

OREGON COURIER

A. W. CHENEY, Publisher.

OREGON CITY.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

The banks at Cheney, Wash., suspended payment and failed to open their doors. Hard times and inability to make collections are the causes assigned for the failure.

A young man named Conway, a brakeman on a gravel train, fell between two cars of the moving train near Arlington, Or., and had his right leg crushed in two places.

The coroner's jury impaneled to investigate the fatal shooting of Charles Rice, near Roseburg, returned a verdict of willful murder against James Dixon, the boy who fired the fatal shot.

A 16-year-old boy named Charles Wyatt accidentally shot and killed himself with a .22-caliber rifle near Centralia, Wash., while out hunting in company with another lad of about his own age.

By a fire at Hoquiam, Wash., the mill of the Northwest Lumber Company was destroyed, and the barkentine North Bend, which was taking on a cargo at the dock, was damaged to the extent of \$1,000. The amount of the damage to the mill has not been estimated.

The first day of the Republican national convention in St. Louis was marked by parades and excitement. The convention was called to order at 12:10 o'clock and the opening prayer was delivered by a Jewish rabbi who dwelt at length on the situation of the country. C. W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, was chosen temporary chairman by unanimous vote of the delegates. After hearing his address, the convention adjourned.

The Goodrich reservoir, fifteen miles from Baker City, broke, and a great volume of water rushed down the gulch about four miles, where it jumped from Goodrich creek to Pine creek. About three miles further the flood struck R. French's house and dashed it to pieces, drowning the family, consisting of the parents and five children, ages ranging from 3 to 12 years. The bodies were found scattered along the creek a distance of two miles. The clothing was torn off and the bodies mangled. Large pine trees were carried miles down the stream and fences and bridges were swept away. Grain fields are badly damaged. The reservoir was constructed in 1863 and has been used for mining purposes.

A violent wind and rain storm visited Newark, N. J., and did damage to the amount of \$150,000.

Russian engineers have been in Philadelphia and have made a contract for \$500,000 worth of machinery there.

Mrs. Annie Dyer, the baby farmer, of Rudbig, Eng., arrested on March 9 on the charge of murdering many infants entrusted to her care, was hanged in Newgate prison.

The three-masted schooner Edward C. Allentree, Captain McLaughlin, from Baltimore for Portland, sank off Job's neck, on the south side of this island, near Vineyard Haven, Mass. From the fact that the vessel's boats have come ashore in pieces and articles of clothing have been picked up it is feared that all on board were lost.

Sixty cloakmakers employed by a Chicago firm, were thrown into a panic by a fire, and it seemed for a time that some of them would be trampled to death in the scramble to escape. The fire was in the stairway on the second floor and escape was finally effected by rushing through the flames. It was soon extinguished with but little damage.

O. F. Tyler, a son of President Tyler, is a prisoner in Richmond, Va., charged with shooting with intent to kill Jack Carr, a young negro. Tyler is a dairyman residing near Richmond. He went to the assistance of another person who got into a difficulty with Carr, and says the shooting was in self-defense. The accused was sent to the grand jury and allowed bail.

One hundred and eighty cans of dynamite exploded about a mile below Lilly, Pa., with frightful results. One man was killed by the explosion, and seven others fatally injured. Contractor McManus' workmen on the Pennsylvania railway were getting ready to make a blast when a premature explosion occurred, burying the seven men beneath sand and rock.

James Creelan, the war correspondent who had to leave Cuba recently by order of General Weyler, says he thinks there will be a war with Spain. He says the American people will be thunderstruck when the documents in the possession of the state department are made public. Spain is anxious for war. Twenty-five million dollars' worth of American property has been destroyed in Cuba and many Americans killed without provocation.

Indian War Veterans.

The grand encampment of Indian war veterans of the Pacific Northwest was held in Portland this week, presided over by Grand Commander Thos. A. Wood, and Otto Kleemann acting as grand adjutant. The representation of members was unusually large, and was augmented by a large attendance of the women's auxiliary, embracing the wives and daughters of the sturdy men, who in the earlier history of the Northwest protected their homes and families from the hostile savages. The meeting lasted three days.

Grand Army Encampment.

The Grand Army of the Republic for the department of Oregon is holding its encampment in Independence, Or.; also the Woman's Relief Corps and Sons of Veterans. The citizens have given the town a very attractive appearance by extensive decorations of the business houses and residences. A large number are in attendance.

Greek Vessel Seized.

A dispatch from Canes, Crete, says another Greek vessel, loaded with munitions and provisions for the insurgents, has been seized by the Turkish officials. The French guardships started for Valova with \$7,500 to pay the ransom of two French ladies recently captured near that place by the brigands.

The Heat Was Terrible.

A special from Bombay says the British second-class, twin-screw Bonaventure, the flagship of the East Indian squadron, flying the flag of Rear-Admiral Edmund Drummond, lost seventy men by sunstroke on a voyage from Colombo to Pondicherry.

Reorganization of the Northern.

There is much discussion in New York among those concerned in the reorganization of the Northern Pacific, as to the form of charter the company is to have or whether it is advisable to foreclose the property at present, in view of the fact that the present congress has failed to give the company a new charter.

A Three Times Murderer Hanged.

John Craig, a three times murderer, was hanged in Folsom prison. There could not have been a more perfect execution it is said. The condemned man was completely resigned to his fate, and walked to the gallows as coolly as though going to a wedding.

A Fatal Fire.

At a fire in a tenement house in Pittsburg, Pa., Mrs. Zonahondia Garbeis, aged 74, was killed by jumping from a window. Frank Garbeis, aged 5, was suffocated to death. Lotie Garbeis, aged 12, was internally hurt and may die. Frank Garbeis was badly burned. The fire was caused by the explosion of a barrel of oil.

Their Courage Failed Them.

Forty miles east of Charleston, W. Va., masked men boarded an express train at midnight and crawled over the engine tender into the cab with revolvers drawn. The engineer stopped the train. He was commanded to cut loose the express car. This was done. The passengers were awakened and the lights were extinguished. After ten minutes work, the bandits became frightened, and escaped to the mountains.

To Float the Indebtedness.

A member of one of the largest banking houses in Honolulu is in this country for the purpose of interesting capitalists in the refunding of the Hawaiian government's indebtedness. The government has \$3,096,000 of bonds drawing 8 per cent interest outstanding at present, which it is proposed to pay and issue in their stead bonds drawing interest at the rate of 4 per cent.

Is a Death a Mystery.

The body of a man with his head split open, was discovered floating in the Columbia river near Wallace's island. It is not known how he was killed.

Failed to Fly Flags.

The trustees of the university of Illinois were arrested in Champaign and held in \$300 bail to answer to the grand jury the charge of failing to fly the flags from all university buildings. Governor Altgeld is a member of the board.

Four Favored Cities.

Except Savannah, the capitals of the new states of Wyoming, Montana and Utah are the only places that got appropriations for public buildings at this session of congress. The house policy has been to report no bills for new buildings.

Heavy Fines.

The Hammond incident is finally settled. At a special meeting of the executive council held in Proctoria, it was decided to release John Hays Hammond, Cecil Rhodes, George Farrar and J. W. Leonard, the leaders of the Johannesburg reform committee, upon payment of a fine of \$25,000 each, or in default, fifteen years' banishment.

Killed His Brother-in-law.

Ben Dice, a rancher living on the Tule river, twenty miles southeast of Visalia, Cal., killed his brother-in-law, Grant Smith. They quarreled about water in an irrigating ditch, and Dice's wife attempted to remove the dam in the ditch on Smith's place.

University Riot.

Three thousand Harvard men, encouraged by the phenomenal event of a Harvard victory, fought 100 policemen in the streets of historic old Cambridge. It was the biggest riot that the university has ever seen. Many students and policemen were injured in the melee, but the bluecoats finally came out victorious and the students were locked up.

A Brutal Murder.

In a drunken rage John Wolter, of Chicago, made an unsuccessful attempt to kill his wife. He then shot and killed one stepdaughter and wounded another so seriously that she may die. Mrs. Wolter is possessed of property valued at \$2,500, left by her first husband. It seems to have been Wolter's purpose to get control of it. Being unable to make any headway in this direction, he became dissatisfied and began drinking to excess and was under the influence of liquor when he committed the assault upon his wife and stepchildren.

TOWN OF HOPE BURNED

Property Loss Will Reach One Hundred Thousand.

BUT VERY LITTLE WAS SAVED

Men, Women and Children Turned Out to Fight the Flames—Originated in a Lamp Exploding.

Hope, Idaho, June 16.—A fire broke out here this afternoon about 8:50, originating in the Northern Pacific steam laundry, owned by the dining car department. The town is built on the mountain side, and in a few moments, the flames spread to the buildings on Main street and Railroad avenue. Although men, women and children turned out and fought the fire, but few buildings west and north of the laundry were saved for a district over a block.

The Pend de'Orielle hotel, owned by E. Wanemaker, was one of the first buildings destroyed. His large general merchandise store, the town hall, warehouse, butcher shop, and a building occupied by Mrs. Mills as a dress-making parlor and residence, burned. Next next was a small building used by N. G. Sisson as a warehouse. Next to this building was the Examiner printing office of J. W. Settle. Black's tailor shop, the Odd Fellows' hall, A. O. U. W., O. R. C., and K. O. T. M., were destroyed, a Bible and a small stand being all that was saved.

Dr. Martin lost all his stock of drugs, men's furnishing goods, notions, etc., together with all his household and kitchen furniture.

N. G. Sisson, proprietor of a large merchandise store, lost buildings, household goods and kitchen furniture, and almost everything in the store. The Twin Wo Co., merchants, lost a large two-story building, merchandise, etc. O. C. Smith lost his residence, a lodging-house, a tenement house and a building occupied by Chinese as a gambling and lodging-house.

Among the buildings and contents destroyed were the steam laundry, J. C. McDougall's residence, W. J. Pilling's residence, Ed Ginn's residence, Perry Morgan's residence, C. T. McElvany's residence, several small shacks and a section-house. Very little furniture was saved from any of these buildings.

The residences on Highland avenue, owned by T. F. Roby, Conductor Quinn, Rev. Mr. Roth, Fireman Hanson and Miss French, were destroyed, with most of their contents. All of the type, job presses, stationery and some of the household goods in the Examiner office were saved.

One hundred thousand dollars will not cover the loss. Giant powder was used to good advantage in blowing up several small buildings, thus stopping the ravages of the flames.

To Prevent Collisions.

Washington, June 15.—The president having approved the act passed by congress at the instance of the American delegates to the international maritime conference, relative to the prevention of collisions at sea, the state department has taken steps promptly to acquaint the British government with the fact that the amendments to rules suggested by it have been made, and it is hoped there will be no delay in putting the rules into operation by proclamation. The acceptance of the changes by a third maritime power is necessary to the inauguration of the rules, but as Germany in April 1894, brought forward the same propositions as those recently ratified, no doubt is entertained of that country's adherence.

Outrages on Cuban Women.

Key West, Fla., June 16.—An American citizen, writing to a friend here, gives an account of outrages perpetrated on Cuban women, who obeyed Weyler's order requiring them to present themselves at the Spanish fortress and camps. He was an eyewitness of one of the outrages. Recently Senorita Martinez and her 15-year old daughter appeared at a Spanish camp. After addressing insulting remarks to them, the officer in command tore the clothing from the girl and exposed her to the soldiers. Then, at the point of the bayonet, the nude girl was forced to march in front of the column of troops. To escape dishonor by the Spaniards, hundreds of Cuban women are joining the insurgent army.

Aid for Armenian Orphans.

London, June 16.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from Constantinople reports that an American lady from Marsh makes the following statement: "Having made arrangements with charitable persons at Constantinople for homes and education for eighty orphans of Marsh and Curfa, I am prepared to bring them to Constantinople. The Turkish authorities absolutely refused to allow them to leave. It was only with the greatest difficulty that I obtained permission to bring my own children, as the officials said that, being born in Turkey, they were Turkish although their parents were Americans."

The Grasshopper Plague.

South Bend, Ind., June 16.—Grasshoppers are doing immense damage in portions of this county. Alexander Smith, of Center township, has eighty acres of wheat from which every blade has been eaten up entire, as well as fifteen acres of potatoes and a large field of oats.

Niles, Mich., June 16.—Reports from peppermint-growers in all parts of southwestern Michigan say that grasshoppers are doing great injury to the crop. The yield of oil will be considerably less than last year.

MILITIA CALLED OUT.

The First Regiment, O. N. G., Sent Down the Columbia.

Portland, Or., June 17.—The First regiment, Oregon National Guard, Colonel Summers commanding, was scheduled to leave for Astoria at an early hour this morning, to take a hand in suppressing the scenes of violence and outrage which have been reported from the lower river. It was accompanied by battery A, with full field equipment and the various regimental corps. The troops were called out on a requisition made by the mayor of Astoria, through the county judge of Clatsop county, upon Governor Lord. The governor immediately notified brigade headquarters in this city to assemble the post, equipped with all the paraphernalia for field service and one day's cooked rations. It was suggested also that each man be provided with an extra pair of stout shoes, ready for active field service, and that the regiment and battery be held prepared to leave immediately. This was at 10:30 last night. The orders were communicated immediately from brigade headquarters to Colonel Summers, and he began to assemble the members of the post. The O. R. & N. Co. was notified also, to hold a steamboat in readiness for instant departure. The orders caused a great commotion, not only at the armory, but throughout the city. Men on bicycles and horseback were dispatched to the homes and places of business of the various members of the seven companies and the battery. All were told to report forthwith to the armory, ready for duty. The various corps attached to the regiment were included.

There was very general response on the part of the militiamen and great bustle and activity ensued at the armory. The men all expressed themselves as eager for service. The various commanders got their companies quickly into shape and made their reports to the colonel.

The First regiment left on the D. S. Baker at 4 o'clock this morning.

Later in the day the Second battalion came down on a special train from McMinnville, and took an O. R. & N. steamer which was in readiness for them at the dock. This comprises the entire militia force of the state.

Governor Lord issued instructions that any member of the militia found on the streets after the second detachment left was to be taken to jail.

Fishing Will Be Resumed.

Astoria, Or., June 17.—The cannerymen held a meeting today, but members of the combine refused to divulge any of the proceedings. It has leaked out, however, that it was decided not to make any allowance to the men for work done in making new nets, unless they go to work and deliver salmon at 4 1/2 cents. The refusal to pay for the knitting of the nets is explained by the cannerymen to mean that they intend to hold the men to a strict observance of the contracts made when the twine was purchased. This contract was that the material was to be paid for in either cash or salmon. Unless the men who have bought twine on these terms will agree tomorrow to fish for 4 1/2 cents, the cannerymen will demand payment for the twine according to agreement. This action of the cannerymen will necessarily aggravate the feeling of hostility toward them.

It was also decided to send for the militia, but all present were pledged to absolute secrecy. None of the members wishing to assume the responsibility for calling for militia aid, Sheriff Hare held that no assistance from the militia was necessary, and was prepared to protect all who desired to fish, but his advice was apparently disregarded, the militia was sent for, and the First regiment, O. N. G., are now on duty.

BANKER WYCKOFF SHOT.

Held Up in His Private Office by a Desperado.

New York, June 17.—George H. Wyckoff, president of the bank of New Amsterdam, was shot in the abdomen and side this afternoon while in his private office by Clarence Clark. Clark demanded money, and, meeting with a refusal, fired two shots, and then turned the pistol on himself. Both men are now at a hospital in an unconscious condition. When Clark gained access to Wyckoff's office, he presented the following letter, written on Hotel Marlborough paper in a clear legible hand.

"We want \$5,000, five \$1,000 bills, ten \$100 bills. I'll shoot you if you make a movement, so be careful. My partner outside also has you covered, and if you give the alarm within three minutes after I leave, he will throw a stick of dynamite through the front entrance. Put the money in an envelope. Don't talk."

Shots were heard by the patrolman, who ran into the bank building in time to see Clark fall. Wyckoff is 60 years old and resides in Montclair, N. J. Clark is 50 years old and wears a sandy mustache. He was well dressed.

For a Seat in Council.

Spokane, Wash., June 17.—D. S. Dugan and Carl Boneschen fought with fists on East Sprague avenue tonight. Mr. Dugan and Boneschen are contestants for a seat in the council. Mr. Dugan now holds the seat.

Salary List in Washington Valid.

Olympia, Wash., June 17.—The supreme court today filed an opinion in the Stevens county case, deciding in favor of the constitutionality of section 306 of Hill's code, enacted March 23, 1890, authorizing the county treasurer to set aside all money received in the treasury in the way of fees, for the creation of a salary fund for the payment of county officers. The law further provides that should the fund so received be insufficient, the treasurer shall transfer to such fund a sum necessary to meet the salary demands.

NATIONAL FINANCES

Appropriations Authorized by Congress.

THE TREASURY IS CRITICISED

Joint Statement Made by Chairman Cannon and ex-Chairman Sayres of Texas.

Washington, June 13.—Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, and ex-Chairman Sayres, today made public a joint statement concerning the expenditures authorized by this congress. Total appropriations, including permanent annual appropriations, are \$515,759,830. Mr. Cannon's statement begins:

"The appropriations charged to this congress include \$119,054,160 under permanent laws, of which amount \$50,000,000 is for sinking fund and \$30,500,000 for interest on the public debt, or \$3,355,614.40 more than was included at the last session of congress in the statements of appropriations, and is on account of the increase of \$162,315,400 in the bonded indebtedness of the country by the present administration to February, 1895, interest and sinking fund charges on account of the latter bond issues of \$100,000,000 in February, 1895, amounting to \$4,400,000, not being included in the estimates of permanent appropriations. The increase in the principal of the interest-bearing debt under the present administration amounts to \$362,315,400, which entails an annual interest charge of \$11,492,616, and to meet the sinking fund obligations, the further sum of \$2,623,154.

"The regular annual bills, including the deficiency bill, as passed by the house, made a reduction in the total estimates submitted by the executive of \$26,988,191; they were increased by the senate \$22,920,423, and as they became laws, they appropriated \$10,686,624 less than as passed by the senate; \$12,383,818 more than as they passed the house, and \$18,874,373 less than the estimated requirements of the administration.

"The regular appropriations, including deficiencies, made at the last session of congress, amounted to \$383,639,896, and it included no river and harbor bill. Excluding the river and harbor act passed at this session, the regular annual bills, as passed by the house, appropriated only \$373,570,082, or more than \$10,000,000 less than was appropriated by the last congress."

Mr. Cannon criticizes the treasury department because it has expended \$7,377,440 for the present year in collecting the revenues from customs estimated at \$165,000,000.

The bills establishing salaries instead of the fee system for officers of the United States courts, he says, will save \$1,000,000 annually, and minimize frivolous and malicious prosecution. Especial attention is called to the fact that congress made no increase of salaries of employees in the government departments. The following table of appropriations is given:

Fifty-first congress, \$988,417,183.34; fifty-second congress, \$1,027,124,547.92; fifty-third congress, \$989,239,205.69; fifty-fourth congress (first session), \$515,759,830.40.

Mr. Sayres, in his statement, says of the total appropriations of the session: "This sum exceeds the appropriations during the last session of the fifty-third congress by \$18,751,599, and those of the first regular session of that congress by \$23,523,557.

"It is less than the appropriations by the second session of the fifty-second congress by only \$3,744,538, although at the latter session \$39,392,494 more was appropriated for pensions than at this session. It is more than those by the first session of the fifty-first congress by \$21,303,571, and \$25,464,040 less than the appropriations of the second session of the fifty-first congress.

"The appropriations made by the second session of the fifty-first congress exceeded those made at the first session of the same congress by \$46,676,612, or nearly 10 per cent. If the same proportion should be made at the next session, then the appropriations will not be less than \$565,000,000."

Contracts authorized by this session he estimates as follows:

Rivers and harbors, \$59,616,404; public buildings, lighthouse and revenue-cutter service, \$1,406,000; defenses and armament, \$4,195,076; new warships, \$12,900,000; District of Columbia, \$125,000; total, \$78,241,400.

He says the total expenditures in one fiscal year have never been so great, except during the war, and exceed the estimated valuation of property in any one of the South Atlantic states.

Quarrymen Strike.

Berea, O., June 15.—Four hundred quarrymen at the quarries of the Cleveland Stone Company, struck today. They demanded that all nonunion men be discharged, and that several union men, who recently were dismissed, be reinstated. The strikers have taken possession of all loaded cars and refuse to permit them to be moved.

Rate for the Elks' Convention.

Chicago, June 15.—The roads of the central passenger committee have agreed to a rate of one fare for the round trip for the meeting of the Order of Elks, which will be held in Cincinnati, July 7-9.

Blacklisting Forbidden.

Albuquerque, N. M., June 15.—Judge Collier, of the United States court, today issued an order to the receiver of the Atlantic & Pacific railway forbidding the blacklisting of American Railway Union men who participated in the strike two years ago.

THEY FOUGHT TO THE DEATH

Two Duels in Which the Contestants Were Killed.

Tavares, Fla., June 17.—Mrs. Robert Gresham is dead, and Mrs. Mollie Gaines dying as the result of a duel in which they were engaged near Clermont yesterday afternoon. Three months ago Mrs. Gaines was a happy bride, and Mrs. Gresham, who was a young widow, was her dearest friend. Two weeks ago this love was changed to hate, for Mrs. Gaines discovered that her husband's affections had been won by the widow. Mrs. Gaines learned yesterday that her husband and Mrs. Gresham had planned a meeting at the latter's home. Taking her husband's razor, the young wife went to the widow's home and found the couple together. Gaines fled, and his wife sprang upon her rival, using the razor with awful effect. Mrs. Gresham picked up a hammer and defended herself as best she could, dealing Mrs. Gaines blow after blow on the head. Finally Mrs. Gaines reached her rival's throat with the razor, severing the jugular vein and causing almost instant death. Neighbors who came in found Mrs. Gaines unconscious beside her rival. An examination showed that the blows from the hammer had fractured her skull. Both women came from good families, and both were noted for their beauty.

Another Fatal Affray.

Birmingham, Ala., June 17.—Monroe Jackson and J. W. Vest, prominent Populists, had an affray at Hartsville, Ala., last night, which resulted in the death of both. The trouble occurred over a political argument and they fought with knives and pistols. Jackson leaves a widow and ten children. Vest leaves a widow and six children.

NEW STYLE OF WARSHIP.

Official Report of the Board of Battleship Batteries.

Washington, June 16.—The report of the board of battleships on battleships, of which Admiral Walker is president, has been handed to the navy department. The report shows that the board considered, with much care and in great detail, the whole subject of battleships. As a result of this investigation it recommends a slightly different ship with a somewhat different arrangement of battery from any heretofore built. While speaking very favorably of the superimposed turret, as designed for the Keage and the Kentucky, the board does not recommend installing more turrets of this description until experiments with the two ships named have demonstrated their utility. The hull recommended for the ship is like that of the Keage and Kentucky, but so modified as to be similar in many respects to the Iowa. The main battery recommended is composed of four 13-inch and fourteen 6-inch guns, so arranged as to fire two 13-inch and four 6-inch guns directly ahead, two 13-inch and two 6-inch directly astern, and four 13-inch and seven 6-inch in broadside. It is believed by the department that the ship outlined as above will be an improvement on any yet built in this country.

The secretary of the navy has approved the general features of the report of the board, and directed that the plans be taken up without delay. The secretary has already decided upon all preliminary steps.

A Boy's Awful Crime.

Roseburg, Or., June 17.—James Dixon, the 18-year-old son of J. R. Dixon, a wealthy and highly respected farmer living north of Umpqua, shot and killed Charles Rice, aged 25, a son of Mrs. Jane Strader.

The affair occurred at a baseball game, at Blakesleys, fifteen miles east of Roseburg yesterday afternoon. The immediate cause of the shooting was trouble over the ball game.

Suit Against Baker City.

Portland, Or., June 16.—C. Goldsmith, of this city, has opened suit against Baker City, claiming to be the holder of \$2,403 worth of warrants issued in 1891, said warrants have been presented to the city treasurer for payment, which was refused. The interest on the warrants for five years since they became due makes the whole sum asked for \$3,800. Milton Smith is attorney for plaintiff, and the case will be brought before the June term of the circuit court. The city has entered a demurrer to the complaint on the ground that it does not allege facts sufficient to constitute a cause.

Drowned in Hangman Creek.

Spokane, Wash., June 15.—John Brannan, aged 21, unmarried, was drowned in Hangman creek, near Waverly, Saturday. With two companions, he had been shooting fish with dynamite. The sport was slow, and Brannan, went swimming in intensely cold water. He was seized with cramps and was drowned. His companions, unable to swim, could not reach him. The body was recovered.

A Hospital Burned.

Santa Fe, N. M., June 17.—St. Vincent's sanitarium, conducted by the Sisters of Charity, burned last night. The hospital annex was gutted. The loss is \$100,000; insurance, \$5,000. Both institutions were crowded with patients and guests, but there were no fatalities.

Big Guns on Short Notice.

Pittsburg, June 15.—The Carnegie people have decided to build an addition to their works, costing at least \$1,000,000. The new plant will be for the rapid construction of heavy ordnance.

St. John's, N. F., June 15.

Lieutenant Peary arrived today on the steamer Portia, from New York, seeking a whaler to convey him with a scientific expedition to Greenland. It is expected he will have great difficulty in obtaining a suitable ship. He returns to New York tomorrow.