The Courier.

Oregon City, February 2, 1894.

A SCRAP OF HISTORY.

In the darkest days of the civil war, when the star of the Confederacy seemed to be in the ascendent, President Lincoln received, through Secretary-of-State Seward, the intimation that France, certainly, and Great Britain, probably, would recognize the Confederacy and thereafter openly aid it in its rebellion against the Union. To watch this hostile plot hatching in the capitals of England and France, and prevent its consummation, if possible, the president sent as commissioners and his personal representatives, the famous statesman and editor, Thurlow Weed; the patriotic Roman Catholic archbishop, John Hughes; Bishop McIvane of Ohio and the young (later bishop) Francis McNierney.

After the landing of the four Americans in Paris there was no time to lose. In 48 hours Napoleon III. was to have delivered a message to the chamber of deputies in which he recognized the Confederacy and a copy of it had already been sent to the London *Times* for publication. The emporer proposed in his message to lift our blockade of the ports of the South on the specious ground that no nation has a right to blockade its ports against another nation with which it is at peace.

Through a friend of Duke DeMorny, who was Napoleon's most trusted adviser, the diplomats secretly learned that a secret treaty existed between France and England for the commercial destruction of a port in Belgium, but which had never been carried out. Both powers would have made themselves ridiculous not alone, but odious in the eyes of the world had this treaty been made public, as it would have been by the diplomats had Napoleon carried out his design. The existence of the treaty had been forgotten, but when Napoleon had been reminded of it by the duke he suddenly changed his mind, and a messenger was hastily sent across the channel to the office of the "Thunderer," with authority to expunge that part of his message recognizing the independence of the Confederacy. The friendship, or neutrality, at least, of the French government having been secured, the three Catholic clergymen and the printer statesman went to the English court where they had need of all their shrewdness and scholarship to avert war between England and the Union.

President Lincoln's agents attained the object of their mission. It is recorded in the nation's annals. Europe kept its hands off our civil war and the Confederacy perished. This *one* scrap of history ought to convince every intelligent mind that patriotism and loyalty to one's country are entirely compatible with loyalty to one's faith as a Christian. But we should not forget to add that Prest. Lincoln was extremely liberal in his religious opinions and intolerance was foreign to him. He loved his country and every true and tried patriot was to him, in his hour of sore trial, a dear friend.

A GOVERNMENT BANKING SYSTEM.

One of the most practical and sensible of the numerous recent publications on the intricate subject of finance is the pamphlet by Thomas E. Hill under the title of "Money Found." He proposes that the national government establish 3000 banks, which would pay three per cent. on all deposits and lend money on security worth at least double the amount borrowed on it at four per cent.

The author maintains that where our banking system now breaks down is the absence of absolute security. A bank that is conducted for profit and freely lends its deposits is in danger any day of being wrecked by a run of depositors. To remove this danger, he proposes that the national government guarantee all deposits, in short, that the 3000 banks be conducted as was the great bank of Venice, which stood through the financial storms of six centuries and was closed by Napoleon. This bank received coin on deposit but never paid out any except to defray the expenses of government. The merchants of Venice placed their money in its keeping and drew checks upon it, and so great was the confidence in its stability that the bank's paper was above par.

Mr. Scott believes that if we had such a banking system, all the cash now hidden would be placed in the nation's banks, as they would be absolutely secure. No one would withdraw his deposit but leave it there because easier and safer, and pay in checks. Two billion dollars in cash would find its way into the banks, which the check system would easily multiply into twenty billions. The financial security and abundance of money thus created would engender a joyous prosperity. By paying three per cent. on deposits and charging four per cent. for the $20,000,000,000, the government would not alone make its banking system self-supporting but have enough remaining to bestow a fat pension on every belated Mexican war widow.

Mr. Scott's pamphlet is for sale at W. E. Jones' bookstose, 291 Alder street, Portland.

Bradstreet's says that a movement in the direction of an expansion of the volume of business is unmistakable. It points as evidence of the fact to the increase of 34 per cent. in the production of pig iron within three months, to an excess of deposits over payments at some of the largest savings banks in the United States, and to resumptions of work at industrial establishments in all directions (even though with lower wages and shorter time) as contrasted with the epidemic of shutdowns prevalent a month and more ago.

The corn-fed hog is waning in popularity. Consumers prefer meat to clear fat. The South Omaha *Stockman* says on this point: "We have much better feeds than corn for the production of pork meat and bacon; and much as the indiscriminate corn-grower may dread it, his favorite crop will have to take a back seat and its place be taken by peas, oats, barley, wheat and clover, much better blood-making and flesh-forming foods and as conducive to growth as any on earth."

Champ Clark, the eloquent Missourian, voiced the reform sentiment of the country when he said on the floor of the house of representatives: "Woe be unto you if you succeed in cheating the people of the small measure of relief promised by the Wilson bill, for just as certainly as there is a future just so surely will a free trade party arise in this country, which will wipe the whole protective system off the earth suddenly as a cyclone, ruthlessly as a conflagration, completely as if swallowed up by the raging sea. Men with brains in their heads, the love of humanity in their souls and the courage of their convictions in their hearts, will with eager hands rend the temple of protection till not one stone shall be left upon another in that robber's castle. God speed the day. The billows of the ocean would not recede at the command of old King Canute, nor will the rising tide of popular indignation, caused by 30 years of legalized robbery, be stayed at the behest of the tariff barons."

From the official records of the United Kingdom it appears that for ten months of 1893, to October 31, the imports of wheat were 55,879,041 cwt., equivalent to 104,307,543 imperial bushels (which are about three per cent. larger than our Winchester bushels), and that 29,689,433 cwt. came from the United States—more than half of the receipts. The imports of a similar period in 1892 were 52,882,555. The next largest contribution was from the Argentine Republic, 6,902,543. That country is becoming a somewhat formidable competitor for the European deficiency. Russia sent four times as much as the year before, 6,388,516. The proportion of British India was 4,995,020. Of flour the receipts were 17,677,117 cwt., of which 15,777,430 came from this country. In wheat and flour this country contributed about five-eights of the deficiency of Great Britain.

At Carnegie's iron and steel mills wages have been cut down from 33 to nearly 200 per cent., the highest wage receiving the heaviest cut. Strikes are powerless against the readjustment of wages to the industrial situation. The Hungarians, Dagos, Slavs and Poles (imported by the protected manufacturers) that swarm in the industrial centers of the East have literally swamped our labor market. The bars must be put up high and strong against further importations of European paupers, for they snatch the bread from the mouth of the American citizen and degrade American manhood. These paupers, also, form the rank and file of the anarchists that kill and burn and destroy at the first opportunity, as they did on Saturday at Bridgeville, Penn. The United States have been too long the dumping ground for the refuse of the rest of the world.

The Midwinter Fair must be a Midwinter Fizzle if the San Francisco *Star* utters the truth without guile. It says:

There is woe in the councils of the Midwinter Fake. A big row is in progress over a premature hogging of the swag, and other practices characteristic of the gang; Mike De Young is trying to drive off some of his associates, for reasons that will occur to any one who knows Mike; the thing is hopelessly in debt; people begin to understand what a hollow sham it is, and don't intend to be bilked by it; it is driven to the extremity of getting up all sorts of "entertainments in aid" of it; and at least one pulpiteer has taken to lustily praying for it, just as he does for othen sinners, and says he is going to keep right on, daily beseeching the Throne of Grace in behalf of its success. No use, parson; prayer cannot save it.

Last year was a bad one, republicans are never weary of telling us, on account of the panic and of the probability of an early reduction of the tariff, and yet the cotton factories of New England made handsome profits almost without exception. The cotton mill dividends paid in one town alone amounted to $1,882,450. Of the 56 mills in Fall River only seven earned less than 6 per cent. net, and one of them paid a 20 per cent. divided on a capital of $300,000. The average for the 56 mills, owned by 34 companies, was about 8 per cent.

Mr. Cleveland not only left to Mr. Harrison a surplus of $85,000,000 in addition to the gold reserve of $100,000,000, making $185,000,000 in all, but he left an annual surplus of about $100,000,000 in the revenue. Prest. Harrison left Prest. Cleveland a treasury more than empty, and the national finances in such a chaotic state that the expense of the government for the current year will exceed the income $78,000,000. On the republican party rests the blame for the bankruptcy of the nation's treasury.

The miners of South Dakota are evidently dieting on dynamite cartridges. In the proceedings of the Black Hills District Assembly No. 10, Knights of Labor, in session at Deadwood, January 20th, appears the following remarkable resolution:

Resolved, That D. A. No. 10, of the K. of L., is abundantly able to conduct its business successfully without any damned laws or bylaws.

In Pennsylvania the Junior Order of A. M. is credited with 90,000 members, and in Colorado the Society of Liberty and Loyalty, organized in opposition to the A. P. A. and its annex, the J. O. A. M., has a membership of over 10,000. As Portland alone has already a half dozen A. P. A. lodges, it is likely that its hostile companion in the religio-political warfare will also spread its tentacles of agitation over the state.

The London *Morning Standard* states that the official statement of the Board of Agriculture affords no ray of hope for the English farmer, and that rents must fall 25 per cent. more if farming is to be made to pay. Charles Clay, treasurer of the Central Chambers, makes out the value of farm products (not including dairy products and hops) £77,000,000 less than 10 years ago, or nearly $385,000,000 reduction.

The plenitude of money in the hands of bankers is well shown by the fact that the national bank note circulation, which reached $259,500,000 during the monetary stringency last summer, has declined five millions and is daily growing smaller.

Colorado never had a more prosperous future. It is estimated that the output of the state in gold, silver, copper and lead during 1894 will be $35,000,000.

The laurels of a champion are never secure. In the prize ring the king of today is the fool of tomorrow. Now Jackson is anxious to contend with Corbett for the honors he won by knocking out Mitchell in three rounds.

Mr. McMahon dropped $6500 in the vain endeavor to rapidly reform our state officials and the people of Salem by means of the *Daily Independent*. He indulged in the fond delusion of hope until his stuff was gone.

The boom town of Fort Payne, Alabama, which cost New England capitalists $5,000,000, has been sold by the sheriff for $60,000.

The Portland *Tomahawk* should be buried.—*Roseburg Review.*

So it ought—in the viscera of the republican party.

BLOOD-CURDLING INITIATORY ORDEAL.

The Obligations and Tribulations of a Candidate on Entering the A. P. A.

All the supreme officers of the A. P. A. live in Detroit, Mich., where the organization runs politics with unrelenting power, having turned every Roman Catholic out of public office. The supreme council will assemble at Detroit in annual session on the first Wednesday in May.

The ceremony of initiation in the order is suggestive of ruddy gore and the shock of battle. A candidate for admission is asked in the ante-room of the lodge by its vice president,

Do you believe that the Roman Catholic church is the enemy of education and the constant friend of superstition, error and ignorance?

Candidate—I do.

V. P.—Will you enlist body, soul and mind in the cause now launched, to decide either for America or for home by the ballot, or force of arms and bloodshed?

Candidate—I will.

If the examination of the candidate is satisfactory, the ritual used in Massachusetts if not in other states requires that he be stripped to the waist, blindfolded, a running noose tied to each ankle, and a loop tied in a hangman's knot fastened about his neck.

The candidate having been admitted at the door, the sergeant-at arms places the point of the long, naked dagger with which he is armed on the bared left breast of the candidate, and the outside guard rests his dagger against the candidate's throat. The sergeant-at-arms pricks the skin of the candidate with the dagger till a drop of "claret" flows.

Guard—As your blood has now been shed by your endeavor to gain admission to our council, may it constantly remind you that you would rather shed your blood than see the flag of our nation torn from us by Romanists, and that you will shed your blood to check the diabolical attempt now being made by the Roman Catholic hierarchy to capture our government and abolish our schools.

The dagger points are removed and the candidate is advanced to the august president. The candidate is made to kneel and the chaplain prays: Almighty God, grant that this candidate for enlistment in Thy cause against the superstitions, crimes and vices of the Romanist hierarchy, may so employ his time and talents as to become a faithful and serviceable brother at the ballot box or in our army. Endow him plenteously with Thy grace and wisdom, so that, assisted by his companions, he may even unto death honor and glorify Thy name.

The candidate then repeats a long, terrible oath, declaring that he would rather have his tongue torn out by its roots, his eyes removed from their sockets, his body quartered and burned to cinders, than repeat, write, or delineate in any way anything whatever pertaining to the secrets of this order which may have been, or shall be imparted to him; and that since Pope Leo XIII has proclaimed that the people of the United States have forfeited all right to rule said Republic, and absolved its citizens from all allegiance to the government of the United States, he therefore most solemnly and sincerely promises and swears that he will bear arms, should occasion arise, against his avowed enemies—the Roman Catholics.

The obligations having been taken, the candidate, at the command of the president, raises his right hand toward heaven, places his left hand over his heart, and kisses the bible seven times. The mask is removed from the candidate's face, the president descends from his chair, and taking the candidate by the hand, says, Rise, brother, obligated in our cause for life and death.

Members (standing on either side in a half circle, solemnly)—For life and death.

President—I commend you for the spirit of confident bravery which you have exhibited, for it will be of great service to our cause, perhaps sooner than you imagine, for Mgr. Capel, a leading Roman Catholic priest, said in Chicago that the time is not far distant when the Roman Catholics of the United States, at the order of the Pope, will refuse to pay their school tax and will send bullets to the breasts of the government agents rather than pay it. It will come as quickly as the click of a trigger and it will be obeyed as coming from God Almighty himself. The Roman Catholics are forming secret societies. Our army and navy can be controlled by Pope Leo at will. Nearly five-sixths of our army and navy are Catholics, and nearly three-fourths of our army officers are Catholics. The forces to be arrayed against us are well drilled and prepared. Prof. Townsend of Boston says that the United States is already so far Romanized that confessional boxes are built in some of our men-of-war. Nearly all our war vessels are provided with a Catholic priest. How long would it take the Catholic soldiers and sailors to cut the throats of the few Protestants and heretics and take possession?

The candidate is then led by the sergeant-at-arms to the chaplain, who in his charge tells him that the order has come from Rome to her adherents to sharpen the swords and bayonets—to prepare the powder and bullets, in order to get rid of those who will refuse to be ruled by the church of Rome, and asks him, Will you, my newly obligated brother, oppose Romanism by ballot always, and by the sword when necessary?

Candidate—I will.

Recording Secretary (emphatically)—Recorded.

Secretary of S.—Do you believe that the time has come when all true Americans, regardless of nationality, creed or politics, should band together for mutual Protection by ballot and force of arms against the aggressions of Rome?

Candidate—I do.

Recording Secretary—Recorded.

To grow old gracefully, one must live temperately, calmly, methodically; be interested in all that is going on in the world; be cheerful, happy and contented, and above all, keep the blood pure and vigorous by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Be sure you get Ayer's.

If the hair has been made to grow a natural color on bald heads in thousands of cases, by using Hall's Hair Renewer, why will it not in your case?

LA GRIPPE.

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past season it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. King's New Discovery, not only had a speedy recovery, but escaped all of the troublesome after-effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottle at Geo. A. Harding's Drugstore.

PACIFIC COAST NOTES.

Moses E Folsom, county treasurer of Umatilla county, is short $48,000—$37,000 of which is due the state for taxes of 1892. The remainder is due the county.

An interview with 50 farmers, in Pomeroy, Wash., recently, elicited the information that only two of the number expected to be able to pay their taxes for another year.

Said the governor of Oregon to the governor of Colorado: "Friend Waite, what do you think of the streets of the new Jerusalem being paved with gold? As for me, I kick." Said the governor of Oregon: "Friend Sylly, unless the side streets are paved with silver, I wont go. Keep up the kicking.'—*Hood River Glacier.*

It is asserted that the introduction of the carp on the Pacific coast was a great mistake, as this fish breeds incredibly fast, is a ravenous eater and is also unpalatable table food. An Oregon sportsman thinks that if the black bass were introduced in the ponds and sloughs where the carp breed, it would soon exterminate them.

Rumors from the metropolis certify that a strong inclination exists among prominent republicans there to support our esteemed contemporary, Hon. H. R. Kincaid, editor of the *Oregon State Journal*, as the nominee of the party for secretary of state at the coming election. This matter was broached some months ago by several state papers and it is likely will assume a definite aspect at the republican state convention soon to be held. No man in Oregon is better qualified for the position.—*Eugene Guard.*

The Midwinter Arena—The February *Arena* is another mammoth number of the great progressive review. It contains 164 pages and is filled with able papers covering a wide range of topics of special interest to wide awake thinkers and earnest reformers. The opening paper is from the pen of Rev. M. J. Savage, and is entitled "Religious Thought in Browning's Poetry." A fine portrait of the poet forms the frontispiece of this issue. "The Relation of the Land Question to Other Reforms," by J. H. Bellangee is a thoughtful paper on this topic. "The New Bible," by Washington Gladden, D. D., is a valuable contribution to the literature of Higher Criticism. Dr. Heinrich Hensoldt's series of papers on "Indian Occultism" grows more and more absorbing. In this number the German scientist occupies 20 pages recounting wonderful phenomena which he witnessed in India during his 10 years sojourn in that far East. A very interesting paper is from the pen of Rev. Hiram Vrooman on "The Organization of the Moral Forces." Congressman Davis discusses "Honest and Dishonest Money." The fascinating series of philosophical papers by Stinson Jarvis on "The Ascent of Life" is continued. The Editor contributes "They Have Fallen into the Wine-Press, or Illustrations of the Onward March of Uninvited Poverty." The publishers announce that the *Arena* will henceforth be enlarged to 144 pages instead of 128 as heretofore. This will make it the largest Review published.

Fresh oysters in any style at Joe' coffee house

LIVE STOCK

AN AUSTRALIAN HEREFORD.

A Specimen From Our Rival Meat Producing Continent.

The illustration exhibits a champion Australian Hereford bull at 3 years old. He is of the purest Hereford blood, but Hereford blood that has been acclimated to Australia. We cannot beat him much even in America, though he has not so

AUSTRALIAN HEREFORD.

much beef in his quarters as our best Herefords have. He is of compact beef form, with little waste about him. He was first exhibited at Melbourne as a yearling and took first prize. Two years later he took prizes over all other Hereford bulls and was pronounced the champion Hereford of Australia.

Gestation of the Mare.

As a matter of fact, mares vary a great deal in this particular, but they are much more likely to go over than under 11 months, and 340 days may safely be taken as the average period. Eleven months and one week, in round numbers, would be easily computed and is very nearly correct. But there are many, very many, cases where the period of gestation is well on to 12 months.

In view of this uncertainty, or rather irregularity, mares ought to be watched carefully as they approach the 11 months' period, so that the mare may have a reasonably good chance of saving the foal. The signs of approaching parturition are not easily mistaken by an experienced observer. The filling up of the udder cannot be depended upon, but the filling up of the teats clear to the very tips, and the dropping off of the little mass of wax or gum that usually forms on the ends of the teats a week or more before foaling is a good indication that parturition is near at hand. Another almost infallible indication is the falling or shrinking away of the muscles on the top of the buttocks at a point near the center of a line from the root of the tail to the point of the hip bone.

By all means don't permit the mare to be kept tied up by the head in her stall when you have reason to think her time is near at hand. If the weather is at all favorable, let her have a good, large lot. If this from any cause is not practicable, let her have a large box stall, from which everything must be removed that would be liable to entangle or injure the foal in its efforts to get up, and be careful to see that there are no holes under the manger or elsewhere into which the foal may force itself. It is decidedly better to allow the mare to occupy the stall or lot in which she is to foal a week or so beforehand, so that she may become accustomed to it. They are decidedly averse to new quarters, and also to close confinement at such times. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, and a little extra precaution at this time will often save the life of a valuable foal.—Cor. Breeder's Gazette.

ELECTRIC BITTERS.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1 per bottle at G. A. Harding's drug store.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

The Wonders in a Piece of Chalk.

Did you ever microscopically examine a tiny bit of powder scraped from a piece of common chalk? "If you never did," as the philosopher told the boatman in the oftrepeated story, "you have lost at least one third of your life." Not one person in 10,000 has the least idea of the number and curious forms of the minute shells that can thus be brought into plain view. The largest of these shells is not more than the one-three thousandth of an inch in length, yet they are as perfect as the pearly titians of the beach that are large enough to hold a half gallon of water, and which, when empty, roar like a cyclone. Some are shaped like squids and cuttlefishes, others like "sand dollars" or sea urchins, but by far the larger majority will remind you of seashells that you have seen at one time or another. One very common form of these infinitesimal structures is shaped exactly like the common conch shell, but it has been estimated that at the least calculation it is 2,000,000 times smaller!

A careful examination of different samples of any one specimen of chalk will generally show that there are from 300 to 500 species of these minute shells in every conceivable shape and form, the very minutest speck among them being as curiously and wondrously made as those of larger caliber.

Geologists say that Richmond, Va., is built over a bed of chalk that contains 10,000,000 minute extinct shells to every cubic inch of the stratum.

A Mail Agent's Experience.

Louis D. Brennecke, Walhalla, S. C., had Rheumatism for fifteen years, and during that time had never been free from pain. He tried the Hot Springs and physicians without benefit. After taking two bottles of Drummond's Lightning Remedy he wrote that he was free from pain, and able to take several long walks. Your druggist should keep this remedy. If he has not got it, write to the Drummond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York, and they will supply you. Agents wanted.

FOR SALE.

Eighty acres of fine farm land, mostly bottom, on Woodcock creek, Clackamas county, two miles from Meadow Brook postoffice. Three acres cleared, 12 acres slashed; good house 20x30. Price $800, of which $500 must be paid down, balance two years' time. For further particulars call at Courier office or address me at Vancouver, Wash.

Mrs. Anna Taylor.

Ripans Tabules: best liver tonic.

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instantly removes and forever destroys objectionable hair, whether upon the hands, face, arms or neck, without discoloration or injury to the most delicate skin. **It was for fifty years the secret formula of Erasmus Wilson,** acknowledged by physicians as the highest authority and the most eminent dermatologist and hair specialist that ever lived. During his private practice of a lifetime among the nobility and aristocracy of Europe he prescribed this recipe. **Price, $1** by mail, securely packed. *Correspondence confidential.* Sole Agents for America. Address

The Skookum Root Hair Grower Co.,
Dept. R, 57 South Fifth Avenue, New York.

The Rural New Yorker

During 1894 the RURAL NEW YORKER will entertain its thousands of readers with a number of valuable and unique features, such as *The Farmers' Club; the Symposiums, by contributors in every corner of the land; Squab Farming; Wholesale Potato Growing; A Great Onion Farm; the Farmers Who Have Made Money, etc., etc. Beside other points of interest not found in any other agricultural journal.* One Dollar Per Annum. Address, The Rural New Yorker, New York.

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Complete assortment for the orchard, lawn and garden. We want you now, while the fruit industry is so important. Good chance for advancement. Outfit and full particulars free. BROWN BROS. CO., nurserymen, Portland, Ore. (This house is reliable. Name this paper. Ed.)

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Golden Opportunity For Suffering Humanity.

Physicians Give Their Remedies to the People.

DO YOU SUFFER? Write us at once, explaining your trouble, and we will send you **Free of Charge** a FULL course of specially prepared remedies best suited to your case. WE WANT YOUR RECOMMENDATION.

WE CAN CURE the most *aggravated diseases of both sexes.* Our treatments for all diseases and deformities are Modern and Scientific, acquired by many years' experience, which enables us to Guarantee a Cure. Do not despair.

N. B.—We have the only positive cure for Epilepsy (Fits) and Catarrh. References given. Permanently located. (Old established.)

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Your Stomach Distresses You

after eating a hearty meal, and the result is a chronic case of Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, or a bilious attack.

RIPANS TABULES

Promote Digestion, Regulate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Purify the Blood, and are a **Positive Cure** for **Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness,** and all other Diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They act gently yet promptly, and perfect digestion follows their use.

Ripans Tabules take the place of an **Entire Medicine Chest,** and should be kept for use in every family.

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10 Spruce St., New York.

Job Printing at the Courier Office.

To CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease **Consumption,** is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for **Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis** and all throat and lung **Maladies.** He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

Holden's Ethereal Cough Syrup

A Never Failing Remedy, for all

THROAT AND LUNG AFFECTIONS.

Suitable for Old or Young.

PREPARED BY

THE HOLDEN DRUG Co., Stockton, Cal.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

For Sale by Geo. A. Harding

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE OF CERTAIN WARRANTS FOR THE COLLECTION of certain delinquent street improvement assessments, levied for the improvement of Main and Fifth streets, respectively, in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon, which warrants command me to forthwith levy on the property described below, upon which is assessed the amounts respectively, herein set forth, for the improvement of said Main and Fifth streets, as hereinafter specified, in said city, as directed in Ordinances numbered respectively 157 and 158 of said city, which assessments are declared by Ordinances numbered respectively 159 and 160, and were entered in the Docket of City Liens on the 5th day of October, A. D, 1893, to the owners herein specified, and which further command me to sell the same in the manner provided by law, to make the sums set forth below, together with my percentage and costs, and further to return the proceeds of such sale to the City Treasurer, and said warrants to the Recorder of said city, with my doings endorsed thereon, together with receipts of the Treasurer for the proceeds of such sale as paid to him, within sixty days from the date thereof; such warrants bearing date the 11th day of January, 1894, and given under the hand of L. L. Porter, Recorder of said city, and sealed with the seal of Oregon City.

I have levied on the following described property, as belonging to the individuals whose names appear below annexed, as the same appear assessed and recorded in the said Docket of City Liens, and I will, on Saturday, the 10th day of February, 1894, at the door of the county courthouse, in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on the day of sale, all the below described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the sums set opposite such descriptions of property, and assessed against the same for such street improvements, above set forth, together with accruing costs, charges and expenses:

ON MAIN STREET.

BLOCK.	LOT.	OWNER'S NAME.	DESCRIPTION.	AMOUNT
18	8	M. Huerth		152 29
18	7	M. Huerth	The northerly half of lot 7, block 18, cut off by a line at right-angles to Main street	56 51
15	8	J. Logus Estate and C. O. Albright		182 76
2	1	John Schram	South half of lot 1, block 2, cut off by a line at right-angles to Main street	227 91
4	1	John Schram	Following described real estate: Beginning at southeast corner of lot 1 in block 4; thence northerly 45.7 feet along west line Main street; thence westerly at right angles 105 feet; thence southerly at right angles 45.7 feet; thence easterly at right angles 105 feet to the point of beginning	314 35
25	6	Trustees of M. E. Church of Oregon City		352 72
25	5	Trustees of M. E. Church of Oregon City	49 feet off north side of lot 5, cut off by a line at right-angles to Main street, in block 25	261 88
10	4	Mrs. S. E. Paquet		240 83
10	1	Mrs. S. E. Paquet		199 45
3	2	Isaac Farr	Following described real estate: Beginning at the northeast corner lot 2, in block 3; thence southerly along west line Main street 20 feet; thence westerly at right angles 105 feet; thence northerly at right angles 20 feet; thence easterly at right angles 105 feet to place of beginning	144 35
22	8	L. Comer	Following described real estate: Beginning at the northeast corner lot 8, block 22; thence westerly along south line of 10th street 40 feet; thence southerly at right angles 33 feet; thence easterly at right angles 40 feet; thence northerly at right angles 33 feet to place of beginning.	66 30

ON FIFTH STREET.

BLOCK.	LOT.	OWNER'S NAME.		AMOUNT.
160 or 23	Co. Add. 1	Heirs of Wm. Broughton		850 29
160 or 23	" 2	Heirs of Wm. Broughton		111 33
160 or 23	" 7	Heirs of Wm. Broughton		39 85
160 or 23	" 8	Heirs of Wm. Broughton		466 48
163 or 33	" 5	John Welch		367 90
163 or 33	" 6	John Welch		94 12
138 or 19	" 6	W. W. Myers		22 26
159 or 24	" 3	W. W. Myers		91 98
159 or 24	" 4	W. W. Myers		656 53
159 or 24	" 5	W. W. Myers		855 36
159 or 24	" 6	W. W. Myers		24 41
138 or 19	" 3	W. W. Myers		22 10
138 or 19	" 4	Grace Williams		188 33
138 or 19	" 5	Grace Williams		186 16
131 or 12	" 3	Kate L. Newton	72 feet off the easterly end of lot 3, block 131, (being block 12 of the County Addition to Oregon City), cut off by a line parallel with Monroe street	15 33
131 or 12	" 4	Kate L. Newton	72 feet off the easterly end of lot 4, block 131 (being block 12 of the County Addition to Oregon City), cut off by line parallel to Monroe street	119 38
103	4	T. F. Ryan		102 29
103	3	T. F. Ryan		22 84

E. S. CALIFF,
Assessor and Collector of Oregon City, Oregon.

BALD HEADS!

TRADE MARK Registered.

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

is what you need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of scientific research. Knowledge of the diseases of the hair and scalp led to the discovery of how to treat them. "Skookum" contains neither minerals nor oils. It is not a Dye, but a delightfully cooling and refreshing Tonic. By stimulating the follicles, *it stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald heads.*

☞ Keep the scalp clean, healthy, and free from irritating eruptions, by the use of *Skookum Skin Soap.* It destroys *parasitic insects, which feed on and destroy the hair.*

If your druggist cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward prepaid, on receipt of price. Grower, $1.00 per bottle; 6 *for* $5.00. Soap, 50c. per jar; 6 for $2.50.

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO.,
57 South Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

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SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A CERTAIN CHATTEL mortgage found of record in clerk's office of Clackamas county, Oregon, given by Nick Diklich and Ilias Miloslavich to Anton Notolin, with written notice thereon, and to me directed and delivered, I did, on the 23d day of January, 1894 levy upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, on Saturday, the 3d day of February, 1894, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the Palace Restaurant, Oregon City, in said county, Oregon, the following described property, to-wit: One kitchen range, 2 frying pans, 2 stew pans, 3 roast pans, 3 kitchen tables, 5 doz. forks and spoons, 4 doz. teaspoons, 5 doz. butter dishes, 6 doz. dinner and soup plates, 1 heating stove, 2 carpets, 7 box curtains, 1 small counter and money-drawer, 11 dining-room tables, 47 chairs, 6 doz. table cloths, 10 doz. napkins, 2 bread knives, 2 kitchen knives, 3 kitchen spoons, 2 doz. glasses, 11 sugar bowls, 22 pepper and salt dishes, 1 ice box and 1 clock, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to satisfy the sum of $200, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum from December 12th, A. D. 1893. Taken and levied upon to satisfy said sum of two hundred dollars, and interest thereon, in favor of Anton Notolin, together with costs and accruing costs.

Witness my hand at Oregon City, Oregon, this 23d day of January, 1894.

C. W. GANONG,
Sheriff of Clackamas County, Or.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE of an order of the Hon. county Court of Clackamas county, Oregon, the undersigned has been licensed to sell lots 3 and 4 of block 28, Milwaukie, Ore., at private sale. Therefore from and after the 21st day of January, 1894, I will offer at private sale and sell to the highestand best bidder all the right, title and interest of Jacob P. Miller, deceased, at the time of his death, in the above described real estate. Terms of sale one-half cash, balance on mortgage at 8 per interest cent. per annum for one year.

Dated, December 21st, 1893.

MARIETTA PRATT,
Administratrix of estate aforesaid.
D. C. & C. D. LATOURETTE, attys for administratrix

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE ON EXECUTION.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

A. T. Case and O. P. Case, partners, doing business under and by the firm name and style of Case Bros., Plaintiffs,
vs.
Annie Matheson, Defendant.

State of Oregon, County of Clackamas, } ss.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Clackamas, bearing date the 18th day of January, 1894, in a suit wherein the above-named were plaintiffs and Annie Matheson was defendant, commanding me, in the name of the state of Oregon, that out of the personal property of said defendant, or if sufficient could not be found, then out of the real estate of said defendant, to realize a sum sufficient to satisfy the demands of said decree, to-wit: $62, and a further sum of $