

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

At San Antonio de los Baños, a proprietor named Domingo Hernandez, who was 70 years old, has been hanged by the insurgents.

August Florentine, a saloon keeper, was shot and killed at the four-mile house, on the San Bruno road, near San Francisco. The man who shot him is named Jackson.

At the Novelty theater, London, in a stabbing scene, the spring dagger made for stage use failed to act and an actor was stabbed to the heart so that he died in a few minutes.

Senor Marcel de Azacarra, Spanish minister of war, is considering a scheme to introduce conscription in order to facilitate the recruiting of forces for the Spanish army service in Cuba.

Miss Clara Barton, president of the American branch of the Red Cross Society, has started on her return to the United States, her mission of distributing relief to the Armenians having been ended.

A. W. Fawcett, the recently deposed mayor of Tacoma, announces that the fight for occupancy of the office is not yet ended by any means, and that he will immediately carry the contest to the supreme court for settlement.

John Thompson and Jay Leonard were killed by lightning in a violent storm at Sandusky, O. They were working on the new government pier at Cedar Point, with augers in their hands, which attracted the lightning.

The body of a newly born male infant was discovered floating in the Willamette river near New Era one day last week. A coroner's inquest was held over the remains, but nothing was developed which would tend to throw any light upon the mystery, as to why the body of the babe was thrown into the river.

The steam schooner Point Arena, bound from San Francisco to Mendocino, went on the rocks near Point Reyes. Captain Johnson, her master, was on the bridge when she grounded. He at once began to back her, and within ten minutes she was free of the rocks. As soon as the vessel was loosened the water began to rush in through a hole in her port bow, just forward of the forward hold.

Captain Johnson headed for San Francisco, and came up under a full head of steam, the pumps being kept in action all the while. By the time she reached the Mission slip, where she was docked, there was four feet of water in her forward hold.

In a severe thunderstorm near Omaha, Neb., three people were killed by lightning.

A dispatch from Neath, announces that forty miners were entombed in the Brinooch pit by an explosion.

Miss Ida Fuller, a New York actress, while in bathing at Manhattan beach, was grasped by an octopus and nearly drowned.

Governor Altgeld has issued a manifesto declaring that eight hours shall constitute a day's work on park improvements in Chicago.

Miss Anna Pritchard, a widow from San Francisco, left \$1,280 in greenbacks done up in a newspaper on the Oakland ferryboat, and has not been able to find the package since.

John Hazel jumped from an Illinois Central passenger train that was running forty miles an hour and was instantly killed. He was in custody of an officer and was wanted for horse-stealing in Missouri.

A detachment of company I, who were guarding the Brown hoisting works, near Cleveland, O., fired upon a mob of strikers and wounded one of them. Excitement runs high, and more trouble is feared.

In Chicago, twelve persons succumbed to the heat in one day. Two or three of these are not expected to recover. It was the hottest day of the year, the signal service thermometer registering ninety-four in the afternoon. Thermometers on the streets registered four and five degrees more than that in the tower.

A bloody affray occurred among a crowd of school boys at Buchville, Ark. Robert Chew and Beuregard Poole became involved in a fight. Friends of the belligerents joined in the fray. Pocket knives were used. Several boys were dangerously wounded. Poole was stabbed in the breast several times and died of his wounds.

The Chicago stock exchange will remain closed until the Moore Bros. failure has been settled. The action of the governing committee in closing the doors is said by some financiers to have averted a panic. "There is no telling where it would have ended," said a member of the stock exchange. "It might have resulted in the ruination of a dozen business houses and banks."

A. W. Pile, of California, secretary of the national silver committee, was found dead at Washington, D. C., under circumstances which lead to a suspicion of foul play. He had been missing for four days. His body was found under the aqueduct bridge. When last seen he had considerable money, but the money was missing when the body was discovered. A silver watch, however, had not been disturbed. There is no evidence of suicide. Mr. Pile was the son of ex-Congressman Pile, of California.

Matabele Defeated. Details have been received in Cape Town of a decisive victory won by 700 British troops composing Colonel Plummer's column over a native force estimated at from 5,000 to 7,000. The latter fought desperately and bravely, charging within a few yards of the British rapid-firing guns. About 500 Matabele warriors were slain during the engagement, which lasted several hours. About thirty of the British soldiers and six officers were killed and 60 wounded.

A Wife-Murderer Hanged. Charles Thiede was hanged in the yard of the county jail, at Salt Lake. The execution was witnessed by a large number of people. It is the second hanging in the history of Utah. Thiede, who was a saloon keeper, was convicted of murdering his wife on the night of April 30th, 1894, by nearly severing her head from her body with a knife. He asserted his innocence to the last.

Will Traverse the Globe. Miss Clara Parish, the seventh and youngest W. C. T. U. round-the-world missionary, has left Paris, Ill., for St. Louis, starting on her trip around the world. She will be given a big reception there. She will lecture at several points in the West, and will sail from San Francisco for Japan August 26. She will take about two years to make the trip.

American Money Blacklisted. The Montreal chamber of commerce has passed a resolution expressing approval of the action of the banks in that district in charging a discount of 10 per cent on all American money. It also issued a warning to merchants, farmers and the public generally not to accept American money upon any consideration.

Fatal Kansas City Fire. One man was killed outright, one perhaps fatally injured and five others sustained more or less serious injuries in a fire which started in Swift's packing plant in Kansas City, Mo. The property loss is nearly \$100,000. Joseph Hoblowitz, a night watchman, was suffocated or burned to death.

A Fatal Conflagration. A disastrous fire occurred in a factory in Christiansa, Norway, and before it was extinguished, several buildings were destroyed. A falling wall killed six men and thirteen others were seriously hurt, of which three have since died. It is believed that three children have perished in the ruins.

A Reverend Poisoner. Rev. J. C. Hull, a preacher, was arrested in St. Paul at the request of his wife, charged with attempting to kill her by administering poison in repeated small doses. Hull is prominent in St. Paul church circles.

Held Up by Robbers. James A. Campbell, a Honolulu millionaire, who disappeared from San Francisco, returned with a bullet hole through his hat and an exciting tale about an adventure with robbers. Campbell says that while he was drinking in a private room in a saloon he was confronted by two masked men, who demanded money. The millionaire refused the demand, and in the fight that followed a bullet went through his hat. Campbell says he was robbed and kept a prisoner for two days. When released he was given a nickle for his car fare.

A Race War Threatened. A war between whites and negroes is imminent in Polk county, Ark., on the line of construction of the Texarkana & Fort Smith railroad. It seems that the hardy old mountaineers of that section have not allowed any negroes to stop in that section for several years. The contractors building the road have employed colored labor. Trouble is feared and the contractors have hired guards to protect the negroes.

Floods in Nicaragua. Rains have caused the rivers Rama and Suquia, in Nicaragua to rise rapidly, and the panic stricken inhabitants of El Rama have taken to the high ground and on board steamers. Nearly all buildings in the latter place were destroyed. Plantations near the town were ruined and the damage is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Pursuit is Abandoned. Pursuit of the bandits who held up the Wilbott stage has been abandoned, as their trail was lost in the mountains about fifteen miles from where the crime was committed, making it well nigh impossible to further trace them.

Nicaragua Must Give Up. A government organ declares that if Nicaragua refuses to relinquish Islas Mangla, which she seized contrary to the wishes of the inhabitants, the Colombian government will regard the refusal as a casus belli.

Boy Murderer Surrenders. Amos Decker, the boy who murdered a playmate near Findlay, O., has given himself up to the authorities. He successfully eluded capture for several days by hiding in a corn field, but hunger drove him out.

The Boiler Exploded. A traction engine boiler exploded on a farm near Anderson, Ind., and one man was instantly killed and several others seriously injured.

Money for Cuba. It is reported in Philadelphia that the Cuban junta in the United States this week raised a fund amounting to \$375,000. Part of this money has been changed into gold, and is on shipboard bound for Cuba, where it will be placed in the hands of the officers commanding the insurgent army. The balance has been retained by the heads of the junta in Philadelphia, who will use it in a way that will best serve the Cuban cause.

A DEATH-DEALING SUN

The East Stricken by an Extremely Hot Wave.

NUMBER OF DEAD EXCEEDS 200

Over 100 in Greater New York—The Wave Extended as Far West as Kansas City, Mo.

Washington, Aug. 11.—The report of fatalities resulting from heat in various sections of the country indicate that the present hot spell will be as disastrous in effect as a national calamity or plague. The death roll of today exceeds 128 in the principal places. Following is the reported fatalities:

New York and vicinity, 150; Philadelphia, 18; Washington, 16; Baltimore, 19; Bayonne, N. J., 3; Newark, 3; Albany, 12; Jersey City, 1; Pittsburgh, 1; Rochester, 1; Louisville, 1; Memphis, 1; Cleveland, 2; Cincinnati, 5; San Antonio, 1; St. Louis, 4; Indianapolis, 2.

Public Departments Incapacitated. Chicago, Aug. 11.—The continued heat has greatly affected the police patrolmen and the letter carriers. About fifty of the latter have been compelled to quit work and two or three may die. Some of the big department stores have, during the last few days, practically been turned into hospitals. The girl clerks have fainted by the dozens at their counters and hundreds of them have quit work on account of the heat. Thirty-five have died. Last week 577 deaths were reported to the department of health, which is the largest for any week in many years. It is estimated that over 1,000 animals which have been killed by the heat are lying in different parts of the city, and the authorities admit they are unable to remove the animals promptly.

Ten additional deaths from the heat have been reported tonight.

SEVEN PERSONS DROWNED

Three in Detroit River at Detroit, and Four in Lake Michigan.

Detroit, Aug. 11.—A heavy wind and thunder storm, which swept over this city this evening, resulted in the drowning of at least three men in the Detroit river, and several yachtsmen had narrow escapes after the capsizing of their craft. Two others were drowned during the afternoon from other causes.

The capsizing of the yacht Corsair caused the drowning of Frank Hughes. William J. Thiermer was drowned from the yacht Alberta. John Heike, jr., was drowned while swimming near Peche Island.

A dispatch to the Free Press from Benton Harbor, Mich., says:

Four persons were drowned in Lake Michigan this afternoon a mile north of here. They were M. Manning, James Butterick, Frank Yerring and a stranger. The men, with a dozen others, were bathing, when two of the number, who could not swim, were caught by the undertow, and the others went to their rescue.

WINE FIRM ROBBED.

Weekly Payroll Taken by a Daring and Ingenious Thief.

San Francisco, Aug. 11.—A daring and ingenious thief got away with \$1,200, the weekly pay of the employees of Lachman & Jacobi, the big wine firm, today. Superintendent Ciprico had received the money from a messenger, and placed it in a cabinet in the office. Then he made out his payroll, and when he went for the money it was gone. A search revealed the fact that a square hole had been cut in a wooden partition against which the back of the cabinet rested. The piece of wood sawed out had been retained in place by hinges, and the work must have been done the night before by some one familiar with the place and its customs. While Ciprico was engaged with his payroll, the thief had opened his little trapdoor, cut out of the thin back of the cabinet, and walked off with the two sacks of gold. No trace of the robber has been found.

Between Japan and Germany.

San Francisco, Aug. 11.—According to mail advices from the Orient today, the commercial treaty between Japan and Germany has been approved by the privy council of Japan. The exchange of ratifications and the subsequent publication of the treaty are expected to take place within sixty days. While the terms of the treaty are not known, it is believed that Japan has conceded more to Germany in the way of commercial privileges to German residents in Japan than she accorded to Great Britain in the treaty made with the British government some time ago. Advices from Peking are to the effect that a commercial treaty has been ratified between China and Japan.

A Costly Fire.

Ashland, Pa., Aug. 11.—The Lehigh Valley Coal & Iron Company's mammoth Logan colliery breaker at Centralia, Pa., valued at \$90,000, burned early today. About 600 men and boys were employed in the mine.

Havana, Aug. 11.—News from Puerto Principe is that Samuel Nolly, an English seaman, and an American named Augustus Botherman landed near Maternallis on June 11, and have surrendered to the insurgents, having failed to pay the \$200 monthly agreed upon. Ricardo Barrios Robado will be executed at Matanzas.

To be "in a brown study" is a corruption of a brow study, requiring much thought and contraction of the brows.

ACROSS THE ISTHMUS.

English Syndicate Secures Important Railway Concessions.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—Information has just been received of the greatest interest to San Francisco and the Pacific coast, in its relations to the problems of freight and transportation. An English syndicate, at the head of which is Sir Wheatman Pearson, M. P. for Colchester, has just concluded a lease with the Mexican government of the Tehuantepec isthmus railway. The terms of the lease include an agreement on the part of the syndicate to finish the work already well advanced for the improvement of the harbor of Coatzacoalco, at the terminus of the road, and to construct the harbor works at Salina Cruz, the western terminus, which were included in the original plans, but which the Mexican government has so far been unable to execute. The road itself will be greatly improved and put in the condition of a first-class line. A line of ships, plying between Salina Cruz and San Francisco, will be put on, and deliver freight to the many lines plying on the Gulf of Mexico.

A determined effort will be made to secure the freight and low-priced passenger traffic of San Francisco. On the other side of the isthmus, it is expected to get the bulk of the European fine freight, such as dry goods, which now come by steamship to New Orleans and by rail to San Francisco. That the syndicate means business is shown by the fact that it intends to spend large amounts in harbor improvements. On the gulf side, the Mexican government has constructed jetties similar to those at the mouth of the Mississippi, by which entrance to the Coatzacoalco river is gradually being deepened so as to admit the largest ocean-going vessels. Comparatively little will be required to complete these works. The syndicate's contract calls for the expenditure of \$150,000.

On the Pacific side the port of Salina Cruz is nothing but an open roadstead. There was an iron pier extending to twenty-seven feet of water but the storm in which the Colima went down destroyed it, and all freight has to be lightered, often under unfavorable conditions. The character of the coast and bay is such that a very fine, commodious harbor can be created artificially, but the expense will be great.

The syndicate has undertaken this expense, and expects to spend \$10,000,000 to build breakwaters, wharves, docks and warehouses. This is even more than the original designs, made when the railroad was completed, called for. But the understanding is that the works to be created shall make this the finest harbor on the Pacific coast outside of San Francisco. What concessions the syndicate gets in return for these expenditures is not known, but it is not believed that they are unfavorable to the Mexican government, which built and owns the road, and has been operating it since its completion, because President Diaz has steadfastly refused offers to lease it from various corporations. He was not given sufficiently assurances that it would remain an independent competitive line.

Spaniards Outgeneraled.

New York, Aug. 12.—On the steamer Niagara, which reached this port today, from Santiago de Cuba, were a sister and son of General Lucret, of the Cuban army. They were obliged to leave the island for their own safety, and with the greatest difficulty managed to reach the steamer at San Diego, from a small boat. They were secreted in the stateroom until the steamer left. General Lucret had inflicted considerable damage to the Spanish lines of transportation by the use of dynamite. Captain-General Weyer warned Lucret that unless he ceased that mode of warfare, the government would retaliate by blowing up the residence of his family near Santiago. The family immediately abandoned their home.

Other passengers arriving by the Niagara report that the Spanish troops suffered crushing defeat in a battle near Santiago July 28, with insurgent troops. Generals Gomez and Garcia immediately gathered troops and succeeded in engaging the Spanish columns before they could effect a junction. Hospitals and private houses in Santiago were reported filled with wounded Spaniards.

Immigrant Business.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—The North German Lloyd & Hamburg-American Steamship Companies have resolved to make Galveston one of their ports, but in so doing they have agreed with the Western railroads not to ticket immigrants for points west of Louisiana and Texas. The trans-Atlantic steamship lines have asked the Western roads to withdraw their immigrant agents from Europe, abolish their immigrant clearing-house at New York, and allow the steamship companies to handle and divide this traffic in Europe and at New York. The Western roads are willing to do this, providing the steamship companies withdraw their immigrant agent from the territory west of Chicago. The whole matter will be considered at a meeting of the railroad and steamship companies next month.

About 4,000 women are graduates of the principal colleges for women. Probably another 4,000 graduated from co-educational institutions.

Destructive Forest Fires.

St. John's, N. F., Aug. 12.—Serious forest fires have been raging at Trinity. Fourteen houses were destroyed, the occupants losing everything except the clothes they were wearing.

Killed in a Collision.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 12.—C. C. Brown, Northern Pacific watchman at Sand Point, was instantly killed last night. He was on a railroad velocipede, and collided with a freight train.

FLED THE COUNTRY

Escape of a Woman Journalist From Cuba.

"STOW AWAY" ON A STEAMSHIP

Was Surrounded by Spaniards and Eluded Them by Donning Male Attire.

New York, Aug. 10.—Miss Cecelia Charles, who says she went to Cuba several months ago for the purpose of obtaining material for a book, was a passenger by the Ward line steamship City of Washington, which arrived from Havana Wednesday, and whose passengers were sent to Hoffman island for investigation.

Miss Charles says that after traveling through the island a newspaper correspondent warned her that her liberty and possibly her life was in danger. She acted upon the warning as soon as it was received, and, going to her hotel, made preparations for leaving the city.

Before she could do so the house was surrounded by Spaniards. Becoming then thoroughly alarmed, and fearing every moment that she would be hurried to prison, she decided to evade arrest by disguise. She arrayed herself in boy's clothes, tucked her hair under an old straw hat, soiled her face and hands, and unobserved stole out by a back door and made her way to the city. The Ward line steamship City of Washington was at anchor in the harbor and making ready to get under way. Miss Charles hired a small row-boat and went alongside. The gangway ladders had been taken in, but a rope ladder was trailing over the side, and she succeeded in getting on board. She "stowed away," she said, and did not make her presence known until the ship was clear of the harbor. Then she revealed her identity, paid her passage, and was given a stateroom and a stewardess fitted her out with female garb.

THE VEIL LIFTED.

Alleged Facts in the Brown-Overman Case Related by Mrs. Tunnell.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—After many months of waiting and of evasion, of hurried flight from town to town in California and across the southern border, Mrs. M. F. Tunnell has consented to tell the story of her relations with the Rev. C. O. Brown and Mattie Overman, and to explain why she fled at the very moment when her presence was needed to dispel the shadows of scandal, or to condemn the pastor who was seriously accused. Mrs. Tunnell is the last witness to speak, and as far as facts are concerned, the testimony she gives closes the great case.

She explains the important points upon which the clerical judges of Dr. Brown were in doubt. She removes the elements of uncertainty that made the ecclesiastical court hesitate before pronouncing a final judgment of condemnation. She fled from San Francisco, she said, to shield Dr. Brown from the consequences of his own guilt. She says she knew of the love between Mattie Overman and the pastor, and would have revealed her knowledge if she had been summoned to the witness stand. She says that Dr. Brown paid her expenses while she was away, and when she returned, tried to induce her to go to Central America. She tells when and where she received the famous letters from Mattie Overman, and for the first time explains how they passed from her possession into the keeping of a man who allowed them to be published. She traces in detail the career of Mattie Overman and she came to know it through the confidences of her young friend. The recital lifts the veil from the home of the unfrocked pastor, and shows how he struggled to save his pulpit and his good name.

Outlook Bright for Peach Crop.

New York, Aug. 10.—Although the annual wall of the American peach-growers went up early in the season about alleged short crops in some prolific peach-producing sections, the present outlook is for abundant receipts from most of the old and some of the new sources of supply for this market. Shipments from Georgia are ended for the season, but the product of Maryland, Delaware and California is coming in freely.

The Maryland and Delaware fruit first received was small and unsatisfactory, but good peaches are now coming in. They are being sold at wholesale for from 35c to 90c a basket, according to quality and condition, some extra choice lots commanding somewhat higher prices. California peaches of small sizes are quoted from \$1.30 to \$1.60 a box, and large ones \$1.80 to \$2.10 a box.

Will This Move Russia?

Athens, Aug. 10.—It is rumored that the Mussulmans have invaded Heraklion and committed frightful excesses. Many are reported killed and wounded. The Mussulmans forced the Russian consulate and severely maltreated Vice-Consul Sarrows. The troops are powerless to check the disorder.

Valor's Better Part.

Christiansa, Norway, Aug. 10.—A paper here publishes a dispatch received from Spitzbergen, saying Professor Andre declares that unless the wind soon changes he will pack away his balloon and postpone his attempt to cross the Arctic regions until 1897, as there is no midnight sun after August 24.

Women medical students will, in all probability, be admitted to the university of Budapest during the next term.

WENT TO SEE M'KINLEY.

Bryan Reception Committee Visits the Republican Nominee.

Canton, O., Aug. 12.—The Bryan reception committee from Pittsburg, composed of about sixty prominent Democrats of that city, headed by County Chairman Howley, arrived at Canton at noon today, and, finding that they had nearly two hours to wait before the Bryan train arrived, decided to call upon Major McKinley.

Morris Forster acted as spokesman. He said he believed that any candidate for the presidency was worthy of the greatest respect of every one regardless of political affiliations. In response, McKinley said:

"I am deeply grateful to receive this friendly visit from the Bryan reception committee. Although we are of different political belief, we are American citizens proud of our country and believe in common that we have now and will continue to have in the future, the best government in the world. I sincerely thank you, gentlemen, for this visit, and assure you it gives me great pleasure."

At the conclusion of a brief address McKinley greeted each member of the delegation in person.

Chinese Laborers Attacked.

Siscons, Cal., Aug. 12.—A demonstration was held in Siscons yesterday against the Chinese laborers employed in the new McCloud river railroad to the Fall river timber belt. A crowd of white men, consisting of laborers, tramps and men out of work, gathered and incited each other to riot. After dark Sunday evening, a large crowd left for the railroad camp, four miles from here. They drove the Chinese, about forty in number, with their equipment, from camp to McCloud river, five miles away. Several Chinese were bruised with stones and clubs, but none were seriously hurt. Manager Van Arsdale, of the Siskiyou Lumber Company, which is building the road, says the Chinese were employed because it is necessary to finish the road this season. He prefers white labor if they will work steadily. The Chinese get the same wages as white men, except board. Sheriff Hobbs, of Yreka, will be asked for deputies to protect the road, and the Chinese will return to work. No further trouble is anticipated.

Torpedo Boat Ericsson Damaged.

New York, Aug. 12.—An accident which caused upwards of \$10,000 damage occurred at the navy yard in Brooklyn Saturday night. The scene of the disaster was the drydock built about seven years ago. A wave caused by a passing steamer forced itself past the heavy caisson at the mouth of the drydock and capsize it, throwing it into the dock and allowing the water to rush in, which is the cause of the damage. The force of the water caused the moorings of the torpedo boat Ericsson to snap and the boat was hurled against the end of the dock, carrying away about 12 feet of the forward end of the boat.

The monitors Puritan and Terror also broke their cables. The boats were not seriously injured, however. A court of inquiry will be held to determine who is responsible.

The Contribution Was Large.

Old Orchard, Me., Aug. 12.—At the Christian Alliance meeting here Sunday the contributions in cash and checks and jewelry handed up to the platform reached the amazing total of \$101,500. When Dr. W. L. Lachure stepped forward to make the announcement he said:

"Such a contribution in the cause of Jesus Christ has never before been known." Last year the contributions at the same place amounted to \$70,000, and that was said to be the high water mark. The Christian Alliance meeting began two weeks ago, and the attendance has been enormous. The largest single contribution was one of \$25,000 made by an estate, the name of which was not made known. From this splendid gift the amounts ranged all the way to a few cents.

Leaped From a Lofly Steeple.

Vienna, Aug. 12.—A shocking case of suicide occurred here. The act was committed by a leap from the lofty steeple of St. Stephen's cathedral. The victim was a young man named Egidius Leiss, the son of a shoemaker. He took a ticket to mount the tower at the same time as a party of English tourists. After he had reached the historical spot half way up where, during the last siege of Vienna by the Turks, in 1683, Count Starhemberg, the commander of the city, sat in order to watch the movements of the besiegers, young Leiss threw himself from the steeple and fell on the roof of the cathedral, breaking his neck, so that death was instantaneous.

More Carson Crookedness.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—It has developed that Harry K. Brown, exchange clerk of the Bullion & Exchange bank of Carson, Nev., who left that city suddenly about two months ago, is a defaulter to a large amount. He robbed the institution in which he was employed of nearly \$75,000.

The proposed railway up the Jungfrau, Switzerland, will be 12.8 kilometers long, and will cost 8,000,000 francs. To pay, it would have to carry 17,000 passengers a year.

Columbia Mine Sold.

Baker City, Or., Aug. 12.—Minneapolis parties have paid \$5,000 to close the deal for the purchase of the Columbia mine, on Cracker creek. The balance, \$75,000, will be paid in a short time. The Bonanza mine's monthly clean-up was \$2,500. The vein is twenty-five feet wide; all pay ore.

Some gleasers of human family statistics says that a man or woman of correct proportions is six times as high as the right foot is long.