

OREGON COURIER

VOL. XIII.

OREGON CITY, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1895.

NO. 15.

A MODEL OF COMFORT



Describes our superb easy chairs. It's a comfort to occupy them, and you derive a supply of comfort for the future in taking rest that way. These triumphs of sedentary ease give an appearance of luxury to any apartment in which they are placed. We are placing many of them just now, and purchasers regard them with an interest and satisfaction. These chairs are upholstered in tawney and plush, and are therefore models of elegance. There is a whole procession of temptations in our furniture collection. To see is to buy when you get a Flush Parlor Suite for \$25.00.

Bellomy & Busch,
The House Furnishers, ORSON CITY.

THE BURNING FORESTS

Settlers About Summit Now Fear Heavy Winds.

MUCH TIMBER LAID TO WASTE

Damage at Summit Very Great. Everything Going Up in Smoke Except the Mill and Dryhouse.

Olympia, Wash., August 13.—A press representative has just returned from the burned district near Summit, west of here. Much timber is laid to waste, but unless heavy winds spring up the settlers feel confident that the worst is over. In the logging camps of Mason county the men are still guarding against dying embers, while others are rebuilding burned-out camps. The big fire has reached about twelve miles from here, where the flames have full play and are raging all the way to Elma, over large tracts on both sides of the road. Several ranches are in danger and the occupants are using every means in their power for protection from the flames. In most cases they are fighting the fire with fire, and many of them have buried their valuable clothing, etc., in order to save them in case they are obliged to flee. Several shingle mills are in imminent danger, the only hope of salvation being that the wind will not spring up before rain sets in.

The residents of Summit, a small settlement supported by the shingle industry, have had a most exciting experience. They say the flames came upon them with the speed of a race-horse, and in a bewildering whirl of blazing bark, limbs and leaves, all houses, with the exception of the mill and dryhouse disappeared. The men were forced into the mill to escape the fierce heat, and had the mill taken fire, they all would have been cremated. They could not live out from cover. One man tried to save his household effects and stayed by the fire until others had sought shelter. He finally started to retreat, but fell between the house and the mill. Several men rushed out and engaged him inside. Homes were burned to the ground before the men could dig trenches to bury clothing and personal effects.

The loss of the fine timber is indefinite and many large bodies of school lands, belonging to the state are burned over.

TO PEOPLE THE DESERT.

Immense Scheme of a Number of Eastern Capitalists.

San Francisco, August 13.—The Examiner says a number of Eastern capitalists are in this city hard at work on a scheme, which, if carried out, means the reclamation of a vast tract of land in the western states, and perhaps business boom such as the state has never seen. The scheme is nothing less than the reclamation of the Colorado desert by turning the waters of the Colorado river over to that immense territory.

As outlined, the plan comprehends the development of the greatest irrigation system in the two Americas and in the end cheap fruit.

The promoters evidently mean business, for they have just handed the Southern Pacific Company a check for \$1,500,000 in return for its title to the alternate sections of land in the Salton basin. The land turned over foots up something like 45,000 acres. The purchase was decided on as the best method of forever settling a question that might arise over titles.

Principally, Eastern capital is behind the scheme. John C. Beatty, who has handled more land in the Southwest than any two men on the continent, is the general manager of the scheme. He got the idea some years ago by watching the efforts of Millionaire Byrde to colonize his big Mexican grants. Interested with Beatty in the enterprise are such men as James Linton and Henry A. Pierce, of Providence, R. I., and P. McLean, of New York.

The scheme was started some two years ago and constant hard work during all that time has simply brought it to the present stage, where the preliminary work of turning the soil for the canal has only just begun. Over \$50,000 were spent in surveys before the promoters were assured they could carry out the irrigation system contemplated. Then a hard battle had to be fought in congress to capture certain government lands which were at last sold to private parties. The plan, agreements had to be made with Mexico and big corporations that held certain rights on the American side. All those obstacles have been cleared away and now laborers are to work on the canal. If all goes well the water will be running in it before the end of next year.

A company has figured that within a few years it will have at least 300,000 farmers on the land. This would mean the handling of an immense volume of increased business for that section of the state. The company is on the eve of sending agents through all the Eastern states with a view to inducing colonists to come out.

Colonizing the irrigable land in tenser patches or more does not end the scheme by any means. A system of stores will be opened through the valley and goods will be sold to the colonists at a figure barely above cost rates.

London Stock Market.
London, August 13.—It has been a very quiet week in the stock market, except in the mining department, where the feature has been a rise of 27-1/2 in chartered South Africans. These shares, which not long ago were quoted at a sovereign per share, are now expected to touch 10 pounds. All the African and the Western and Eastern Australian stocks are booming on better reports of the gold output. Bulgarians, Chinese and Brazilians are being depressed. Argentines were firm. Americans were again weak on adverse rumors of an assessment on Erie.

CAMPUS IN HAVANA.

Yesterday He Reviewed a Body of Volunteers Going to the Front.

Havana, August 13.—Early this morning immense crowds began to invade the Parque de la Iniquidad to be present at the review of 15,000 Havana volunteers who were going into the field. The city was gaily decorated, and thousands of ladies were on the streets and on the balconies overlooking the route of the parade. At 8 o'clock Captain-General Martiniello de Campos arrived at the park, accompanied by his staff. General Artigas, the governor, and his secretary, Calvo Menez, preceded the volunteers.

This was the first appearance of Marshal Campos in public since the battle of Peralejo, the name by which the battle between Matanzas and Bayamo of July 13, in which General Sanchez was killed, has come to be called. Marshal Campos is an enemy of personal demonstrations. Nevertheless, he was received by all the colors and officers of the volunteers, while fifteen bands played a grand march. The police were not able to restrain the crowds from rushing over to greet the general, cheering Spain and shouting acclamations for the conqueror of Peralejo. The enthusiasm was indescribable, and General Campos was never received with a more kindly demonstration by the people.

After he had received the volunteers General Campos delivered a patriotic speech. He said the volunteers were going to protect the plantations and property which are threatened with burning by a mob whose only motto is destruction, when they ought to be, as native Cubans, the first to defend the property. The volunteers left immediately by express for the Yaguajay front. Lieutenant-Colonel Rodan, with 800 troops and artillery, left Bayamo to protect a convoy which was transported by the river Caute. In El Judío, near Corralito, he surprised the insurgents with a discharge of rifle shots by the vanguard and with five shots from the artillery. The insurgents lost ten killed and twenty-six wounded, and were dispersed to the mountains.

ANOTHER DRY SUNDAY.

No New Nor Interesting Features Developed in New York.

New York, August 13.—Many new and interesting features in the fight of the saloon-keepers against the police, which were promised last Sunday, did not materialize and the day simply fell in with other Sundays which have intervened since the reform police board took hold of the municipal administration. It was a pretty dry day, but a shade pleasanter, for the thirsty, who have learned the scheme, secured drinks from an apparently closed saloon. For the stranger and the uninitiated the day was as dry as any of the past half dozen Sundays.

Few of the dealers took advantage of the privilege of keeping their places open which has lately been decided as legal, provided liquors are not given away or sold. The most notable instance was that of Steve Brodie, who had no end of trouble in carrying on a charitable enterprise in a saloon. Brodie was giving away lemonade and taking a collection for a free ice fund, when the police arrested him for breaking the Sabbath law, but was promptly discharged by Magistrate Cornell. Afterwards he was arrested twice, but each time was released and resumed business.

Indian Allotments at Goldendale.

Goldendale, Wash., August 13.—W. R. Dumar, United States land commissioner, has by a series of late making out Indian allotment applications, under the act of February, 1887, and amended February, 1891. It seems many of the Indians who entered land under the Indian homestead law have defaulted and are now compelled to attend themselves of the allotment act. Last evening Chief Bob Wah-wee, who is the presiding officer of the Tunawater tribe of Klickitats, appeared before the land commissioner and applied for entry under the allotment act. The chief had to forfeit the homestead privilege because he was unable to raise the fee for making final proof, which was less than \$10. Mr. Dumar says under the allotment act no fees will be required and he believes Uncle Sam is growing to realize the helplessness of the poor ignorant Indian, who is fast passing away.

The Asylum Tragedy.

Chicago, August 13.—Superintendent Morgan, of the Cook county asylum for the insane, said today that he had secured considerable new evidence regarding the killing of George Puck, Friday, and that it pointed strongly to the equal guilt of Attendants Anderson and Gough. The superintendent refused to make known what the evidence was, saying that it became public at this time it might have the effect of quieting persons expected to give further evidence. Morgan said he proposed to leave no stone unturned to convict Anderson and Gough, if sufficient evidence could be secured for that purpose. Dr. McGraw, the hospital physician, says that this is not the first time they have been guilty of gross cruelty to patients. He says that he has reported to the officials, but that political influence has always prevented their discharge.

The Canadian School Question.

Winnipeg, August 13.—Premier Gowanlock stated today that the latest communication from the Ottawa government on the school question is that it is not to be considered until after harvest. It is inferred that should the harvest be safely gathered Greenway may appeal to the people on the question. In the present temper of the people, such a move would assuredly result in Greenway's being given another four years in office.

Another Indian Hunt.

Boise, Idaho, August 13.—Information comes from Owyhee county that the Bannock-Indians, together with the Duck-valley Indians, are going into Juniper valley to slaughter deer. They killed 1,500 there last fall for their hides, and trouble was only averted by the Indians being called back to the reservation. The settlers announce that they will not permit the Indians to hunt there.

AN ISSUE WITH JAPAN

Right to Search American Vessels During a War.

SITUATION AT ONE TIME SERIOUS

Japanese Cling to the Same Contentions, Claiming Serious Trouble in the Event of Another War.

Washington, August 13.—In the event of a war between Russia and Japan the United States may find itself in a humiliating position, unless Japan retreats from a position which it assumes towards the United States during the progress of the war with China. It is not generally known that just before the declaration of the armistice, which preceded the treaty of peace, an issue had grown up between the United States and Japan that threatened to lead to actual hostilities between the two countries, and that a hostile clash was perhaps only averted by the conclusion of the Chinese war.

This issue arose through the assertion by the Japanese authorities of the right to search American vessels. They insisted that they had the right to board an American vessel, and if they chose, to take from her any Chinese or any enemies they might find, even though they were not passengers. Our minister promptly denied the existence of such right on the part of a combatant and a hot correspondence ensued.

The Japanese insisted on their right, and when Mr. Dan reminded them that the United States had gone to war with Great Britain on just these issues and forced the abandonment of any claim to such a right, they refused to abate their pretensions one iota, though the minister intimated that the first assertion of such a right would be regarded by the United States as an unfriendly act and therefore likely to lead to war.

The matter progressed to the perilous state that when Admiral Carpenter was about to escort an American merchant ship out of a Japanese port to prevent her detention by the Japanese, the latter, it is said, gave orders to the shore batteries at the mouth of the harbor to fire upon the American naval vessels if they attempted to do so. This fact came out after the conclusion of the armistice, which fortunately occurred at just this point in the negotiations, thereby preventing an incident that would certainly have resulted in war; but the dignified point is that the Japanese have steadily clung to the same contention, promising serious trouble in the event of another war in the East.

CLAIMS TO BE CHRIST.

San Francisco, August 13.—Francis Schlader, the "healer," now bluntly and calmly announces that he is the Christ. Among his callers today was the Rev. Charles L. Byard, and in the course of his conversation the minister asked Schlader if he claimed to be Jesus Christ returned to earth. Schlader answered:

"I am, since you have asked me, sir; I say plainly I am; I am not here to give information, but will answer direct questions."

"Do you claim to be the Christ who died on Calvary?"

"Do you believe in the teachings of the Bible?"

"Yes; it is the holy scripture."

"But the Bible says Christ was a Hebrew; you are not a Hebrew."

"No; but this is my third life."

"Way do you call upon the Master for aid in your work?"

"I have not yet reached perfection. When my forty days fast is over—I will have yet six days more—I will be stronger, and some time I will reach perfection."

Another Suit Against Betty Green.

New York, August 13.—The advertiser says today that Mr. Betty Green may have another law suit against her. In November, it is said, she will be sued in the United States supreme court by the heir of George W. Gage, who was prominent in Chicago in the early '70s. While in financial straits he borrowed \$100,000 from Mr. Green, giving as security 450 acres of his Chicago real estate. Mrs. Green foreclosed after his death and the property is now valued at from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000. It is alleged that the estate was never settled and that the lawyers for the claimant aim to gain a favorable judgment.

Berkley's Banner Year.

San Francisco, August 13.—Five hundred and fifty freshmen will be on the roll when the university of California opens tomorrow. This extraordinary large class will overcrowd the university. For the first time in the history of the institution, the regents have been confronted by lack of room. The classes have been growing year by year, but the appropriations have not kept pace with the growth of the classes, and this year the regents have found themselves unable to supply the facilities and space necessary for the new students.

Estimated that 300 New Students Will Be Added to the Population of Berkeley this Year.

The demand for boarding and living places has been so great that it cannot be met, and many will be obliged to room in Oakland.

Ferdinand Must Abdicate.
London, August 12.—The correspondent of the Standard at Sofia says: The Bulgarian delegation at St. Petersburg was virtually told that Russia would do nothing for Bulgaria unless Prince Ferdinand abdicated.

ONCE MORE IN COURT.

Princess Colonna Suing for Possession of Naples August 13.

Rome, August 13.—The Princess Colonna, daughter of Mrs. John W. Mackay, is again having trouble with her husband, Prince Colonna, about her children. She is now at Castle a Mare, awaiting the decision of the Naples court.

Last April, when the court at Naples decided that the Princess Colonna should have a legal separation and the custody of her children, the contract also stated that Prince Colonna should have the two boys for six weeks during the year. Princess Colonna remained at Naples from November, 1894, until June, 1895, when Prince Colonna asked that the two boys might have their six weeks' visit with him then. As the princess was about leaving Naples for Germany she readily agreed and left with her daughter, Bianca, intending to return to Naples July 15 and claim the boys. Upon her return to Naples the boys went to see her, and she sent word to the prince that, as she was to leave in three days, she would like to have the children ready. The prince then informed her that he would not give the children up. He took them to Sorrento, where they are now.

The Princess Colonna has sent for her daughter, who was with Mrs. Mackay, near Hamburg, and has again appealed to the Naples court to give her the custody of her two boys. The Princess Colonna has taken the Valla Magherita until the decision of the court is given. Prince Colonna claims that under the decree of separation it was six months instead of six weeks that his children should remain with him.

REFUSED TO DEFEND HERSELF.

Kleptomaniac Confessed Her Theft and Asked to Be Punished.
Oakland, Cal., August 13.—Emma DeLaeco, a member of the Fraternal Protestant church, was sentenced by Judge Fricke, yesterday to serve a term of eighteen months at San Quentin. The prisoner admitted the charges against her, offering no testimony in extenuation, and at the same time asking to be sent to prison, refusing to allow counsel to defend her.

Afterwards she made a good appearance in court. She was well-gowned, quiet, and spoke very intelligently. Not long ago she entered Hyde's drug store in Washington street, intending to buy a brush she said. An unaccountable impulse to steal something suddenly possessed her, and she hurriedly secreted in her reticule two boxes of compound for the opium habit, several boxes of snuff and other articles. For all these things she had no use. Nor did she make any effort to sell them. Apparently rational on other things, she explained that she is afraid to go out alone for fear she will steal something.

In Fruitvale her reticule was found in her reticule, she was arrested and taken to the police station. Her fatal mania is a great grief to her, she says, and when arrested has always given an alias. She is forty years of age.

The War in Ecuador.
New York, August 13.—A special from Panama says: Guayaquil's advances from the army confirm the reports of the battle which was fought August 6 at San Miguel, near Chimbó, south of Guaranda. General Sarasti's advance guard of over 600 troops attacked the advance guard of the patriot army, commanded by General Veraza. After thirteen hours' hard fighting Sarasti's troops were routed and fled demoralized, leaving 150 men on both sides killed and wounded. General Alfaro has arrived at Guano, and is now facing General Sarasti's army. It is expected that the decisive battle will occur soon. Ecuador is having a national festival over General Veraza's victory. Guayaquil, where the enthusiasm is increasing, has organized a reserve army of 2,000 men.

Settled Out of Court.

London, August 12.—A swell crowd assembled today in the courtroom of the queen's bench division of the high court of justice in expectation of interesting developments in the suit for damages brought by Mrs. Jacoby against the Denver Countess Cowley, who the plaintiff charged with slander in alleging that she had written anonymous obscene letters. The crowd was disappointed, for it was announced the case had been settled privately, and both parties had agreed to the withdrawal of all allegations made.

War on Bloomers.

Norwich, N. Y., August 12.—A dozen young men of Edmeston have formed what they term an "anti-bloomer brigade," the prime object of which is opposition to the new bloomer costume now in vogue with female bicyclists. Each member of the brigade is required to subscribe to the following program: "I hereby agree to refrain from associating with all young women who adopt the bloomer cycling costume, and pledge myself to use all honorable means to render such costume unpopular in the community where I reside."

Again the Sea Serpent.

Havana, August 9.—The officers of the Spanish man-of-war Sanchez Barcatorni and Maria Christina report that near the Colorado reefs they met a monstrous fish fifty yards in length. The Christiansia collided with some unknown substance injuring her bottom plating. After a thorough search they found the monster, which was followed by others of the same species, but smaller. The officers claim the fish was about the size of the cruiser.

Bloodshed Likely to Follow.

Douglas, Wyo., August 9.—The formation of a herd of sheep owned by the Platte Valley Sheep Company reports that six masked men rode into camp Sunday night, held up the herder, saturated the wagon with coal oil and burned it. They shot a half dozen sheep and rode off, after telling the herder they would wipe out the entire flock if he did not get out of the park at once. The company sent out arms and ammunition today and say they will stand their ground. Bloodshed is likely to follow, as the ranchers claim the range is in dispute.

COLLIDED IN MID-OCEAN

The Prince Oscar and an Unknown Vessel Sunk.

NO ONE FROM THE LATTER SAVED

The British Steamer Catherine Was Wrecked Off Cape Hawk, and Sixty Persons Drowned.

Philadelphia, August 10.—The British ship Prince Oscar, from Liverpool, Captain Henderson, collided in mid-ocean, July 13, with an unknown sailing vessel. Both ships sank in less than ten minutes. Six members of the crew of the Prince Oscar and all on board the unknown vessel were lost. The survivors, seventeen in number, were rescued by the ship Dharwar, after being in an open boat with neither food nor water for three days. They were transferred to the steamer Capae, from Piqua, and brought to this port tonight. The names of the lost are:

William Knight, cook; Oscar Nelson, seaman; E. Peterson, seaman; August Cartan, I. Relap, J. Anderson, steward; the entire crew of the unknown vessel.

The disaster occurred soon after midnight, in latitude 93° south, longitude 28°20' west.

The Prince Oscar was bound from Shields, where she left May 9, for Lique, laden with coal, and was going at a clipping gait, on the port tack, before a heavy wind, and all canvas was set. It is estimated by the crew that she was making about 1-2 knots an hour, when suddenly there loomed up directly under her bow a four-masted vessel. The mate asserts that the stranger had no lights burning, and after she was sighted, it was impossible to alter the course of the Prince Oscar. The iron hull of the latter struck the unknown ship full amidships, knocking her almost on her beam ends, and crashing through the woodwork until her prow was half buried. The stranger went over at once on her beam ends, as the Prince Oscar backed away from the wreck.

Afterwards the Prince Oscar stood by. Through the darkness, her officers saw the stranger right herself, and then she rapidly sank. They listened in vain for some sign of life, but not a cry for help nor a word of command came from the stricken vessel. In less than four minutes from the time she was struck, the stranger had disappeared and plunged stern first into the depths below.

Captain Henderson, of the Prince Oscar, who was below in his berth, rushed on deck just in time to discover that his ship was also sinking. The pumps were manned, but for some time it failed to tell, it was discovered that there was no hope from that source. Lifeboats were ordered cut adrift, and the men told to jump and swim for their lives. They all went overboard, and with the exception of two unfortunate, reached the small boat.

Captain Henderson, who was the last to leave the ship, went over in his night garments and swam fully two miles before being picked up.

Both boats cruised about the scene until daylight in an effort to rescue the two missing members of the Prince Oscar's crew and any members of the crew of the stranger, who might have been fortunate enough to have kept afloat. They found no one, however, and nothing to indicate the name, home or destination of the strange ship. Finally they left the scene and headed they knew not exactly where.

Four hours later a heavy sea struck the boat commanded by Mate Lynch and capsized it. The occupants, eight in number, were thrown into the sea, and the already overcrowded craft, which Captain Henderson commanded, put quickly to the rescue. They were successful in taking four men on board, the rest drowning.

There were now seventeen men in the small lifeboat, with nothing to eat, nothing to drink and barely room to stretch their limbs. Toward evening of the second day one of the crew discovered a small case of fishoil stowed away in the lifeboat. This was dealt out to the survivors in small doses, and they used it to moisten their parched lips and tongues. Most of the men were partially naked, having had no time to secure clothes.

For three days they floated, and just as they were about to abandon hope they sighted the Prince Oscar, from London, bound to Melbourne. They succeeded in attracting the attention of those on board, and were soon on her deck. Four days later they were put aboard the Capae for this port. All of the survivors still bear evidence of the sufferings which they endured.

Sixty Were Drowned.
Sydney, N. S. W., August 10.—A boat's crew of Chinese who were landed at Forrester report that the British steamer Catherine, from Hong Kong May 27, for Australian ports, was wrecked yesterday evening. The fate of the remainder of the crew and passengers is unknown. A tug which has returned from the scene of the wreck saved some of the passengers and crew. There is but little doubt that sixty persons were drowned, of whom forty-six were Chinese. Second Officer Langfar, who had the watch on deck at the time of the disaster, states that the night was very dark. Suddenly the steamer experienced a terrible shock, and foundered a few minutes afterwards. The Chinese made a rush for the boats, but only one boatload reached the shore. The missing passengers include thirty women.

Bloodshed Likely to Follow.
The formation of a herd of sheep owned by the Platte Valley Sheep Company reports that six masked men rode into camp Sunday night, held up the herder, saturated the wagon with coal oil and burned it. They shot a half dozen sheep and rode off, after telling the herder they would wipe out the entire flock if he did not get out of the park at once. The company sent out arms and ammunition today and say they will stand their ground. Bloodshed is likely to follow, as the ranchers claim the range is in dispute.

THE KING
SIMMONS
LIVER
REGULATOR

Reader, did you ever take Simmons Liver Regulator? Every body needs take a liver remedy. It is a sluggish or diseased liver that impairs digestion and causes constipation, when the waste that should be carried off remains in the body and poisons the whole system. That dull, heavy feeling is due to a torpid liver. Blisters, Headache, Malaria and Indigestion are all liver diseases. Keep the liver active by an occasional dose of Simmons Liver Regulator and you'll get rid of these troubles, and give tone to the whole system. For a laxative Simmons Liver Regulator is better than Pilsa. It does not grip, nor weaken, but greatly refreshes and strengthens. Every package has the Red Z stamp on the wrapper. J. H. Zells & Co., Philadelphia.

O.R.&N.

E. McNeill, Receiver.
TO THE
EAST
GIVES THE CHOICE OF
TWO TRANSCONTINENTAL
ROUTES
VIA
GREAT UNION
NORTHERN RY. PACIFIC RY.
SPOKANE DENVER
MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA
AND AND
ST. PAUL KANSAS CITY

LOW RATES TO ALL
EASTERN CITIES
OCEAN STEAMERS
LEAVE PORTLAND EVERY 5 DAYS
FOR
SAN FRANCISCO

For full details call on or address
W. H. HURLBURT,
Gen'l Pass. Agent,
Portland, Or.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

for
Burns, Caked & Inflamed Udders, Piles, Rheumatic Pains, Bruises and Strains, Running Sores, Inflammations, Stiff joints, Harness & Saddle Sores, Sciatica, Lumbago, Scalds, Blisters, Insect Bites, All Cattle Ailments, All Horse Ailments, All Sheep Ailments.

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue
Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.
Rub in Vigorously.
Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Aches, Pains or Boils well again.

It is an indisputable fact that for more than fifty years, children, from the age of three months to ten years, have been benefited by **Simmons' Soothing Powders**. These Powders are finest soothing because they correct, mitigate, and remove disorders of the system incident to teething.

Advance SEPARATORS.

STRONG and DURABLE LARGE CAPACITY

...Best on Earth...

I carry a COMPLETE LINE of Harvesting and Threshing Machinery. Also Hay Presses, Feed Cutters, Chop Mills. I have also the Old Hickory Wagon and a full line of Agricultural Implements.

Edward Hughes,
Corner Front and Taylor Streets, PORTLAND, ORE.

18 YEARS IN OREGON.
THE OLD ST. LOUIS
Medical and Surgical Dispensary.

This is the oldest Private Medical Dispensary in the city of Portland, the first Medical Dispensary ever started in this city. Dr. Kesler, the old reliable specialist, has been the general manager of this institution for twelve years, during which time thousands of cases have been cured, and no poor man or woman was ever refused treatment because they had no money. The St. Louis Dispensary has thousands of dollars in money and property, and is able financially to make its word good.

The St. Louis Dispensary has a staff of the best physicians and surgeons in the country, all men of experience. A complete set of surgical instruments on hand. The best Electric Apparatus in the country, both French and American. Their apparatus for analyzing the urine for kidney and bladder disease, are perfect and the very latest. No difference what doctors have treated you, don't be discouraged, but go and have a talk with them. It costs you nothing for consultation, besides you will be treated kindly. Persons are calling on Dr. Kesler, every day, who have been treated by some advertising quacks of this city and received no benefit. This old dispensary is the only one in the city that can give references from the business men and bankers to their commercial standing. They positively guarantee to cure any and all Private Diseases in every form and stage without loss of time from your work or business.

Rheumatism Cured by an old German remedy. This remedy was used by a friend attending medical college in Berlin. It has never failed, and we guarantee it.

Kidney and Urinary Complaints.
Painful, difficult, frequent, scanty, bloody urine, unnatural discharges, carefully treated and permanently cured. Piles, rheumatism and neuralgia treated by our new remedies and cures guaranteed.

Old Sores Ulcers, Cancer, Etc., cured, no matter how long standing.

Private Diseases Cured permanently. Strictly confidential. No difference how long standing. Spermatorrhoea, Loss of Manhood, or Slighty Emissions, cured permanently. Write for free literature. Effectively cured in a short time.

Young Men Your errors and follies of these old doctors will give you wholesome advice and cure you—make you perfectly strong and healthy. You will be treated at our office in **SECRET CONSULTATION**. In all Private and Chronic Diseases. Consultation free, in private rooms, where you only see the doctor.

TAPE WORMS
(Samples of which can be seen at our office, from 13 to 30 feet long) removed in 24 hours. And Liver Complaint in all forms, cured.

Heart Disease in all forms, cured.
COURT OF JURY PATIENTS, write for free literature, including forms for answer.

CATARRH AND PILES.
We guarantee to cure any case of Catarrh or Piles. Don't be afraid to try because so many remedies have failed. Treated with our own remedies.

Address with stamp,
ST. LOUIS DISPENSARY,
203 1/2 YAMHILL STREET, COR. SECOND, PORTLAND, OREGON.

R-I-P-A-N-S
ONE GIVES RELIEF

MANHOOD RESTORED!
Nerve Seeds.—Nerve seeds, the cause of all nervous disorders, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Water Brains, etc. These seeds, all irritants and loss of power in Generative Organs of either sex caused by overaction, youthful errors, excessive use of tobacco, opium or other drugs, can be removed from the system by our exclusive method. Can be carried in your pocket. Write for literature. **REPAIR YOUR NERVE SEEDS!** Write for literature. **REPAIR YOUR NERVE SEEDS!** Write for literature. **REPAIR YOUR NERVE SEEDS!** Write for literature.

PATENTS
COPYRIGHTS.
CAN OBTAIN A PATENT? For a small fee we will examine your invention and tell you whether you can obtain a patent. If you can, we will prepare the application and see that it is granted. A Handbook of Patent Law, with full instructions, sent free. Write for it now.

To CONSUMPTIVES
Understand having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send, free of charge, a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all other troubles and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address:

Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Steedman's Soothing Powders.
For Children's Cutting their Teeth.
IN USE OVER FIFTY YEARS.