VOL. XI.

OREGON CITY, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1893.

CONSTIPATION Is called the "Father of Diseases." It is caused by a Torpid Liver, and is generally accompanied with LOSS OF APPETITE.

SICK HEADACHE,

BAD BREATH, Etc. To treat constipation successfully



It is a mild laxative and a tonic to the digestive organs. By taking Simmons Liver Regulator you promote digestion, bring on a regular habit of body and prevent Biliousness and Indigestion.

"My wife was sorely distressed with Constipa-tion and congling, followed with Bleeding Piles. After four mouths use of Simmons Liver Regulater site is almost entirely relieved, gaining strength and flesh,"—W. B. LERFRE, Delaware, Ohio. "I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for matipation of my Howels, caused by temperary trang ment of the Liver, and always with de-ded benefit."—HIRAU WARHES, Lair Chief

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

It is proposed by an irrigation com-pany to reclaim a large area of the Mo-jave Desert in the vicinity of Daggett by means of a dam across the Mojave river and a submerged flume for the purpose of taming the underflow of tapping the underflow.

Judge Shaw has denied the motion for a change of venue in the case of Richard S. Heath, charged with the murder of Louis B. Whirter at Fresno, and set the first Monday in January as the time when the date for the second trial of Heath will be resumed.

The overseer of a Fresnowinery, while The overseer of a Fresnowinery, while playing the spy on top of a 5,000-gallon tank of wine to detect employes who might sample the ruby goods, missed his footing and took a header into the tank. The men who pulled him out laughed at his mishap, and were promptly displayment.

Governor Pennoyer was consulted as to the character of a testimonial to be presented to the battle ship Oregon. The

A remarkable thing in connection with the Rathdrown homicide trial at Vic-

Evening Herald was anxious to get business from a firm that advertised in his field, and wrote soliciting an order for the paper. The reply came, "Where Greensborough, N. C., who spoke at the child a few days ago. All the children are alive. the paper. The reply came, "Where does your paper go" "To North and

bars of bullion, weighing 348,337 pounds and valued at \$76,445.50, during Septem-ber. To employes \$6.547.66 were dis-bursed. The mines of Washington, Brit-ish Columbia, Alaska, Mexico and South America furnished ores more than suffi-cient for operating the plant at its pres-ent capacity, and the second ore stack has been put in operation in conse-

ent capacity, and the second ore stack has been put in operation in consequence.

At Spokane Judge Moore has appointed H. E. Houghton and J. W. Binkley executors of the estate of the late Mrs. Jennie F. Cannon. No bond was required, and the executors under the will also act as trustees. Judge Houghton filed a statement of the value of the estate. Community real estate is put at \$700,000, and community personal property is given at \$600,000. Mrs. Cannon's separate estate is given at \$60,000, of erty is given at \$600,000. Mrs. Cannon's separate estate is given at \$60,000, of which \$40,000 is real estate and \$20,000 lips, but no match is put to it. He advocates what he calls the "dry smoke."

personal property.

Silver salmon are reported as going up Paget Sound in great numbers. It is claimed that a steamer was brought to a full stop in the Straits recently by runafull stop in the Straits a full stop in the Straits recently by running into a school of them. There is a tradition among the older fishermen to the effect that a hailstorm always precedes a big run of the fish. A storm of this nature was reported on the lower Sound, and the report of the arrival of immense schools of the fish in the Straits immediately followed.

Straits immediately followed.

begins the fall campaign with eighty pairs of trousers and fifty suits of clothes. Geronimo, the cruel and once powerful Indian chieftain of the West, is now a quiet and peaceful prisoner at Mount Vernon Barracks, an army post upon the Alabama river, a short distance above Mobile.

Jerome K. Jerome began life as a clerk.

At Tacoma the other day Miss Cam eron was conducting an experiment in the chemistry class of one of the public the chemistry class of one of the public schools to produce musical sounds by burning hydrogen in a flask. The hydrogen was generated by putting acid on zinc. Miss Cameron neglected the caution of the instructor, and set fire to the gas immediately after opening the flask. The air entered, and as soon as the fire was set an explosion resulted and two of the pounls were severally cut by the flying the pupils were severely cut by the flying

The Great Northern Express Company has completed arrangements for doing business both in Alaska and Asia, and has issued a tariff of rates to those countries from Seattle. To Yokohama, Hongkong, Hiogo, Nagasaki and Shanghai the rates for packages valued at 450 or less range from \$1.50 for fifteen pounds or under to \$5 for forty-five to fifty pounds, with additional rates for packages of higher value. There is an additional charge of \$1 to \$2 to \$2. tional charge of \$1 to \$2 to Amoy, Foo-chow, Swatow, Bombay, Batavia, Cal-

Start Francisco in the aliairs of the Stearns rancho, a corporation which at one time owned 130,000 acres in Califor-nia and is still one of the heaviest-landed corporations on the Pacific Slope, The story is that a committee of three disinterested business men have been for three or four months investigating the conduct of the manager of the business of the corporation, Colonei R. J. Northam, who is a member of the Gov-ernor's staff and one of the best-known ernor's stall and one of the best-known public men in the State. The committee has about completed its work, and will in a few days report to the stockholders. The committee consists of Barclay Henley, George B. Polhemus and E. W. McGraw. It is reported there will be a majority report. The majority mand a minority report.

EDUCATIONAL ITEMS.

Cornell has 512 free scholarships, which

ggregate \$150,000. Italy in 1887 had 70,507 schools, 85,400 eachers and 3,071,000 attendance. Joseph Pulitzer has given \$100,000 to columbia College, New York city. This country has fifty-two law schools with 345 teachers and 3,906 students.

New York opens five evening high schools for the use of advanced pupils employed during the day. The first normal school ever estab-lished for women was that opened in July, 1839, at Lexington, Mass.

There is probability that there will be no schools held in the Chickasaw nation this year on account of lack of funds.

Religious teaching in public schools was declared absolutely necessary by the Church of England Synod in Canada.

Of fifty-three young ladies who grad-nated this year from a famous female ducational institution not one has a per The Brooklyn Board of Education ha

decided to increase the school hours in that city over an hour a day for the sake The French Minister of Public Instruc

tion has issued a circular which will have the effect of greatly stimulating the study of the English language.

Miss Lillian Stephenson is the Republican nominee for School Commissioner in the First Oneida (N. Y.) district. Her Democratic competitor is Miss Laura F. At the end of the second week the Missouri State University had enrolled

475 students. This is forty more than the number enrolled at the same time The Mechanic Arts High School in Boston promises to be so much of a suc-cess from the rush of pupils that more land and a larger building are impera-

Oxford is to have another college for women. St. Hilda will soon be opened under the auspices of Miss Dorothea Beale, a worker in the cause of higher education in England.

There are now 300 students at the University of North Carolina, and at least 100 more are expected. The number of students at the opening is the largest in thirty-three years.

The new Searles scientific building a Bowdoin College will cost \$150,000 in-stead of \$60,000, as was first planned when Edward F. Searles, husband of the late Mrs. Mark Hopkins-Searles, an-

There are a dozen colleges of more or less importance in Kansas, and so far every one that has opened reports an increased attendance this year over last. This is one of the best possible indications that Kansas is all right.

presented to the battle ship Oregon. The Governor remarked that, if Oregon really desired to present the ship with a testimonial, nothing would be more appropriate than a silver service, especially now that silver was so cheap.

J. Grant Cramer of Orange, N. J., son of a former United States Minister to Switzerland and a nephew of General Grant, has been appointed instructor of French and German in Lehigh University. sity, and has entered upon his duties

toria, B. C., is the fact that when it was sought to introduce the dying statement of the dead man, Jones, an ojection was made and sustained by the court on the ground that it had been taken on Sunday, and it was therefore thrown out.

George Mintz of the Phenix (A. T.)

Freedy Lived was anytons to set here.

does your paper go?" "To North and South America, Europe, Asia and Institute, is described as one of the fore-most orators, not only of his race, but of the day. His address was eloquent in tract, with the money in advance. The Tacoma smelter turned out 3,885 the resources of the public speaker. He

PURELY PERSONAL.

Rose Coghlan, the actress, has paid \$27,000 for a home in New York city near

Mobile.

Jerome K. Jerome began life as a clerk Then he went on the stage, which quuli-fied him for play-writing to which in conjunction with novel-writing and co-editing a magazine he has since turned

his attention.
Forty years ago a mulatto boy of Chatham county, N. C., was sold into slavery, and was taken to Georgia. A few days ago he returned, a venerable-looking man and worth more than \$500,000. His

name is Nathan. Mrs. Ada M. Bittenbender, the Prohibition candidate for Supreme Judge of Nebraska, is in the law practice at Lincoln with her husband as senior partner of the firm. She is a native of Bradford county, Pa., about 45 years of age and a

very bright, well-educated woman. One of the most affecting reunions dur ing the recent encampment of the Grand Army at Indianapolis was that of General Lew Wallace and his men of the Eleventh Indiana Regiment. About 325 of the members were present. General Wallace was their first Colonel and the

chow, Swatow, Bombay, Batavia, Calchow, Swatow, Bombay, Batavia, Calchow, Swatow, Bombay, Batavia, Calchow, Swatow, Bombay, Batavia, Calchow, Swatow, Bombay, Batavia, Calchow, Swatow, Batavia, Calchow, Ba

Rev. Leonard Blomefield, who died re-cently at Bath, was one of the most em-inent naturalists in England, and had been a member of the Linnsean Society for seventy-one years. He was long a well-known and popular figure at Cam-bridge, and was an intimate friend of Whewell Darwin, Julius Hare, Sedgwick, Rishon Thirwall and other literary and Bishop Thirwall and other literary and scientific celebrities of the period.

Edward H. Watson of California, naval cadet at Annapolis, carries a timetiraw. It is reported there will be a majority and a minority report. The majority by Henley and Polhemus will
state that \$100,000 of the income of the
ranch has been illegally diverted. It is
not charged that there has been any embeziement, however. In his minority
report McGraw will defend Colonel
Northam in his actions as custodian of
the property of the company.

The Old Mary Washington monument
at Fredericksburg, Va., was pulled down
and the box in the corner-stone turned
over to the officers of the Monusent Association. The box was filled with water
and a confused mass of pulp. None of
the Mare Island navy, and
had just been relieved as commandant
of the Mare Island navy yard. The
watch will be a plain gold timepiece, and was
presented to young Watson by Loyall
Farragut, son of the Admiral. naval cadet at Annapolis, carries a time-piece which is a historic relic. It is the

EASTERN MELANGE.

The Eighty-fourth Parallel of the Pole Reached.

MARY WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

Large Number of Deaths Caused the Recent Storm Below New Orleans, Louisiana.

The new public building at Omah will be built of granite.

The cotton crop is 40 per cent short last year's yield in Southwest Texas.

For 10 cents each children under are now admitted to the World's Fair. Dengue or break-bone fever has made its appearance at Corpus Christi, Tex. Ex-Treasurer Green McCurtin of Ok-lahoma is short \$104,727. He has dis-

A public library and literary resort ex-clusively for the blind has been opened in Chicago.

Denver has contracted to ship to Eu-rope by the way of Galveston, Tex., 5,000 tons of Colorado hay.

United States vessel to receive a battery of Whitehead torpedoes.

mines and also greatly decreased the Contracts have recently been made for between 500 and 1,000 cars in Nebraska

for transportation of last year's corn and

It is safe now to number the deaths in the recent storm below New Orleans at 2,000 and over, and the loss in property will be many millions.

The house of the late Justice Bradley formerly the Washington home of Ste-phen A. Douglas, has been purchased by Papal Delegate Satolli.

The Texas Associated Press has tracted with the Associated Press for period of ten years and severed its con-nection with the United Press.

A correspondent of the New York Tribune suggests the holding of a great World's Fair at New York in 1900 to cel-ebrate the closing of the nineteeth cen-

having a national park created in the Nepigon country, in order that the trout fishing there may be eternally per-The New York Herald announces that

President McLeod of the New England railroad has secured an entrance to the enter of New York city with good termi-

Fourteen members of the Freeholders of Patterson, N. J., have been convicted of making \$20,000 fraud-ulently in the purchase of a courthouse for that town.

Captain Porter of the whaler Newport claims to have sailed to the eighty-fourth parallel of the pole. Navigators are getting there by degrees. This is within six of it. John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oi

multi-millionaire, is to purchase at Tar-rytown, N. Y., about 500 acres for \$750, 000. He will build a mansion which will cost over \$1,000,000.

Two hundred prominent citizens

Austin, Tex., have asked Governor Hogg to accept the sugar bounty ac-cumulated at Washington to Texas credit, which he refused last spring. Mrs. Mathilda Cross MacConnell ha

resented to the city of Pittsburg five long squares of ground as it is described for a public park. She is the third lady in the city who has given land for park

patents were granted on inventions in-volving the industrial application of electricity between January 1, 1876, and December 31, 1892, and the number of new ones is increasing at the rate of 2,000 per annum.

At present there are seventy-one public buildings in course of construction in the United States, and the plans for forty-nine new ones, for which appropriations have been made, are being prepared in the Treasury Department. Representative Caminetti has discov

deporting Chinese who refuse to register He proposes that the government send some of the old war vessels going out of commission for that purpose.

The Standard Oil Company has bought 3,000 acres of land near the lake front at Ashtabula, O., with the intention of erecting a big steel plant capable of turn-ing out 2,000 tons per day. The location is favorable for securing supplies of cheap coal and ore.

The Old Mary Washington monus

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Senator Dolph believes that silver may be maintained, but not by the Sherman law or free coinage.

Postmaster-General Bissell is expected to devote considerable attention in his annual report to the projected 1-cent postal service. He believes the inauguration of the service is impossible at the present time, owing to a deficit of \$8,000,000 in postal funds in the Treasury.

000,000 in postal funds in the Treasury.
Governor Caleb W. West of Utah, in his annual report, states that the total population of the Territory is estimated at 233,805, an increase of 25,900. Because of recent financial stringency and the decline of silver values, the population of the mining districts has materially decreased during the past six months, while there has been a steady growth in the other parts of the Territory.

Anderson of West Virginia has introduced a bill to amend Section 5,528 of Germany has a clock which the Revised Statutes by striking out the claimed, will run 9,000 days words "unless such force be necessary to repel armed enemies of the United States or to keep the peace at the polls."

This is one of the Federal statutes not repealed in the Tucker bill, and the amendment is intended to prevent any army or navy officers bring troops to the last sixteen years.

Representative Doolittle of Washing-ton has introduced a joint resolution in the House providing for a commission, consisting of three Senators and six Repin Chicago.

The Ferris wheel at the World's Fair has taken in the \$300,000 it cost and \$100,000 beside.

New York city will spend \$20,000 to make her day at the World's Fair a memorable success.

Many railway bridges have been swept away by floods in the Indian Territory away by floods in the Indian Territory

tate and Foreign Commerce. Denver has contracted to ship to Europe by the way of Galveston, Tex., 5,000 tons of Colorado hay.

The Welsh in the United States claim that they are in number as many as their countrymen in Wales.

The manufacture of cigarettes shows a remarkable and steady increase over other forms of tobacco.

The cruiser New York will be the first United States vessel to receive a battery of Whitehead torpedoes.

Eight thousand men are employed on the canal that will carry the sewage of the ca

be would not draw it out, and this would have the effect of preventing panics.

In New York the grand jury has made a presentment recommending that the office of Coroner be abolished.

Francis Murphy, the temperance worker, has induced over 600 persons to sign the pledge at Tuscola, Ia.

A Portland (Me.) furniture man, who has failed for nearly \$800,000, shows up with less than \$5,000 worth of assets.

The employes of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad have agreed to accept a 10 per cent reduction in wages until January.

The chilly autumn weather has

The chilly autumn weather

The chilly autumn weather

The signiture of preventing panics.

Lower Austria.

Abbas Pasha, the Khedive of Egypt, intends to visit England in the spring of 1894, provided that the English court the reply of Commissioner Lochren to inquiries. The number of pensions granted during the period ending September 1, 1893, was 55,244. Of these 9,187 were under the law of 1890. The number rejected was 56,702. Under the act of March 1, 1893, pensions of 3,856 persons residing outside the jurisdiction of the United States have been suspended in 1,000,000 francs.

Returns from the various viticultural societies of France show that the wine 1890 payment has been resumed in 6,072.

The circular issuad by United States.

Prince Bismarck has sold his memoirs

The chilly autumn weather has brought sickness and death to the Chicago.

The diminished price of silver has the diminished price of silver has the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the spection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the spection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the spection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the agreement with Canadian transportation lines as to the inspection of immigrants bound for the carry out the carry out the agr spection of immigrants bound for the United States who land in Canada, provides for an immigrant certificate which entitles the holder to admission into the United States, when properly certified by the United States Commissioner at the port of entry. The certificate describes the immigrants. The circular also provides for a head tax by the steamer landing the immigrants. The ports of Halifax, Quebec, Point Levis, Vancouver and Victoria are the only ports at which such immigrants shall be landed.

Cummings from the Committee on Unsuccessful efforts have been made to get German bankers at Berlin to form a syndicate to take a great Italian loan, the reported amount being \$120,000,000.

The world's fair to be held in Madrid bian Exposition in all the attributes of greatness. It is a very large undertaking for Spain.

Emigration from Spain to South American Republics is assuming considerable proportions, owing to the extreme distress prevailing in the country, especially in the agricultural districts.

Cummings from the Committee on Naval Affairs presented to the House and had passed a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for information as to the amount of premiums paid contractors for the construction of war ships developing speed in excess of requirements, etc. After this the bill to remit the penalties on the dynamits remit the penalties on the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius came up, and Sayers of cruiser Vesuvius came up, and Sayers of Texas vigorously opposed it, claiming the Vesuvius was worthless for the purposes for which she was built. Talbot of Maryland read a letter from Secretary Herbert declaring the claim an equitable one and saying if the dynamite guns did not show improvement the Vesuvius would be fitted with other armares. The amount involved is \$30. armament. The amount involved is \$39,-000. The bill went over without action. In the Supreme Court of the United

States ex-Attorney-General Garland asked the court to advance for hearing the appeal of the Northern Pacific Rail-road Company vs. J. L. Patterson, Treas-urer of Gallatin county, Mont., from the Montana Supreme Court. The proposi-tions contained in this case involve ulti-mately the question of the taxability of all the unpatented surveyed lands within the limits of the Northern Pacific, Souththe limits of the Northern Pacific, Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Central Pacific, California and Oregon, Oregon and California, Atlantic and Pacific, Texas Pacific and all other various land grants made by Congress to aid in the construction of railroads. These lands now amount in the case of the Northern Pacific grant alone to over 17 000 000 acres cific grant alone to over 17,000,000 acres. an area rapidly increasing as the surveys are farther extended. The area of lands n the same condition included in simi-Every member of Congress has received an anonymous printed circular threatening United States Senators as enemies of the people for not acting on the silver purchase repeal bill.

in the same condition included in similar grants will more than double this. These lands are to be found in almost threatening United States Senators as every State west of the Mississippi, and their taxability has been one of the great sources of revenue in those States. The their taxability has been one of the great sources of revenue in those States. The Southern Pacific Company, controlling the land grants of that road, of the Cen-tral Pacific, Oregon and California and California and Oregon, refuses to pay taxes upon unpatented portions of those grants. The States along the line of the Northern Pacific have sustained the claims of the County Treasurers, and tax claims of the County Treasurers, and tax the lands within their jurisdiction; and the railroad company comes to the Su-preme Court for relief. The report of Brigadier-General Will-

iam P. Carlin, commanding the military department of the Columbia, which inand a part of Idaho and the Territory of Alaska, has been received at the War sleep partment. The General devotes a large part of his report to urging the necessity for the abandonment of some small posts in the department because of their inaccessibility and the establishment of larger posts in place of them at points near the railroad and the large cities and towns. General Carlin recommends the Alesco of the commends the com at points near the railroad and the large cities and towns. General Carlin recommends the discontinuance of Fort Spokane, Wash., and the construction of a post near Spokane. Fort Townsend, he says, is useless to protect the cities and harbors of Puget Sound, and he thinks the garrison should be removed to some important point. One, if not two, points in addition to these named could, in General Carlin's opinion, be abandoned with advantage to the government. Fort Canby, at the If not two, points in addition to these named could, in General Carlin's opinion, be abandoned with advantage to the government. Fort Canby, at the mouth of the Columbia river, would be of great importance in time of war with a naval power, but it is inaccessible in winter, and only a small garrison is reside of the river, is also a point of great importance, and General Carlin urges that it be strongly fortified. General Carlin reports that desertions in the department of the Columbia showed an increase during the year. He says that the attempt to enlist a company of Indians resulted in a failure.

It is said that fully 300,000 men, women and children in Lancashire, England, alone are dependent from meal to meal to

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Novel Method to Secure the Payment of Taxes.

ROUEN CATHEDRAL IN DANGER

Canal du Midi to be Extended-Flow of Bar Silver to India-Postal Service by Camels.

Drought is interfering with farm work in Italy.

The Russian authorities have forbid den the publication of marriage offers in The population of the English town of Nottingham has increased 127,396 in the last sixteen years.

London has been holding an exhibition of fire engines. The oldest one shown bore the date of 1570.

Spain has excepted from quarantine all Russian war ships touching at Cadiz, unless there is disease aboard. In Paris at the sale of autographs the letters of Zola realized 4s each; Mau-

passant, 5s; Victor Hugo, 6s 8d. The American colony in Paris now numbers 3,599. There is a falling off from the census of two years ago of

It is currently rumored in London tha William Waldorf Astor is about to build will cost more than \$7,000,000.

The Queen Regent of Spain has decided to fulfill a heartfelt wish of her husband and establish a college in the Escurial, bearing her name, for the teaching and study of Christian sciences. Apollinaris water comes from a spring in the valley on the Ahr in the Rhine district. A whole villuge is engaged in bottling it and shipping it. From 100,-000 to 150,000 bottles are prepared in a

"Piggie's Island" in London, which took its name from the dirty hovels which clustered on it, has been converted by the London County Council into a clean and beautiful park. It cost \$25,000

to make the change.

The report that eleven rebellious Se poys were blown from the gnns at Cabul is denied by later news from Simia. An officer was shot by an orderly, and the latter was executed. That was all the

rioting and the only execution. It is reported that the French govern ment has determined to suppress bull-fighting in that country. The Society for the Protection of Animals will bring suit against a Mayor who authorized a fight in order to test the law in the case. Fully 1,500 people are to leave Iceland this year for the Canadian Northwest, and as the Canadian government will pay their passage and in other ways en-able them to settle in more desirable homes, the exodus is likely to continue. Rouen Cathedral is in danger, the west front being seriously dilapidated. The front being seriously dilapidated. The local authorities will not pay for the nec-essary restoration; so, unless the State comes to the rescue speedily, this fine old building promises to be irreparably

The French government has just cre ated in the nature of an experiment a

PORTLAND MARKET.

Wикат — Valley, 95@97¾c; Walla Walla, 85@87½c per cental.

PROVISIONS. EASTERN SMOKED MEATS AND LARD-Hams, medium, 14%@15%c per pound; breakfast bacon, 18@19%c; short clear sides, 15@16c; dry salt sides, 13@14c; lard, compound, in tins, 10%c per pound; pure, in tins, 13%@15c.

Hops, wool AND Hills.

Hops were quiet yesterday and a shade lower. Tallow has advanced in the East.

Hops—'92s, 10@16c per pound, according to quality; new crop, '93s, 11c@16c; choice, 16c@17c.

Wool.—Prices nominal.

Hills—Dry selected prime, 5c; green, salted, 60 pounds and over, 3½c; under 60 pounds, 2@3c; sheep pelts, shearlings, 10@15c; medium, 20@35c; long wool, 30@60c; tallow, good to choice, 3@3½c per pound.

PLOUR, PEED, ETC. Winter-Advice About Milk-

FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

FLOUR—Standard, \$3.00; Walla Walla, \$3.00; graham, \$2.50; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel.

OATS—New white, 35@36c per bushel; new gray, 32@33c; rolled, in bags, \$6.25@6.50; barrels, \$6.75@7.00; cases, \$3.75.

MILLSTUFFS—Bran, \$16.00; shorts, \$18.00; ground barley, \$22@23; chop feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, 80@85c per cental; middlings, \$23@28 per ton; chicken wheat, \$1.10@1.25 per cental.

ental. Hay—Good, \$10@12 per ton.

CHERRE—Oregon, 10@12%c; California, 13@14c; Young America, 15@16c per pound. Eggs—Oregon, 27½c per dozen; East-

LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

cows, \$1.50@2.00; dressed beef, \$3.50@6.00 per 100 pounds.
MUTTON—Choice mutton, \$2.00@2.50; dressed, \$4.00@5.50; lambs, \$2.00@2.50; dressed, \$6.00; live weight, \$2.00@2.50.
HOGS—Choice heavy, \$5.00@5.50; medium, \$4.50@5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50@5.00; dressed, \$7.00.
VEAL—\$1.00@6.00.

VEGETARIES AND PRUITS.

pant, \$1.00 per box; Oregon celery, 56
(650c.

FRUITS—Sicily lemons, \$6.00@6.50 per box; California new crop, \$5.00@5.50 per box; bananas, \$1.50@3.00 per bunch; oranges, \$3.50 per box; Oregon peaches, 85c@\$1.00 per box; California,—per box; fall butter pears, 80@90c per box, 1@1½c per pound; cassavae, \$2@\$2.50: grapes, 50@90c per box; Italian prunes, 75@\$1 per box; apples, Baldwin, King, 85c@\$1.00 per box; Waxen, 75@90c; cranberries, \$8@8.50 per barrel.

STAPLE GROCERIES.

New Orleans, \$5.50@6.25 per cental.
Syrup—Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c;
in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@
80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California,
in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per

BAGS AND BAGGING.

Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6½c; burlaps, 10½-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6½c; burlaps, 16-ounce, 60-inch, 11c; burlaps, 19-ounce, 76-inch, 14c; wheat bags, Calcutta, 22x36, spot, 8c; 2-bushel oat bags, 7½c; No. 1 selected second-hand bags, 7c; Calcutta hop cloth, 24-ounce, 10c.

DAIRY PRODUCE. BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 30 @32½c; fancy dairy, 25@27½c; fair to good, 17½@20c; common, 15@16c per

ern, 23@25c.
Pourray—Chickens, old, \$3.00@3.50;
broilers, \$1.50@3.00; ducks, \$3.00@4.00;
geese, \$8.00@9.00 per dozen; turkeys,
live, 14c per pound.

BEEF—Prime steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair o good steers, \$2.00@2.50; good to choice ows, \$1.50@2.00; dressed beef, \$3.50@

Tin-I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime quality, \$8.50@9.00 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, \$7.50@8.00 per box; terne plate, I. C., prime quality, \$6.50@7.00.

NAUS—Base quotations: Iron. \$2.25. MISCELLANEOUS.

NAILS—Base quotations: 1701, steel, \$2.35; wire, \$2.50 per keg.

STREL—Per pound, 10\(\frac{1}{2} \)c.

LEAD—Per pound, 43\(\frac{1}{2} \)c; bar, 6\(\frac{1}{2} \)c.

NAVAL STORES—Onkum, \$4.50\(\tilde{6} \).00 per bale; resin, \$4.80\(\tilde{6} \).00 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$13; Carolina, \$9 per bartar, Stockholm, \$13; Carolina, \$9 per bartar, \$1000 per bale; tar, \$1000 pe tar, Stockholm, \$13; Carolina, \$9 per bar-rel; pitch, \$6 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon in car lots.

IRON—Bar, 23/c per pound; pig-iron,

VEGETABLES AND PRUITS.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, 1c per pound; potatoes, Oregon, 75c per sack; new onions, 1½c per pound; tomatoes, 35@ 40c per box; green corn, 15c per dozen; sweet potatoes, 1¼@1½c per pound; egg plant, \$1.00 per box; Oregon celery, 35@ 650c.

keg.
SUGAR—D, 5%c; Golden C, 5%c; extra
SUGAR—D, 5%c; Golden C, 5%c; extra
C, 8%c; confectioners' A, 6%c; dry granulated, 6%c; cube, crushed and powdered, 7%c per pound; %c per pound
discount on all grades for prompt cash;
maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

CANNER GOODS.

put them back upon the shelves again,
as they were during the fall before.
There they remain until they are needed
to set out. I have tried various plans
of preserving onion sets through winter,
but none of them have proved as satisfactory as the above. In fact, we consider it just about perfect.

CANNED GOODS-Table fruits, assorted cannal—Canal du Midi—built some 200 years ago, from Bordeaux at the Garonne river to the Mediterranean by means of a new canal, to be 27 feet deep, 140 to 200 feet broad and some 300 miles long.

Calcutts advices say the flow of bar \$2.40: chipped. \$2.55@3.00: lunch.

Cannal—Canal du Some 200 years 42.55@3.00: parteries, \$1.85@2.00; parteries, \$1.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; parteries, \$1.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.25@2.00; parteries, \$1.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.25@2.00; parteries, \$1.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.25@2.00; parteries, \$1.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.25@2.00; parteries, \$1.25@

The German Government has arranged with half a dozen universities for a series of lectures on sanitation, to be delivered to people engaged in the public service. Plumbing, drainage, laundry work, the disposal of sewage, slaughtering cattle, ventilation and other subjects which involve the public health are to be the topics for instruction.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Spirits of Turpentine Will Destroy Roup Germs. .

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE FARMER. Plan of Keeping Onions Through

ing-Farm Notes. Never waste t'ne in wintering weak

The grub is often the cause of flower plants turning yellow. Keeping the orchard well trimmed will add to the appearance of the farm. Tobacco is a valuable insecticide against greenhouse pest, used dry, as smoke or in the form of decoction.

one for some of the less common kinds of insects, and they have occurred in increased numbers. Burn the straw or other material from the nests once a week, and replace it with fresh. This practice will aid greatly in keeping down lice.

Many swarms and large yields of honey will not be obtained during the same season. The one will be developed at the expense of the other. To secure the greatest quantity of pure white combs remove the sections as soon as filled, and replace empty ones with starters of comb foundation.

Do as much plowing this autumn as possible. It will save time in getting crops in next spring, and will prevent many weeds maturing in stubble fields.

ich cannot w...

ree; therefore, cease curves are; therefore, cease curves in time for them to thorougher.

If discarded apples are removed from the orchard and fed to pigs or other stock or the animals allowed to pick them up in the orchard, many injurious insects will be destroyed.

Do not allow weeds to mature seed on the land where potatoes were grown, the land where potatoes were grown, the land where potatoes were grown, alarmer.

A pleasure to two, a nuisance to every other body and a necessity to the world.

An inhabitant of Lapland.

The morning caller, noonday crawle midnight brawler.

An invention for keeping people aw that requires a midnight requires a midnight or the morning caller.

Examine flocks of sheep, and if ticks are still found on them, destroy by dipping in tobacco decoction or in some of the prepared dips before they are confined in barns and sheds again. In pruning young seedlings after the introduced bud has started growth do not cut away too much of it at a time, or too heavy a flow of sap sent to the young shoot may kill the introduced bud.

One of the best ways of renewing an old current bush is to cut out all the old growth and the greater portion of the new and dig thoroughly around the roots and apply a good dressing of manure. wintering onions.

I will repeat my plan of keeping onions through winter in as few words as possible, as some of your readers may have forgotten it, or perhaps not have noticed it, says a writer in Ohio Farmer. STAPLE GROCKRIES.

DRIED FRUITS—Petite prunes, 10@11c; silver, 11@12c; Italian, 13½c; German, 10@11c; plums, 8@9c; evaporated apples, 10@11c; evaporated apricots, 14@15c; peaches, 10@12½c; pears, 7@11c per pound.

HONEY—Choice comb, 18c per pound; new Oregon, 16@20c; extract, 9@10c.
SALT — Liverpool, 100s, \$16.00; 50s, \$16.50; stock, \$8.50@9.50.

COFFRE—Costa Rica, 23c; Rio, 22c; Salvador, 23c; Mocha, 26½@28c; Arbuckle's, Columbia and Lion, 100-pound cases, 25.30c per pound.

BEANS—Small whites, 3@3½c; pinks, 3½c; bayos, 3@3½c; butter, 4c; lima, 3½c; bayos, 3@3½c; butter, 4c; lima, 3½c; per pound.

RICE—Island, \$5.75@6.00; Japan, —; New Orleans, \$5.50@6.25 per cental.

SYRUP—Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c; in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$1.75 per limber of the property of the syring, after the year of the wort of the wort of the syring, after they are all out of the syring, after the root is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring, after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the frost is all out of the syring after the syring the spring, after the frost is all out of them, we take them out of the pit and

> but none of them have proved as satisfactory as the above. In fact, we consider it just about perfect.
>
> Western Rural says: Experiments made show that germs of roup are destroyed when brought in contact with spirits of turpentine. Turpentine, however, is a severe dose to give, even if effectual, and if too much is given, it may do damage of itself. To properly prepare it mix one part spirits of turpentine, one part kerosene and three parts glycerine in a sewing machine oil can, and always shake well before using. With the point of the oil can force three drops of the mixture down the throat of the fowl three times a day. Roup is a disease that is almost incurable, being contagious, and gradually exhausts the bird instead of causing instant death. If it appears in the flock, the labor of handle in the same of th factory as the above. In fact, we con sider it just about perfect.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

dling the sick birds is often more than the value of the flock, and as roup cannot well be treated on the wholesale plan (that is without handling the fowls), it is cheaper to clean them out, burn the carcasses, thoroughly disinfect and begin anew. The building should be very warm and dry.

Advice about milking.

It cannot help but be injurious to a cow to milk her up to a new calving. It is exhausting to the cow and the calf both, as the calf is supported by the cow and needs the nutriment that is taken from the cow in the milk. A cow should be dried off four weeks before the calf is due, and this is more desirable because the milk itself is undergoing a change during this time by which it is made unfit for use in the dairy and unpleasant for food. To dry a cow leave half the milk in the udder, and continue this for a week; then milk once a day only, and still leave some of the milk; feed only dry food, and if necessary, straw; but give meal in moderate quantity. If the cow is one of those occasional profuse milkers that cannot be dried, the milk may be fed to pigs and the cow milked partly.

where the hives are troubled with ants a little pine tar on a board, placed next the hive, will keep them away.

Cuttings of grapes and currants taken close to the old wood will be more certain to root than if from long pieces cut up.

To Insure Pleasant Dreams.

It is not enough that children should be kept in ignorance of evil, their sensitive spirits are so alive to every passing influence that suggestions are surely borne to them of the sin and sorrow all around. They have intuitions, if not discernment, of the existence of much concerning which their alders suppose them to be altogether. their elders suppose them to be altog in the dark. The expulsive power soothing thoughts is perhaps the remedy for all night fears. The wa partly attributes her own exemptic childhood from these tortures to a somehow acquired of repeating to he

partly attributes her own exemption in childhood from these tortures to a habit somehow acquired of repeating to herself before going to sleep the first stanza of Bishop Ken's evening hymn.

We could scarcely tell what spell of peace it bore, whether it lay in the music of the words, in its opening note of praise, which seemed to lift the spirit into regions of eternal calm, or in the trustful rapture of its prayer; but the "blessings of the light" seemed still to linger on the strain; the darkness was but as the shadow of the "Almighty wings" beneath which we were gathered.

"Give me a great thought to die on," asked Herder on his deathbed. And a peaceful thought to fall asleep on, a thought in which, as Herbert hath it, "more than in bed we rest," is a mighty help for children of every growth toward healthy slumber.—Argosy.

at night.

A mite of a thing that requires a mighty lot of attention.

A thing every body thinks there is a great deal too much fuss about unless it is their

as if we enjoyed it.

A mite of humanity that will cry no harder if a pin is stuck into him than he will if the cat won't let him pull her tail.

ure and the despotic tyrant of the most republican household. The human screech owl, whose warbling sounds are demoniscal to some, scraphic to many and appealing to all.

That which increases the mother's toll, decreases the father's cash and serves as an alarm clock to the neighbors.

A crying evil you only aggravate by put

Mark Twain's Brother.

Mark Twain has a brother living in Keokuk, la, who is absentminded enough for Mark to "put in a book." It is related that he drank violet ink for blackberry cordial and took an allopathic dose of ammonia instead of his cough medicine, but his latest absentminded adventure occurred when his wife had gone to a Sunday school picnic.

Mrs. Clemens instructed her husband that he would find his lunch nicely prepared in the refrigerator. On her way home she inquired of Mr. Clemens as tehis bachelorhood and how he had enjoyed his lunch.

It is told on high authority that Queen Victoria's favorite scents are patchoali and marechale. Those famous indian shawls which she gives as wedding presents are perfumed with marechale.—How on Globa.

Leave traces of Ammonia, Alum, Alkali or Acid in the Food.

Is the only Baking Powder that is free from any taint of adulteration or defect.

Dr. Price's is indispensable when perfect work and whole

Its higher raising power and marvelous purity make

more economical than any other.

his bachelorhood and now.

his lunch.

"Well," said Mr. Clemens, "I didn't think the saisd you spoke of was especially good, but I ste it."

Mrs. Clemens discovered that he had "esten it" indeed—that is, the yeast put to raise for the next day's baking, while the saisd remained untouched.—New York

All Other Baking Powders

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

some food are desired.