The Courier.

Oregon City, May 18, 1894.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Congressman, 1st District,
J. K. WEATHERFORD of Linn.

For Governor,
W. S. GALLOWAY of Yamhill.

For Secretary of State,
CHARLES NICKELL of Jackson.

For Treasurer,
THOS. L. DAVIDSON of Marion.

For Supreme Judge,
A. S. BENNETT of Wasco.

For Attorney General,
W. H. HOLMES of Marion.

For School Superintendent,
D. V. S. REED of Lane.

For State Printer,
JOHN O'BRIEN of Multnomah.

For Attorney, 5th Judicial District,
E. F. DRIGGS of Clackamas.

Member Equalization Board, 5th Dist.,
W. B. ADAIR of Clatsop.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Senator,
JAMES THORNE.

For Joint Senator,
E. RUSSELL of Clackamas.

For Representatives,
DR. W. E. CARLL,
MARTIN ROBBINS,
JOSIAH MARTIN.

For County Judge,
J. S. RISLEY.

For County Commissioner,
GEO. J. CURRIN.

For Sheriff,
C. W. GANONG.

For Clerk,
W. B. STAFFORD.

For Recorder,
A. W. SHIPLEY.

For Treasurer,
A. J. WASHBURN.

For Assessor,
S. R. GREEN.

For School Superintendent,
C. Y. DRAPER.

For Surveyor,
FRED HESSE.

For Justice, District No. 4,
W. A. HEDGES.

For Constable, District No. 4,
E. T. FIELDS.

THE 19 "armies" of "industrials" on the march to Washington, number all told about 9000 men, slightly less than the several hundred thousand which, excited telegraph operators told us, would swarm into the capital city.

CANADIAN live stock breeders put their competitors in the United States to shame at the Columbian international exhibition. Out of $2000 in prizes for Ayrshire cattle, Canada took $1885 and the United States only $150. The Yanks can take lessons in stock raising from the Kanucks.

A BOW occurred at the Baptist convention in Dallas, Texas, between the A. P. A. preachers and the the friends of Governor Northern, who appointed Pat Walsh, a Catholic, to the U. S. senate. The anti-Jewish crusade in Russia may find its imitation here against Catholics.

A LAW was passed in Minnesota requiring dealers in bogus butter to color their stuff pink. The supreme court of that state declares the law constitutional, and the dairy commissioner will enforce it. The legislature should pass such a law for the protection of Oregon dairymen and the butter-eaters.

IN 1890 the Kansas State Board of Agriculture secured statements from a great number of farmers relating to the cost of the wheat crop, and these statements, including taxes, interest, insurance and hauling to market, make the cost a fraction over 50 cents a bushel. In Australia, it is claimed, wheat cannot be raised for less than 58 cents a bushel, where it is now selling at that price.

THE general appropriation bill of the legislature of 1893 amounted to $1,490,000, a large part of which was unconstitutional. The thieves attached the "steals" to the appropriation bill for necessary state expenses, and thus secured the governor's signature. Governor Pennoyer should have vetoed steals in every guise or form. In 1878, when the legislature was democratic, the amount of the general appropriation bill was only $398,000.

IF the voters of Clackamas county would signify their disapproval of the gigantic steals of the last legislature, which was republican, they will, on the 4th day of June, defeat the republican candidates for the legislature. The republican party of Oregon is as rotten now as it was in 1893. Its organ, the *Oregonian*, is fulsome in its praise of Boss Joe Simon, candidate for the state senate in Multnomah, than whom there isn't a more unscrupulous or more corrupt politician west of the Rocky Mountains.

ACCORDING to government statistics, in 1890, manufacturing interests, protected and unprotected, represented a capital of $8,000,000,000, and the farming interests $16,000,000. It is of interest, therefore, to note that the total value of farm procucts in 1890 was but $2,400,000,000, while that of manufacturers was $9,054,000,000. This disproportion is excessive and speaks volumes against the special legislation which has been made for the manufacturer at the expense of the farmer. The profits of the former may not be what he would like to have them, but they are vastly larger than those of the farmer, and the manufacturer can no longer ask the farmer to "protect" him. Our "infant" industries have long since acquired the strength of maturity, and for them to be rolling up wealth at the expense of the farmer, while he is toiling for profits that pay so small a percentage upon his investment and his labor, is a monstrous iniquity.

THE Minneapolis *Journal* says that Congressman Breckenridge, smirched with Miss Pollard by the scandalous trial, "is not a model by any means, but a good many people who are throwing paving stones at him now, will be just as sick as he is when the recording angel runs her finger up and down the alphabet to find their names." That's so. Distinguished Oregon statesmen might be found in comparison with whom the personal history of Breckenridge is the biography of Virtue itself.

THE Salem *Journal* and Governor Pennoyer are at swords' points. It accuses him, among many other transgressions, of "leaving from $300,000 to $500,000 of state taxes outstanding in Portland banks drawing interest for the bankers, when it should have been in the state treasury to pay warrants that were being discounted. It is true that when the state's money was shut up in the Portland banks, state warrants were being discounted in Salem 5 per cent. The question is, was that the fault of the governor or of the state treasurer?

SINCE millions an millions of hard cash are locked up in the banks, waiting for the subsidence of popular agitation and dispersion of Coxey armies, and the passage of the tariff bill, it would be wise if Governor Pennoyer, instead of advocating the printing of a pile of paper money, on the ground that what ails us is the lack of money in circulation, advised his hearers to buy a lot of dynamite and blow the ded gasted banks open, scatter the hard cash and put it in circulation. Then, presto change, money would be plenty all at once. This revolutionary proceeding would be as safe, financially, as launching out on the uncertain sea of paper-money inflation.

NOT all of the western farmers are complaining that they must be going to ruin because they do not get as much for their wheat now as they did 20 years ago. R. R. Lambert of Rush City, Minn., has recently published a letter which shows that he has reached a different conclusion. He tells his brother farmers that the question is not so much what wheat brings as what the wheat crop will buy. When "dollar wheat" was the rule, in the '70s, he could buy only 8 pounds of sugar with a bushel, while now he can get 12. A hundred-weight of nails required 6 bushels of wheat 20 years ago; now it can be got for 4. It used to take 120 bushels to pay the cost of a mowing machine, while now it requires only 75. Mr. Lambert declares his firm conviction that the farmers of Minnesota get as many things with a bushel of wheat at 50 cents as they formerly did when the selling price was $1. He regards it as impossible that there shall be a return to the old figures for wheat, for the same reason that prices of other things will never again be so high as they once were, because the aim of civilization is to furnish all articles at the minimum price.

TREASURY statistics show that there was a slight increase for the month in the total volume of money in circulation. The total circulation on May 1 amounted to $1,691,793,990, an increase of a little over $1,000,000 as compared with April 1. As compared with a year ago there was an increase of a little over $92,700,000. The increase for the month were $1,792,777 in gold coin, $4,550,000 in currency certificates, $858,716 in silver certificates and $1,965,707 in national bank-note circulation, while the decreases comprised legal tender notes to the amount of $6,147,668, standard silver dollars amounting to $870,174, subsidiary silver to the value of $462,975, silver treasury notes amounting to $290,741 and gold certificates to the amount of $316,460. The per capita circulation amounted to $24.82, which represents a decrease of 3 cents for the month, but an increase of 85 cents as compared with the corresponding date of last year. The receipts of the government for the first nine months of the fiscal year, which ends July 31st, were $223,000,000, and expenditures $278,500,000, indicating an approximate deficiency in revenue below expenditure for the year of $73,000,000.

BOTH abroad and at home the money reserves in banking centers are phenomenally large and constantly increasing. While there is no way of knowing exactly the reserve in Chicago banks, says the *Saturday Record*, the most conservative estimate places it above 50 per cent. That is to say, half of the money in the keeping of the banks is lying in the vaults drawing no revenue. The glut of funds is the more apparent because private lenders have been forced to compete with banks for the privilege of placing money where it would bring some sort of income. The rate on long-term loans in Eastern business centers has been reduced to 4 per cent, while call loans have been made at 2 per cent. Business men whose paper is good are asking no favors, because they are carrying little stock and extend few favors to their country customers; the merchants in small towns are buying nothing but staples and country capital in Clackamas county as well as in every other section has found its way in'o the city banks. The result of this money congestion is singularly like the condition that attends a money famine. Business paralysis follows in either case, but the cure is widely different and much easier to effect when money is plenty.

Judge Hubbard on "Kelly's Tramps" and General Weaver on "The Commonweal Crusade," with a dozen or more photographic snap-shots at Kelly's Army in camp, will command thousands of new readers for the June *Midland Monthly*. After the recent newspaper discussion of General Jones' war record, Maud Meredith's *Midland* sketch of the General, with portraits, will be read with keenest interest. Henry Wallace has a fine sketch on "The Scotch-Irish in America," very timely in view of the near approach of the National Congress of Scotch-Irish in Des Moines.

Twenty Years A Teacher.

CAMBELLSVILLE, KY.,—I have been a teacher for twenty years, and during that time have had repeated attacks of headache. Now I am entirely free from them after using Simmons Liver Regulator. It was so mild in its action that it never interfered with school duties.—E. A. Cheek.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Asking Governor Pennoyer Questions.

A communication signed "Farmer" in Wednesday's *Oregonian* cathechises our governor thus wise:

There is no desire upon our part to be impertinent, but in all candor would like to know how it is that you can at one and at the same time be a populist and the recipient of a protective tariff? In your business you receive, as a manufacturer of lumber, a benefit through the tariff of $2 for each 1000 feet, of which sum you rebate not one penny to the overtaxed consumer. How is it that as a populist, good and true, you are opposed to all nefarious trusts, and as a business man you could ever be a prominent member of a lumber combine? Also how it is that as a populist, opposed to unjust taxation and illegal over-feeing of public officials, you can and do, as a public official, accept from the hands of a notoriously corrupt legislature, the last one, an "additional emolument" to your salary of $500 per annum in payment for the hitherto unheard-of duty of "extra labor and worry, etc.," as well as many other fees and perquisites which swells your salary to more than double the limit set by the constitution of this state, and to a sum far any away in excess of any amount ever received by any previous governor of this state, some of whom have not acquired fame for their Spartan courage for refusing to accept "what the gods send them?" We do not understand (though it perhaps, and no doubt is, perfectly right) how it is that you as a populist, can be so bitterly opposed to the issuance of passes by the railways to any one not an employe of the railways, and at the same time be the regular and unfailing recipient of such passes, and use them year in and year out to ride about on as a deadhead at the expense of the railway corporations, to make speeches condemning their use by others. These are some of the things about your methods as a populist, a successful politician and a business man, which we do not understand; to us it seems that you must be a populist in theory only, for your business methods if pursued by another would forever class him as a "robber baron," an "oppressor of the poor," a "deadhead," not so honorable as the tramp who risks his life, and frequently pays it, for his ride upon the breakbeam. * * * What shall we as a protected monopolist, a tax-lodger, a salary-grabber and ostensibly a populist, say to the unprotected, other kind of a populist, in such a case as this? These are things that puzzle our small brains. We, like you, would know how to use a pass, or pocket "the additional emoluments" paid for "extra worry," but how to explain our actions when out canvassing among the people finds us at fault. What should the farmer do in a case of this sort? Shall we find it perfectly safe to get out of the meeting by way of the front door after a discussion of these and kindred evils? And if so, what lack of spirit on the part of his American manhood, what benumbing influence upon his common sense is it which will prevent the farmer from arising in his righteous wrath and indignation and ducking us in the horse pond for our glaring and dishonest duplicity?

When Harvey Scott Was a Free Trader.

On October 7th, 1886, the following editorial from the pen of Harvey W. Scott appeared in the *Oregonian* under the caption of "Protection Does not Help the Farmer:"

Ezra Meeker of Puyallup, W. T. a man for whose judgment we have the highest respect, thinks that it is possible to cure the agricultural stagnation of the times by legislation. A higher and more general protection is, in general terms, the plan proposed in his letter printed in Monday's *Oregonian*. Perhaps an application of protection would help out the particular industry, that of making sugar from beets which Mr. Meeker employs as an illustration, but we cannot believe that agriculture, generally speaking, has anything to gain from protection. And for this reason that protection advances the cost of nearly everything the farmer has to buy and adds not a mill to the price of what he has to sell. Protection, by keeping up an artificial price for iron and articles made in whole or in part of iron, adds a large per cent to the cost of farm machinery. Every article, from a garden rake to a threshing machine, is the dearer for protection. The freight rate on machinery from the place of manufacture to the field (a large item in a remote country like our own) is greater for protection, because protection adds to the cost of railroads. The same circumstance adds to the freight rate on farm products from the field to the place of market. Protection adds to the cost of clothing worn by the farmer, to the furniture in his house, to much of the food on his table and to the books he reads. Protection makes the farmer pay an artificial price on the wire that binds his sheaves and the bags that hold his harvest. On the other hand, protection does not advance the price of any product he has to sell. Protection may help iron men, furniture men and sugar growers, but it does not help the farmer, certainly not the farmer of Oregon and Washington, who must buy in a protected market 3000 miles away and sell in a free market 15,000 miles away.

CANBY ITEMS.

Miss L. Heart is lying very low with the consumption. She cannot live but a few days.

J. M. Nolin and wife are going east of the mountains.

The city council has let the contract for building the city jail to J. Redmen.

Mrs. Mands is having her house painted and a well dug on her place.

Mrs. Bates has bought two places of S. Mathews, and has the lumber on the ground to build a house, one story, 14x21 feet. J. Jerry has the contract.

Born to the wife of G. Whipple, a girl.

Sam Cox is on the sick list.

D. R. Dimick, who has been sick for some time, is going east of the mountains for his health, and his wife will spend some time at his mother's on Freeman prairie. J. Smith will take care of his livery stable.

H. A. Lee is building a house 18x36 on his property near town.

S. Norton has moved to Canby.

The political pot is boiling.

The Christian church gave a benefit oyster supper at Evan's hall on May 16th.

Crops do not look well; there has been too much rain and cold weather.

Camp meeting begins June 27th. F. Miers is fixing up the grounds.

J. Wolgamott will plant but four acres of melons this year as the season is not very favorable.

J. Hodges has bought a new buggy and harness.

Mrs. Gurley is lying very sick at her daughter's near Hubbard. D. H. Gurley came over from east of the mountains to see his mother. George Gurley is sick with pneumonia.

There were five baptisms last Wednesday.

THEY WANT NAMES.—The Russel Art Publishing Co., of 928 Arch street, Philadelphia, desire the names and address of a few people in every town who are interested in works of art, and to secure them they offer to send *free*, "Cupid Guides the Boat," a superbly executed water color picture, size 10x13 inches, suitable for framing, and 16 other pictures about same size, *in colors*, to any one sending them *at once* the names and address of 10 persons (admirers of fine pictures) together with six two-cent stamps to cover expense of mailing, etc. The regular price of these pictures is $1.00, but they can all be secured free by any person forwarding the names and stamps *promptly*. Note—The editor of this paper has already received copies of above pictures and considers them really "Gems of Art."

THE CANVASS.

The democratic candidates will address the voters of Clackamas county in the order indicated as follows:

Barlow	Friday, May 11th, 7:30
Canby	Saturday, 12th, 7:30
Clackamas	Monday, 14th, 1:30
Milwaukie	Monday, 14th, 7:30
Oswego	Tuesday, 15th, 7:30
Needy	Wednesday, 16th, 7:30
Marquam	Thursday, 17th, 1:30
Sola Springs	Thursday, 17th, 7:30
Upper Molalla	Friday, 18th, 1:30
Lower Molalla	Friday, 18th, 7:30
Milk Creek	Saturday, 19th, 1:30
Beaver Creek	Saturday, 19th, 7:30
Viola	Monday, 21st, 1:30
Hardings	Monday, 21st, 7:30
Damascus	Tuesday, 22d, 7:30
Sandy	Wednesday, 23d, 7:30
Eagle Creek	Thursday, 24th, 7:30
Garfield	Friday, 25th, 1:30
Springwater	Friday, 25th, 7:30
Highland	Saturday, 26th, 7:30
New Era	Monday, 28th, 1:30
Park Place	Monday, 28th, 7:30
Pleasant Hill	Tuesday, 29th, 7:30
Wilsonville	Wednesday, 30th, 7:30
Oregon City	Friday, June 1st, 7:30
Oswego	Saturday, 2d, 7:30

S. R. GREEN,
Chairman C. C. Committee.
J. C. Mehan, Secretary.

It will be to the interest of the taxpayers of Clackamas county to vote for A. J. Washburn for county treasurer.

FOR SALE.

Eighty acres of fine farm land, mostly bottom, on Woodcock creek, Clackamas county, two miles from Meadow Brook postoffice. Three acres cleared, 12 acres slashed; good house 20x30. Price $800, of which $500 must be paid down, balance two years' time. For further particulars call at COURIER office or address me at Vancouver, Wash.

MRS. ANNA TAYLOR.

A lady at Tooleys, La., was very sick with bilious colic when M. C. Tisler, a prominent merchant of the town, gave her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. He says she was well in 40 minutes after taking the first dose. For sale by G. A. Harding, druggist.

Dr. S. F. Scott, Blue Right, Harrison Co., Mo., says: "For whooping cough Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is excellent." By using it freely the disease is deprived of all dangerous consequences. There is no danger in giving the Remedy to babies, as it contains nothing injurious. 50 cent bottles for sale by G. A. Harding, druggist.

Under the Knife

Of the surgeon there is no more acute suffering than people endure every day with rheumatism. Distorted and withered limbs mark its ravages everywhere. Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy for Rheumatism has a remarkable record of cures—not only relieving the pain, but restoring all the functions of the crippled limbs. There is no reason for any one to suffer longer, when this wonderful remedy affords such certain relief. If your druggist has not got it, write to the Drummond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

If King Solomon was alive he would now say: "Go to the traveling man, learn his ways, and be wise." Mr. C. W. Battell, a Cincinnati traveling man, representing the Queen City Printing Ink Co., after suffering intensely for two or three days with lameness of the shoulder resulting from rheumatism, completely cured it with two applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This remedy is gaining a wide reputation for its prompt cures of rheumatism, lame back, sprains, swellings, and lameness. 50 cent bottles for sale by G. A. Harding, druggist.

"The flowers that bloom in the Spring" are not more vigorous than are those persons who purify their blood with Ayers's Sarsaparilla. The fabled Elixer Vitæ could scarc ly impart greater vivacity to the countenance than this wonderful medicine.

If ever a man feels like "a poor worm of the dust," it is when he suffers from that tired feeling. Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes this discouraging physical condition and imparts the thrill of new life and energy to every nerve, tissue, muscle, and fibre of the whole body.

Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
OREGON CITY, Or., May 9, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the approved plat of survey of township 5 south, range 4 east, has been received from the surveyor general of Oregon, and on June 21st, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day, said plat will be filed in this office, and the land therein embraced will be subject to entry on and after said date.

ROBERT A. MILLER, Register.
PETER PAQUET, Receiver.

CLUBBING RATES.

The Cincinnati *Weekly Enquirer* and the OREGON COURIER, both one year to cash in advance subscribers for only $2.50. The *Enquirer* is a 16-page paper whose regular price is $1 per year.

The San Francisco *Weekly Bulletin* and the COURIER for $3 to cash in advance subscribers. The *Daily Bulletin* and COURIER one year for $5, cash in advance. The *Daily Bulletin's* regular price is $6 per annum.

Weekly Examiner and the COURIER one year, cash in advance, $3.10. *Daily Examiner* and COURIER, cash in advance, $8.30.

Weekly San Francisco *Chronicle* and the COURIER, cash in advance, one year, $3.10.

It will be to the interest of the taxpayers of Clackamas county to vote for A. J. Washburn for county treasurer.

If the care of the hair were made a part of a lady's education, we should not see so many gray heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

H. C. Stevens, Plaintiff,
vs.
H. M. Foote, Birdie Foote, Earl Foote, Hazel Foote and Neita Foote, minor heirs of Vina M. Foote, deceased, Defendants.

State of Oregon,
County of Clackamas. } ss

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, bearing date the 7th day of May, 1894, in a suit wherein the above named were plaintiffs and defendants, commanding me, in the name of the state of Oregon, that out of the real estate hereinafter described, to realize a sum sufficient to satisfy the demands of said decree, to-wit: $553.77, and $50 attorney's fee, and accrued costs of $15.20, together with interest on the same since said decree was entered at eight per cent per annum and also the costs of and attending this sale. Now, therefore, in obedience to such decree, I did, on the 7th day of May 1894, duly levy upon, and will, on Saturday, the 16th day of June, 1894, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in said county, offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, all of the right, title and interest the said defendants had in and to the following described real property, to wit: Lot 6 of block 151 of Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon.

Dated this 18th day of May, A. D. 1894.

C. W. GANONG,
Sheriff of Clackamas county, Oregon.

Democratic State Platform.

The following is the platform adopted at the democratic state convention:

The representatives of the democratic party in convention assembled make the following declaration of principles and measures as their platform in the present campaign:

We declare our steadfast adhesion to the fundamental maxim of the democracy, viz: "Government by the people, honestly and economically administered, for the greatest good of the greatest number." We charge upon the republican party and its reckless legislation all the evils from which the people are now suffering, and assert that the low prices of farm products, no employment of labor, general depression in business and stagnation of industry, are the results of the unjust and burdensome taxes, high protective tariff system, and other class legislation of the republican party, of which the demonetization of silver in 1873 and the contraction of our currency are instances.

We believe that all taxation should be equal and just, that unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation, and that the wealth of a nation should bear its just proportion of the burdens of the national government, and that we are in favor of an income tax.

We favor the calling of a constitutional convention, to submit to voters of the state a constitution embodying among other things what is known as the initiative and referendum.

We again declare our faith in and advocacy of the imperishable principles of the democratic party as reaffirmed by the Chicago platform.

We have an abiding faith and implicit confidence in the integrity, good faith and patriotism of President Cleveland, and believe that he will accomplish, so far as in his power, before the close of his term of office, all the pledges of the democratic party contained in the national platform adopted at Chicago in 1892.

We endorse the repeal by congress of the odious federal election law, and indorse its efforts in behalf of tariff reform and to bring about a more prosperous condition of affairs.

We favor the speedy construction of the Nicaragua canal by the government and under government supervision and control.

We reaffirm the position that has ever been maintained by the democratic party, that gold and silver are equally the people's money. We are opposed to all measures of discrimination against silver, and demand free coinage to supply the demands of business, and that all money issued by the government be made a legal tender for all debts, both public and private.

We believe that the pension roll should be one of honor, and we favor liberal pensions to soldiers disabled in the service of our country.

We are in favor of the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

We denounce the act of the last legislature whereby was repealed what is known as "The Mortgage Tax Law," and we demand its reenactment at the next session.

We demand that all property shall be assessed at its true cash value, and that there shall be deductions only for indebtedness which has a corresponding taxable credit.

We demand the enactment and enforcement of more stringent laws for the protection of the salmon and sturgeon fishing industry, and the abolition of all fishtraps, seines and wheels, and favor more extensive artificial propagation.

We are in favor of liberal appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and the adoption of such measures as will tend most speedily to the opening of the Columbia river.

We are opposed to Chinese and all pauper immigration.

We favor a change in the law regulating the adoption of school text books which will invite healthy competition and prevent too frequent changes in the same.

We are in favor of laws for the protection of depositors in banks.

We are in favor of the abolishment of railroad and all other unnecessary commissions.

We favor fixed salaries for all public officers and the abolishment of the fee system, and are opposed to an officer receiving more than his constitutional salary.

We condemn as infamous the attempt of the last legislature to tamper with the purity of our elections by so amending the Australian ballot law as to take from it all its beneficent provisions, and we earnestly oppose any change or modification of said law.

We declare ourselves in sympathy with the just decision of Judge Caldwell, regarding the rights of labor in the recent controversy between the Union Pacific Railroad Company and its employes.

We arraign the last legislature for its waste of the people's money by extravagant and reckless appropriations, and hold the republican party of the state responsible for the shameless and vicious legislation of that body, and we call upon the honest voters of the state to relieve the commonwealth of this incubus upon its industry and prosperity by taking the reins of power from the hands of such incompetent and unworthy servants. The people cannot hope for immunity from corrupt appropriations of public money so long as the party in power is controlled by the combination of spoilsmen which has and will control the republican party of this state.

For Over Fifty Years.

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the World. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE UNDER EXECUTION

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

The State of Oregon, Plaintiff,
vs.
The Heirs of John Gray deceased, Dan J. Jones and any one interested in the estate of said John Gray, deceased, Defendants.

State of Oregon,
County of Clackamas. } ss

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the State of Oregon for the County of Clackamas, bearing date the 1st day of May, 1894, in a suit wherein the State of Oregon was plaintiff and the above named were defendants, commanding me, in the name of the state of Oregon, to sell the real estate hereinafter described, and which said lands are escheated to the State of Oregon, and will be sold on the following terms to wit: One half cash on the day of sale; the remainder to be paid in two yearly installments, purchaser to execute a note and mortgage bearing 8 per cent. interest to the State Board of School Land Commissioners to secure the deferred payments. Therefore, in obedience to the decree aforesaid, I did, on the 14th day of May, 1894, duly levy upon, and will on Saturday, the 16th day of June, 1894, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in said county, offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest and best bidder, on the terms aforesaid, all of the right, title and interest the said defendants had in and to the following described real property, to wit: NW. ¼ of SE. ¼ of Sec 16, T 4 S., R. 2 E. of the Willamette Meridian, Clackamas county, Oregon.

Dated this 18th day of May, A. D 1894.

C. W. GANONG,
Sheriff of Clackamas County, Oregon.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I, THE UNdersigned, have been, by order of the county court of Clackamas county, Oregon, duly appointed executor of the will and estate of H. C. Ringo, deceased! All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them duly verified to me at Clarks, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated May 15, 1894.

ROBERT L. RINGO,
Executor of the Will and Estate of H. C. Ringo, deceased.
G. E. HAYES & GEO. I. STORY,
Attorneys for Estate.

CITY TREASURER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are sufficient funds on hand to pay all warrants on the General Fund endorsed prior to December 6, 1892.

Interest ceases with the date of this notice.

R. L. HOLMAN,
May 10, 1894. City Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE balance of the assessment for the improvement of Main street has been ordered paid by the City Council of Oregon City and that if the same is not paid by June 15, 1894, a warrant will be issued for the collection of the same.

May 2, 1894. L. L. PORTER,
Recorder of Oregon City, Oregon.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing.

It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BALD HEADS!

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

is what you need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of scientific research. Knowledge of the diseases of the hair and scalp led to the discovery of how to treat them. "Skookum" contains neither minerals nor oils. It is not a Dye, but a delightfully cooling and refreshing Tonic. By stimulating the follicles, *it stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald heads.*

☞ Keep the scalp clean, healthy, and free from irritating eruptions, by the use of *Skookum Skin Soap*. It destroys *parasitic insects, which feed on and destroy the hair.*

If your druggist cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward prepaid, on receipt of price, Grower, $1.00 per bottle; 6 for $5.00. Soap, 50c. per jar; 6 for $2.50.

TRADE MARK Registered.

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO.,
57 South Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

HAIR DEATH

instantly removes and forever destroys objectionable hair, whether upon the hands, face, arms or neck, without discoloration or injury to the most delicate skin. It was for fifty years the secret formula of Erasmus Wilson, acknowledged by physicians as the highest authority and the most eminent dermatologist and hair specialist that ever lived. During his private practice of a lifetime among the nobility and aristocracy of Europe he prescribed this recipe. Price, $1 by mail, securely packed. *Correspondence confidential.* Sole Agents for America. Address

The Skookum Root Hair Grower Co.,
Dept. R, 57 South Fifth Avenue, New York.

To CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease **Consumption**, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for **Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis** and all throat and lung **Maladies**. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the Hon. J. W. Meldrum, county judge of Clackamas county, Oregon, as administrator of the estate of Isaac Frost, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same properly verified to me in Oregon City, Oregon, within six months from this date.

HIRAM STRAIGHT, Administrator aforesaid.
C. D. & D. C. LAYOURETTE, Attorneys.
Dated April 13, 1894.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

Mary E. Winston, Plaintiff,
vs.
L. J. Fletcher, Defendant.

STATE OF OREGON,
County of Clackamas. } ss

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, bearing date the 7th day of May, 1894, in a suit wherein Mary E. Winston was plaintiff and L. J. Fletcher was defendant, commanding me, in the name of the state of Oregon, that out of the real estate hereinafter described, to realize a sum sufficient to satisfy the demands of said decree, to-wit: $100, together with interest on the same since the 9th day of August, 1890, at 10 per cent. per annum, $50 attorney's fee, and also the accrued costs of and attending this sale. Now, therefore, in obedience to such decree, I will, on Saturday, the 9th day of June, 1894, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in said county, offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, all of the right, title and interest the said defendants had in and to the following described real property, to-wit: Beginning at a point 16.03 chains south of the northeast corner of donation land claim No. 58, in sections 28 and 29 of township 3 south, range 1 east of the Willamette meridian; thence west 27.85 chains; thence south 10.78 chains; thence east 27.85 chains; thence north 10.78 chains to the place of beginning, containing 30 acres more or less, in Clackamas county, Oregon.

Dated this 11th day of May, A. D. 1894.

C. W. GANONG,
Sheriff of Clackamas County, Oregon.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

A. Ketchton, Plaintiff,
vs.
Antionette Lewis and W. J. W. McCord, Defendants.

STATE OF OREGON,
County of Clackamas. } ss

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, bearing date the 7th day of May, 1894, in a suit wherein A. Ketchton was plaintiff and Antionette Lewis and W. J. W. McCord were defendants, commanding me, in the name of the state of Oregon, that out of the real estate hereinafter described, to realize a sum sufficient to satisfy the demands of said decree, to wit: $1230, together with interest on the same since April 20th, 1893, at 10 per cent. per annum, and also the costs of and attending this sale. Now, therefore, in obedience to such decree, I will, on Saturday, the 9th day of June, 1894, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the courthouse in said county, offer for sale at public auction, and sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, all of the right, title and interest the said defendants had in and to the following described real property, to wit: The north half of the following described premises, beginning at a point 2.70 chains east of the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section 24 and running thence south 24.21 chains; thence west 29.12 chains; thence south 32.50 chains; thence west 18.90 chains; thence north 55.50 chains; thence north 22° 15' west 48 chains; thence east 57.75 chains; thence south 19.79 chains to the place of beginning, containing 314.71 acres, being the north half of the D. L. C. of James Brown and wife, in T. 3 S., R. 3 E. of W. M., in Clackamas county, Oregon.

Dated this 11th day of May, A. D. 1894.

C. W. GANONG,
Sheriff of Clackamas County, Or.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned, assignee of the estate of Schuyler Rue, an insolvent debtor, will sell at public auction, at the east door of the county courth use, in the city of Oregon City, in Clackamas county, state of Oregon, on Saturday, the 26 day of June, 1894, at 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, to the highest bidder for U. S. gold coin, to be paid at the time of sale, the following described real property and premises belonging to said estate, to-wit: The southwest quarter (¼) of the northwest quarter (¼) and the west one-half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26) in township two (2) south, range four (4) east of the Willamette meridian, certificate No. 2548, application No. 5289, and containing 160 acres of land, more or less, situate in Clackamas county, Oregon, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. Said above described premises will be sold as aforesaid, subject to the balance due on a certain mortgage against the same, the said balance of said mortgage being about one thousand ($1000) dollars.

J. F. T. B. BRENTANO,
Assignee of the Estate of Schuyler Rue, an Insolvent Debtor. Dated April 18, 1894.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE UNDER FORECLOSURE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

H. C. Stevens, Plaintiff,
vs.
J. W. Thomas, R. R. Thomas, A. W. Ocobock, and Thomas Charman and F. R. Charman, copartners as Thomas Charman & Son, Defendants.

STATE OF OREGON,
County of Clackamas. } ss

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1894, in a suit wherein H. C. Stevens was plaintiff and J. W. Thomas, R. R. Thomas, A. W. Ocobock, and Thomas Charman and F. R. Charman, copartners as Thomas Charman & Son, were defendants, commanding me, in the name of the state of Oregon, that out of the real estate hereinafter described, to realize a sum sufficient to satisfy the demands of said decree, to-w