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OREGON COURIER.

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THE INFANT NEW YEAR

Begins life auspiciously. He has waked up in one of our suberb beds. Father Time has left him to shift for himself and the world looks strange and new to him for the minute, but he'll get along very nicely with such luxurious surroundings. It's just the bedroom suite for 1895; it was picked from our display, the largest and finest, containing all the latest styles, and every suite a special value. There can't be much insomnia this year when such irresistable charms for sleep are provided. There's a charm, too, about our parlor suits and odd pieces, and a double distilled charm about our prices. It's an opportunity to get a parlor set for $19 00.

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The St. Louis Dispensrry has a staff of the best Physicians and Surgeons in the country, all men of experience. A complete set of Surgical instruments on hand. The best Electric Apparatus in the country, both French and American. Their apparatus for analyzing the urine for kidney and bladder diseases, are perfect and the very latest. No difference what doctors have treated you, don't be discouraged, but go and have a talk with them. It costs you nothing for consultation, besides you will be treated kindly. Persons are calling at the St. Louis Dispensary, every day, who have been treated by some advertising quacks of this city and received no benefit. This old dispensary is the only one in the city that can give references among the business men and bankers as to their commercial standing. ☞They positively guarantee to cure any and all Private Diseases in every form and stage without loss of time from your work or business.

Rheumatism Cured by an old German remedy. This remedy was sent to Dr. Kessler a few months ago by a friend attending medical college in Berlin. It has never failed, and we guarantee it.

Kidney and Urinary Complaints. Painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges, carefully treated and permanently cured. Piles, rheumatism and neuralgia treated by our new remedies and cures guaranteed.

Old Sores Ulcers, Cancers, Etc., cured, no difference how long affected.

Private Diseases, These doctors guarantee to cure any case of Syphilis, Gonorhœa, Gleet. Strictures cured no difference how long standing. Spermatorrhœa, Loss of Manhood, or Nightly Emissions, cured permanently. The habit of Self Abuse effectually cured in a short time.

Young Men Your errors and follies of youth can be remedied, and these old doctors will give you wholesome advice and cure you—make you perfectly strong and healthy. You will be amazed at their success in curing SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL LOSSES, NIGHTLY EMISSIONS, and other effects.

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READ THIS.

Take a clean bottle at bedtime and urinate in the bottle, set aside and look at it in the morning, if it is cloudy, or has a cloudy settling in it you have some kidney or bladder disease.

Young Men or Old Suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, loss, Failing Manhood, Physical Excesses, Mental Worry, Stunted Development, or any personal weakness, can be restored to PERFECT HEALTH and the NOBLE VITALITY OF STRONG MEN, the Pride and Power of Nations. We claim by years of practice by our exclusive methods a uniform "Monopoly of Success," in treating all diseases, weaknesses and afflictions of men.

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Heart Disease And Liver Complaint in all forms, cured.

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ROSEBURG MAIL DAILY.

8.30 A. M.	Lv	Portland	Ar 4.30 P. M
9.31 A. M.	Lv	Oregon City	Lv 3.29 P. M
5.00 P. M.	Ar	Roseburg	Lv 7.00 A. M

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4.40 P. M.	Lv	Portland	Ar 8.25 A. M
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Burns, Caked & Inflamed Udders. Piles, Rheumatic Pains, Bruises and Strains, Running Sores, Inflammations, Stiff Joints, Harness & Saddle Sores, Sciatica, Lumbago, Scalds, Blisters, Insect Bites, All Cattle Ailments, All Horse Ailments, All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy. Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

THE undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Brooklyn, N. Y.

REVEALS THE KERNEL

Why Germany Put an Embargo on Our Cattle.

FREIHERR VON HAMMERSTEIN.

Our Correspondent Says It Was to Do Something for the Agrarian Party in the Reichstag—What a High-Tariff Conservative Has to Say.

BERLIN, January 8.—Secretary Gresham's statement as to the American sugar tariff and treaty obligations has been discussed widely since the arrival of the last United States mail. Among the Deputies, as among the editors, the one opinion is that the United States ought not to enforce a discriminating sugar tax against Germany. Many deplored that the American Representatives in Washington regard Germany's prohibition of American cattle as a retaliatory measure. They say it is merely sanitary. To bolster this argument the government published in the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung yesterday a paragraph that Belgium's decree against American cattle showed how justifiable Germany's action was from a sanitary point of view. A press correspondent has interviewed in the last week several conspicuous politicians. Freiherr von Hammerstein, the leading agitator among the high-tariff Conservatives, has this to say:

"I cannot understand why Americans raise such an outcry about German retaliation. There is no such thing, although Germany is justly entitled to retaliate, if so inclined. The American differential duty on German sugar certainly is a sufficient cause for ratalialion, and there can be no doubt of it since Secretary Gresham himself admits that Germany has been unfairly treated by the United States. Germany has been obliged to prohibit imports of American cattle owing to the discovery of Texas fever among them. The existence of the disease was beyond the slightest doubt. Even if Congress had not passed the sugar clause, the prohibition would have been issued and maintained. The question is absolutely independent of the sugar tax."

Finally the agragrian leader admitted that America's treatment of German sugar was perhaps not altogether unwelcome to Von Hammerstein Loxten, Minister of Agriculture, who had now a chance to do something for the agrarians. This admission reveals the kernel of the whole question. The government aims to satisfy as far as possible the agrarians and bring their party back to the ministerial phalanx in Parliament. The report that American beef had been prohibited for the benefit of Australia is erroneous. The German prohibitions cover also imports from Great Britain, through which most Australian meat comes in transit. For the relief of the sugar interests the government has prepared a bill to keep in effect the full bounties, which, according to a recent measure, should be reduced August 1, 1895, and should be abolished August 1, 1897.

LIVING HUMAN DYNAMO.

Wonderful Electrical Powers of a Young Girl in Missouri.

SEDALIA, Mo., January 8.—Jennie Moran is an illiterate country girl living on a small farm eight miles from Sedalia, who appears to possess wonderful electrical powers, which manifested themselves for the first time about six months ago. One of the girl's many wonderful powers is that of illuminating a room by her presence. This she can do or not do, just as she chooses. The most marvelous thing, however, of the feat is that human eyes have not yet been able to see where the light comes from. On entering a dark room it is at once as light as day, if she wills, but when she goes out the light is extinguished. While she is producing the phenomena nobody dares to touch her on penalty of death. She seems to be charged with all the electrical bolts of a live wire. A cat was picked up by the girl while charged and was killed. In fact, she is admitted to be an actual living human dynamo. Even during ordinary times, when she is as near the normal as she ever gets, terrific shocks are experienced by those who take hold of her hands. Henry J. Ashcroft, who was investigating the case, endeavored to undergo the torments of the girl's powers, but at the end of a few seconds was unconscious.

LABOR TROUBLE.

White Men Refuse a Reduction, and Negroes Are Imported.

MARSHFIELD, Or., January 8.—Labor troubles have broken out anew in Coos county, and the termination of the present condition of affairs is a subject now being thoroughly discussed by almost every citizen of this county. Last month the Beaver Hill Coal Company had fifty negroes, some of them with families, imported from West Virginia to operate the mines. The white force on the eve of the arrival of the negroes was reduced in pay to 45 cents per ton, and consequently quit. The arrival of the negroes disclosed the fact that they were very much disappointed and said the company's agent grossly misrepresented the facts. Only a few of them have gone to work, and they are disgusted. A portion of them have started on their return home, and the coal miners at Libby have subscribed a large sum of money to send the women and men, who are in destitute circumstances, back home. A subscription list is also being circulated in Marshfield for that purpose. It is generally reported here to-day that the coal company has dispatched a man to Seattle to bring in another consignment of negroes. The white miners at Libby are paid 75 cents per ton for mining coal.

London Stock Market.

LONDON, January 8.—The review of the year at the Stock Exchange shows that on the whole, with the exception of the values of securities of defaulting South American governments and American railway securities, prices distinctly advanced. The latest prices were generally the highest of the year. During the week the markets were fairly buoyant and active. The Paris settlement caused heavy realizations in the mining market and a consequent decline in values, but the inactivity was unimpaired. Argentine securities were depressed. No rescue of the market for American securities from the existing stagnation is looked for until the currency problem is solved. It is believed, however, that the coming year will show an improvement. Central Pacific declined ¾. Small and fractional declines were made in the others.

ALL INDICATES PEACE.

Both China and Japan Want the War Ended at Once.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 8.—The steamship China arrived to-day from Yokohama, bringing the following Tokio advices up to December 21:

All trustworthy signs now point to a speedy peace. Events have marched with great rapidity in the last two weeks. The Chinese hopes of resistance have broken down, and a formal offer of direct negotiation has been made. Some time ago the Japanese government consented to receive communications tendered by China through the agencies of the American legations in Peking and Tokio, and Ministers Dun and Denby have since served as mediums for conveying the views of the contending parties. Little progress was made until after the capture of Port Arthur, when the Chinese at last appeared to realize the necessity for immediate action, and they declared their readiness to appoint a representative of sufficient rank and to invest him with full powers from the central government. The choice of an appropriate place of meeting remains to be considered. The Chinese have designated one of their own ports, Shanghai, as a desirable rendezvous, but to this Japan will not consent. Considerable time has been lost in discussing the locality, but the movement toward peace is proceeding, however, in apparently good faith on the Chinese side and with sincerity on the Japanese side. The Japanese Ministers are thoroughly aware that the interests of their country would be most worthily served by bringing the war to an end with the least possible delay. The task before them is not an easy one, for the strong and active military class is bent upon further conquest on a large scale and the public feeling is all in favor of inflicting additional punishment on the enemy and dictating inordinate terms of settlement. Until the proper occasion for proclaiming an armistice presents itself the military operations will continue with unabated vigor. Japan will not be tempted to relax her aggressive energy, nor will she be diplomatically maneuvered out of any of the advantages she holds.

General Yamagata has returned from Manchuria, leaving the command of the first army to Lieutenant-General Nodzu, and is now in attendance upon the Emperor at Hiroshima. Although undoubtedly suffering from illness, it is believed that the main purpose of his recall was to secure his influence in restraining the intemperate ardor of the military faction and facilitating the arrangements for an early restoration of peace.

What is known as the strong foreign policy party in Japan commands a majority of votes in the Lower House of the Diet, and are the government's opponents. These men stand in the way of a moderate settlement of the quarrel between their country and China. Their organs advocate nothing less than the absorption of Manchuria, the Liao Tung Peninsula and Formosa into the Japanese Empire and the exaction of a heavy indemnity from China. They talk largely of Japan's rising to the level of her destiny; of her responsibility to build some new edifice of administration on the ruins of the dynasty she is about to pull down, and of the folly of abandoning to Western aggression fruits of her hardly won successes. It is scarcely possible that any terms of peace acceptable by China will satisfy these politicians. But the government will not be guided by them. It will make such compromise as shall vindicate Japan's moderation without sacrificing her titles.

COURTS APPEALED TO.

Kate Chase Sprague Wants to be Protected From Her Creditors.

WASHINGTON, January 8.—Kate Chase Sprague, daughter of the late Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase, whose pecuniary difficulties were recently made public, has brought suit in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia for an injunction to restrain the several persons interested from proceeding with the sale of her personal effects at auction under deeds of trust given by her to secure advances of money. In the complaint filed Mrs. Sprague alleges that she was the victim of usurious practices by the persons from whom she obtained the money. She declares that she does not know how much she received from them, but says that they charge her with having borrowed larger sums than she ever received. Being unable to meet the obligations as they became due, the trustees under the mortgages removed against her protest a portion of the pictures and furniture from her historic home, "Edgewood," to the auction warehouse and advertised them to be sold. She further says that she has been notified that they intend to take the remainder of her effects tomorrow, and it is to prevent such a proceeding that she asks for an injunction. She also prays for an accounting with the holders of notes against her under the direction of the court. Articles covered by the mortgages include family pictures and relics brought from all parts of the world and a marble bust of her father.

THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

British Capital is Said to be Ready to Complete the Work.

NEW ORLEANS, January 8.—Colonel S. C. Braid, late Consul of the United States to Greytown, said yesterday:

"I am informed that a syndicate of British capitalists have agreed with Mr. Bartlett, a member of the Nicaraguan Canal Company, as reorganized, to subscribe large capital, which will enable the company to continue the work of construction, in case Congress should not pass a resolution to foster the work. It is probable that capitalists along the Pacific Coast would subscribe the balance. The task of finishing the Nicaragnan canal is simple, but herculean."

"Suppose that the United States does nothing toward the assistance of the canal company; what will the company do?"

"It will probably be forced at once to take the proffered subscription of the English syndicate, and thus Great Britain would get a hold just as she did in the Suez canal."

The Explorers Traced.

LONDON, January 8.—The Central News Agency's correspondent in Shanghai says that the French explorers, Grenard and Phins, who have been missing some two months, have been traced. Phins was murdered by the Chinese after leaving Li Hassa, the capital of Thibit. Grenard was arrested by a rebel officer, and was started for Peiling. December 10 he passed through Tai Yuen, a province of Shan See.

May Buckingham Dead.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 8.—May Buckingham, 32 years of age, a member of the "Fast Mail" Company, died at the Louisville Hotel yesterday afternoon. Her husband was Harry Buckingham, a burlesque artist, who was burned to death seven weeks ago.

NOW IT IS AUSTRIA

Makes a Formal Protest Against the Sugar Differential.

DISCRIMINATION IS CLAIMED

So Far No Threat of Retaliation Has Accompanied the Protest, But It Will Certainly Follow—Austria Claims We Have Violated Commercial Treaty.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—The tariff war between the United States and Europe reached an acute phase to-day. The first official act of Herr Henglemuller, now Austrian Minister, was the lodgment of a protest against that paragraph in the sugar schedule act which imposes an additional duty of one-tenth of one cent on sugar coming into the United States from countries which pay an export bounty on it. This action was taken to-day. The ground taken by the Minister is similar to that which formed the basis of the protest of Germany—that the additional duty paid discriminates against Austria, and consequently is a violation of the treaty of commerce with that nation. So far no threat of retaliation has accompanied the protest, but in this Minister Henglemuller is but following the example set by the German Minister, and the next step will undoubtedly be in the same direction. The United States is already at odds with Cuba, Germany and Austria over the sugar duty, and in the case of France there are already indications of the adoption of a retaliatory policy in the imposition of restrictions upon our meat trade and the importation of American wheat and flour. This subject was under consideration by the Cabinet to-day, and as far as can be gathered the outcome, if Congress fails to come to the relief of the executive by the removal of the duty which is supposed to cause the trouble, then resort must be had to retaliation, which will either open European countries to our exports or close our own ports to all European products.

IN DARKEST CHICAGO.

Murderers of Officer Douglas Captured in a Tough Locality.

CHICAGO, January 7.—Betrayed by one of their pals, the murderers of Officer Edward Douglas last night were captured by thirty policemen raiding their hiding place, a dilapidated house on South Green street, several miles from the scene of the murder. The men who killed Douglas are Billy Roach and John Carey, members of the gang of the Market-[illegible] with William McCormick hiding in a bedroom, having retreated when the officers in plain clothes took possession of all the exits, the street and the house. The watch and wedding ring, which were stolen from the residence of August Lindville a few minutes prior to the murder, were found in the room and a revolver with two empty chambers. The murderers drew their pistols on the officers who entered the room, but were quickly seized while covered with revolvers. A crowd of toughs swarmed around the police on the sidewalk while the exciting raid was in progress, and attempted a rescue when the prisoners appeared, but the display of armed men kept them at bay.

THOSE CONSPIRACY CHARGES.

The Counsel Arguing the Case Against Debs and Others.

CHICAGO, January 7.—A motion to quash the indictments for conspiracy against Debs and the other directors of the American Railway Union and sixty others came up before Judge Grosscup to-day. There are twenty indictments. The lawyers were informed that they must elect on what indictments to argue the case. The omnibus indictment, which includes all of the defendants, and which is for interfering with the mails only, and another indictment covering the crippling of interstate commerce were chosen. On motion of the prosecuting counsel the indictments against several of the men were quashed. The lawyer for the defense contended in his opening that all the indictments should be quashed because the word "feloniously" did not appear in any of them, because they had a right to combine and because they were not specific enough.

CANADIAN CATTLE.

The Minister of Agriculture Thinks Them Free From Disease.

OTTAWA, Ont., January 7.—The Minister of Agriculture was interviewed today in reference to the quarantine by Belgium of Canadian cattle. He said he was confident there had been a mistake. He thought there would be no difficulty in proving that the animals complained of, which were supposed to have been shipped from Quebec on the steamer Hispanhia, were free from pleuro-pneumonia. Sir Charles Tupper, he said, had ordered the lungs of the cattle complained of to be immediately forwarded to the French expert, Sacard, at Paris, who will make a thorough examination.

No Sign of Trouble.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., January 7.—There was not the slightest sign of trouble in the vicinity of Carnegie's steel works today. This morning a conference was held between the manager and the striking shearmen and a settlement reached, and the likelihood now of any strike of large proportions is removed. At Braddock everything is quiet. The strikers have called a meeting for to-day, at which action will be taken on the ultimatum of the Carnegie Company. The latter has engaged men to take the places of strikers, and a number of colored men were at work this morning in the ore yards, which the strikers have deserted. About 200 foundrymen were thrown out to-day on account of lack of materials.

Profitable Mexican Road.

COATZACOALCOS, January 7.—The business of the National Tehuantepec railroad is increasing rapidly, and the Federal government has found it profitable. There will be several important feeders constructed the present year. It is announced that the government has rejected the proposition of C. P. Huntington to buy the Tehuantepec road.

Superintendents of Stations.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—The President to-day issued an order extending the civil service regulations to all Superintendents of stations in postoffices in the United States. The order takes effect immediately on its promulgation. There as 12s of these offices in the United States.

CONTEST AFTER ALL.

California Republicans to Appeal to the Legislature.

SACRAMENTO, January 7.—Governor-elect Budd and several members of the Legislature are already in the city. Senator Seawell received a dispatch from San Francisco stating that the executive committee of the Republican committee had ignored the legal committee recently appointed, and will ask the Legislature to pass a bill to prevent the Speaker of the Assembly from canvassing the returns for Governor. This dispatch was shown Mr. Budd at the Sutter Club, and when asked about it he said:

"It is the most infamous attempt to defraud the people of their votes that was ever heard of. It is the first time in the history of our country that a retroactive law has been specially proposed to place in the hands of partisans the unseating of a man already elected. If this law can be changed, in the future any law can likewise be altered by any political party for like purposes. It strikes at the very foundation of our political system and endangers the stability of our government. It is an insult to the people and especially an affront to the legislators, who will undoubtedly use their own judgment under their oaths and treat the matter with the contempt it deserves. That I am elected appears by the returns in the Secretary of State's office, which have by him been certified to Governor Markham. This is the only record required by law to be kept. I shall certainly qualify next week as Governor and assume the duties of the office."

TO SETTLE OLD SCORES.

Guatemala Wishes to Form a League to Coerce Mexico.

MEXICO, January 7.—The expected arrival of Ministers from Honduras and Salvador and the possible nomination of Ministers from Nicaragua and Costa Rica have put a new light on the Guatemala-Mexican boundary negotiations. The evident object is to support Guatemala and bring force to make Mexico back down. All appearances are that Guatemala is making efforts to form a Central American league against Mexico for the settlement of old scores. The Guatemalan Minister, it is alleged, telegraphed after his official reception that the response of Diaz was applauded, contrary to diplomatic precedent, and that he used threatening language and prejudged a question of high importance to all Central America. The Minister is evidently not pleasing to his chief, for it is alleged that Barrios requested that he pursue a more conciliatory course. The policy of Mariscal and Diaz is noted as forbearing; but, unless the envoy takes a different tack, affairs may become so strained that his recall will follow.

DECISION FAR-REACHING.

Long Pending Ancient Order of United Workmen Case Decided.

DUBUQUE, Ia., January 7.—Judge Husted handed down a decision in the noted Ancient Order of United Workmen case to-day. Years ago, when yellow fever was raging in the South, the demands on the treasury of the order became so great as to nearly bankrupt it. A large number of Iowa members refused to pay the assessment, and have been doing business on their own account ever since. They incorporated to meet the conditions imposed upon life insurance companies. Others sought to do business under the Supreme Lodge, and have been designated "loyal," while the seeders have been known as "rebels." The suit decided was to restrain the "loyals" from doing business in this State under the name of American Order of United Workmen, and the decision is far-reaching.

APPEAL FOR AID.

Letter Describing the Misery Prevalent in Newfoundland.

LONDON, January 7.—Canon Hurst, formerly the Newfoundland agent of the Colonial Church Society, has written to the newspapers, inclosing a letter from Dr. Blot, government inspector of schools in Newfoundland, describing the misery prevalent in the colony. Dr. Blot said:

"The fire of 1892, from which we still were suffering, was a slight disaster in comparison with the present one. Then we had ready help. Now we seem to stand alone. Some will say, 'The disaster is of your own making and you must bear it alone.' This is only true of those who brought the trouble. Who foresaw the crash, and who grabbed all the gold and silver?"

Dr. Blot appeals for aid, and Canon Hurst offers to receive donations.

No Further Tariff Legislation.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Senators Cockrell, Gorman and Jones, Democrats, and Allison, Republican, held an informal meeting to-day to discuss the prospects for correcting the present tariff law by amendments to the urgency deficiency bill. After the conference it was stated no attempt would be made to make corrections. It is understood Allison rather guardedly expressed the opinion that the Republicans would not look with favor upon the amendment scheme. The Democrats who attended the conference gave it as their opinion that there would be no effort made to pass any tariff at this session.

Held Responsible.

LONDON, January 7.—The Standard's Athens correspondent says that Zekki Pasha, who is the military commander at Erzingian, has been held largely responsible for the massacres in Armenia. An exiled personage in Yanina, Turkey, declares that Zekki Pasha, long President of the Military Court in Yanina, instigated a massacre of Christians there. The populace hated him, owing to his cruelties. He once exiled to Asia a number of honorable and innocent Christians, members of some of the best families in the city.

Custom-House Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Charges of political assessments and of partisan removals in the San Francisco custom-house have been under consideration by the Civil Service Commission for some time through correspondence with the Collector and others at San Francisco. The commission has determined to make a thorough investigation, and an agent will be sent to conduct an inquiry at the custom-house probably within a month.

Naval Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—It is practically settled that the naval appropriation bill as reported to the House will contain provisions for two and possibly three battle ships at a cost of about $4,000,000 each.

Money for an Oregonian.

WASHINGTON, January 7.—Senator Mitchell to-day had passed the bill giving Peter Grant Stewart of Gervais, Or., $7,500 for land taken for a military reservation in Pacific county.

BLUEFIELDS CASE

Great International Question Has Been Settled.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT

Great Britain Has Finally Recognized the Paramount Sovereignty of the Nicaraguan Government Over Mosquito Territory.

WASHINGTON, January 5.—The President sent to the Senate to-day a full report of the Bluefields affair. It shows that the administration has practically succeeded in settling one of the most annoying international questions that has perplexed this government for fifty years. The controversy resulted from the efforts of the United States to open a shorter sea route to California through Nicaragua. Great Britain, however, maintained a protectorate over the east coast of Nicaragua, and from 1850 until now the United States and Great Britain have not ceased their contentions over the Mosquito Territory, but, as shown in the report, the Mosquitos have finally been completely incorporated under Nicaraguan sovereignty, and Great Britain has absolutely surrendered all claims and recognized the "paramount sovereignty of the government of Nicaragua."

Sherman reported the Lodge resolution requesting the President to transmit to the Senate all papers relating to the delivery by the United States Consul at Shanghai of two Japanese citizens to the Chinese authorities, and to inform the Senate whether these two Japanese were put to death after being tortured. The resolution was agreed to.

A number of bills were then introduced, among them being one to amend the laws relating to national banks and to supply a safe and permanent national currency.

OBJECT OF CHARITY.

The Widow of a French General and a Descendant of Royalty.

NEW YORK, January 5.—Marquise Nathilde de Greville, widow of General de Greville, who, as a member of staff, was killed in Mexico in the Franco-Mexican war, died in abject poverty in her comfortless apartments, 1330 Franklin avenue, Sunday, and was buried yesterday in St. Raymond's cemetery in Westchester. The expense of her funeral was borne by Miss Julia Cooper, niece of the late Peter Cooper. Mme. de Greville has been more or less dependent for five years upon Miss Cooper and her friends. The mother of the deceased woman was a direct descendant of Louis XVI. and her father of a royal Belgian family, one of the sons of which at one time was chief advisor to the King of Belgium. Mme. de Greville was born in London 74 years ago, and when 14 was presented at the French court, where she met her husband. After the death of her husband, who was decorated for bravery on the field by Napoleon III., Mme. Greville settled in Cuba, where she lived on the little money left her by her husband. Fifteen years ago she came to this city, and for five years she and her daughter, who is 45 years of age, have endeavored to support themselves by curling feathers, but the mother's failing health made it impossible. The daughter has among a number of relics of Napoleon III. a piece of his court coat.

BIG SALE.

An Arizona Irrigation Company's Property Under the Hammer.

PHOENIX, Ariz., January 5.—To-day was sold by the receiver, under order of the court, the property of the Gila Bend Irrigation and Reservoir Company, the successor of the Peoria Canal Company and Arizona Construction Company, a kindred association. The entire property was bid in by C. Crowley of Los Angeles, a member of the firm that did the greater portion of the construction work on the canal, to whom was due over $100,000. The property brought $185,600, to which must be added $125,000 in receivers' certificates. The sale is a final one, succeeding a long course of litigation, and is without the right of redemption. It is worth at the least calculation $1,500,000, embracing a great dam on the Gila river, thirty miles below Phoenix, forty miles of main canal, capable of irrigating 30,000 acres, and thirty miles of laterals. The canal cost more than $1,000,000. The capital was mainly furnished by Greenhut and other members of the Whisky Trust at Peoria, Ill., who to-day allowed a forfeiture of all their rights. The new owners are now forming a company, and will soon take charge of the canal, which is full of water and in perfect shape.

Sensation in Arizona.

PHOENIX, January 5.—The United States grand jury is investigating the alleged unlawful use of interpreter funds, and to-day Governor Hughes, ex-Governor Murphy, ex-Governor Zulick, ex-Auditor Boone, Auditor Leitch, United States Marshal Meade, Territorial Secretary Bruce and Attorney-General Henry appeared before the jury. It was charged that Governor Hughes' former private secretary, Armstrong, had received money from the interpreter funds, but had returned it to Governor Hughes. Armstrong is here from St. Louis, and denies the story. The instigators of the investigation are said to be Bruce, Henry and Meade. The case has created great excitement here.

Another Paper Road.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 7.—The Sierra Valley Railroad Company was incorporated to-day. The object of the company is to build a railroad from Reno, Nev., through Washoe county, Nev., to the summit of Beckwith Pass in Lassen county, Cal., and thence to the town of Quincy, Plumas county, Cal. The directors are I. M. Platt, Joseph Elder, John Slittie, Fletcher F. Rier and William S. Kittle. The capital stock is $1,500,000, of which $100,000 has been subscribed. Platt has subscribed for $80,000.

No Checks Paid to Bearer.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 5.—For several months numerous attempts have been made to defraud the commercial banks of this city by presenting forged checks made payable "to bearer." Most of the spurious checks have been for small amounts. The banks have now made a rule which will lessen the forgers' chances of success. Hereafter no money will be paid on checks made payable "to bearer," and in the case of checks made payable "to order" there must be a regular indorsement and those who present them must be fully identified.

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Early Dissolution Expected.

BERLIN, January 4.—Socialist member of the Reichstag, Zubil, at a mass meeting last evening said he thought an early dissolution of the Reichstag certain through the rejection of the bills providing for the construction of new ironclads and the increase of the strength of the army and the institution of various reforms in the imposition of taxes.

Russian Ministerial Scandal.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 4.—The retirement of M. Krivoschein, Minister of Ways and Communications, is in consequence of his connection with contracts for railroad ties, the material for which was obtained from the estate of Krivoschein. When the Minister of Finance discovered this scandal M. Krivoschein was requested to resign.

Anti-Trust Law.

AUSTIN, Tex., January 4.—It is reported here on what is regarded as good authority that Governor Mitchell of Florida has revoked the executive writ issued by him on the requisition of Governor Hogg of Texas for the extradition of Henry M. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil directors, who was indicted at Waco, Tex., for conspiracy under the anti-trust law of Texas.

Partial Victory.

BOSTON, January 4.—The American Bell Telephone won a partial victory when the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to-day in a writ of error brought by the telephone company against the Western Union Telegraph Company et al. ordered that the decree of the United States Circuit Court be reversed and the case remanded for further proceedings.

Rich Strike in Oil.

FLORENCE, Col., January 4.—The richest strike ever made in the Florence oil field has