period last year, cotton, \$186,668,-701, is compared with \$140,324,625 for the corresponding period last year; mineral oils, \$41,784,365, a compara-tive gain of about \$500,000; provisions, \$111.400

HE LIMIT OF DEBT IN-

of advanced thought assert that a movenert of this kind is necessary to insure BOLD STAND TAKEN BY KINCA the perpetuity of the republican form of government, and it is to be attempted in a systematic manner. No defiite programme has been arranged, but If the Secretary Be Sustained in

he work will probably be undertaken, r at least begun by the Civic Federaion's committee on education.

Richard Waterman, jr., secretary of Salem, Or., March 15.-Secretary ie committee; W. A. Giles, principal f the Watt Graham school, and others aterested in the subject have been disassing the preliminaries for some time ast. So far as planned, the movement intemplates the addition of a thoragh and complete course of civics in e public school curriculum, with the ject of drilling pupils in the theory

politics and good citizenship, while practical part will be imparted by for moneys actually paid out for the luntary participation in auxiliary sohire of patrol boats and other necessary ties. expenses. The Woman's Club, of Englewood, similar organizations have become crested in the movement and are

prising as it does the double function of police and firemen.

The admirals have been instructed to confer with the consuls as to the best means of proclaiming the fact that Turkey has granted Crete complete autonomy. The hope is entertained that such a measure will help to pacify the island.

Great Britain has instructed Colonel Chormside and Major Bor to remain in Canea.

In addition to the Italian warship, one British ironclad assisted in the bombardment of the insurgent forces commanded by Captain Koracas at Hierapetra.

Sir Alfred Billiotti has been authorized to proclaim autonomy, but without detail. The other consuls will also receive similar instructions. A torpedo boat has started to convey Billiotti's instructions to the British admiral.

A Russian cruiser brings news that the insurgents bombarded Kissamo yesterday. The town was set on fire in several places. Desultory firing continues around Canea. Foreign men-ofwar have gone to Spinalonna, where the insurgents and Greek volunteers, with three guns, are making an attack upon Chief Koracas. The men-of-war will stop a further bombardment.

No Greek steamers are now allowed to anchor in this port.

The admirals, in communicating with the insurgents, find considerable difficulty, owing to their ignorance of foreign languages. It is feared that the interpreters impart only what pleases them. The administration of the island is in general confusion, owing to the conflict of authority. Should the European troops be landed to keep order and the Greeks replaced, further difficulties are expected over the island. The Moslems complain that Italians assnult their women.

Petition to McKinley.

London, March 16 .- The Irish members of parliament are largely signing a petition to President McKinley, which is in charge of Captain Donelan, an anti-Parnellite member for the east division of Cork, arging that no addition be made to the customs duty on cured mackerel pointing out that the present profit in export is very small, and that any increase in the duties will almost destroy the trade.

A County Treasurer's Crookedness.

Butler, Ind., March 16 .- Ex-County Treasurer Fair was arrested today for embezzlement. He turned the office over to his successor \$12,000 short. His son, who was deputy, was arrested for forgery, but is out on bail. Seven exofficers have been arrested in county connection with Dekalb county crookedness.

Irish women are said to have the most beautiful eyes, complexion and hands in the world.

Not the Original John L.

St. John, N. B., March 15.-John L. Sullivan was hanged today at Dorchester, N. B. His crime was the murder of Mrs. Eliza Dutcher and son, 6 years old, at Meadowbrook, on the night of September 11, 1896. Mrs. Dutcher kept a small tavern. Sullivan entered for the purpose of robbery. Mrs. Dutcher made an outcry, and the robber killed her with an ax. He then as-saulted the children, killing the boy and badly injuring the girl. Sullivan fired the house and fled. Neighbors rescued the little girl. The charred remains of the other two were found in the ruins.

Epidemic of Epidemics.

Denver, Colo., March 15 .- A special to the News from the City of Mexico says: The republic of Mexico appears to be having an epidemic of epidemics. Three have already been reported, which are carrying off hundreds of people, in various parts of the country, and now comes news of two more. At Japan, in the state of Vera Cruz, an epidemic of scarlet fever is raging to such an extent that the people are fleeing for safety, while in the same vicinity an epidemic of typhoid fever, which has much resemblance to yellow fever, has broken out in a most virulent form. Reports from several Gulf cities say a similar disease prevails there, and the physicians predict an epidemic of yellow fever, as they say this is always a forerunner of that disease.

A Robber's Heavy Sentence.

White Plains, N. Y., March 15 .-For robbing a man of 40 cents William Jeffrey was taken to Sing Sing to serve a sentence of twenty years' imprisonment, imposed upon him by County Judge Lent. Jeffrey was in Peekskill a month ago, and while in a restaurant assaulted J. H. Harrison for the purpose of robbery. Jeffrey, who is a powerful man, choked his victim and robbed him of 40 cents

A Virginia woman named Susan Smith has been elected sheriff.

Walling Reprieved.

Frankfort, Ky., March 15 .- It is officially announced that Governor Bradley has refused Scott Jackson's appeal for executive elemency, and unofficially announced that he has reprieved Alonzo Walling to some unknown date. Wailing's attorney, Colonel Washington, is confident Walling will not be executed with Jackson.

Laureate Austin never reads the papers and knows nothing of the criticism heaped upon him

ness fees, sheriff's expenses in criminal processes, and expenses incurred at the general state election. The demurrer to the affirmative defense was sustained, a permanent injunction issued against the payment of warrants, and an appeal was taken.

The supreme court rules that the constitutional limitation of county indebtedness by section 6, article VIII, of the constitution, does not include those necessary exenditures made mandatory by the constitution, provided for by the legislature and imposed upon the county; that the payment of these obligations is a prior obligation, and that for the twenty-second annual convenother liabilities incurred by the county are subject and inferior to these pri-mary obligations, which must of neces-has left for Redding, where he will mary obligations, which must of necessity always continue.

Struck in Self-Notense.

Colusa, Cal., March 15 .- Mrs. Frank A. Hoover killed her husband last night during a quarrel, by striking him on the head with a piece of gaspipe, and his death resulted soon after.

Hoover and his wife had had numerous quarrels, and the neighbors were long ago made aware of martial differences in the Hoover household. The reason generally assigned was jealousy on the part of the husband. Last evening when Hoover returned from his work he engaged in a quarrel with his wife at the supper table. The quarrel was a lively one, and conitnued until both left the house to settle the difference in the yard.

Hoover advanced toward his wife threateningly and to protect herself she fore in charge of Dr. R. G. Holibs, of picked up a piece of gaspipe and struck him behind the left ear. Hoover fell dead.

Train Wreck Near Colfax.

about 5:30 o'clock last evening, five miles out from Colfax. The rails spread mittee. on a sharp curve, and five freight cars, the baggage car and passenger coach were on the train, but none were incars are badly damaged.

Shot by His Mother-in Law.

San Francisco, March 15 .- Julian Pinto, an attorney, was shot this afternoon by his mother-in-law, in his rooms. The woman had been nursing Pinto, and no reason for the shooting is suggested, except that Mrs. Latham, the mother-in-law, is feeble-minded. She disappeared after the shooting, and has not been found. Pinto's wounds will probably prove fatal. He once served a term in prison for shooting a

gambler named Bush.

ship the automatic fire alarm had failed to work.

Water was turned into the coal bunkers and there was no stint in the quantity, so that before the cruiser had passed Governor's island it had taken into the hold such a weight of water that it gained three feet in draught and had to be sailed with great caution. Arriving at the navy-yard the New York was pumped out.

An examination was made, when it was found that the fire had not originated in the magazine, but in the coal bunkers adjoining.

The Railway Mail Clerks.

San Francisco, March 15 .- Local postal employes are perfecting their plans tion of postal clerks, which will meet meet the Eastern delegates and escort

them to this city. At the opening session of the convention, addresses will be delivered by Mayor Phelan, Superintendent of Mails Flint and President Waring, of the convention. In the evening a promenade concert will be given after the business session, and on the following day the delegates will be guests on a trip around the bay on the steamer Ukiah. On Friday an excursion to Santa Cruz and the big trees will be made, and on Saturday evening a reception will be given at the Baldwin hotel. Business sessions will be sandwiched between the junketing trips.

Corn for India Sufferers.

Chicago, March 15 .- The movement to secure corn for India's relief, hereto-Jacksonville, and Dr. J. P. Bousingham, appointed to represent the Chicago Ministers' Association, was today consolidated with the Chicago commit-

tee appointed in connection with the Colfax, Wash., March 15.-The train board of trade. Hon. C. C. Bonney is on the Moscow branch was wrecked at president and E. C. Keith, of the Metropolitan bank, is treasurer of the com-

All these forces will co-operate with the mayor and others of San Francisco were ditched. A number of passengers in loading the ship furnished by the secretary of the navy to carry grain jured. The cars were pulled back on free to India. The corn will also be the track this morning. Some of the carried free to the Pacific by the railroads.

Store at Halsey Robbed.

Albany, Or., March 15 .- The store of M. V. Koontz, at Halsey, was entered by burglars last night. The safe was blown open and \$60 stolen. The strong box within the safe, which was not opened, contained \$1,000. The store was opened this morning. There is no clew to the robbers.

The Royal College of Surgeons, in BOOD WOMED.

It will be seen that all branches of business will soon be represented, and when the producers can market their products and supply their wants (without the use of legal tender) by a medium of exchange based upon, and at all times -equal to the wealth produced a grand step will have been taken toward the solution of the greatest problem of the age.

Under this sytem, farmers would not be clothed in rags while tailors and weavers starved; weavers would not go barefooted while shoemakers and tanners needed clothes; and carpenters, painters, bricklayers and plasterers would not be idle while people suffered for shelter.

Every American citizen should investigate this.

A Three Friends Expedition.

Jacksonville, Fla., March 15 .- The steamer Three Friends is reported to have left Rodriguez key, ninety miles south of Miami, today, with a large expedition for Cuba. The Three robbery was not discovered until the Friends has a deputy marshal on board, or did have, and unless he has left the steamer he has been taken along.

The ostrich farm of Major A. J. London, has decided to confer degrees Tiffin, at Merritt's island, Fla., is a SUCCESS

Hops-9@10c per pound.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$2.75@3.00; cows, \$2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 40 5160 per pound.

Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, \$3.00@3.25; dressed mutton, 5½ @6c per pound.

Hogs-Gross, choice, heavy, \$3.250 8.50; light and feeders, \$3.50@8.00; dressed, \$4.50@5.00 per cwt.

Seattle, Wash., March 16, 1897.

Wheat-Chicken feed, \$27 per ton. Oats-Choice, \$28@24 per ton. Barley-Rolled or ground, \$22 per

Corn-Whole, \$19 per ton; cracked, \$19@20; feed meal, \$19@20.

Flour-(Jobbing)-Patent excellent, \$5.10; Novelty A, \$4.60; California brands, \$5.20; Dakota, \$5.50; patent, \$6.25.

Millstuffs-Bran, \$14.00 per ton; shorts, \$18.

Feed-Chopped feed, \$18.00 per ton; middlings, \$22; oilcake meal, \$29.

Hay-Puget sound, per ton, \$9.00@ 10.00; Eastern Washington, \$14.

Butter - Fancy native creamery, brick, 26c; select, 24c; tubs, 23c; ranch, 15@17c.

Cheese-Native Washington, 12%c. Vegetables-Potatoes, per ton, \$18@

20; parsnips, per sack, 75c; beets, per sack, 60c; turnips, per sack, 60c; rutabagas, per sack, 40c; carrots, per sack, 35@45c; cabbage, per 100 lbs, \$1.25; onions, per 100 lbs, \$2.00.

Sweet potatoes-Per 100 lbs, \$3.25. Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 11c; dressed, 10@11c; ducks, \$4.00@5.00; dressed turkeys, 15.

Eggs-Fresh ranch, 13c.

Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef, steers, 616c; cows, 6c; mutton, sheep, 7c per pound; lamb, 5c; pork, 6c per pound; veal, small, Sc.

Fresh Fish-Halibut,41/ @6;salmon, 5@6; salmon trout, 7@10; flounders and soles, 3@4c.

Provisions-Hams, large, 11c; hams, small, 1134c; breakfast bacon, 10c; dry salt sides, 5% c per pound.

San Francisco, March 16, 1897.

Potatoes -Salinas Burbanks, 90c@ \$1.10; Early Rose, 75@80c; River Burbanks, 60@70e; sweets, \$1.25@1.75 per cental.

Onions-\$1.50@1.75 per cental. Eggs-Ranch, 11@13c per dozen.

Butter-Fancy creamery, 17@18c; do seconds, 15% @16c; fancy dairy, 18c; seconds, 12 (#18c.

Cheese - Fancy mild, new, 8c; fair to good. 6@7%c; Young America, 8@9c; Eastern, 14@14%c.