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OREGON COURIER.

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THE INFANT NEW YEAR

Begins life auspiciously. He has waked up in one of our suberb beds. Father Time has left him to shift for himself and the world looks strange and new to him for the minute, but he'll get along very nicely with such luxurious surroundings. It's just the bedroom suite for 1895; it was picked from our display, the largest and finest, containing all the latest styles, and every suite a special value. There can't be much insomnia this year when such irresistable charms for sleep are provided. There's a charm, too, about our parlor suits and odd pieces, and a double distilled charm about our prices. It's an opportunity to get a parlor set for $19 00.

BELLOMY & BUSCH, Oregon City, Ore.

15 YEARS IN OREGON.

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Medical and Surgical Dispensary,

This is the oldest Private Medical Dispensary in the city of Portland, the first Medical Dispensary ever started in this city. Dr. Kessler, the old reliable specialist, has been the general manager of this institution for twelve years, during which time thousands of cases have been cured, and no poor man or woman was ever refused treatment because they had no money. The St. Louis Dispensary has thousands of dollars in money and property, and is able financially to make its word good.

The St. Louis Dispensarry has a staff of the best Physicians and Surgeons in the country, all men of experience. A complete set of Surgical instruments on hand. The best Electric Apparatus in the country, both French and American. Their apparatus for analyzing the urine for kidney and bladder diseases, are perfect and the very latest. No difference what doctors have treated you, don't be discouraged, but go and have a talk with them. It costs you nothing for consultation, besides you will be treated kindly. Persons are calling at the St. Louis Dispensary, every day, who have been treated by some advertising quacks of this city and received no benefit. This old dispensary is the only one in the city that can give references among the business men and bankers as to their commercial standing. ☞They positively guarantee to cure any and all Private Diseases in every form and stage without loss of time from your work or business.

Rheumatism Cured by an old German remedy. This remedy was sent to Dr. Kessler a few months ago by a friend attending medical college in Berlin. It has never failed, and we guarantee it.

Kidney and Urinary Complaints. Painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges, carefully treated and permanently cured. Piles, rheumatism and neuralgia treated by our new remedies and cures guaranteed.

Old Sores Ulcers, Cancers, Etc., cured, no difference how long affected.

Private Diseases, These doctors guarantee to cure any case of Syphilis, Gonorhœa, Gleet. Strictures cured no difference how long standing. Spermatorrhœa, Loss of Manhood, or Nightly Emissions, cured permanently. The habit of Self Abuse effectually cured in a short time.

Young Men Your errors and follies of youth can be remedied, and these old doctors will give you wholesome advice and cure you—make you perfectly strong and healthy. You will be amazed at their success in curing SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL LOSSES, NIGHTLY EMISSIONS and other effects. STRICTURE—No cutting, pain or stretching unless necessary.

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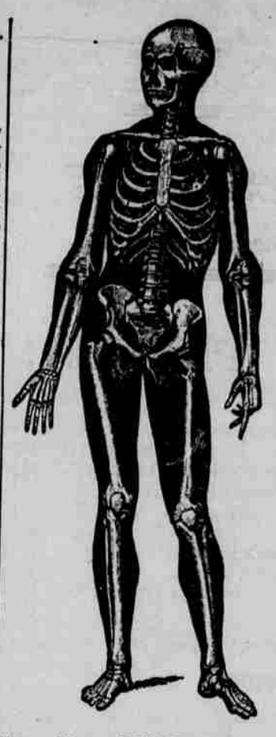
Take a clean bottle at bedtime and urinate in the bottle, set aside and look at it in the morning, if it is cloudy, or has a cloudy settling in it you have some kidney or bladder disease.



Young Men or Old Suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, lost Failing Manhood, Physical Excesses, Mental Worry, Stunted Development, or any personal weakness, can be restored to PERFECT HEALTH and the NOBLE VITALITY OF STRONG MEN, the Pride and Power of Nations. We claim by years of practice by our exclusive methods a uniform "Monopoly of Success," in treating all diseases, weaknesses and afflictions of men.

FEMALE DISEASES In all forms Irregularities, and Nervous Prostration, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa and General Debility, and Worn Out Women speedily brought to enjoy life again. Call or write particulars of your case. Home treatment furnished by writing us particulars. All letters strictly confidential.

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ROSEBURG MAIL DAILY.

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9:31 A.M.	Lv	Oregon City	Lv 3:29 P.M.
5:50 P.M.	Ar	Roseburg	Lv 7:30 A.M.

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Stiff joints,
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Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

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The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DEFENSE OF CHINA

Manchurian Princes Take the Matter in Their Own Hands.

LI HUNG CHANG'S INFLUENCE

They Find This is Necessary in Order to Prevent the Intrigue of Chinese Officials—Chinese Stragglers Become Savages, Lost to All Human Feeling.

LONDON, January 15.—The Times has this dispatch from its Tien Tsin correspondent:

The Manchurian Princes have taken the defense of the country into their own hands. The intrigues of the Chinese officials aim to thwart them; hence a conflict that paralyzes the executive power. Li Hung Chang, though relieved of all functions except that of Governor of the province, still indirectly influences the officials. Chinese arriving from Manchuria report that the country between the rivers Yalu and Liao Ho is desolate. No houses are standing. The timber has been burned, and towns and villages, erstwhile populous, are without a vestige of life. Only scattered groups of frozen corpses are seen. Food and fuel cannot be got. The wounded suffer terribly. The movements of troops on both sides are hindered by the exhaustion of the supplies, which the country people at first supplied through fear. The stragglers from the Chinese army, who have taken refuge in the hills and forests, have become savages, lost to all human feeling.

THE ARMIES IN THE FIELD.

LONDON, January 15.—The Central News correspondent in Tokio quotes a dispatch, dated at Hai Chang yesterday, from Lieutenant-General Katsura, who represents that one portion of General Sung's army left Yong Kow January 8 for Kaiping and another portion marched in the direction of Hai Chang. The enemy's main force retreated January 10 to Ku Ho Hee. The Japanese cavalry is now scouting for the Chinese.

Dating his dispatch at Kaiping, yesterday General Nogi reports that his scouts say General Fing with some 10,000 Chinese is in the vicinity of Tsaicho. Other Japanese commanders report a large force of Chinese in the vicinity of Yeig Kow and Lao Ya Ten.

General Nich, while escaping in a carriage January 10, passed within fifty meters of the Japanese, who killed his horses, wounded him and nearly made him a prisoner.

The Chinese peace envoy, Chang Tin Hoon, arrived in Shanghai this evening with a suite of fifty-six. The Cantonese oppose his going to Japan, and declare in their placards that he will disgrace China.

DECLARATION FROM RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 15.—The Novoe Vremya says to-day in a leader on the Eastern war:

"If the friendly and peaceful representations of Russia's diplomacy be not considered, she will be compelled to support her claims on Corea with force of arms."

THE TONG HAK INSURRECTION.

LONDON, January 15.—The Tokio correspondent of the Central News says:

In a dispatch from Fusan Captain Takubakan yesterday reported that the Tong Hak insurrection in Junt Sen Do has been suppressed. A captured spy declared that the insurgents would prove the sincerity of their surrender by beheading their principal chiefs and forty others. The Captain and the Corean authorities examined the Tong Hak prisoners, who declared that divisions had occurred among them, when the Japanese sailors and Corean soldiers attacked them and completely terrified them.

THEY'RE AFTER GUNST.

San Franciscans Again Say Everything Bad of Him.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 15.—Two monster mass meetings were held in this city this afternoon to protest against the appointment of M. A. Gunst as Police Commissioner; to denounce local political corruption and to protest against District Attorney Knight for not causing the arrest of C. P. Huntington. The first two subjects came in for the greater attention from the various speakers. Dr. Elbert Dille addressed the big audience that crowded Odd Fellows' Hall to the doors, filling gallery and floor, until there was not a seat left. Held at the instance of the law and order league, it was a significant and enthusiastic demonstration, marked by fiery speeches and followed to the close by the hearty accord of a gathering wholly in earnest. Dr. Dille compared the government of a Republic to a pyramid, saying:

"Only two things can reach the top—the eagle and the lizard—and in city affairs it is the reptile that gets there, leaving his slimy trail behind. All the gamblers and all the vicious are saying: 'We've found our Moses. We've got San Francisco and a fence around it, and our Moses to lead us into it.'"

Dr. C. O. Brown's message to ex-Governor Markham was read. It was:

"With boss rule, thug rule, corruption rule and the indifference of good citizens this has become a government of the worst, by the worst and for the worst. You have done this to please the liquor men and the gamblers. They have put their brand on you, and you are their man. The mark you have put on yourself is indelible. There is an immortality of infamy. From this hour Governor Markham stands convicted as a man who seeks the approval of the dregs of society. He has thrown a mantle of shame over the closing hours of a wrecked administration."

One leading sentiment ran through all the speeches: "We want a new charter." When Dr. Brown was called to the platform he said:

"Good will come of the Gunst appointment. Out of it will come a new charter, and we will see to it that the whole miserable Police Commission is wiped out of existence. We do not want a Police Commission in fraternity with the gamblers, saloons and brothels. No man has any business on the Police Commission who has any connection with gambling and pool-selling. This appointment says to the gamblers: 'Boys, you can go on about your business, and I as a Police Commissioner will wink my eye on that side.'"

Ezeta Extradition Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—Responding to a resolution of the Senate, the President has sent to that body a copy of the extradition proceedings of General Ezeta, late Vice-President of Salvador, and other refugees who were granted an asylum on board the Bennington. Much of the correspondence is of a technical legal character.

BILL COOK CAPTURED.

The Notorious Oklahoma Outlaw Run to Earth in New Mexico.

SANTE FE, January 15.—United States Marshal Hall to-day received a dispatch from Sheriff C. C. Perry of Chaves county, who yesterday captured Bill Cook, the notorious outlaw of Oklahoma, stating that the prisoner had been safely landed in jail at Roswell this forenoon. The outlaws capture was effected at an isolated cattle ranch a few miles southeast of Old Fort Sumner. Perry and two deputies were in search of horse thieves east of Fort Sumner yesterday, when Sheriff Perry met and recognized Cook at the first glance. Quicker than a flash Perry and his men had their Winchesters up, and Cook was so thoroughly surprised that he lost his nerve, and although he had two six-shooters about his waist, his hand went up at the command of the Sheriff.

Handcuffs were put on his wrists, and he was mounted and strapped on his own horse, which was found tied on the plains near the cabin. One deputy led the animal, while Sheriff Perry and his other deputy rode behind them. Thus the trip to Roswell was made, a distance of sixty-five miles. Marshal Hall expects to hear from the United States District Attorney of Oklahoma, Arkansas and Texas, to whom he wired, announcing Cook's capture. It is said that with the State, express and railroad companies' officials there are rewards amounting to $15,000 for Cook's capture. In an interview with the captured bandit at Roswell he acknowledged himself as Bill Cook, and said that when captured he was on his way to Mexico and meant to quit the highway. He said:

"The officers have me, and will take me back where I am known, and there is no use for me to deny it, but don't give me hell like the other fellows have, for I have not committed half the crimes that are charged to me. I have done all my work on the open highway, never killed any one nor have I ever robbed a poor man unless it was of a horse or food that I was compelled to have when dodging the officers. My brother Jim was never connected with any train robberies, and I did not have anything to do with the Rock Island or Texas and Pacific holdups nor the Santa Fe and Fort Worth, but did rob the 'Frisco at Red Fork last July. Five other boys were with me. I had nothing to do with bank robberies. I was in but one robbery, and if indicted for that under the name of Bill Cook, will plead guilty."

A PLEASING MAJORITY.

Ministers Delighted With the Reichstag Vote.

BERLIN, January 15.—The majority which referred the anti-Socialist bill to the committee yesterday was large enough to delight the Ministers. It consisted mainly of National Liberals and Conservatives, against whom were arrayed the Social Democrats, South German Democrats, Radicals and a few Guelphs and independents. The Emperor was much pleased with the result of the first reading, although it gives no guarantee of the future of the bill. He congratulated Chancellor Prince Hohenlohe, and commended highly General Bosart von Scheelendorff's aggressive speech. His Majesty is said to have heard with his own ears how his War Minister defied and reproached the Socialists. He is supposed to have sat in the recess of the imperial box, where unseen by the members he could hear all that was said in the debate. The Social Democrats have revived from the inactivity of previous weeks, and have mobilized all their forces against the bill. Friday evening they held meetings to protest in every district of Berlin. Ignase Auer, August Betel, Paul Singer, William Leibknecht and several other Deputies made speeches. Most of them seemed to expect defeat. They warned their adherents to prepare for the era of repression to be inaugurated upon the passage of the bill. They advised all to destroy all letters, lists, accounts of proceedings and plans of agitation which has been collected in Socialist societies since the expiration of the Bismarckian laws and thus make ready to face without fear the house researches and espionage of the police. In Hamburg similar meetings have been held. Both there and in Berlin the meetings were remarkable for the number of women present. Conversations in the lobbies of the Reichstag after yesterday's sitting revealed a general conviction that the government would carry the main paragraphs of the bill. The Clericals will modify a few provisions in committee, but will not change the measure materially. The Social Democratic leaders were especially loud in their declarations that an amended bill would surely pass. The Clericals have obtained priority for the debate on their bill for the return of the Jesuits. The bill will pass its first reading to-morrow.

THAT ATHLETIC MATCH.

The English Are Determined, and Will Bring It Off if Possible.

LONDON, January 13.—The permanent Secretary of the London Athletic Club was shown a dispatch detailing the reply of Chairman Williams of the Athletic Committee of the New York Athletic Club to the interview with Holman, Honorary Secretary of the London Athletic Club. Mr. Parker said:

"I cannot at present speak officially, but I am sure that of the dates given, September 12 and September 21, the committee would prefer September 12, for the university members of the team are obliged to go back to their studies at the opening of the term in October. Twelve letters which I have received to-day have confirmed our previous belief that the meeting in May would be impossible. But something has to give way in order to arrange for the international meeting, and the London Club's autumn meeting, September 28, therefore, will probably be abandoned. The London Athletic Club will send a team from within the limits of its own membership, and will make the best fight possible. The greatest interest is taken in the match among members of the club, and the opinion is that too long a period has elapsed without an international contest."

Want Bread for Their Families.

DUBOIS, Pa., January 15.—The prospects for a speedy settlement of the miners' strike are apparently very good. The men are willing to work on short time if their comrades, who were recently discharged, are taken back. They say they will make this concession in order to keep the families of the idle miners from starving. Mr. Elliot, the general manager for Lewis, Bell & Yates, the owners of the mines in which the strike is on, has gone to Buffalo to lay the proposition from the men before the firm. He is expected back to-morrow, and upon the reply he will bring depends the immediate outcome of the strike. The strikers say they are willing to make any reasonable compromise that will give all of them at least enough to provide bread for their families.

WANTS THE EARTH

Conditions Under Which Peace May be Declared.

NOTHING SMALL ABOUT JAPAN

To Demand as Peace Conditions Certain Islands, the Suzerainty of Corea and the Demolition of Forts—Two Hundred Chinese Killed in Battle.

LONDON, January 14.—The Standard's Berlin correspondent telegraphs:

"I learn from a good quarter that Japan's condition of peace, besides demanding a war indemnity, will provide that Corea be independent of China and under Japanese suzerainty; that China must cede certain islands, raze the forts at Taku, dismantle Port Arthur and Wei Hai Wei, demolish all fortifications on the route from Corea into China, and that Japan shall fix the future number and type of Chinese warships. The establishment of relations looking to a Chinese-Japanese alliance will also be required."

THE BATTLE AT KAIPING.

LONDON, January 14.—A dispatch to the Central News, dated Kaiping, January 10, midnight, says that General Nogi, who commanded the Japanese troops that took part in the battle near there, reports as follows:

"The Chinese had erected extensive defenses near the river. We attacked first the two wings of the enemy, and then the center, and finally by a flank movement succeeded in taking possession of Kaiping at 10 A. M. More than 200 Chinese are known to have been killed, but it is impossible to ascertain the exact number wounded. We took 150 prisoners."

The Chinese force, including the artillery, is stated to have numbered 4,000. General Nogi also states that 10,000 Chinese troops under General Yeh were moving up to support Kaiping, but, learning the result of the engagement there, are now retiring upon Ying Kow.

TOO MUCH JAPANESE ENTHUSIASM.

RED HOOK, N. Y., January 14.—F. Edda, the Japanese student, who while in delirium escaped from his room at St. Stephen's College at Annindale and disappeared, was found yesterday seated beside a haystack near Madalin. He had suffered much from exposure. He had taken with him a razor with which to fight the Chinese. His idea was to walk to Japan and join the Mikado's army there. He now shows signs of returning reason.

ADVISED TO MAKE PEACE.

BERLIN, January 14.—The Cologne Gazette advises Japan to make peace with China at once. The Gazette warns Japan that her demands may become so exaggerated that the European powers will not allow China to concede them.

TRIED COMMANDED AT PORT ARTHUR.

LONDON, January 14.—A Peking dispatch says that at the instance of Li Hung Chang the Emperor has issued an order for the arrest of three Generals who commanded the Chinese troops at Port Arthur.

IN FIGHTING CONDITION AGAIN.

SHANGHAI, January 14.—Divers have patched up the Chinese warship Chen Yuen. She is now in good fighting condition.

THE WHISKY TRUST.

Appeal From Grosscup's Decision in the Circuit Court of Appeals.

CHICAGO, January 14.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals this morning took up the appeal of the Whisky Trust from the decision of Judge Grosscup, awarding $37,000 of rebates to the Gottschalk Company of Baltimore. The issue that is made strikes at the foundation of the trust. In order to keep its hold on trade the trust granted to all dealers who handle its goods exclusively a rebate of from 2 to 5 cents a gallon. To secure the payment of the rebate it was necessary for the distributor, wholesale or retail, to fill out a form furnished by the trust, to which an affidavit was made. Gottschalk & Co. was distributor for the trust, and declined to fill out the form. The suit for the collection of its claim was then begun, and in April last Judge Grosscup rendered judgment against the trust for $37,112. The trust was not represented before the court to-day. Its attorney, W. W. Stevens, requested by letter a postponement, and, if it would not be granted, said he would submit his brief without argument. The Gottschalk Company is represented by ex-Governor and ex-United States Senator White of Maryland.

DINGLEY'S SUBSTITUTE.

Provision of Bill Amending the Present Shipping Act.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—The bill to amend the law relating to Shipping Commissioners, which the House passed to-day, was a substitute prepared by Dingley of Maine for the bill as reported by the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries. It was acceptable to the committee and to Maguire of California, who was especially interested in the matter. It amends the act of 1890, instead of repealing it, so as to provide that when seamen are shipped before a Shipping Commissioner for the coastwise trade or for trade with Canada, Newfoundland, Mexico or West Indies an agreement shall be made in writing and the seamen so shipped shall be paid and discharged as provided by the shipping commissioners act and in other respects as if the shipment had not been made before a Shipping Commissioner, and that the clothing of seamen shall be exempt from attachment, and any person withholding such clothing from its owners shall be subject to a fine not exceeding $100.

Extra Session Probable.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs: "I have the highest authority for the statement that President Cleveland will call an extra session of Congress immediately after the expiration of the present session if this Congress adjourns without enacting any legislation for the relief of the treasury. The President has authorized a member of the House Committee on Rules and a prominent Democratic leader to make this statement for him."

Another Nail Combine.

MONTREAL, January 14.—Another nail combine was formed here to-day. The price of cut nails was advanced 50 cents per keg. The following manufacturers are included in the pool: The Canada Rolling Mills, Pillow, Horsey & Co., Montreal Rolling Mills, Abbott & Co., Graham Nail Works and the Ontario Rolling Mills.

THE COMMITTEES.

Practically Settled No Tariff Legislation be Pushed This Session.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—The Ways and Means Committee of the House met to-day for the first time in months. It was expected the meeting might bring important developments in view of the government's need of increased revenue. No positive conclusions were reached, however, beyond the reference of several questions to subcommittees and a favorable report on the bill exempting from duty exhibits at the Baltimore Exposition in 1897. The action of the committee was looked upon as significant, indicating that no tariff legislation will be pushed this session. Wilson stated informally that the revenues had shown a promising increase since the woolen schedule went into effect January 1. The resolution by Pence of Colorado asking the Secretary of the Treasury to inform Congress as to the advisability of increasing the beer tax was voted down without division, and an unfavorable report will be made in accordance with the suggestion of Tarsney, that the requested information was fully covered by the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The bill of Money of Mississippi for increasing the beer tax was referred to the subcommittee on internal revenue. Wilson's bill to take off the one-tenth differental on sugar was also referred to a subcommittee. Whiting requested the correction of an error in the tariff law as to hemp carpets. Reed objected with the sarcastic statement that the law was all errors. The proposed correction was then referred to a subcommittee.

BEFORE THE TERRITORIES COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—The Governor of Alaska to-day addressed the House Committee on Territories in support of an appropriation to allow him to appoint a number of Justices of the Peace for the Territory, who shall have power to try certain cases under the law of Oregon, which he wants extended to Alaska. At present there is but one Federal Court in the Territory. The size of the Territory makes it necessary to go thousands of miles to court, and for this reason he wants Justices to decide minor cases, especially liquor complaints.

LIGHTSHIP FOR WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—The House Committee on Commerce to-day decided to favorably report Hermann's bill for a steam lightship and fog signal opposite the Straits of Fuca, Wash., at a place to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, the ship to cost $70,000.

NEW CURRENCY BILL.

Provisions of the One Introduced by Senator McPherson.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—Late this afternoon, out of its regular order, McPherson sought to introduce a financial bill, but owing to the objection being made, he withdrew it, although he was granted permission to have it printed in full in the Record. When McPherson sought to introduce the bill Aldrich asked that it be read at length, but Cockrell, in charge of the deficiency bill, objected, and McPherson, thrusting the proposed bill in his pocket, left the chamber. The bill, which he may again introduce, provides for an issue of 3 per cent bonds for the purpose of carrying into effect the resumption act of 1875, and makes them payable at the pleasure of the government after a period of five years from their date of issue. It also provides for the coinage of the seigniorage now in the treasury to the amount of $55,000,000, that amount to be paid for public expenses as needed. It is expressly stipulated that nothing in the act should be construed to change the law relating to treasury notes now outstanding. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, in lieu of the issue of bonds, to require that one-half of the customs duties shall be paid in gold, gold certificates and United States notes. All national banks are permitted to issue currency up to the par value of the bonds deposited with the government to secure their circulation.

RICH GOLD STRIKES.

Silver Mine at Creede Develops Into a Gold Producer.

CREEDE, Col., January 14.—A big gold strike was made to-day in the New York and Chance mine at this place. Heretofore the mine had been a rich silver producer and enriched the owners several hundred thousand dollars, and now it has developed into a gold producer. The strike was made on the 1,000-foot level. A shipment made today carries fourteen ounces of gold and 400 ounces of silver. Henry Wolcott and Judge E. O. Lefevre of Denver are the principal owners.

NEW STRIKE NEAR SILVER CLIFF.

SILVER CLIFF, Col., January 14.—Great interest prevails here over a new gold strike four miles from town. The rock formation and ore is said by Cripple Creek experts to be identical with that of Bull Hill. The assays made by the best assayers in the State show from $12 to $700 per ton, gold and silver values. The vein is in the Bassick mine belt.

PURITY OF THE BALLOT.

No End of Fraud Discovered in the San Francisco Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 14.—Since the recount began in the Haley-Curry contest over the County Clerkship the disclosure of no one day has equaled the discoveries of fraud made to-day. Proof was produced that votes were stolen in blocks of fifty by the officers who counted the ballots immediately after election. Party lines did not separate the honest election officers from thieves. Officers placed at the polls by each party violated their oaths and committed crimes, and, strange to say, the two bands of thieves stole almost exactly the same number of votes, Haley making a net gain of only one vote during the day.

Adams Repeated His Charges.

COLUMBUS, January 14.—President A. A. Adams of the Ohio miners in a speech to miners at Shawnee reiterated the charge that not a miners' strike had been settled during the past five years in which the settlement was not brought about by corrupt influences. Local labor leaders say that President McBride will have to prove his innocence of the charges made against him by Adams or suffer the consequences.

Baring Liquidation Concluded.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The Evening Post's financial cablegram from London to-day says that the Baring liquidation has been formally and finally concluded. A circular will be issued to-night, thanking the guarantors and relieving them from all further liability.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat Market.

There is no change to report in the local wheat market. Business is quiet and prices as formerly quoted. A large number of ships in port are receiving good dispatch. Only one ship in the harbor is disengaged. The local tonnage report is as follows: Engaged, 20,832 tons; disengaged, 1,334 tons; to arrive, 47,151 tons; total, 48,317 tons; total same time last year, 37,233 tons; same date 1893, 60,588 tons; same date 1892, 77,193 tons. Local export wheat quotations are: Valley, 77½c per cental; Walla Walla 67½@70c per cental.

Produce Market.

FLOUR—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, are quoted at $2.40 per barrel; Golddrop, $2.65; Snowflake, $2.35; Benton county, $2.40; graham, $2.15@2.40; superfine, $2.

OATS—Good white oats are quoted at 25@26c; milling, 27@29c; gray, 25@27c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags, $5.75@6.00; barrels, $6.00@6.25; cases, $3.75.

BARLEY—Feed barley, 63@65c per cental; brewing, 80@85c per cental, according to quality.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, $13.50; shorts, $13.50; chop feed, $15@17; middlings, none in market; chicken wheat, 75c per cental.

HAY—Good, $9@10 per ton.

BUTTER—Firm; fancy creamery is quoted at 25@27½c; fancy dairy, 20@22½c; fair to good, 15@17½c; common, 12½c per pound.

CHEESE—Oregon fair, 8@10c per pound; fancy, 10@12½c; young America, 9@10c; Swiss, imported, 30@32c; domestic, 14@15c.

POTATOES—Quotations wholly nominal.

ONIONS—Good Oregon, 75@90c per cental.

POULTRY—Chickens, $2.50@3.00 per dozen; ducks, $4.00@4.50 geese, $6.00@7.00; turkeys, live, not wanted; dressed, choice, 13c per pound.

FRESH FRUIT—California grapes quoted at 85c@$1 per crate; good Oregon apples bring $1.00@1.25 per box; Jersey cranberries, $14.00; pears, $1.00@1.15 per box; persimmons, $1.25@1.35 per box.

EGGS—Oregon, scarce and firm at 25c per dozen; Eastern, 25c.

TROPICAL FRUIT—California lemons, $5.50@6.50; Sicily, $6.50; bananas, $2.50@3.50 per bunch; Florida oranges, $4.00@4.25 per box; California navels, $3.50 per box; pineapples, Honolulu, $3.00@3.50; sugar loaf, $5. Figs, California black, boxes, quoted at $1.25; sacks, 4@5c; California white, 10-pound boxes, $1.10@1.15; 25-pound boxes, $2.50; sacks, 6@8c; Turkish, boxes, 14@16c; fancy large, 20@21c; bags, 10c.

OREGON VEGETABLES—Cabbage, ¾@1c per pound; squash, 65c per dozen.

CALIFORNIA VEGETABLES—Brussels sprouts, 5@5½c per pound; string beans, 12@13c per pound; green peas, 12@13c per pound; artichokes, $1.25 per dozen; cauliflower, 90c per dozen; sweet potatoes, $1.50@1.75 per cental; cucumbers, 75c per dozen; asparagus, 18c per pound.

NUTS—Almonds, soft shell, 12@14c per pound; paper shell, 16@17c; new crop California walnuts, soft shell, 12½c; standard walnuts, 10½@11c; Ohio chesnuts, new crop, 14@15c; pecans, 13@16c; Brazils, 12½@13c; filberts, 14@15c; peanuts, raw, fancy, 5@7c; roasted, 10c; hickory nuts, 8@10c; coconuts, 90c per dozen.

WOOL—Valley, 7@10c, according to quality; Umpqua, 7@9c; fall clip, 5@6c; Eastern Oregon, 5@7c.

HOPS—Choice, 7c; medium, 4@6c; poor, 2@3c.

PROVISIONS—Eastern hams, medium, 11½@12½c per pound; hams, picnic, 10@11c; breakfast bacon 12@13c; short clear sides, 10@11c; dry salt sides, 9@10c; dried beef hams, 13@14c; lard, compound, in tins, 8½@9½c; lard, pure, in tins, 7½@11½c; pigs' feet, 80s, $3.50; pigs' feet, 40s, $3.25; kits, $1.25.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON.—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, $1.25@1.60; No. 2, talls, $2.25@2.50; fancy, No. 1, flats, $1.75@1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, $1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, $1.90@2.25.

COAL—Steady; domestic, $5.00@7.50 per ton; foreign, $8.50@11.00.

BEANS—Small white, No. 1, 3½c per pound; butter, 3½c; bayou, 3c; Lima, 5c.

SUGAR—D, 4¼c; C, 4⅛c; extra C, 4⅜c; dry granulated, 5⅝c; cube crushed and powdered, 6¼c per pound; ¼c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, ⅛c more than barrels; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1¼-inch, is quoted at 9½c. and Sisal, 6½c per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22@23½c; Rio, 20@22c; Salvador, 21@21½c; Mocha, 26½@28c; Padang Java, 31c; Palembang Java, 26@28c; Lahat Java, 23@25c; Arbuckle's Mokaska and Lion, $22.30 per 100-pound case; Columbia, $21.80 per 100-pound case.

Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, top steers, $2.25@2.35; fair to good steers, $2.00; cows, $1.75@2.00; dressed beef, 3½@4½c per pound.

MUTTON—Gross, best sheep wethers, $1.75; ewes, $1.50@1.55; lambs, 2c per pound; dressed mutton, 3½@4c; lambs, 4c.

VEAL—Dressed, small, 5@6c; large, 3@4c per pound.

HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, $3.75@4.00; light and feeders, $3.75; dressed, 4½c per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

FLOUR—Net cash prices: Family extras, $3.40@3.55 per barrel; bakers' extras, $3.30@3.40; superfine, $2.20@2.55.

WHEAT—The market remains stationary in price, with no great activity in progress. Quotable at 87½c per cental for No. 1 shipping and 88¾c for a choice article. Milling qualities are steady at 92½@97½c per cental; Walla Walla wheat, 75@76½c for fair average quality, 80@85c for blue stem and 70@72½c for damp.

BARLEY—The situation does not show improvement: demand light and prices easy. We quote: Feed, fair to good, 78¾c; choice, 81¼@82½c; brewing, 90@95c per cental.

OATS—Prices are easy at the late reduction. Milling quoted at $1@1.12½; surprise, $1.05@1.15; fancy feed, 97½c@$1.02½; good to choice, 87@95c; poor to fair, 80@87c; black, $1.15@1.30; red, $1.12½@1.17½; gray, 92½c@$1.00 per cental.

HOPS—Quotable at 5@8c per pound.

POTATOES—The market is steady for choice goods. Volunteer new potatoes are quoted at 1½@2c per pound; Early Rose, 35@45c; River Red, 30@35c; Burbanks, 35@50c; Oregon Burbanks, 50@85c; Salinas Burbanks, 75c@$1.00; sweets, 50@75c per cental.

ONIONS—Quotable at 50@70c per cental.

WOOL—Fall—Free Northern, 7@8½c; Northern defective, 5@7c; Southern and San Joaquin, light and free, 5@6c; Southern and San Joaquin, defective, 3@4c.

More Frauds Developed.

SAN FRARANCISCO, January 12.—The recount of the vote for Sheriff developed more frauds to-day, and demonstrated the necessity for the enactment of a law to simplify the counting of ballots. The result of the day's labor was a net of thirty-nine for McNab, making a total gain to date of 251.

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