OREGON CITY COURIER

By A. W. CHENEY.

City and County Official Paper.

Entered in Oregon City postoffice as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One year	2 00
Six months	1 00
Three months	50
If paid in advance, per year	1 50

☞ The date opposite your address on the paper denotes the time to which you have paid.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing business advertisements: Per month—1 inch $1, 2 inches $1 50, 3 inches $1.75, 4 inches $2, 5 inches (¼ column) $2.25, 10 inches (½ column) $4, 20 inches (column) $8; yearly contracts 10 per cent less.

Transient advertisements: Per week—1 inch 75c, 2 inches 75c, 3 inches $1, 4 inches $1.25, 5 inches $1.50, 10 inches $2 50, 20 inches $5

Legal advertisements: Per inch—first insertion $1, each additional insertion 50c. Affidavits of publication will not be furnished until publication fees are paid.

Local notices: Five cents per line per week. Per month 20c.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

OREGON CITY, AUGUST 28, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—
W. J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.
For Vice President—
ARTHUR SEWELL, of Maine.
For President Electors—
W. W. OGLESBY of Linn.
E. KILFETHER of Multnomah.
J. M. CARROLL of Union.
J. J. WHITNEY of Linn.

PARTY OBLIGATION.

The democrats who propose to participate in the Indianapolis convention have no right to claim to be democrats, but they place themselves under the name of bolters. Many of these men participated in the conventions which selected the delegates to the Chicago convention, and some held seats in that convention. It was the legally constituted authority of the party, and no one has dared to question its legitimacy. Mr. Harrity, the ex-chairman of the national democratic committee, declared before the convention was held, that no one had a right to participate in the deliberations of that body unless he was willing to submit to its final action. The result of that convention was the work of the majority, honestly and fairly obtained and equally as honestly and feerlessly expressed. The same spirit which now attempts to defy the will of the majority would endeavor to over throw the legally expressed wishes of a majority of the voters at the ballot-box. This is a country where the majority must rule and the minority, as loyal citizens must yield to that majority. This proposition holds good in the government of parties. Those who now attempt to set at defiance the action of the majority remained in their seats in the convention, ready at any moment to push their views for consideration, and if possible, to place a candidate in nomination who met their approval. Failing in this, they lost their right to honorable withhold their support from the successful nominees. The republicans did otherwise. They gave notice that on the rejection of their demands they would walk out of the convention and also out of the party, which they did. We have no fault to find with a gold democrat. We concede to him the same honesty in his views as we claim for ourself, but he cannot claim to be a democrat for the time being when he defies the authority and act of the majority of the party. All rules of party obligation and honor demand the loyal support of every democrat for the Chicago nominees. They were honestly nominated and the platform on which they stand is the fundamental law of the party In our last June election, notwithstanding the state convention had declared for the double standard, a number of single standard candidates were placed on the ticket. We then demanded as loyal support for them as we did for their double standard associates. We now have the right to demand a similar loyalty from those who failed in securing the adoption of their views. The Dispatch says, one thing must be acknowledged, and that is, no democrat will owe any allegiance to the proposed Indianapolis bantling, and whatever it may be, it will be neither democratic in conception or birth and it can put forth no claim upon the democrats. Loyal democrats know their duty in this contest and they will honestly discharge that party obligation.

CARLISLE ON SILVER.

From speech in the House of Representatives, Feburary 21, 1878:

"I shall not enter into an examination of the causes which have combined to depreciate the relative value of silver, and to appreciate the value of gold since 1873, but I am one of those who believe they are transient and temporary in their nature, and that when they have passed away or have been removed by the separate or united actions of the nations most deeply interested in the subject, the old ratio of actual and relative value will be established on a firmer foundation than ever. I know that the world's stock of precious metals is none to large, and I see no reason to apprehend that it will ever become so. Mankind will be fortunate, indeed, if the annual production of gold and silver coin shall keep pace with the annual increase of population, commerce and industry. According to my view of the subject the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation and otherwise from three-sevenths to one-half the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age

"The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilence and famine that ever occurred in the history of the world. The absolute and instantaneous destruction of half the movable property of the world, including horses, ships, railroads and all other appliances for carrying on commerce, while it would be felt more sensibly at the monent, would not produce anything like the prolonged distress and disorganization of society that must the permanent annihilation of one-half of the metallic money of the world.

JOHN G. CARLISLE.

BRYAN REFUTES

Mr. Bryan's attention had been called to the controversy between Senators Thurston and Stewart, and he determined to settle the matter, if possible. He therefore demands an open charge, which he says he will refute with details of his private life and his financial affairs, or silence. He says:

"I have already denied this charge on several occasions, but the reiteration of it by Senator Thurston, a distinguished resident of my own state, justified me in answering it again. I have never at any time, or under any circumstances, been in the employ of any mineowners, individually of collectively, directly or indirectly, nor have I ever been in the employ, or been paid by, any bimetallic league or association. Aside from my editorial salary of about $150 per month, paid by the Omaha World-Herald, and a small amount derived from the legal profession, my income since retirement from congress has been derived entirely from lectures before Chautauqua lyceums and lecture bureaus, which have usually paid me a fixed sum, and from contributions by the people of the localities where I have spoken. In some instances, I have received nothing at all. In most cases I have received more than enough to pay traveling expenses. In only two instances, I think, has my compensation exceeded $100, and in these instances, it was about $200 at one place and about $300 in the other.

"The first platform on which I ran for congress, in 1890, before I was known politically outside of my state, contained a free-coinage plank, and my republican opponent that year was an advocate of free-coinage In the campaign of republican of 1892 I again ran on a free-coinage platform. In 1894, I again ran on a free-coinage platform, and my opposition for the senate, Mr. Thurston, while opposing unlimited coinage at 16 to 1, insisted that he favored bimetalism. I wrote the free-coinage plank on which I ran in 1890, and the free coinage planks in the Nebraska state platform of 1891, 1894 and 1896, and tried to secure the adoption of free-coinage plank in the state platform in 1892 and 1893. I only mention this to show that my advocacy of free silver is not of recent date. Having made this answer to Mr. Thurston's letter. I shall hereafter take no notice of individual or newspaper comment on the subject. If the republican national committee say officially that I have ever been employed to deliver speeches by a mineowner, a group of mineowners or by any association operated by mineowners, I am ready to make a statement showing in detail all money received by me for speechmaking."

STRAWS.

"The first political straw," remarks a republican organ, "came from Europe on a steamship. The American voters on the vessel were polled, and the result was McKinley 113, Bryan 10."

A second political straw of the same kind can be obtained by polling the residents of Fifth avenue, New York. A third may be found in a poll of the men occupying offices in Wall street. Still another may be picked up at Newport and other expensive summer resorts, and the proportion in favor of McKinley would probably be increased in a poll of the occupants of special Pullman coaches. The straws of this kind may be multiplied if the search is prosecuted in the right place.

But as the steamship, the Fifth avenue palaces, the Wall street offices, the special Pullman coaches and the seaside resorts go the country usually does not go. The political straws that come from Europe in an ocean liner are not worth their weight as fodder. They usually show the way the wind is blowing by contraries. If Bryan had a majority of the crowds that run over to Europe every summer to toady to the nobility his prospects would be gloomy. It is safe to say that at least 10 "American voters" out of the 123 on the steamship referred to have never voted and don't know how to vote.

If Hanna had the same kind of a muzzle on his mouth that he has placed upon that of the gallent Ohio major, he would not have cause to regret that hasty little remark that if he could not win one way he could another. Frankness in politics is sometimes not exactly the best thing, especially Hanna's kind of politics.—*Jacksonville Times.*

THE M'KINLEYITES SPEAK.

The executive committee of the republican league of Oregon have issued an address "To the Republicans of Oregon." Incorporated in the "address" is the following paragraph:

"Behind Mr. McKinley are the thrift, the providence, the industry, the business, the intelligence and the honor of the country. *Behind Mr. Bryan are the discontent, the unthrift, the improvidence, the ignorance, the paternalism, the socialism, the anarchism and the dishonesty of the country.*"

This note of defiance to the plain people, the farmers, the workingmen and the honest yeomanry, who earn their bread by daily toil, smacks strongly of the arrogance of the aristocrats just prior to the "reign of terror" which overwhemed France. But thus continues the campaign of intimidation.—*Review.*

What an object lesson is taught in the nomination of Bryan, and in his subsequents triumphal progress to New York, exclaims the Examiner. All the money vaults in the eastern cities were opened to the delegates at Chicago, if any would only repudiate silver. Not a man could be diverted from the course he had chosen by so much as a hair's breadth. Wherever Bryan travels crowds of common people throng the railroad depots to meet him, as if he had been a conqueror. Twenty thousand people blocked the streets at Chicago to see his face. Every workingman at Pittsburg turned out to roar "God bless you!" Sixty thousand applications for tickets of admission to Madison-square Garden in New York were filed with the committee—in New York, the home of gold, the nucleus of the capitalists, the nest where the corporations meet to count their millions. If the syndicates and the trusts and the incorporated companies could not prevent in their own city a demonstration the like of which hath not seen witnessed within the memory of man, what prospect have the money barons of carrying the country in November.

The goldbug press is engaged in published an alleged table of prices of goods and wares in Mexico and the United States. The list begins with iron bedsteads, $18 in Mexico, $3.50 in the United States. Even with 53-cent dollars this would mean $9.54 in Mexico to $3.50 on the opposite side of the Rio Grande. This proves that ferriage is very high on the Rio Grande, or that Mexico has a high tariff that out-McKinleys McKinley, or that as "figures cannot lie." "some liar is figuring." We opine that an iron bedstead can be taken across the Rio Grande for 25 cents, and unless there is a prohibitive tariff on the same it could be sold for a great deal less than $18, provided it were purchased in Texas for $3.50. Then if Mexico has such a high tariff as to make the price nearly three times as great, what becomes of the plea that high tariffs make high wages! The goldbug press is truly in a dilemma. In trying to build up goldbug arguments, don't forget that Hanna says tariff is the issue.

Sam Goldsmith the popular drummer of Portland is authority in the Oregonian for the statement that there are only four business men in Eugene supporters of Bryan and silver. Sam is talking through his head gear. Certainly he has not taken a census of Eugene in this particular. A fair proportion of the men engaged in business in this city are supporters of silver—several times the number given by the gentleman. Sam, come here and we will point the gentlemen out to you—your father and two brothers being among the number. The statement, to say the least, is false.—*Guard.*

There is more variety to that 53-cent dollar cry than anybody imagines First it is the workingman who will be hurt by the free coinage of silver: then the banker is in danger, and the silver mine owners are about the only people whom the goldites will admit can derive any benefit therefrom. As there is no profit in mining silver at 53 cents an ounce, will the Oregonian explain how the miners are going to make so much out of the free coinage of this 53-cent dollar? Its statements are entirely too transparent and inconsistent.—*Jacksonville Times.*

The bulldozing tactics of the Hanna syndicate has extended even to the patent medicine firms. One of the latter is sending out circulars to newspaper announcing that, in the election of Bryan, they reserve the right to cancel all existing contracts for advertising. It is evident that the republican managers have a wrong conception of the American people. The people of the United States enjoy being fooled occasionally, but they will not be coerced. The "campaign of education" being carried on by Boss Hanna is likely prove a boomerang.

The Oregon Blade, edited and published by A. C. McClelland, register of the land office at La Grande under President Harrison's administration, has declared for Bryan and free-coinage.

Hearst's New York *Morning Journal*, the great free silver daily, has already passed the 300,000 daily circulation mark. Perhaps there is no silver sentiment around New York.

The alleged "sound-money" democrats are trying hard to make the public believe that there is a great principal involved in their bolt from the regular nominees of the Democratic party. Nevertheless they are doing everything to bring about the election of the chief apostle of the robber tariff, backed by the most unscrupulous and audacious syndicate that ever sought to overwhelm a free people. Few of them take the trouble to disguise their preference for McKinley.—*Times.*

In the United States Senate on January 30, 1896, Senator Mitchell of Oregon said: "We must legislate to increase the value of our export commodities, including silver, so as to enable us to meet, reduce and, if possible, wipe out the debts which to-day make the people of this country virtually slaves to the money lenders of Great Britian." See what he says in his speeches in this state soon and see how consistent he is.

Hon. W. P. Keady, ex-speaker of the Oregon legislature, and a republican, was on the train from Portland the other day, and he is quoted by a reliable gentleman as saying that if the free silver sentiment in Oregon is not checked the state will give Bryan electors 20,000 majority.

While in Southern Oregon recently Hon. Geo. C. Brownell told the people there what he thought would be good amemdments to the state constitution and promised to do all he could for same and the people there *believed* him. We wonder if they would do same here?

The only requisite of a good debater from the gold standard point of view is to be able to call your opponent a fool and a lunatic and consider him crushed. Almost anyone can do this successfully if he picks smaller men for opponents.—*Ex.*

McKinley's declaration that the election of Bryan would mean ruin means that McKinley's air castle would be dissipated. Still, there are points of view from which the episode does not assume the aspect of threatening disaster.

The report that McKinley smiled and said nothing on reading Bryan's New York speech is very likely true Smiling is about the extent of the demonstration that the major would dare to make without the permission of Hanna.

The financiers and the capitalists—that is to say, the only persons competent to express an opinion—are almost unanimously for the gold standred.—Republican campaign pamphlet.

Dispatches say that farmers cheered McKinley, but if the farmers analyzed what he said he didn't succeed in cheering them.

Another contrast between the two nominees is that Bryan absolutely lacks a Hanna.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the West Side Grocery are requested to call and settle at once either with cash or by note and thus save unnecessary costs.

A. R. Doolittle.

You can get it at Harris' grocery! What? Peacock flour, made of the famous blue stem hard wheat. Try sack.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the County Court of Clackamas county for the purchase of not less than 30 acres of land to be used as a poor farm. Said land to be situated within four miles of the County Court House; all proposals shall state the distance and direction from the Court House, number of acres under cultivation and such other improvements as there are on the place. Said proposals to be opened Thursday, September 10th, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The County Court reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

ELMER DIXON.
County Clerk.

CITY TREASURER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that there are sufficient funds on hand in the General Fund of Oregon City to pay all outstanding warrants endorsed prior to October 7th, 1894. Interest ceases with the date of this notice.

H. E. STRAIGHT,
Oregon City, August 27, 1896. City Treasurer.

Job Printing at the Courier Office

STANDARD VALUES AND STANDARD GOODS

GREAT MIDSUMMER SALE

All of our French Organdies and Fancy Dimities, plain and figured, the

15c and 12½c quality to close for 5c yard

THE GREATEST VALUE ON EARTH.

3500 Yards of 38 and 40-Inch All-Wool Fancy Suitings, 50c quality, closing at

Half Price--25c yard

We are offering the greatest bargins of the age in Fine Black Dress Goods, Mohair Alpacas and Fancy Sicillians, Heavy Serges and Novelty Suitings. A heavy stock of Dressmaker's findings in Taffetas, Watered Moreen, Moire Antique and heavy Canvases. The Largest stock of Linings ever placed on the market. Special inducements to dressmakers.

McAllen & McDonnell,

CORNER THIRD AND MORRISON STREETS, PORTLAND, ORE.

Spring and Summer Dress Goods.

Latest Styles. Just received at the PIONEER STORE

DIMITIES, DUCKS, NAINSOOKS, PERCALE, PIQUE, SATINES.

The Very Latest Styles of Silk for Waists at Prices beyond competition. Shirt Waits at prices to suit the buyer.

CHARMAN & SON, GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Property Owners Take Notice!

By orders of the Oregon City council made at the regular session of said council held on August 5th, 1896; any or all person or persons occupying any alley or street in said Oregon City, or who have the same inclosed are hereby notified to vacate and open the same forthwith.

Published by order of Oregon City Council

Thos. F. Ryan,
Recorder of Oregon City, Oregon.

NOTICE OF SALE OF DELINQUENT STOCK.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain assessment on the shares of capital stock of the Blue River Mining and Milling Company, a corporation, of three-fourths of one per cent., levied by the directors thereof at their meeting held on the 2d day of August, 1895, and by virtue of the action of the board of directors of said corporation, on the 6th day of June, 1896, whereby said assessment was declared to be delinquent and pursuant to the order thereof, now therfore:

The following stock will on Saturday, August 29th, 1896, at 2 p. m., at the front door of the court house at Oregon City, Oregon, be sold by me at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, to make the amounts of assessments and costs of advertising thereon, namely:

NAME.	SHARES.	AMOUNT.
E. F. Driggs	3150	$23.62
Geo Ward	600	4.00

Dated at Oregon City, Or., July 29, 1896.

S. R. GREEN, President.
J. J. COOKE, Secretary.

Notice to Taxpayers.

As assessors or deputies will not go out through the country this year, you are requested when in Oregon City to come in the assessor's office and give in a statement of your taxable property, or send in a list. You will be furnished with suitable blanks.

J. C. Bradley,
Assessor of Clackamas County.

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given that I shall apply to the city council of Oregon City, Oregon, for a saloon license to continue my saloon located on lot 4 of block 24 in Oregon City. License to date from September 7th, 1896.

PAUL HEMMELGARN.

The Best Is None Too Good

in anything that concerns the future of your family. The *best* life insurance company is the Equitable. The *best* policy is the new Guaranteed Cash Value Policy of

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
L. Samuel, General Manager,
Oregonian Building, Portland, Oregon.

DR. KESSLER,

This old one armed specialist, of St. Louis, well known by his long residence and successfully practice in this city, continue to successfully treat all kinds of chronic and private diseases

FREE TREATMENT for the poor who call in person at the office every afternoon

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Syphilitic Taints, Tumors, Tetters, Eczema and other impurities of the blood thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

RHEUMATISM treated by an old German remedy. This remedy was presented to Dr. Kessler by a friend in Berlin. It has never failed.

OLD SORES Ulcers, Cancers, etc., treated, no difference how long affected.

KIDNEY AND URINARY COMPLAINTS, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges, carefully treated. Piles, rheumatism and neuralgia treated by our new remedies.

Take a clear bottle at bedtime and urinate in the bottle, set aside and look at it in the morning. If it is cloudy, or has a cloudy settling in it, you have some kidney or bladder disease.

TAPE WORM removed in twenty-four hours. See worms in window at office 15 to 25 feet long.

BREATH STINKS We meet persons every day whose breath smells so bad it is disgusting. This comes from Catarrh of either the nose or stomach. Go and be examined. It can be cured before the nasal bones becomes involved.

YOUNG MEN if you are troubled with night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, averse to society, stupidness despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which drive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage—if you are thus afflicted you may know the cause. Go and be treated.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN there are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys; frequent, painful urination and sediment in urine; impotency or weakness of sexual organs, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated.

PRIVATE diseases. Gleet, Gonorrhea, Inflamations, Discharges, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Syphilis, Hydrocele Varicocele and kindred troubles treated.

Consultation Free to All.

Office Hours: From 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Call or address

J. Henri Kessler M. D.
At St. Louis Dispensary,
230½ YAMHILL STREET,
PORTLAND, - - - - OREGON.

V. HARRIS,

Star ★ Grocery

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, CROCKERY, ETC.

We Can Do It

The Courier has just added several hundred dollars' worth of new material to its plant, and is now better prepared than ever to do any job of printing of whatever description at Portland prices. Call and see samples. = = = =