

# RECORD

VOL. XII.

OREGON CITY, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1894.

NO. 32.

**CITY LIBRARY**

KITCHEN FURNITURE,  
POTS AND PANS,  
KETTLES AND CANS.

In fact, everything in the line of Kitchen Utensils should be purchased at Bellomy & Busch's store. It's as certain as hot weather in summer that you'll get A goods by doing so, and will not have to buy the same article two or three times before getting as much service as you would expect from the first purchase. Although we have high quality ware our prices are always at hand, and this fact makes every article purchased from us a case double value.

**BELLOMY & BUSCH, OREGON CITY.**

**15 YEARS IN OREGON.**  
THE OLD ST. LOUIS  
Medical and Surgical Dispensary.

This is the oldest Private Medical Dispensary in the city of Portland, the first Medical Dispensary ever started in this city. Dr. Kessler, the reliable specialist, has been the general manager of this institution for twelve years, during which time thousands of cases have been cured, and no poor man or woman was ever refused treatment because they had no money. The St. Louis Dispensary has thousands of dollars in money and property, and is able financially to make its work good.

The St. Louis Dispensary has a staff of the best Physicians and Surgeons in the country, all men of experience. A complete set of surgical instruments on hand. The best Electric Apparatus in the country, both French and American. Their apparatus for analyzing the urine for kidney and bladder diseases, are perfect and the very latest. No difference what doctors have treated you, don't be discouraged, but go and have a talk with them. It costs you nothing for consultation, besides you will be treated kindly. Persons calling at the St. Louis Dispensary, every day, who have been treated by some advertising quacks of this city and received no benefit. This old dispensary is the only one in the city that give references among the business men and bankers as to their commercial standing. They positively guarantee to cure any and all Private Diseases in every form and stage without loss of time from your work or business.

**Rheumatism** Cured by an old German method. This remedy was sent to Dr. Kessler a few months ago by a friend attending medical school in Berlin. It has never failed, and we guarantee it.

**Kidney and Urinary Complaints.** Painful, difficult, too frequent, milky, bloody urine, unnatural discharges, carefully treated and permanent relief. Rheumatism and neuralgia treated by our new method and cured guaranteed.

**Old Sores.** Ulcers, Chancres, etc., cured, no matter how long standing. Home treatment and cure guaranteed.

**Private Diseases.** Enteric colic, any case of dysentery, Cholera, Typhoid, etc., treated with our new method and cured guaranteed.

**Young Men.** All cases of Gonorrhea, Syphilis, etc., cured, no matter how long standing. Home treatment and cure guaranteed.

**Female Diseases.** In all forms, Irregularity, Leucorrhoea, etc., treated with our new method and cured guaranteed.

**Tapeworms.** (Symptoms which can be seen at their office, and in 10 to 15 days removed.)

**CATARH and PILES.** Catarrh or Piles. Don't be afraid to try because so many remedies have failed. Treated with our own remedies.

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203 1/2 YAMHILL STREET, COR. SECOND, PORTLAND, OREGON.

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The Shasta Route  
of the  
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.

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6:15 P. M. Lv Portland Ar 8:20 A. M. Astoria  
7:15 P. M. Lv Oregon City Ar 9:30 A. M. Astoria  
8:15 P. M. Lv Astoria Ar 10:30 A. M. Portland  
The above trains stop at all stations from Portland to Albany including, Tugnot, Shedd, Halsey, Harbinger, Junction City, Irving, Elsie and all stations from Kentucky to Ashland inclusive.

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6:30 A. M. Lv Portland Ar 4:30 P. M. Roseburg  
8:30 P. M. Lv Roseburg Ar 7:00 A. M. Portland

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PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS

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Attached to all Through Trains.  
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Between PORTLAND and CORVALLIS  
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11:30 P. M. Lv Corvallis Ar 1:30 P. M. Portland

Albany and Corvallis connect with train of Oregon Pacific Railroad.  
Express Train Daily (Except Sunday):  
6:40 P. M. Lv Portland Ar 12:20 A. M. Astoria  
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L. B. MOORE, Agent, Oregon City  
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**WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY.**  
Standard of the "Unabridged."  
The U. S. Gov't. Print. Office, the U. S. Supreme Court and of nearly all the State Legislatures, State Departments, and of the Schools and other institutions almost without number.

A College President writes: "For one with which you eye finds the word sought, for accuracy of definition, for effective methods in defining pronunciation, for terse yet comprehensive statements of facts, and for practical use as a working dictionary, Webster's International exceeds any other single volume."  
The One Great Standard Authority.  
Rev. D. J. Brewer, Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, writes: "The International Dictionary is the perfection of dictionaries. I commend it to all as a great standard authority."  
"A saving of three cents per day for a year will provide more than enough money to purchase a copy of the International. Can you afford to be without it?"  
G. & C. MERILLAN CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

## NICARAGUA CANAL

**Morgan Makes His Plea for It in the Upper House.**

**SENATOR MITCHELL STANDS IN**

The Alabama Senator Says That Action Must be Taken at the Present Session or the Canal Would be Abandoned to Its Fate.

WASHINGTON, December 12.—Harris, President pro tem, called the Senate to order to-day in the absence of Vice-President Stevenson, who had not returned from Asheville, N. C. Call presented a resolution setting forth that the independence of the island of Cuba is an object of great importance to the United States and requesting the President to commence negotiations with Spain for the recognition of the independence of the island and for the guarantee by the United States of the payment of such a sum of money as shall be agreed upon between the United States and Spain. The resolution went over till to-morrow.

At 2 o'clock the whole matter went over and the Senate on motion of Morgan took up the Nicaragua Canal bill. The bill was read at length, and Morgan began his remarks by making a statement of the national and international aspect of the subject, upon which the Senate and House will agree. Careful calculations, he asserted, showed that the canal would yield a remunerative profit, so that it was a necessity that it would be one of the greatest enterprises which the United States; that it would be operated, and that there was nothing to render impossible the concessions made to the canal company. He then turned to the citizens of the United States, finishing his general statement, the Senator devoted some time to the discussion of the Nicaragua Canal, through which it is proposed to build the canal and its advantages over the route compared with that of the Panama Canal route, and asserted that such improvement could be given to commerce the construction of this necessary complement to the Suez Canal. The route is feasible, the engineering work easy, and there will be no extraordinary expenditure of any place on the whole route. Morgan quoted from the report of Chief Engineer Menocal, who estimates that the canal will cost \$48,000,000, and said he thought the expenditure of the \$40,000,000 already spent had demonstrated that the actual cost would be even lower than that estimated by Mr. Menocal. The House of Congress practically agreed that the cost of the canal would be about \$70,000,000. Morgan concluded:

The manner of raising the money is a matter that should not be allowed to affect its construction. The canal must be built under the fostering care of some government. We must not now or abandon the canal to its fate.

At the conclusion of Morgan's speech Mitchell of Oregon briefly expressed his hearty approval of the canal, and said he thought there was no great difference among the people regarding the propriety of the work of construction.

**ABOUT A LITTLE WORD.**  
Negroes Wish to be Admitted to Labor Organizations.  
PHILADELPHIA, December 10.—A vigorous effort will be made by leading colored men at the labor conference to be held in Denver this week to have the word "white" stricken from the constitution of the labor organizations. To-day's issue of the Christian Recorder, the organ of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, contains an open letter to John Burns, who has been invited to address the conference, for the purpose of attending the conference, to propose the cause of the colored men in the fight for equal rights. The letter says in part:

**To CONSUMPTIVES**  
An undersized having been restored for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send free of charge a copy of the prescription used, which will help a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all those lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is available. Those desiring the prescription, which will help them, and may prove a blessing, will please write to:  
Rev. Edward A. Wilson, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## IN TILLMAN'S DEFENSE.

**COBLENTZ' STEAL**

**How the Warden Managed to Rob the State of Money.**

**TWO TRUSTEES ACCESSORIES**

Dusenberry, the Embossing Payroll Banker, and Woodlake, the Embossing Northern Pacific Timekeeper, Were His Confederates in the Crime.

WALLA WALLA, December 11.—The scheme by which Warden Coblenz robbed the State of at least \$15,000 during the past year has been given as follows: Dusenberry, the embossing payroll banker, and Woodlake, the embossing Northern Pacific timekeeper, were his confederates in the crime. Coblenz, the warden, had a list of names of those who had been employed by the State during the past year, and he had a list of names of those who had been employed by the State during the past year. He had a list of names of those who had been employed by the State during the past year, and he had a list of names of those who had been employed by the State during the past year.

**NO FURTHER PROSECUTION.**

**ANOTHER HOLD-UP.**

**LANDS FORFEITED.**

**DUNRAVEN'S CONDITIONS.**

**BRAND THE CLAIM AS FALSE.**

**CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 11.—**One of the old results of the World's Fair is the claim now made to awards by some of the exhibitors. Officials of the Exposition have not as yet taken final action in the matter, believing the quick wit of the people will detect the spurious claims. Not to the case of a New York baking powder, that has been widely advertised as an award, the attention of the Chief of Awards of the Agriculture, has been directed. He brands the claim of this pretender as false, declaring "Neither the records of the World's Fair nor the official catalogue of the World's Columbian Exposition, show that this New York Company was an exhibitor; consequently it could not receive an award at the World's Fair."

Those who fairly won their honors at the Fair seem disposed to treat this fraud as any other fraud should be treated. The Rice Baking Powder Company of Chicago, having received the highest award, say they are convinced their claims, and those of all other holders of rights, should be fully vindicated by the public.

## FOREIGNERS IN PEKING.

**SHIPPERS' RIGHTS**

**Annual Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.**

**VARIOUS SUBJECTS TREATED**

It Declares in Favor of a Single Classification of Commodities for the Whole Country—Congress Can Prescribe Rules Regulating Commerce.

**PORTLAND MARKETS.**

**Wheat Market.**

**Produce Market.**

**Stocks.**

**Grain.**

**Flour.**

**Meat.**

**Butter.**

**Eggs.**

**Vegetables.**

**Fruit.**

**Oil.**

**Sugar.**

**Coffee.**

**Tea.**

**Spices.**

**Wool.**

**Iron.**

**Steel.**

**Coal.**

**Lumber.**

**Timber.**

**Bricks.**

**Blocks.**

**Plaster.**

**Cement.**

**Paint.**

**Oil.**

**Gas.**

**Electricity.**

**Water.**

**Gas.**

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WASHINGTON, December 9.—The eighth annual report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which was sent to Congress yesterday, ranges through a variety of subjects, opening with that of court decisions, noting the case of Brinson and others. The Supreme Court held that Congress may employ any appropriate means to accomplish the object of the law granted to it by the constitution, and that Congress has plenary power to prescribe the rules regulating interstate commerce; that provisions of the 12th section of the act to regulate commerce, requiring the courts to see their process in aid of inquiries before the commission, are constitutional and valid; that in proceeding to complete the attendance and testimony of witnesses before the commission or to compel the production of books, papers and documents, it is not necessary under the constitution a Federal court may order cognizance, the failure to obey an order of the court requiring the giving of such testimony or the production of documents before the commission is properly punishable as contempt of court.

Regarding criminal and civil procedure under the law of the commission, calling attention to the Department of Justice, the report says that it is the duty of shippers, railway managers and citizens generally to assist the government in running down violations of the statutes in cases of fraud and extortion. Transportation should not be regarded as a part of the private business of shippers. It should be viewed as an agency of the government in the public interest. It recommends that the carrying corporations be made indictable and subject to fine for violation of the act. The report also contains a state report on the work of the commission and discusses the long and short-hand clause. Due observance of that clause, it says, will encourage legitimate and retard illegitimate competition in the carrying trade.

Speaking of the classification of freights the commission refers to the progress of the act in the past, it says, it is the duty of shippers, railway managers and citizens generally to assist the government in running down violations of the statutes in cases of fraud and extortion. Transportation should not be regarded as a part of the private business of shippers. It should be viewed as an agency of the government in the public interest. It recommends that the carrying corporations be made indictable and subject to fine for violation of the act. The report also contains a state report on the work of the commission and discusses the long and short-hand clause. Due observance of that clause, it says, will encourage legitimate and retard illegitimate competition in the carrying trade.

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