## TEXT OF NEW TREATY

The Terms of the Instrument Negotiated By

WHEREAS, The two governments desire to co-operate in prohibiting such emigration and to strengthen in other ways the bonds of friendship between

the two countries; and,
WHEREAS, The two governments are desirous of adopting reciprocal measures for the better protection of citizens or subjects of each within the jurisdiction of the other; now, therefore, the Presi-dent of the United States has appointed Walter Q. Greshum, Secretary of State of the United States, as his plenipotentiary, and his Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of China, has appointed Yang Yu, an officer of the second rank, sub-Director of the Court of Sacrificial Worhip and Engoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, and said plenipo-tentiaries having exhibited their respective full powers, found to be in due form good form, have agreed upon the

following articles: following articles:
Article I—The high contracting parties agree that for a period of ten years, beginning with the date of exchange or ratification of this convention, the coming, except under conditions hereinafter specified, of Chinese laborers shall be

solutely prohibited. Article II-The preceding article shall not apply to the return to the United States of any registered Chinese laborer who has a lawful wife, child or parent in the United States, or property therein of the value of \$1,000, or debts of like amount due him and pending settlement; nevertheless every such Chinese laborer shall before leaving the United States deposit as a condition of his return with ector of customs of the district from which he departs a full description in writing of his family or property debts as aforesaid, and shall be furnished by said Collector with such certificates of his right to return under this treaty as the laws of the United States shall hereafter prescribe and not inconsistent with the written description aforesaid be proved to be false, the right of return thereunder or of continued residence after such return in each case shall be forfeited, and such right of return to the United States shall be exercised within Patrick's cathedral. Acting Russian United States shall be exercised within one year from the date of leaving the one year from the date of leaving the United States, but such right of return to the United States may be extended an additional period not exceeding one bined wealth of the four bridesmaids an additional period not exceeding one year. In cases where by reason of sick-ness or other cause of disability beyond his control such Chinese laborer shall be rendered unable sooner to return—which facts shall be fully reported to the Chinese Consul at the port of departure and by him certified to the satisfaction of the Rome. Collector of port at which such Chinese subject shall land in the United States, and no such Chinese laborer shall be permitted to enter the United States by and or sea without producing to the proper officer of customs the return cer-tificate herein required.

Article III—The provisions of this convention shall not affect the right at present enjoyed by Chinese subjects being officials, teachers, students, mer-chants or travelers for curiosity or pleasure, but not laborers, of coming to the United States and residing therein. To entitle such Chinese subjects as are above described to admission into the United States they may produce a certificate from their government or the government where they last resided, vised by the diplomatic or Consular representative of the United States in the country or not where they derect

Article IV-In pursuance of Article Article IV—In pursuance of Article III of the immigration treaty between the United States and China, signed at Peking on the 17th day of November. 1880, it is hereby understood and agreed that Chinese laborers, or Chinese of any other class, either permanently or temporarily residing in the United States, shall have for the protection of their persons and property all the rights that are given by the laws of the United States, and the control of the III of the II of the II of the III of the II of th shall have for the protection of their persons and property all the rights that are given by the laws of the United States to citizens of the most favored nations, excepting the right to become citizens, and the government of the United States reaffirms its obligations,

as stated in said Article III, to exert all its power to secure protection to persons and property of all Chinese subjects in the United States.

Article V—The government of the United States having by act of Congress, approved May 5, 1892, as amended by the act approved May 5, 1893, required all Chinese laborers lawfully within the limits of the United States before the

Additional Appropriations Needed for

the United States Courts. Washington,-Acting Secretary Curtis of the Treasury Department has sent to the House a communication from the Attorney-General calling attention to the immediate necessity of additional appropriations for the fiscal year of 1894 for the expenses of United States Courts

50,000 275,000 United States Marshals, the Attorneyeneral says, are fearful the Judges wil ljourn the courts unless money is furnished for jurors and witnesses. He also says there is not a district where a United States Court is held that is not in need of money for the support of United States prisoners. The jailers are needy men. They supply their own money for food for prisoners and evaluations. men. They supply their own money food for prisoners and guards in protect-ing them, and they ought to be paid

Brazilian Rebels Retreating. RIO DE JANEIRO.—A reporter of the Associated Press has taken great pains

Grover Cleveland's Reasons for Disapproval.

the game is worth the candle.

Following is the full text of the treaty:
Whereas, On the 17th day of November, A. D. 1880, and of Kwangsii, the sixth year, tenth moon, fifteenth day, a treaty was concluded between the United States and China for the purpose of regulating, limiting or suspending the coming of Chinese laborers to and their residence in the United States; and Whereas. The government of China,

Whereas, The government of China, Wierras, The government of China, in view of the antagonism and much deprecated and serious disorders to which the presence of Chinese laborers has given rise in certain parts of the United States, desires to prohibit the emigration of such laborers from China to the United States; and,

Wierras The two governments devices the conventions of this sort.

Treaty arises like a bugbear to confront and abroad. The wheels of domestic industry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty arises like a bugbear to confront dustry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty arises like a bugbear to confront dustry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty arises like a bugbear to confront dustry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty arises like a bugbear to confront dustry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty arises like a bugbear to confront dustry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty arises like a bugbear to confront dustry have been slowly set in motification and the treaty again started in our direction. Our recovery being so well under way, nothing should be done to check our convalest with these projects untrammeled by any conventions of this sort. reduce us to a lower stage of financial distress than that from which we are just emerging. I believe that if the bill under consideration should become a law it would be regarded as a retrogression from the financial intentions indulged by our recent repeal of the provision forcing silver bullion purchases; that it would weaken, if it did not destroy the returning faith and confidence.

Considering the present intrinsic relation between gold and silver, the maintenance of a parity between the two on the state of a parity between the two of and silver certificates to an equal amount substituted. I am convinced this scheme is ill-advised and dangerous of such parity in the estimation and confidence of the people who use our money in daily transaction. Manifestly a maintenance of this parity can only be accomplished, so far as it is affected by these treasury notes and in the estimation of the holders of the same, by giving such holders on their redemption in coin either gold or silver, which they prefer. It follows that while in terms the law leaves the choice of coin to be a parity between the two metals. If both gold and silver are to serve us as money, and if they to seek the notes will be deared for gold redemption, or to be gether are to supply to our people a safe, stable currency, the exercise of this discretion; if opposed in the platforms of both political parties and in our federal statutes. If is now here more emphatically recognized than in the recent law which repealed the

which I deem relevant to the subject, it remains for me to submit a specific statement of my objections to the bill now under consideration. This bill consists of two sections, excluding the one which merely appropriates a sum sufficient to carry the act into effect.

The first section provides for the immediate coinage of the silver bullion in the treasury, which represents the so-called gain or seigniorage which would arise from coining all the bullion on hand, which gain or seigniorage this sections declares to be \$55,156,681. It directs the money so coined, or certificates issued thereon, shall be used in payment of public expenditures, and provides that if the needs of the treasury demand it the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, issue silver certificates in excess of such coinsige, not exceeding the amount of the seigniorage in said section authorized to be coined.

The Forms of the Instrument Section 1999 and Congress of the Part of the 2009 and the product of the part of the 2009 and the product of the part of the 2009 and the 2009 and the part of the 2009 and the 2009

present perplexities and embarrassperson the Segretary of the Segretary upon him the execution of a law so uncertain and confused. I am not willing, however, to rest my objection to this section solely on these grounds. In my judgment, sound finance does not commend a further infusion of silver into our currency at this time, unaccompanied by a further adequate provision for the maintenance in our treasury of a safe gold reserve. safe gold reserve.

OTHER REASONS FOR DISAPPROVAL. that it would weaken, if it did not destroy, the returning faith and confidence in our sound financial tendencies, and that in consequence our progress to remed business health would be unfortunately checked and a return to our recent distressing plight scriously threatened.

MAINTAINED ONLY BY CONFIDENCE.

Considering the present intrinsic relation between gold and silver, the maintenance of a parity between the two metals, as mentioned in this law, can metals, as mentioned in this law, can section I shall, however, assume that under its provisions the treasury notes issued in payment for silver bullion will practically in paym

session of the Oregon

RAILROAD DEAL

PRESCOTT, A. T .- Articles of incorpo-In stating the other and more important reasons for my disapproval of this section I shall, however, assume that

PORT TOWNSEND.—At a meeting of the government regarding the matter, re-uget Sound Board of Health Frank A. sulted in the letter above mentioned.

### NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Herbert's suggestion to give the name of historic Kearsarge to the next battle ship of the navy is received everywhere with marked approval. Great Northern to Take Pos-

Senator Morgan, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, says he will move soon to take the Chinese treaty up. From conferences with other Senators he is satisfied it will be ratified.

briation of \$3,325 to reimburse the Bishop of the Greek Church of Alaska. This money was voluntarily contributed in 1891 to the church by its members on St. Paul Island, Alaska, and had been placed in the hands of an agent of the North American Commercial Company for transportation to San Francisco, where it was to be delivered to the Bishop. In view of the fact that the Bishop. In view of the fact that the Bishop. In view of the fact that the money should be redistributed to the original donors, and it was expended in furnishing the people necessary supplies, Subsequently a demand was made by the Russian consistory at San Francisco on the Commercial Company for the money, and this, supplemented by some diplomatic correspondence between the Russian Minister and the United States government regarding the matter, resulted in the letter above mentioned.

Behring Sea affairs absorbed the attention of the Cabinet the other day, and at the end of the meeting active steps had been commenced looking to the protection of fur seals and the appropriation of the Cabinet the other day, and at the end of the meeting active steps had been commenced looking to the protection of fur seals and the appropriation of the Cabinet the other day, and at the end of the meeting active steps had been commenced looking to the protection of fur seals and the appropriation of the Cabinet the other day, and at the end of the meeting active steps had been commenced looking to the protection of fur seals and the appropriation of the Cabinet the other day, and at the end of the meeting active steps had been commenced looking to the protection of fur seals and the appropriation facilities, worth much more for agricultural seven where the suited in the letter above mentioned.

Behring Sea affairs absorbed the attention of the Cabinet the other day, and at the end of the meeting active steps had been commenced looking to the protection of fur seals and the appropriation facilities, worth much more for agricultural secient ment does not expect to a

And the property record of the control of the contr

# AGRICULTURAL WORLD

The Rapid Advance in Scientific Husbandry.

while the established to \$38,770,611. In additional tension of the countries and harding the contains items aggregating \$3,300,000 for contract work on rivers and harding for the next fiscal year is nearly loved by their more enterprising neighbors. The total amount available therefore for the next fiscal year is nearly ployed by their more enterprising neighbors, often ostracized by them merely because they farm by rule and not in accordance with the phases of the moon or signs of the zodiac, who with less natural advantages perhaps are better rewarded for their labors. Such has been warded for their labors. Such has been the agricultural improvement noticeable

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which you mild laxa-

tive, and

neys. Try it. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea-

\*\*EVERY PACKAGE 60

Has the Z Stamp in red on wrappe

PORTLAND MARKET. WHEAT-Valley, 85c; Walla Walls, 75

HAY-Good, \$10@12 per ton.

HAY—Good, \$10@12 per ton.

DAINY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 27½
@30c; fancy dairy, 22½@25c; fair to
good, 15@17½c; common, 11@12c per
pound; California, 30@43c per roll.

CHERSE — Oregon, ——c; Young
America, 12@15c; California flat, 14¼@
15½c; Swiss; imported, 30@32c; domeetic, 16@18c per pound.

EGGS—Oregon, 10c per dozen.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, quoted at
about \$3.00 per dozen; ducks, \$4.00@

California lettuce, 25c per dosen; Orego, 2.75 per crate, \$1.00 per dosen; anifower, \$2.75 per crate, \$1.00 per dosen; apparagus, 15@17\(\frac{1}{2}\)c per pound; apparagus, 15\(\text{@17}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)c per pound; peas, 10\(\text{@11}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)c.

Faurra—California fancy lemons, \$3.50 \(\frac{2}{2}\)c common, \$2.50\(\text{@3}\).00; bananas, \$4.75\(\text{@2}\).50 per bunch; Honolulu, \$3.00\(\text{@3}\).30; California navels, \$2.25\(\text{@2}\).75 per box; seedlings, \$1.35\(\text{@2}\).20; sunflower, \$2.50; Malta blood, \$3.00; apples (buying price), green, \$1.00\(\text{@1.25}\); red, \$1.25 ing price), green, \$1.00@1.25; red, \$1.25 @1.75 per box.

@1.75 per box.

CANNED GOODS.

CANDED GOODS.

CANNED GOODS.

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28, #2.20.
Fiss—Sardines, ¼s, 75c@\$2.25; ¼s, \$2.15@4.50; lobsters, \$2.30@3.50; salmon, tin 1-lb talls, \$1.25@1.50; flats, \$1.75; 2-lbs, \$2.25@2.50; ¼-barrel, \$5.50.

