

"GREATEST ON EARTH."

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Mr. R. T. Caldwell, is book-keeper in the First National Bank of Fulton, Ky. "I was completely run down. My nerves became so unsteady through loss of sleep and worry that I felt sure I would be compelled to give up my position. I would lie awake all night long, and it took but little



R. T. CALDWELL

to shake me up so that I could not possibly attend to my business as I should. In connection with this, I had severe trouble, heaviness about the stomach, and pains in different parts of my body. I was also much reduced in flesh. I was persuaded to try

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. I first procured a trial bottle from a local druggist and found it quickly followed. When I had used this up I was a different man. I am now on my third bottle and am able to sleep soundly and eat regularly, something I could not possibly do before taking your Nervine. I am now fully recovered, and do not hesitate to pronounce Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine the greatest nerve on earth."

R. T. CALDWELL.

Fulton, Ky. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1.50 per bottle, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medicine Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

PILLS DO NOT CURE

Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels. For sale by G. A. Harding.

BABY'S LIFE SAVED.

"My baby had croup and was saved by Shiloh's Cure." writes Mrs. J. B. Martin, of Huntsville, Ala. For sale by G. A. Harding.

NERVES ON EDGE.

I was nervous, tired, irritable and cross. Karl's Clover Root Tea has made me well and happy.—Mrs. E. B. Worden. For sale by G. A. Harding.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. For sale by G. A. Harding.

ARE YOU MADE

Miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalize is a positive cure. For sale by G. A. Harding.

CATARH CURED

Health and sweet breath secured by using Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. For sale by G. A. Harding.

DOCTOR G. W. SHORES' COMPLETE CATARRH CURE.



BOTH LOCAL AND INTERNAL.

The only remedy guaranteed to absolutely cure catarrh and completely eradicate the disease from the blood and system.

FULL SIZE, \$1.00; TRIAL SIZE, 25c.

Each full size package contains one full month's local treatment, one full month's supply of Catarrh Remedy, and one full month's supply of Catarrh Blood and System Pills.

If you have any of the following symptoms, Dr. G. W. Shores' Complete Catarrh Cure will give you instant relief and completely and permanently cure you.

Does your nose discharge?
Is the nose sore and itchy?
Is there pain in the throat?
Do you have a hoarse voice?
Is your throat dry in the morning?
Do you sneeze with your mouth open?
Do your eyes discharge?
Is the wax dry in your ears?
Do you hear better some days than others?
Is your hearing worse when you have a cold?

Dr. G. W. Shores' Cough Cure cures all coughs, colds and bronchitis affections. One dose will loosen the chest. Keep a bottle in the house. Large size bottles 25c. If you have these symptoms use it as directed on the bottle and it will cure you.

Have you a cough?
Do you take cold easily?
Have you a pain in the side?
Do you raise frothy water?
Do you cough in the morning?
Do you spit up little cheesy lumps?

Dr. G. W. Shores' Tonic and Blood Purifier cleanses and purifies the blood, gives strength and vigor, cures dyspepsia, and all nervous diseases. Price \$1 per bottle. It permanently cures the following symptoms:

Is there dizziness?
Do you get up gas?
Are you constipated?
Is your tongue coated?
Do you feel up after eating?
Do you feel you are growing weaker?
Is there constant bad taste in the mouth?
Do you get dizzy?
Do you feel nervous?
Do you get tired easily?
Do you have hot flashes?
Are your spirits low at times?
Do you have running in bowels?
Do your hands and feet swell?
Is this noticed more at night?
Is there pain in small of back?
Has the perspiration a bad odor?
Is there puffiness under the eyes?
Do you have to get up often at night?
Is there a deposit in urine if left standing?
Don't neglect these signs and risk bright's disease killing you. Dr. Shores' Kidney and Liver Cure will cure you if used as directed on the bottle.

Dr. G. W. Shores' Mountain Sage Oil stops the worst pain in one minute. For headache, toothache, neuralgia, cramps or colic, use it externally and internally. Prevents and cures diphtheria if used in time. Keep a bottle handy. Price, 75c a bottle.

Dr. G. W. Shores' Pepsin Vermine destroys intestinal worms and removes the life from any insect which they hatch and breed. It never fails. Price 25c a bottle.

Dr. G. W. Shores' Wintergreen Salve cures all diseases of the skin. Removes red spots and black pimples from the face. Heals old sores in 3 to 5 days. Price, 25c a box.

Dr. G. W. Shores' Anti-Constipation Pills cure chronic constipation, sick headache and bilious attacks. Price, 25c a bottle.

In all cases, if the bowels are constipated take one of Dr. G. W. Shores' Anti-Constipation Pills at bedtime if your trouble is chronic and deep-seated, write Dr. G. W. Shores personally for his new symptom list and have your case diagnosed and get his expert advice free.

These famous remedies are prepared only by Doctor G. W. Shores, Zion's Medical Institute, Salt Lake City, Utah.

For sale by G. A. HARDING, Sole Agent, OREGON CITY, OREGON.

School Fund Apportionment.

Following is the May apportionment of the county school fund. The per capita allowance is \$3.00 and \$50 for each district, or a total of \$28,940:

District	Name and P. O.	Chil.
1	A. Loelling, Milwaukie	147 840.00
2	N. Blair, Subiaco	75 275.00
3	W. Kildredge, Oregon City	127 454.50
4	F. J. Higgins, Logan	41 143.50
5	F. J. Higgins, Marquam	58 204.00
6	L. L. Bowers, Neely	48 171.00
7	L. J. Curtis, Curryville	87 304.50
8	C. F. M. Brown, Logan	59 206.50
9	C. R. Lewthwaite, Clackamas	38 134.00
10	A. Engle, Molalla	59 206.50
11	L. J. Lar. m., Meadow Brook	42 150.00
12	F. E. Lin, Curryville	65 229.50
13	F. J. Warkley, Salmon	29 105.00
14	J. C. Bond, Viola	61 217.50
15	Henry Hughes, Beaver Creek	50 175.00
16	J. T. Drake, Marquam	68 241.50
17	A. D. Harpole, Eagle Creek	55 193.00
18	Chas. Klobe, New Era	75 262.50
19	T. J. Jones, Kelso	77 271.75
20	J. J. Gilson, Mackburg	50 175.00
21	Geo. Spies, Oregon City	145 502.50
22	R. N. Robbins, Orville	34 121.00
23	Chas. F. Wagner, Wilsonville	82 287.00
24	W. L. Burnett, Springfield	58 203.00
25	James Dickey, Molalla	19 67.50
26	F. M. Osburn, Damascus	56 196.00
27	N. W. Richard, Oregon City	60 210.00
28	L. O. Thiesens, Milwaukie	68 238.50
29	Frank Jaggar, Cerus	82 287.00
30	W. B. Hageman, Clackamas	40 140.00
31	S. C. Young, Damascus	45 157.50
32	C. N. Larsen, Clackamas	65 229.50
33	G. R. Miller, Highland	8.0 28.00
34	I. D. Taylor, Oregon City	244 854.00
35	O. W. Johnson, Molalla	92 321.00
36	T. S. Lupp, Molalla	38 133.00
37	M. Long, Oswego	41 143.50
38	J. K. Gribble, Aurora	57 200.00
39	John Forester, Eagle Creek	55 193.00
40	Wm. Thompson, Neely	85 292.50
41	F. P. Larsen, Stafford	85 292.50
42	Scob. Flinn, Curryville	38 133.00
43	Ward B. Law, Oregon City	83 287.00
44	ohn A. Rehey, Damascus	34 121.00
45	F. P. Andre, ...	33 115.50
46	J. H. Reynolds, Neely	45 157.50
47	C. B. Hall, Oswego	213 747.00
48	H. T. Sladen, Oregon City	307 1071.00
49	G. B. Wise, Milwaukie	124 424.00
50	Peter Gabriel, Meadow Brook	49 171.00
51	John Holcomb, Oregon City	44 154.00
52	T. Kenneker, Firood	31 106.50
53	Mrs. Frank Flight, Canby	42 147.00
54	W. P. Herman, Molalla	45 157.50
55	F. P. Boyles, Willott	24 84.00
56	J. C. Schmidt, George	48 168.00
57	E. W. Hammett, Highland	48 168.00
58	J. G. Washman, Hubbard	58 203.00
59	W. L. White, Aurora	48 168.00
60	J. L. Voshers, Oregon City	50 175.00
61	T. F. Ryan, Oregon City	1104 3612.00
62	Burt McArthur, New Era	50 175.00
63	E. P. Hedden, Clackamas	106 366.00
64	H. J. Thomas, Willott	59 206.50
65	Adolf Akenoff, Marmot	45 157.50
66	H. Eberhart, Stafford	41 143.50
67	A. English, Curryville	41 143.50
68	Leland, Oregon City	34 119.00
69	W. W. Myers, Oregon City	34 119.00
70	Seth Johnson, Sunnyvale	94 316.50
71	P. E. Bonney, Clifton	50 175.00
72	G. B. Brown, New Era	48 168.00
73	W. H. Cochran, Neely	52 182.00
74	W. M. Stone, Canby	62 210.00
75	A. Anderson, Monitor	61 213.50
76	J. C. Elliott, Damascus	78 267.00
77	O. B. Taylor, Springfield	21 73.50
78	E. W. Hornshul, Beaver Creek	112 372.00
79	J. D. White, Canby	74 254.00
80	Alison Baker, Watsonville	48 168.00
81	C. Pugh, Dover	25 87.50
82	F. Erickson, Mulino	35 119.00
83	R. D. Davis, Beaver Creek	35 119.00
84	R. D. Dick, Canby	157 519.00
85	S. C. Huffman, Leon	13 45.50
86	L. Bartholomew, Eagle Creek	34 115.00
87	T. C. Evans, Mulino	41 143.50
88	J. K. Miller, Neely	39 131.00
89	J. J. Yoder, Neely	46 156.00
90	Mrs. Ida Graves, Liberal	41 143.50
91	C. W. Richey, Logan	35 119.00
92	W. C. Beckner, Clarks	35 119.00
93	R. E. Ryzyanski, New Era	41 143.50
94	Willi Baur, Barlow	58 203.00
95	H. H. Mulvaney, Meadow Brook	16 54.00
96	H. C. Ulrich, Leita	30 105.00
97	A. J. Todd, Sherwood	41 143.50
98	T. M. Manning, Clarks	39 131.00
99	W. H. Jones, Mulino	32 106.00
100	A. B. Hibbard, Marquam	12 40.00
101	C. Miller, Leita	18 58.00

JOINT DISTRICTS

6	D. D. Jack, Pleasant Hill	45-62 122 46.00
7	J. L. Kruse, Wilsonville	36-47 141 96.00
8	W. Kruse, Fulton	42 147.00
9	John Olson, Sycamore	35-46 139 49.00
10	A. M. Fry, Aurora	3-92 7 9.00
11	J. M. Henry, Tualatin	10-91 34 95.00
12	W. F. Young, Sherwood	28-33 113 39.00
13	G. R. Brislow, Middleton	26-25 103 4.00
14	J. A. Hickman, Alms	37-5 123 19.00
15	E. A. M. Cone, Butteville	16-94 55 27.00
16	L. M. Brock, Butteville	43 140.00
17	Edwin Cole, Willburg	29-38 108 61.00
18	T. E. Miles, Scotts Mills	10-115 34 95.00
19	F. L. Rugg, Gresham	21-9 38 00.00

Alfalfa and Trees.

Alfalfa is winning its way in many localities to which it was not formerly regarded as adapted. It will undoubtedly prove a great boon to pretty much all the country west of the Missouri river, and still farther west it is already the chief reliance, without which live stock ranging under any other than purely range conditions would be well nigh impossible. East of the river it is also gaining ground, and localities in which it is reported to be proving successful are every year increasing as experience with it increases.

The experience contains some warnings, too, that should be heeded, according to the Iowa Homestead, which tells, for example, that in those portions of Kansas and Nebraska where alfalfa has been successful for a considerable time it has occurred to a great many to seed orchards with it. This proved to be a very serious mistake, for in only ordinary dry weather the alfalfa robbed the trees of the moisture they needed, and the would be fruit grower found himself without an orchard, but with a very good alfalfa field. The alfalfa is a deep rooted plant, going down into the soil a long distance for its water supply and requiring a good deal of it. When it and the trees contest for a supply that is only sufficient for one form of plant life or the other, the alfalfa is always the winner and the trees go to the wall. It may be set down as a fact, reasonably well established, that alfalfa is unsuited for seeding an orchard except in localities where there is no question about the sufficiency of moisture.

Subsoil Only in the Fall.

The benefits of subsoiling are now being recognized by farmers generally, but the point is not sufficiently emphasized that it is best to subsoil only in the early fall. Says the American Agriculturist: "To attempt the work this spring will in most cases result unsatisfactorily. Of course it depends somewhat upon the soil, but experience to date decidedly favors fall subsoiling."

Agricultural Brevities.

Professor Georgeron of the Kansas station says that the white or navy beans are a neglected crop, although there is a demand for these beans.

In the state of Washington considerable interest is being manifested in the growth of flax for fiber.

Soiling is a feature of a more intensive system of farming, and finds more extensive application as the value of the land increases.

When cut off at the surface of the ground, before seeding, the Russian thistle dies.

LABOR AND SILVER.

An Important Circular Issued by Officers of the American Federation.

The following official circular, which explains itself, should forever silence those goldbug newspapers which, with rare effrontery, presume to tell the public what the workmen of this country need and want. No one who is familiar with the movement and the personnel of the American Federation of Labor will doubt its ability to thoroughly understand what is for the interest of its membership, and in the matter of financial legislation at least what would benefit the members of that organization would likewise benefit every wageworker in the country:

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, INC., BOSTON, March 11.

To Affiliated Organizations: FELLOW WORKERS—At the conventions of the American Federation of Labor resolutions were unanimously adopted favorable to the free coinage of silver that in case they did not pass at the rate of 16 to 1. You will find these resolutions printed respectively in the printed proceedings of the A. F. of L., page 50, Chicago convention; page 2, Denver convention; page 45, New York convention.

It is evident that a cohesive, well organized movement exists in the United States favorable to the recoinstitution of silver upon the basis above referred to and giving it the legal status as currency of the nation.

It seems, therefore, that it becomes our duty to aid those in congress who are making a stand favorable to the demands of the A. F. of L. upon this question.

With this object in view all organizations are respectfully requested to send to one of the United States senators of their respective states a resolution bearing upon the subject and also a copy of the resolution to Senator Henry M. Teller. The idea of sending the copy to Senator Teller is to exercise a precaution or check on the senators to whom these resolutions are sent, so that in case they do not submit them or read them in the senate Senator Teller might be in a position to do so.

Speedy action is necessary on this subject, since this question is now under consideration. The officers of the national and international unions are requested to invite their locals to also comply with this request.

For the convenience of all the following resolution has been prepared, and it might be made use of for the basis of the resolutions to be sent in:

"Resolved, That we, the undersigned officers, by direction of the above named organization and its members and as a constituent body of the American Federation of Labor, do hereby most respectfully request that the United States senate pass a law giving to the people of the United States free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We are of the opinion that to do so would relieve the present monetary stringency and contribute toward bringing to us a return of national prosperity.

Officers of national, international or local unions are also requested to state the number of members in the organization.

Hoping for a prompt compliance with the above request, I have the honor to remain, yours fraternally,

SAMUEL GOMPERS, President A. F. of L. AUG. MCGRATH, Secretary A. F. of L.

A GOLD RING EMISSARY.

A Government Official Who Hobnobs With Wall Street Money Hoogers.

Charles S. Hamlin, assistant secretary of the treasury, came to town last night on the Congressional Limited of the Pennsylvania railroad for the purpose of stirring up the sound money men here to renewed activity. Mr. Hamlin has kept close watch of the free silver movement, having directed the administration bureau at Washington last year, which worked in conjunction with the New York chamber of commerce. The success of the Memphis sound money convention and the crusade against free silver in the south were largely due to Mr. Hamlin's efforts. Perhaps no one in the country is better qualified to give an intelligent statement of the silver situation than the assistant secretary of the treasury.

"The silver craze is, if anything, more rampant today," he said to a Commercial Advertiser reporter, "than it ever was. Indeed it seems to have as many lives as a cat. Instead of dying out it seems to be on the increase. It is even making inroads in the east.

"The fact is," said Mr. Hamlin, "the business men of the country, and especially the New York chamber of commerce, must wake up to the importance of taking prompt and energetic action to head off this 'half dollar heresy.' There is no time to lose. The national political conventions are less than three months away, and it will never do to straddle the silver question in the platforms.

"I expect to have a long talk with Mr. Henry Hentz, the chairman of the committee on sound financial legislation of the chamber of commerce, before I return to Washington, and see if we cannot strike out more boldly than ever on this great question. The New York chamber of commerce has been doing a good work, but it can do a great deal more."

"Who do you imagine will be the candidate for president on the Democratic ticket?"

"That is pretty hard to say just now. There is a good deal of talk about Mr. Cleveland running again, and Mr. Carlisle's name is also brought forward. Either one would have the solid support of the sound money people of the country.

"We cannot afford to have a free silver candidate, that is sure."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Goldite Trickery.

A Washington correspondent says: "Silver Democrats at the capital are somewhat uneasy over a report that the sound money men of the south will send contesting delegations to Chicago from several silver states. The object of course is to prevent the silver men controlling the convention by preventing the contestees from voting on its organization. While it is not known how much faith can be put in the report, it is seen how troublesome such a scheme might be to the silverites.

"The report may have originated in a threat made by the sound money men in South Carolina to send a contesting delegation. The ground they stand upon is that Senator Tillman, who will have the regular state convention with him, has announced that he will not abide by the result at Chicago if it is unfavorable to silver. The silver men there will be sharp enough to get around this and prevent another delegation."

A BUSTED BUGABOO.

SENATOR STEWART'S "YELLOW TERROR OF THE EAST."

Our Little Trade With Japan and China as It Appears Under the 16 to 1 Magnifying Glass.

Having failed to get a serious hearing for their 16 to 1 scheme on its merits, the silverites have for several months been trying to frighten the people into voting for free coinage by holding up the bogey of Chinese and Japanese competition. By representing that the products of the cheap labor of China and Japan were threatening our farmers and workers with ruin they for a time succeeded in scaring a few timid persons into the belief that this country should adopt the monetary standard of those cheap labor countries. Mr. Wharton Barker of Philadelphia was so impressed with the danger of allowing the American people to buy cheap goods that he drew up a set of resolutions, which were signed by 16 senators as the basis for their support of free coinage. The preamble to the resolutions declared that:

"Whereas, The difference of exchange between silver standard and gold standard countries is equivalent to a bounty of 100 per cent on the products of the silver standard countries, and

Whereas, The cost of production in the old world, and particularly in China and Japan, is less than products can be produced or manufactured in this country by American labor without reducing our farmers, miners, mechanics, manufacturers and industrial workers to the level of Chinese coolies, therefore be it resolved, etc.

Mr. Joseph Nimmo, Jr., a former chief of the statistical bureau of the treasury department, picks Mr. Barker's bubble of theories with the following plain statement of facts:

"The absurdity of regarding our trade relations with China and Japan as a governing condition in the finance of commerce is indicated by the following comparison as to the value of our trade with China and Japan and with certain gold standard countries for the year ended June 30, 1894:

VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.
China and Japan..... \$1,533,140
Great Britain, France and Germany 83,042,815

"In connection with this it is also of interest to advert to the total value of our foreign commerce and to the total value of our internal commerce. The total value of the foreign commerce of the United States during the year ended June 30, 1894, was \$1,547,135,194. It is impossible to state with any degree of accuracy the value of the internal commerce of the United States, but from all we know it appears safe to say that it amounts to fully \$35,000,000,000 annually. How absurd, then, to attempt to delude the people of this country with the idea that our trade relations with China and Japan constitute a governing condition of a total commerce fully 500 times as great.

"To assume that American farmers, miners, manufacturers and industrial workers can be reduced to the level of Chinese coolies by a trade of such comparatively insignificant proportions, and consisting, in so far as relates to imports, almost exclusively of tea, silk and other commodities not produced in this country, and which therefore does not compete with American farmers, miners, manufacturers and industrial workers, is a vagary too absurd for serious consideration even in the conflicts of partisan warfare."

This should convince the American workmen and farmers that the "Yellow Terror of the East," as it is called by Senator Silver-Knight Stewart, is only a stuffed scarecrow and very badly stuffed at that.

People Who Want Free Coinage.

It is always useful to analyze the forces entering into a popular movement. In this silver movement we have:

First.—The owners of the silver mines in the "silver states," seeking to manufacture by law a better market for their silver bricks and to grow still richer at the expense of the people.

Second.—Honest ignorance. Those who have not yet discovered that money is not the whole of wealth and really believe that more money in the country means less labor to make a living.

Third.—Those who understand this thing and know better, but hope out of much depreciated money the more easily to pay old debts. Debts contracted in gold values would be paid in dollars worth 50 or 55 cents. I have seen this idea openly, impudently and unblushingly urged by a great journal in a silver state, addressing itself to farmers carrying mortgages on their lands.

Fourth.—A lot of bright, smart fellows who are always ready with an infallible judgment about all things, without ever studying or understanding anything.

Fifth.—Some public men, who understand this thing perfectly well, but have not the courage to tell the people the truth, wishing to carry gold on one shoulder, silver on the other and votes on both.

Sixth.—Some honest public men who do not understand this thing and never will.—George H. Yeaman in "A Currency Primer."

Price of Corn.

The Farmers' institute of Mills county, Ia., has been very usefully employing itself in listening to a paper by one of its members on the price of corn in that county for the past 20 years. There were a good many very decided fluctuations, but the average price for four years, 1876-7-8-9, was just 30 cents, and the average price for four years, 1892-3-4-5, was 37 1/2 cents. This is an advance of a quarter in spite of the decline of silver and the "crime of 1873," and all the other things which the cheap money men urge in explanation of declines in prices, some of which, as in the case of corn, did not occur. In the above computation the average for the past four years is affected by the very low price of 1895, one-fifth below that of 1894