

# NORTHWEST BREVITIES

## Evidence of Steady Growth and Enterprise.

### ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST

From All the Cities and Towns of the Thriving States of Oregon.

The amount collected for school taxes in Coos county during the year ending April 6, 1896, was \$11,587.69.

The organization of the labor exchange has been effected at Coquille and an application for a charter has been made.

Ground squirrels are becoming so numerous in Curry county that in several places the gardens are being badly damaged.

Harney county is said to have invested \$25,000 in bicycles this year—\$5,000 in cash and the balance on the installment plan.

Jacob Greenburg, the 9-year-old son of Isaac Greenburg, was drowned in the Willamette river at the foot of Davis street, Portland.

Company C, of Pendleton, has sent to A. R. Holmes, at Portland, a gold pin and pendant, in appreciation of his services while captain of the company.

W. S. Byers, of Pendleton, is making up a shipment of three carloads of flour for Africa. It is put up in 12 1/4, 24 1/2 and 49-pound sacks of the ordinary kind, and these sacks in turn are packed in coffee sacks.

A band of bunch-grass horses were driven in and sold at public auction in Silverton the other day. The horses were unbroken and were sold at very low prices. Good horses were sold for \$6, and good teams were sold for \$10 to \$23.

Day Bros. will resume dredging at the upper end of the locks as soon as the water falls two feet more. The date when they will begin building the walls of the inner part of the canal has not been decided upon, as no orders have been received from the war department authorizing them to renew constructions.

A trip through the hop-growing districts around Brownsville shows that the acreage will not be quite as large as last year, but the quality has every indication of being first-class. The yards which have been cultivated shows an abundance of young hops on the vines, and as yet they are free from pests of all kinds.

A black bear, that had killed sheep in King valley, was killed last week by George Neithamer. Bruin weighed 400 pounds. The neighbors of Mr. Neithamer were so elated over the destruction of the bear that they each presented the hunter with a sheep piece, and he is now possessed of about fourteen head.

A departure from the old custom of threshing machine men boarding with the farmer has been made in Lake county. There the threshing men have a kitchen on wheels, which can be hauled around with the machine, and it costs the farmer only for the threshing. It is a novel idea and one which will undoubtedly become popular among the women on the ranches.

Washington. The attempt at Kennewick to assess the district for irrigation purposes was voted down at the recent special election.

Henry Seiffert, who shot and killed L. H. Platter in the courthouse in Spokane on the first of this month, has been denied bail, and committed to jail to await trial.

Assessor Carpenter, of Yakima, ponced upon a band of 3,400 migratory sheep belonging to A. Andrews & Sons, of Oregon. Mr. Andrews cheerfully paid the tax.

The Methodist Episcopal Columbia River conference, which embraces Eastern Oregon, Eastern Washington and Northern Idaho, will convene at North Yakima August 26.

The aggregate value of all assessable property in Yakima county as equalized by the county commissioners is \$4,120,882. The total tax levied for 1895 was \$106,759.21.

W. A. Mears, of Portland, who has business connections in Japan, has given the Bell Lumber Company, of Everett, an order for 1,000,000 feet of lumber to be shipped to Japan.

The Fairhaven National bank closed its business as a banking institution on Friday, and is paying off its depositors in full. It is voluntarily liquidating the indebtedness, which is said to be small.

The Bank of Auburn has suspended payment, and its affairs will be immediately wound up by A. H. Boyd, receiver. The deposits amount to about \$16,000, while the total asset will reach \$50,000.

The statement of the treasurer of Skagit county for the year ending June 30, 1896, shows that receipts have amounted to \$148,050.78, and disbursements to \$95,489.06, leaving a cash balance of \$52,561.69.

The hay harvest in Stevens county is over and the work of baling hay for shipment has begun. The yield will be an average of 50 per cent less than what it was last year in the upper portion of the Colville valley. The wild fruits are unusually abundant this summer, and since the hay harvest there is a stampede of farmers' families into the mountain ranges in quest of huckleberries.

The new county road from Keymes' landing to Chimsacum, in Jefferson county, has been completed.

## PEOPLE'S PARTY TICKET.

Result of the Fusion in the State of Washington.

Last week, at Ellensburg, the Democrats, Populists and free silver Republicans of the state of Washington held their respective conventions. After much debate and concessions on the part of the three conventions, a combined ticket to be called the "People's Party" ticket, was agreed upon and placed in the field. It is as follows:

For governor—John R. Rogers, of Pierce, Populist.

For lieutenant-governor—Thurston Daniels, of Clarke, Populist.

For secretary of state—Will D. Jenkins, of Whatcom, Populist.

For state auditor—Neal Cheatham, of Whitman, Populist.

For state treasurer—C. W. Young, of Whitman, Populist.

For commissioner of public lands—Robert Bridges, of King, Populist.

For justice of the supreme court—John B. Reavis, of Yakima, Democrat.

For attorney-general—Patrick Henry Winston, of Spokane, Silverite.

For state printer—Gwin Hicks, of Thurston, Democrat.

For superintendent of public instruction—F. J. Browne, of King, Silverite.

For congressmen—James Hamilton Lewis, of King, Democrat; W. C. Jones, of Spokane, Silverite.

For presidential electors—H. N. Caton, of Whitman, Democrat; L. N. Maxwell, of Whatcom, Democrat; Charles E. Cline, of Whatcom, Populist; B. A. Newman, of Spokane, Populist.

### Democratic Platform.

Following are the three platforms adopted at Ellensburg:

"Section 1. The representatives of the Democratic party of the state of Washington, in convention assembled, do hereby reaffirm our allegiance to the principles of the party as formulated by Thomas Jefferson and firmly maintained by Andrew Jackson. We believe that a constant recurrence to those fundamental principles of a free and popular government, based upon individual liberty and the consent of the governed, is necessary, especially when the control of this government threatens to fall into the hands of aristocracy, monopoly and despotism.

"Sec. 2. We greet with hearty approval the new declaration of independence enunciated by the Democracy of the United States of America at the recent convention in Chicago; endorse every principle of its platform, and pledge our united support to the candidates there selected. We recognize in the nomination of William Jennings Bryan and Arthur Sewall an inspiration from the Supreme Ruler of Nations, by whose favor our country has passed through every hour of trial and of peril and has ever found leaders equal to the occasion, grand as the opportunity, sufficient to the struggle, great as the greater need required.

"Sec. 3. We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the consent of any other nation on earth. We denounce the pretense of Republican international bi-metalism as a subterfuge; an attempt to establish a gold aristocracy with the aid of those who may be duped by a meaningless phrase.

"Sec. 4. We denounce the present Republican administration of our state as extravagant, corrupt, scandal-breeding and a willful abuse of the people's rights. With a pretense of honoring the memory of the great names of champions of the people, it now bows down to political bosses and has not enrolled upon its banner the name of any man unobsequious to the dictates of the money power.

"Sec. 5. We call the attention of the common people to the perpetuation in our state of the gigantic Republican ring, which uses the public patronage to control future elections to perpetuate itself in the control of the public purse; uses the gigantic earnings of corporations (by the methods of Federal receiverships) to dictate the election of our representatives in congress and the senate; abuses the franchise of the public press by opening the columns of its newspapers to but one side of public discussions; demands of and receives from its votaries absolute prostitution of individual liberty to the dictates of machine politicians.

"Sec. 6. We invite the serious attention of the laboring classes in our state to the attempted control of the elective franchise by threats on the part of the Republican leaders. They do not hesitate to threaten their employes with discharge unless they submit to a sale of the free voting right guaranteed them by the constitution. Nor will they stop at threats, but will openly carry out the shameful abuse of power unless checked by the righteous indignation of a free people.

"Sec. 7. We pledge the people of this great state that when given the control of its government we will reduce the burden of state taxation to the lowest limit consistent with a just and careful administration of the governmental functions. We will stop the present squandering of the great public domain. We will, so far as now remains possible, use the public lands for the benefit of the whole people, and not for the purpose of pulling the purse-strings of private corporations. We will reduce the burdens laid upon production by the greed of transportation companies, aided by legislation purchased from Republican legislators. To this end we favor a law providing for freight rates not exceeding those of the Helm bill, and we favor a 3-cent per mile passenger fare. We will endeavor to make possible the carrying out of our system of public schools, now closed as the result of Republican extravagance. Free common schools are the nursery of good government. They should when necessity demands, be preserved even at the expense of every other function of govern-

ment. The Republican control of the towns, cities, counties and state has resulted in the bankruptcy of our school districts, and we demand the overthrow of such control.

"Sec. 8. We condemn the refusal of the Republican party of this state to divide it into congressional districts, and pledge our party to fair division of the same.

"Sec. 9. We condemn our present election laws, contrived to throttle opposition to the ring in power; pledge our party to their unconditional repeal, and the enactment of such laws as will enable each voter to vote as he pleases and have such vote counted.

"Sec. 10. Whereas, the railroad companies of this state have from time to time issued free passes to legislators and other public officers, thereby influencing their action, we demand that the legislators shall promptly pass adequate laws to enforce the constitutional provision against the granting of free passes to public officers and the use of same by such officers.

"Sec. 11. We demand better laws in relation to mortgage foreclosures; the abolition of deficiency judgments, and that the possession and use of real property remain in the mortgagor during the full period of redemption. Provided: That such laws shall not interfere with the obligation of existing contracts.

"Sec. 12. We pledge ourselves to place before the people amendments to the constitution reforming the present extravagant judicial system and system of state commissions.

"We recognize in the coming election a crisis in the affairs of government. Free government is self-government. We are threatened with a destruction of the principle of self-government. The national banks, the transportation and manufacturing corporations, the gold manipulators of Wall street and Lombard street claim the right to govern us. Democracy wears no collar; it serves no master; it has on its side the plain, every-day people of the country and state, and to them we appeal with an unquestioning belief that in this hour of trial and tribulation right will conquer, wrong will be dethroned, ever-controlling masses will overthrow classes, the people will again assume authority and property return, heralded by the announcement of a government of the people, by the people and for the people."

### The Populist Platform.

"We, the representatives of the People's party of the state of Washington, in convention assembled, reaffirm our allegiance to the principles enunciated at Omaha and St. Louis, and most heartily commend them to the favorable consideration of all lovers of freedom.

"Firmly believing that the present system of representative government is inadequate, and that it enables the few to control the policy of the government to the detriment of the interests of the people at large, and further believing that no permanent relief will be possible until the people can speak more directly on laws which they are required to obey, we demand that the people shall be given a direct vote on all important legislation, and that all officers shall be made the servants of the people, subject at any time to recall or dismissal, and not, as at present, the masters of those who create them.

"We demand the enactment into law of the following propositions: The material reduction of excessive salaries of all executive, legislative and judicial officers; lessened freight, passenger, telephone and telegraphic rates within the state; the adoption of the Torrens system of registering land titles; a general system of non-interest bearing warrants, receivable for taxes throughout the state; that school books be furnished to the people's pupils in our public schools at the expense of the state, that in case of sale of property under foreclosure decrees the debtor shall retain possession of the property throughout the redemption period, and the prohibition of deficiency judgments, and that the period of redemption shall be two years instead of one; liberal exemption from taxation of personal property and improvements in or upon land; that the next legislature shall take the necessary legal steps to submit to the electors of this state to be voted upon at the next regular election an amendment to the state constitution conferring the elective franchise upon women citizens of this state; that the legislature pass a law in conformity with our state constitution making it a felony for any county, city or state officer to accept or use a railroad or other transportation pass, and that the law shall also be applicable to those who offer such passes, and we condemn all city, county and state officers who may have accepted and used such passes as betraying the trust reposed in them by the party and as violative of their duties as citizens.

"We condemn the chief executive of this state for his ill considered and unjust vetoes of the deficiency judgment bill and the free text book bill, after having recommended it in his former message."

### Free Silver Platform.

"We believe that the widespread prostration of our industries, the decline in agriculture, the embarrassment of our commerce and the ever-increasing distress of all our producers, the conditions and existence of which is admitted by all, are directly traceable to a contraction of the currency resulting from the demonetization of silver, and we demand the immediate restoration of silver by a law requiring its free, unlimited and independent coinage at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 at our mints. We call the attention of the public to the fact that the people of the United States produce and consume of all the important products of industry more than one-half as much as all the balance of the earth combined; that the tonnage of our railroads exceeds by 60,000,000 tons an-

nually the tonnage of all the foreign railroads added to the entire water traffic of the world, and that as a consequence of such enormous industrial energy our people annually transact fully one-third of the entire volume of the world's business, and we therefore denounce as cowardly, pusillanimous and un-American the declaration of the national Republican platform that this country cannot regulate its own financial system without foreign aid or interference, and regard the suggestion of an international agreement as insincere and contemptible, and we demand the repeal of any and all laws authorizing the destruction of the legal tender quality of money by private contract.

"We demand the foreclosure of the mortgage held by the government on the Union Pacific railroad, and should the government, through such foreclosure come into the ownership and possession of the same, we favor its operation by the government."

### RAN INTO A TRUCK.

Motorman at Buffalo Makes a Distressing Blunder.

Buffalo, N. Y. Aug. 18.—Early this morning fire truck No. 6, with a crew consisting of Lieutenant Hedden and seven firemen, while responding to an alarm, collided with a trolley car at the corner of Woltz avenue and Sycamore street. The truck was stretched across the street-car track when the trolley, which was running at full speed, struck it. Every fireman on the truck was injured. John F. Clark was pinned under the wreck and crushed to death, his lungs being perforated by the round of a ladder. Fred Jackey went under the truck and received concussion of the spine. He cannot recover. The others injured are: Lieutenant Hedden, hip bruised; Michael Rosenberg, left leg sprained and contusions; John W. Bechtel, arm sprained; Nicholas Noeller, hip bruised; Anthony Mannard, bruised. The motor car was smashed to pieces, but the motorman escaped with but slight injuries. Both the motorman and conductor of the car have been arrested. James Cowan, the motorman, says he heard the fire gong but did not stop up, as he thought he could cross the street ahead of the truck.

### TORNADO IN ALABAMA.

Fifteen Persons Killed and Others More or Less Injured.

Selma, Ala., Aug. 18.—News was received here today from Augustine, Perry county, fourteen miles from a telegraph station, that a terrible and most destructive tornado swept over that place last evening, leveling everything in its path. Twelve negroes and three white people were killed by houses falling in on them, and ten other persons were more or less injured. Twenty-four horses and mules were crushed to death by falling barns. The tornado was followed by the heaviest rain that has fallen in that section in fifteen years. Creeks and branches were converted into raging torrents, sweeping away cotton, corn and other crops, causing heavy losses to planters.

### DARING TRAIN ROBBERY.

This Was the Time the Desperados Were Captured.

Detroit, Aug. 18.—A special to the Free Press from Charlotte, Mich., says: "A special stock train which went east on the Chicago & Grand Trunk at 12:30 last night was boarded by four men at Bellevue, thirteen miles west of here, all masked and heavily armed, and at the point of their guns compelled the two men in charge of the stock to empty their pockets of all money, and a number other articles of small value. The robbers escaped, but were all captured by a posse this afternoon, and lodged in jail here. They gave their names as James O'Donnell, Frank Wright, Ed Marlow and Frank Edison, and ages from 18 to 22 years.

Durrant Said to Have Been Insane.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—The latest theory in connection with Theodore Durrant is that he was insane at the time he committed the murders of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams, in the Emmanuel Baptist church. Some time previous to the murders, he was sick and confined to his room for six weeks, being delirious part of this period. His friends now say he had not recovered from this attack at the time he committed the murders. It is still uncertain when the supreme court will consider his appeal, which is now formally before that body. Durrant's attendants at the county jail ridicule the idea of insanity.

### Fearful Heat in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 18.—The sun went down last night upon a parched and withered earth, the mercury registering 105. It came up boiling hot this morning, and at 10 o'clock reached 105. At 10:30 the mercury registered 108 degrees, the hottest weather on record for this section. Men panted like tired hounds from the chase, and sought in every way to avoid the intolerable heat. At 11 o'clock a little shower of rain with a gust of wind came up, and gave the people relief. This was the closing day of the most extraordinary heat period ever experienced in Texas.

### Loss of \$100,000 by Fire.

Creeksford, Ill., Aug. 18.—Fire gutted the Woodruff block, on Seventh street, early this morning, causing a loss of over \$100,000. T. L. Goldman, who conducted a department store, is the principal loser, his loss being estimated at \$55,000, with an insurance of \$35,000. The loss on the building is \$25,000, partly insured.

Roughness is needless cause of discontent. Severity breedeth fear, but roughness breedeth hate.

# THE SALMON PACK

## Output Not Much Affected by the Strike.

### PROBABLY REACH 450,000 CASES

Cannerymen Made Out Far Better Than They Expected—An Excellent Quality of Fish

Notwithstanding the fishermen's strike, which was prolonged through two of the five months' salmon season just ended, the catch this year compares favorably with that of other years, and will not be more than 60,000 cases short of last year's pack. The pack this year, according to the best information, will probably reach 450,000 cases, the greater portion of which was made after July 1, as against 505,000 cases packed in 1895. The cannerymen made out far better than they expected, owing to the strike, and are especially congratulating themselves upon the extraordinary fine quality of fish which has made up the pack was only better, there would be no regrets associated with the past season. Unfortunately, the unsettled financial condition has affected the buyers, and George Taylor, of Taylor, Young & Co., stated that Eastern purchasers who formerly placed orders for 1,000 cases are now contenting themselves with 50 and 100 cases. As a consequence, the pack will move rather slowly.

The great bulk will go East, though a considerable portion will go abroad. The British ship Sutherlandshire, in port at Portland, is loading salmon for England, and a good proportion of the pack is being forwarded to San Francisco to be shipped from that port.

At the ruling market prices, the pack, when sold, will bring in round figures, \$2,700,000 into this section. Prices, however, are not as good as those obtained last season. The tendency of the cannerymen this year has been toward fancy packing, and, in the opinion of some, this has been rather overdone, and will certainly affect the prices of flats and ovals.

The strike was somewhat of a benefit early in the season to the packers at Eagle Cliff and vicinity. Through the inactivity at Ilwaco and Astoria they secured more than their usual proportion of fish. That the strike was not a success while it lasted is evidenced by the fact that in the neighborhood of 150,000 cases were packed up to June 20, when the strikers began fishing. Among the canneries that packed during the strike were the Eureka and Epicure Packing Companies, Hapgood, J. W. Cook & Co., Seaborg's cannery at Ilwaco, William Hume at Eagle Cliff, and McGowan at Chinook. There was no fishing on the upper river until after the strike, when F. M. Warren and McGowan made large packs, very considerably more than last year. Around The Dalles, though, the catch was not as good as had been expected, and the pack was only medium.

The season has been an extraordinary one in many respects. Very few, if any, bluebacks and steelheads were caught, the salmon being all chinooks, and far finer and fatter fish, on the average than have been taken in the river in years, and as the run was very large and steady, increasing so the last week of the season that the river was full of fish, the cannerymen were fortunately able to make up the anticipated shortage. The catch proved the truth of the saying among the Columbia river fishermen that more than half of the pack is to come after July 1. In fact, the fish were so plentiful the last few days of the season that the packers on the river down to 8 1/2 cents per pound, thereby precipitating a small strike.

Notwithstanding its superiority, the Columbia river fish will encounter considerable opposition from the Alaska and British Columbia salmon. The Alaska fish is much inferior in quality, but, on account of its low price, it finds a good sale. The British Columbia fish is also affecting the market for Columbia river salmon in England, as it is good in quality and packed by the most approved appliances, while it is sold at a lower figure. The prestige of the Columbia river pack, however, will sell it in any market.

### Fire in a Penitentiary.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Aug. 14.—Fire in the Anamosa penitentiary started at 9 o'clock in the cellar of the prison dining room. In a short time the fire was beyond control, and the entry building was destroyed, including a large library of 3,000 volumes. The loss will be \$20,000. The fire was brought under control about 11 o'clock, and no difficulty with the prisoners was experienced.

### Arms for Abyssinia Captured.

Cairo, Aug. 14.—An Italian man-of-war has captured off the coast of Erythraea the Dutch steamer Doelwyk, laden with 34,000 rifles, which are supposed to be of Belgian manufacture and which were destined for Abyssinia. The steamer and cargo will be taken to the prize court at Massowah.

Monterey, Cal., Aug. 14.—For the first time the stranded St. Paul has today looked as though she was a wreck, for all the ropes, tackle, spars, etc., were removed and taken aboard the Santa Cruz. The divers having made their final report to the insurance inspector, the steamer will soon be left to her fate. Tomorrow work will be commenced on the removal of the machinery. The loss to Goodall, Perkins & Co. will be between \$30,000 and \$40,000.

## PORTLAND MARKETS.

Business thus far for the month of August has been very satisfactory, considering the untoward circumstances which at present beset the commercial world. Country business has slackened a little since the first of the month, but the city and lower river trade continues good. Wheat and wool remain almost inactive. The salmon season just closed was an extraordinary one, and, although nearly half of the period allowed for fishing was lost by a strike, a phenomenal run of fish has brought the pack up to within about 10 per cent of last year.

### Wheat Market.

The new wheat crop has not begun to move in sufficient quantities to make a very active market, although considerable is coming into the warehouse east of the mountains. The output from the Willamette valley this season will be considerably below the average. Quotations are: Walla Walla, 49 to 50c; Valley, 51 to 52c per bushel.

### Produce Market.

Flour—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, \$2.85; Benton county and White Lily, \$2.85; Graham, \$2.50; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, \$2.34c per bushel; choice gray, 30c@32c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags, \$4.25@5.25; barrels, \$4.50@7; cases, \$3.75. Hay—Timothy, \$10.50 per ton; cheat, \$6.50@7; clover, \$6@7; oat, \$6.50; wheat, \$5.50@6.50. BARLEY—Feed barley, \$13.50 per ton; brewing, \$14@16. MILLET—Bran, \$14.50; shorts, \$15.50; middlings, \$18@20; rye, 90c per cental. BUTTER—Fancy creamery is quoted at 40c; fancy dairy, 25c; fair to good, 17 1/2@20c. POTATOES.—90c@1 for new, 90c per sack for old. ONIONS.—85@90c per sack. POULTRY—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@3.50; broilers, \$1.25@2.25; geese, \$4.00; turkeys, live, 10c@10c; ducks, \$2.00@3.00 per dozen. EGGS—Oregon, 12 1/2c per dozen. CHEESE—Oregon, 9c; California 8c; Young America, 9c per pound. TROPICAL FRUIT—California lemons, fancy, \$4.00@4.50 per box; bananas, \$1.75@2.50 per bunch; California seedling oranges, \$2.50@2.75 per box; Mediterranean sweets, \$4.50 per box; pineapples, \$3.00@5.00 per dozen. OREGON VEGETABLES—Garlic, new, 10c per pound; Oregon peas, 2c; new cabbage, 1c per lb; tomatoes, 6c@7c per box; string beans, 4c@5c per lb; wax, 3c@4c per lb; Oregon radishes, 10c per dozen; cauliflower, 7c@7c per dozen; cucumbers, 15c@25c per dozen; egg plant, 15c@17 1/2c per lb; rhubarb, 1 1/2@2c. FRESH FRUIT—California apples, \$1.25@1.50 per box; cherries, Royal Anne, loose, 6c per lb, 6c a box; Black Republicans, loose, 6c per lb, 6c per box; gooseberries, 2c@2 1/2c per pound; currants, 6c; raspberries, 4c; blackberries, 3c; apricots, \$1 per box; peaches, 6c@7c per box; watermelons, \$2@2.50 per dozen. DRIED FRUIT—Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4c@4 1/2c; sun-dried, 3 1/2@4c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5c@6c; plums, pitless, 3c@4c; prunes, 3c@5 per pound. WOOD—Valley, 9c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 5c@7c. HORS—Choice, Oregon 2@3c per pound; medium, negotiated. NUTS—Peanuts, 6c@7c per pound for raw, 10c for roasted; cocoanut, 9c per dozen; walnuts, 12 1/2@14c; pine nuts, 15c; hickory nuts, 8c@10c; chestnuts, 17c; Brazil, 12c; pecans, large, 14c; Jumbo, 16c; filberts, 12 1/2c; fancy, large, 14c; hard-shell, 8c; paper-shell, 10c@12 1/2c. PROVISIONS—Portland pack: Smoked hams are quoted at 10c@10 1/2c per lb; picnic hams, 7c; boneless hams, 7 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 10c; bacon, 7c; dry salt sides, 6c; lard, 5-pound pails, 7 1/2c; 10s, 7 1/2c; 60s, 7 1/2c; tallow, 7c per pound. HIDES—Dry hides, No. 1, 16 pounds and upward, 10c@10 1/2c per pound; dry kip, No. 1, 5 to 10 pounds, 8c per pound; dry calf, No. 1, under 5 pounds, 12c@15c; dry salted, one-third less than dry flint-salted hides, sound steers, 60 pounds, and over, 7c; do, 50 to 60 pounds, 6c; do, under 50 pounds and cows, 4 1/2@5c; do, kip, sound steers, 15 to 30 pounds, 5c; do, veal, 10 to 14 pounds, 6c; do, calf, under 10 pounds, 6c@7c; green (unsalted), 1c per pound less; culls (bulls, stags, moat-ent, badly cut, scored, hair slipped, weather-beaten or grubby) one-third less. BEEF—20@22 per pound. TALLOW—Prime, per pound, 3c@2 1/2c; No. 2 and grease, 2 1/2c.

### Merchandise Market.

SALMON—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, \$1.25@1.60; No. 2, talls, \$2.25@2.90; fancy, No. 1, flats, \$1.75@1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, \$1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, \$1.90@2.25. CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1 1/2-inch, is quoted at 8c; White sisal, hard twisted; Rope, 1 1/2-in. cir. and upward, 6 1/2c; rope, 12-thread, 6 1/2c. SUGAR—Golden C, 4 1/2c; extra C, 4 1/2c; fire granulated, 5c; cube crushed and powdered, 6c per pound; 1/2c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, 1/2c more than barrels; maple sugar, 15c@16c per pound. COFFEE—Mocha, 27c@31c per pound; Java, fancy, 24c@29c; Costa Rica, 20c@23 1/2c; Caracas, 22 1/2c@25c; Salvador, 19c@22c; Arabuckle, \$19.05; Lion, \$19.05; Columbia, \$19.05 per case. RICE—Island, \$3.50@4 per sack; Japan, \$3.75@4. COAL OIL—Cases, 20c; barrels, 17 1/2c; tanks, 15 1/2c per gallon. WHEAT BAGS—Calcutta, \$4.25@4.37 1/2 for July and August deliveries.

### Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, best steers, \$3.25; cows, \$2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 4@5 1/2c per pound. MUTTON—Gross, best sheep, wethers, \$3.00; ewes, \$2.75; dressed mutton, 4 1/2@5c per pound. VEAL—Gross, small, 4 1/2c; large, 3@3 1/2c per pound. HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, \$3.00@3.25; light and feeders, \$2.75; dressed, 3 1/2@4c per pound.

### SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

POTATOES—Garnet Chile, 50c@60c; Early Rose, 35c@45c; in sacks; do, in boxes, 40c@55c; Burbanks, in boxes, 75c@90c; do in sacks, 40c@75c. ONIONS—30c@40c per sack for yellow, 50c@60 for pickle. EGGS—Store, 14c@15c; ranch, 20c@25c; ducks, 16c@17c per dozen.