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OREGON COURIER.

VOL. XII. OREGON CITY. CLACKAMAS COUNTY. OREGON. FRIDAY. MARCH 1. 1895. NO. 43.

LUXURY...

It is to recline at ease on one of our suberb couches. Slumber comes unsought under such delightful conditions. Pieces of furniture like these are as pleasant to look on as they are to lie on, and this fact makes them an irresistible temptation to repose. Our entire stock is packed full of temptations for that matter, temptations in parlor and bedroom suites and every kind of furniture, and unprecedented temptations in prices. Some people are always quoting from somebody, but our favorite quotations are figures like these: Single lounges, $4 and upwards; Bed lounges, $6 and upwards; Couches, $6 and upwards. Every article in our store at such low prices.

BELLOMY & BUSCH - OREGON CITY

EAST AND SOUTH
VIA
The Shasta Route
OF THE
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.

Express Trains Leave Portland Daily.

South.			North.
6 15 P. M.	Lv	Portland	Ar 8 20 A. M
7.16 P. M.	Lv	Oregon City	Lv 7.19 A. M
10 45 A. M.	Ar	San Francisco	Lv 7.00 P. M

The above trains stop at all stations from Portland to Albany inclusive, Tangent, Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City, Irving, Eugene and all stations from Roseburg to Ash and inclusive.

ROSEBURG MAIL DAILY

8 30 A. M.	Lv	Portland	Ar 4:20 P. M
9:31 A. M.	Lv	Oregon City	Lv 3:29 P. M
5:50 P. M.	Ar	Roseburg	Lv 7.00 A. M

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PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS
AND
SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS
Attached to all Through Trains.

West Side Division,
Between PORTLAND and CORVALLIS

MAIL TRAIN DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

7:30 A. M.	Lv	Portland	Ar 5:35 P. M.
12:15 P. M.	Ar	Corvallis	Lv 1:40 P. M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with train of Oregon Pacific Railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

4:40 P. M.	Lv	Portland	Ar 8:25 A. M
7:25 P. M.	Ar	McMinnville	Lv 5:10 A. M

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TO ALL POINTS IN THE
EASTERN STATES, CANADA AND EUROPE
Can be obtained at the lowest rates from
L. R. MOORE, Agent, Oregon City
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TO CONSUMPTIVES

To undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,
Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Steedman's Soothing Powders.
For Children Cutting their Teeth.
IN USE OVER FIFTY YEARS.
Relieve Feverish Heat, prevent Fits, Convulsions, and preserve a healthy state of the constitution during the period of teething.

Mexican Mustang Liniment
for
Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains,
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,
Penetrates Muscle,
Membrane and Tissue
Quickly to the Very
Seat of Pain and
Ousts it in a Jiffy.
Rub in Vigorously.
Mustang Liniment conquers Pain,
Makes Man or Beast well again.

Job Printing at the Courier Office.

A PAYING INDUSTRY

The Penitentiary Stove Foundry Has Made Money.

COGSWELL'S SENATE REPORT

In the Closing Hours of the Legislature the Matter Was Fully Discussed and the Message of Governor Lord on the Subject Acted Upon.

SALEM, February 26.—Among the acts of the legislature's closing hours was the submission of the majority an minority reports on the stove-factory question. There was very little difference in the two reports except that Senator Cogswell's minority report went into the subject more fully. It was as follows:

"The undersigned, a member of your committee appointed under senate resolution No. 10, to consider a report upon the following extracts from the message of Governor Lord—

"'It is never wise for a state to buy an enterprise which prudent men are anxious to get rid of. There is an impression among some of our people that the purchase of the foundry plant and its operation with convict labor has not been productive of profit or advantage to the state. The idea is that 'an elephant' was unloaded upon the state. I trust there is no foundation for such impression, but that facts will disclose that the foundry has been successfully and profitably operated, furnishing regular employment for convicts and making the penitentiary in a great measure a self-sustaining institution. It is your duty to ascertain what is the true state of the case. * * '—begs leave to submit the following report:

"The foundry at the penitentiary has been in operation during the past twenty months with satisfactory results, and after a careful examination of the plant, stock, books and the methods employed by Superintendent R. B. Fleming, who has been acting under the supervision of the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer, as a board of managers, I find that the institution has been well managed, and while it has not been made as profitable as when operated under the contract system on account of the general business depression, it has given employment to a large number of the convicts, and thus served the principal purpose for which it is maintained by the state.

"The plant is in excellent condition, and is worth more than when the state purchased it, as there have been added thereto over $7,000 in new patterns, machinery and improvements.

"These additions and improvements are considered as more than offsetting any depreciation on account of wear during the twenty months of operation.

"After a careful examination of the report of the board of managers in connection with an investigation of the foundry plant, books, etc., I find that said report is correct with the exception of the method used in computing the 'value of manufactured goods on hand' in exhibit B, as the inventory of manufactured goods on hand should be at the actual cost and not the computed selling value.

"The stock on hand at actual cost shows as follows:

Stoves and ranges, 444,168 lbs., at 3 cents	$13,325 04
Stove castings, 3,988 lbs., at 3 cents	119 64
Hollow ware, 26,168 lbs., at 3 cents	785 04
Miscellaneous castings, 182,306 lbs., at 3 cents	5 469 18
Miscellaneous supplies	3,189 94
Pig Iron	619 50
Fuel, coke and wood	909 07
Cost of manufactured goods and stock on hand	$ 4,717 45
The total sales amount to	42,006 88
Making a total merchandise credit of	$46,724 33

"The total cost of materials and supplies being $39,406.41, leaves the gross profits at $27,317.92; deducting the amount expended for labor, salaries, etc., $14,860.61, gives net profits at cost, $12,457.31.

"It is a well-known fact that during the past two years but very few manufacturing enterprises have been conducted with much profit, while many have succumbed to the general depression.

"That the foundry has not only been self-supporting, but has a cash balance of $4,888.15 and outstanding accounts receivable of $12,604.15 speaks well for the mangement and shows it to be a profitable institution for the state.

"As to whether the state paid more for the plant than should have been paid I am not sufficiently advised to give an opinion.

"If such was the case, the fault lies with the law which compels the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer to purchase this identical plant, and as they had no discretion in the matter, but were obliged to make the purchase whether it was offered for a reasonable price or not, the wonder is that the owners did not compel them to pay the entire sum of $65,000 which was appropriated."

COLLEGE KIDNAPING.

A Bold Affair Which Failed to Break Up a Rival Society's Social.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., February 26.—J. E. Rhinehard, Frank Twineman, Walter Bunn and young Shamel, the university freshmen who were kidnaped by a number of Greek-letter fraternity men, have been rescued or voluntarily brought back to their friends. The kidnaping has caused more excitement than anything which has occurred here for years. The manner in which the men were seized, blindfolded, tied hand and foot, thrown into a carriage, driven five miles out into the country and held captive in an empty farm house for nearly fifteen hours makes a highly interesting story. The freshmen's social last night, which the kidnaping was intended to have broken up, was, however, a success.

A Cure for Insanity.

LONDON, February 26.—The Daily Chronicle's Vienna correspondent says Professor Wagner, of the Vienna University, expounded a cure for insanity to the medical society yesterday. He injects Koch's tuberculine, causing a fever, after which the insanity is diminished. He repeated the treatment a few times, each injection lessening the insanity until eventually it vanished.

The Armenian Inquiry.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 26.—Among the witnesses before the commission of inquiry at Moosh was a man who showed the delegates the wounds which he said the Turkish said the Turkish soldiers had inflicted with their bayonets. The Turkish military surgeons deposed that the scars were left by burns. In view of the conflict of evidence the commissioners urged that the wounds be examined by a surgeon without official relations to the government.

Good Price for a Stamp.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 26.—Within the past week philatelic circles have been excited over the "find" and sale in this city of one of the greatest stamp varieties. C. K. Sturtevant, of Oakland, manager for a large San Francisco real estate firm, by accident discovered a Hawaiian 5-cent missionary stamp, the issue of which was only in existence a few weeks. He disposed of it to H. J. Crocker, San Francisco's most prominent collector, for $350 yesterday.

New York's Whipping-Post Bill.

ALBANY, N. Y., February 22.—The Senate judiciary committee will to-morrow favorably report Senator O'Connor's Gerry whipping-post bill, amended so that corporal punishment may be inflicted on persons assaulting a female or child of either sex under the age of 16 years. Wife-beaters, whom Gerry was anxious to reach as well, are exempted from the provisions of the bill.

NORTHWEST NEWS

Condensed Telegraphic Reports of Late Happenings.

TAKEN HOT FROM THE WIRES

Budget of News for Easy Digestion From Different Parts of the States of Washington, Oregon and Idaho—Items of Interest to Pacific Coast People.

Joseph Dame has been appointed receiver of the Ashland, Or., mine.

Herrick's new cannery at The Dalles, Or., is being put in shape for work.

A Tacoma man has applied for a divorce because his wife called him a fraud.

The bonus and easemgnts for the Medical Lake, Wash., sanitarium have all been secured.

There is a movement on foot in Tacoma to raise a bonus among the fruit men for a cannery.

The fruitgrowers of Salem and vicinity have formed an association to build and operate a cannery.

Albany's, Or., new charter provides for issuing $20,000 in bonds to pay off accumulated indebtedness.

A New Whatcom, Wash., mill has contracted to furnish a Chicago firm 600,000 feet of fir wagon-tongue plank.

Everett, Wash., has taken a fit of spite against Seattle, and will show it by joining Tacoma in calling Mt. Rainier Mt. Tacoma.

Lieutenant George H. Fortson has been elected captain of company B at Seattle, to succeed Captain L. S. Booth, resigned.

The Great Northern has assured the Shippers' Association of Seattle that suitable terminals will be constructed immediately.

The Lakeview, Or., Examiner is circulating a petition to have a United States army post at Lakeview, as a substitute for re-occupying Fort Bidwell should it be decided to restore that abandoned post.

An unusual and peculiar disease is spreading among the Indian ponies on the Umatilla reservation and causing much uneasiness to white settlers in the vicinity. The horses afflicted reel and stagger, hair drops off and sores break out all over the body.

The supreme court has affirmed the decision of the superior court of Spokane county in the case of Helen Grier, sentenced to ten years for poisoning her husband. The case was made interesting from the fact that the woman's own daughter testified against her.

The fishing fleet at Astoria, Or., will be augmented this year by several new sloops and a couple of naphtha tenders. The canneries of to-day are far in advance of what they were a few years ago, and it will be the modern cannery of the future that will make salmon-packing a profitable business.

The Weiser Flouring Mills Company of Weiser, Idaho, is looking into the advisability of removing its plant to Baker City, Or. It is said that the proposition has been favorably considered, and that the mill would be moved if the citizens will guarantee to buy the product of the mill. There is no better point in the state for the establishment of a flouring mill than this. Powder river valley produces more than enough wheat to keep a 100-barrel mill running night and day the year round, and the products of the mill will find ready sale in the adjacent mining camps and suppiy points.

The board of curators of the Washington State Historical Society is composed of Elwood Evans, Tacoma, president; Henry Roeder, Whatcom county, vice-president; General L. P. Bradley, Pierce county, chairman; B. F. Barge, Kittitas county; A. A. Denny, King county; Senator F. G. Deckenbach, Chehalis; J. H. Long, Lewis county; Miles C. Moore, Walla Walla; W. F. Prosser, Yakima; Allen Wier, Olympia; Charles W. Hobart, Tacoma. At a meeting held in Olympia the other day Ezra Meeker, of Puyallup, was elected a member of the board to succeed the late J. P. Stewart, of Puyallup.

The coast and geodetic survey steamer Hassler is practically out of commission, and will be sold to the highest bidder on or about March 20. The Hassler has wintered at Tacoma for two seasons. No appropriation was made by congress to continue her in the service, and rather than have her lay up possibly two or three seasons in charge of a shipkeeper it was decided to sell her. The Hassler was built in 1871 and cost about $70,000. She went into commission in 1872, and has been in continual service ever since. Her commander is Lieutenat G. H. Harber, who commanded the expedition sent to the Arctic regions to recover Explorer Long's body

The cannerymen on the Washington side of the river are interesting themselves in an effort to secure the establishment of a hatchery on the Kalama river, in Cowlitz county, as well as one on the Chinook river at or near the point where Deputy Fish Comissioner Al Houchen conducted his successful experiments in salmon hatching last fall. The canners expect that the recent appropriation of $20,000 by the Washington legislature will be sufficient when economically expended to establish two hatcheries at the points named on such a scale as will prove a powerful argument in favor of a more liberal appropriation by the next legislature.

At a recent meeting of the Tacoma chamber of commerce the following resolution was introduced by R. G. Hudson and passed: "Be it resolved that it is the sense of the Tacoma chamber of commerce that it is unwise, and will necessarily result in great loss to continue the construction of the capitol building now in course of erection at Olympia, and we therefore urge the legislature to enact a law which will suspend the construction of said building until more prosperous times than the present and the value of the lands donated by the general government for this purpose shall have been more accurately and fully ascertained."

A deal has been consummated under which J. E. Jennings, of Salt Lake, and associates will purchase the Ridenbaugh canal near Boise and some 8,000 acres of land belonging to the company. The price paid is in the neighborhood of $350,000. The canal irrigates a large section of country below Boise, including lands in the vicinity of Nampa. It is understood that an extensive colonization project is a part of the new owners' scheme to be followed by the erection of extensive beet-sugar works. Mr. Jennings is prominently identified with the Utah Sugar Company. He has been investigating the Boise section for two years, and has said the soil and climate are peculiarly adapted to sugar-beet culture.

In Memory of the Dead Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 26.—The czar has ordered the appointment of a commission to found in memory of the late Czar Alexander an institution where a home will be provided for disabled authors, artists and actors.

MAKING OF ARMOR PLATES.

The Indian Head Tests the Beginning of a Revolution.

NEW YORK, February 25.—The opinion is generally expressed by naval experts in this city that the results of tests made on the fourteen-inch armor plate at Indian Head Thursday are only the beginning of a revolution in the process of making plates of this class. John G. A. Leishman, the president of the Carnegie Steel Company, came to New York to-day in company with Mr. Frick to consult Mr. Carnegie in reference to the trial and future experiments in this process of making plates. Mr. Leishman in an interview said:

"It is perhaps a little premature to say that the entire process of making armor plates will be revolutionized by the extraordinary results of the tests made at Indian Head Thursday, but it is certain that a new field for development has suddenly been opened to us, and it is impossible to say what results may not be obtained after the series of expriments suggested to us by the trial have been made. One thing is very evident, and that is the making of armor plate is in its infancy, and it now seems to have been reduced to a race between the steel manufacturers in countries building warships as to who will soonest attain the highest perfection in the art of producing the plates.

"The qualities of steel are so peculiar that any change in the process of handling it in its manufacture may lead to great changes in the result. It might be said that the manufacture of steel is also in its infancy, so that armor plates made of this material are susceptible of great improvement. I cannot say that the government will order all future plates to be made by this process, but I believe that Captain Sampson was very favorably impressed with the result at Indian Head Thursday. Of course it is not our place to urge the government to adopt any particular process. It is our place to make the plates and show what they can stand. The plate that was tested Thursday was not made for any particular ship. It was a harveyized plate seventeen inches in thickness, which we had placed under the rollers and reduced to fourteen inches. The trouble with the surface hardening is that it makes an uneven strain on the plate, so that the shock of a projectile striking it is not evenly distributed, and makes the plate liable to crack. By taking a harveyized plate and heating it over again and then putting it under the rollers the whole mass is made more even, and the strain of a shot striking it is more evenly distributed."

THE SEALING DAMAGES.

They Must Be Paid to Maintain the Nation's Honor.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Secretary Gresham has decided he will make no further effort to induce congress to pass the bill appropriating $425,000 to pay the damages sustained by British sealing vessels seized by our naval ships and revenue cutters in Behring Sea before the making of the modus vivendi. If the bill fails now, then he will proceed immediately to draw up a treaty for submission to the senate creating an arbitration committee to adjust the claims. The United States will have no other course open than this, for we should be dishonored among nations if we failed to carry out the obligations imposed upon us by our voluntary act in submitting the sealing question to the Paris arbitration. The Paris arbitration tribunal ruled out all claims for consequential damages, and allowed claims only when the vessels had actually been seized and where the crews had been imprisoned. Even on this basis the claims amount to nearly $1,000,000. Besides there were about two-score of men, officers and crews of the seized vessels, who suffered imprisonment, and their claims were compromised by the agreement made by Mr. Gresham. The secretary believes if all these claims are submitted to a committee for adjustment, the United States will fare much worse than under the terms of the pending bill.

THE THEATER HAT.

Comment Upon the Action of the California Legislature.

CHICAGO, February 25.—The Post has the following editorial:

"The California legislature is the first to put in form the rage of the matinee man against the high theater hat. It has passed a law forbidding the wearing of hats in places of public amusement and providing for a fine of $50 for its violation.

"What a silly thing this California law is. What puerile notion of their position must these assemblymen entertain who fancy their duties comprehend a censorship over dress. In other times and in other countries laws were seriously enacted forbidding this class or that from wearing beards, or allowing their hair to grow long, or appearing in public in certain colors, or donning blouses of a certain kind, or boots of a certain length. But one would think that Americans of this century had gone beyond this sort of experimenting. Possibly the action of the Californians was tomfoolery which clownish legislators have engaged in of late, in which case it is doubly reprehensible."

Sullivan's Company Disbanded.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., February 25.—John L. Sullivan's vaudeville company disbanded here at noon to-day. Most of its members will go north Sunday morning. Dissatisfaction with their treatment by the star is the cause. Billy Wright, of Pittsburg, who took out Sullivan as manager, and Seward, Danny Dwyer and three others will go to Cuba to-morrow and give sparring matches there for two months, after which they will all go to Spain.

The Babe Starved to Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 25.—The death from starvation of a four weeks' old child of Mrs. John Harkins, who lives in a miserable shanty on Oregon street, was reported to the coroner yesterday. Harkins has been unable to obtain work, and the family is poverty-stricken. The mother is bed-ridden through lack of nourishment.

A Swift Torpedo Destroyer.

GLASGOW, February 25.—The new torpedo destroyer Banshee was given an official trial on the Clyde to-day lasting three hours. The boat attained an average speed of twenty-eight knots an hour. The Banshee is one of the forty-two vessels of this class authorized to be built by the government, and was constructed by Laird Bros., who secured the contract to build five of them.

An Old Woman's Terrible Death.

OXFORD, N. Y., February 25.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Whitman went out for a call last night, leaving the 65-year-old mother of Mrs. Whitman alone. On their return the lamp was found to have exploded. The old woman was in the yard near a well, into which she had tried to jump while her clothing was afire. Her body was burned to a crisp.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

The green produce market is in good shape to receive a full supply from California, almost all which came by the last steamer having cleaned up. Steady prices ruled. Country produce is arriving freely. Eggs are again on the downward march. Sales were made at 14c. The grocery list is unchanged.

Wheat Market.

The local wheat market is at a very low ebb so far as trading is concerned, and the same will apply equally well to prices. There is scarcely any demand, and quotations are almost wholly nominal. For export purposes Walla Walla wheat is worth 40½c per bushel, and Valley 75@77½c per cental.

Produce Market.

FLOUR—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, are quoted at $2.30 per barrel; Golddrop, $2.50; Snowflake, $2.30; Benton county, $2.30; graham, $2.15@2.30; superfine, $1.90.

OATS—Good white oats quoted firm at 27@28c; milling, 29@30c; gray, 26@27c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags $5.75@6.00; barrels, $6.00@6.25; cases, $3.75.

BARLEY—Feed barley, 63@65c per cental; brewing, 80@85c per cental, according to quality.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, $12.00; shorts, $13.50; chop feed, $12@15; middlings, none in market; chicken wheat, 67½@75c per cental.

HAY—Good, $9@10 per ton.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery is quoted at 22½@25c; fancy dairy, 17½@20c; fair to good, 12½@15c; common, 8@10c per pound.

POTATOES—Quotations wholly nominal.

ONIONS—Good Oregon, 90c@$1 per sack.

POULTRY—Chickens, old, $2.50@3.00 per dozen; young, $2.00@2.50 per dozen; ducks, firm at $4.50@5.00; geese, $6.00@6.50; turkeys, live, at 8c per pound; dressed, about 10@11c per pound.

EGGS—Oregon were quoted weak at 14c per dozen.

TROPICAL FRUIT—California lemons, $3.50@4.50; Sicily, $4.50@6.00; bananas, $2.50@3.50; California navels, $2.50@3.25 per box; pineapples, Honolulu, $3.00@3.50; sugar loaf, $5. Figs, California black, boxes, quoted at $1.25; sacks, 4@5c; California white, 10-pound boxes, 90c@$1.00; 25-pound boxes, $2.50; sacks, 6@8c; Turkish, boxes, 14@16c; fancy large, 20@21c; bags, 10c.

FRESH FRUIT—Apples, good, $1@1.50 per box; common, 75c@$1.

OREGON VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 1¼c per pound; squash, 65c per dozen.

CALIFORNIA VEGETABLES—Brussels sprouts, $1.25 per 30-pound box; string beans, 12@13c per pound; green peas, 12@13c per pound; artichokes, $1.00@1.10 per dozen; cauliflower, 85c per dozen; $2.50 per crate; sweet potatoes, $3.00@4.00 per cental; cucumbers, hothouse, $1.75@2.00; garlic, 6@7c per pound; lettuce, 25c per dozen, $1 per box.

NUTS—Almonds, soft shell, 9@11c per pound; paper shell, 12½@14c; new crop California walnuts, soft shell, 11@12½c; standard walnuts, 10½@11c; Italian chesnuts, 12½@14c; pecans, 13@16c; Brazils, 12½@13c; filberts, 14@15c; peanuts, raw, fancy, 5@7c; roasted, 10c; hickory nuts, 8@10c; coconuts, 90c per dozen.

WOOL—Valley, 8@10c, according to quality; Umpqua, 7@9c; fall clip, 5@6c; Eastern Oregon, 5@7c.

HOPS—Choice, 7c; medium, 4@6c; poor, 3c.

PROVISIONS—Eastern hams, medium, 11½@12c per pound; hams, picnic, 10@11c; breakfast bacon 12@13c; short clear sides, 10@11c; dry salt sides, 9@10c; dried beef hams, 13@14c; lard, compound, in tins, 8½@9½c; lard, pure, in tins, 7½@11½c; pigs' feet, 80s, $3.50; pigs' feet, 40s, $3.25; kits, $1.25.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON.—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, $1.25@1.60; No. 2, talls, $2.25@2.50; fancy, No. 1, flats, $1.75@1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, $1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, $1.90@2.25.

SUGAR—D, 4⅛c; C, 4c; extra C, 4⅜c; dry granulated, 5¼c; cube crushed and powdered, 6½c per pound; ¼c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, ⅜c more than barrels; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22@23½c; Rio, 20@22c; Salvador, 21@21½c; Mocha, 26½@28c; Padang Java, 31c; Palembang Java, 26@28c; Lahat Java, 23@25c; Arbuckle's Mokaska and Lion, $23.30 per 100-pound case; Columbia, $22.80 per 100-pound case.

COAL—Steady; domestic, $5.00@7.50 per ton; foreign, $8.50@11.00.

BEANS—Small white, No. 1, 3½c per pound; butter, 3½c; bayou, 3c; Lima, 5c.

CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1¼-inch, is quoted at 9c, and Sisal, 6c per pound.

Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, top steers, $2.50@2.80; fair to good steers, $2.00@2.25; cows, $2.00@2.50; dressed beef, 4@6c per pound.

MUTTON—Gross, best sheep, wethers, $2.00@2.10; ewes, $1.50@1.75; lambs, $2; dressed mutton, 4@4½c; lambs, 4½c per pound.

VEAL—Dressed, small, 5@6c; large, 3@4c per pound.

HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, $3.00@3.60; light and feeders, $3.50; dressed, 4½c per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

FLOUR—Net cash prices: Family extras, $3.25@3.35 per barrel; bakers' extras, $3.15@3.25; superfine, $2.10@2.40.

WHEAT—Prices keep fairly steady, though the frade is rather light. Quotable at 81¼c per cental for No. 1 shipping, with 83½c for choice product. Milling grades are slightly easy at 86¼@90c per cental. Walla Walla wheat, 75@77½c per cental for fair average quality, 78¾@81¼c for blue stem and 70@72½c for damp.

BARLEY—Trade drags badly, buyers being wholly indifferent. Feed, fair to good, 72½@73¾c for choice; brewing, 85@90c per cental.

OATS—There is no improvement to report. Business continues to drag, and prices remain easy. Milling is quoted, $1.02½@1.15; surprise, $1.05@1.15; fancy feed, $1.00@1.05; good to choice, 95@$1.; fair to good, 90@95c; poor to fair, 82½@87½c; black, $1.15@1.30; red, $1.05@1.17½; gray, 96¼@97½c per cental.

HOPS—Quotable at 4@8c per pound.

POTATOES—Volunteer new potatoes, 1½@2c per pound; Early Rose, 45@60c; River Red, 20@30c; Burbanks, 30@45c; Oregon Burbanks, 40@90c; Salinas Burbanks, 75c@$1.00; sweets, 50c@$1 for Rivers and $1.25@1.50 per cental for choice stock.

ONIONS—Quotable at 80c@$1 per cental.

WOOL—Fall—Free Northern, 7@8½c; Northern defective, 5@7c; Southern and San Joaquin, light and free, 5@6c; Southern and San Joaquin, defective, 3@4c.

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"I have used your Simmons Liver Regulator and can conscientiously say it is the king of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine chest in itself.—GEO. W. JACKSON, Tacoma, Washington.

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Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures Debility, Nervousness, Emissions, and develops and restores weak organs. Takes from 3 to 5 boxes by day or night stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges.

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Work of the Patent Bureau.

WASHINGTON, February 21.—The commissioner of patents to-day submitted his annual report to congress. It shows that nearly 21,000 patents were issued during the year, and in proportion to the population more patents were issued citizens of Connecticut than any other state.

England leads foreign countries in the matter of obtaining patents.

The commission complains of subterfuges practiced by applicants for patents wanting in merit. He cites one case to show that application for a patent was kept alive by means of amendment and otherwise for fourteen years. He proposes, with the approval of the secretary of the interior, to inaugurate regulations which will remedy this practice.

Three Thousand Are Out.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The Children's Jacket-Makers' Union, Knights of Labor, struck to-day. Three thousand are out. The strikers state that the manufacturers want them to return to the piece system, by which they can earn only $5 to $10 a week, whereas they are now making $6 to $16 per week. Sixty contractors have consented to the strikers' demands.

Knowledge is Power ·:· LATEST DENTAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS

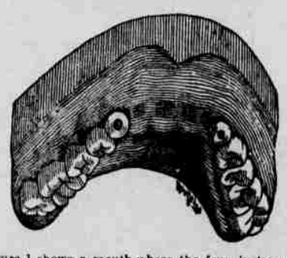

Figure 1 shows a mouth where the four incisors have been extracted, and the two cuspids (eye teeth); crowns destroyed to the gum line, showing the cuspid roots prepared to receive a bridge.

Figure 2 represents the bridge ready for adjustment.

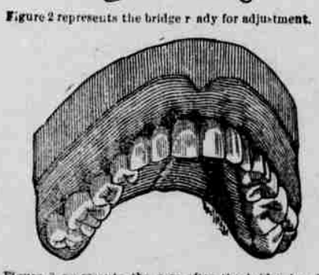

Figure 3 represents the case after the bridge has been placed in position.

Figure 4—It is useless to wear a plate in the mouth when a bridge can be attached to a few remaining teeth and roots.

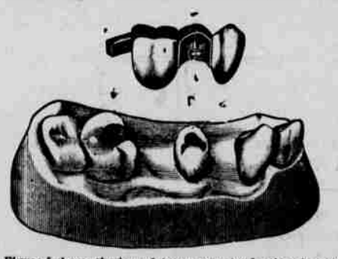

Figure 5 shows the loss of two upper teeth, the six year molar and the first bicuspid. The bridge above is attached by an open face gold crown over the second bicuspid, and a bar which extends into a cavity of the adjoining molar.

Figure 6 shows the bridge anchored in position.

Figure 7 represents a full set of teeth on a gold plate.

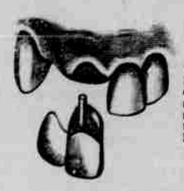

Figure 8 illustrates a case in which the lateral incisor has been lost and the central incisor crown destroyed. To this root a crown has been fastened and a tooth has been soldered to the crown to fit the late space left by the lost lateral incisor.

Figure 9 shows a root with crown ready to attach. It is folly to extract a root when it can be crowned and made as useful as ever.

Figure 10 is a mouth that has lost all the teeth but four; the two cuspids and two molars; they are shown as prepared for a full upper bridge.

Figure 11 shows the bridge complete, ready to place in position, as shown in figure 10.

Figure 12 shows the bridge in place, natural as life.

JOSEPH HICKEY
Graduate of the Chicago College of Dental Surgery, also a post graduate of the American College of Dental Surgery.

ABOVE ILLUSTRATIONS EXPLAINED AT OFFICE FREE OF CHARGE

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