"NOW I LAY ME."

The fire upon the hearth is low,
And there is stillness everywhere,
Like troubled spirits here and the
The firelight shadows futtering go.
And as the shadows round me cree;
A childish trable breaks the shoot
And softly from the further room
Comes, "Now I lay me down to sleet

NO. 16.

OREGON CITY, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1893.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

rian Wheat Crop.

on the Adriatic.

destroyed one-half the town of Matti-nata on the Adriatic coast.

It is estimated that 500,000

ng New Zealand by parcel post.

ment closed their labor exchange.

Diamonds to the value of over \$5,000

England will need millions of bush

shows that there are in England 34 blind clergymen, 21 doctors, 2 barristers

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Copper Mines at Copperopolis, Cal., Close Down.

THE PORTLAND SAVINGS BANK.

Idle Men on the Streets of Fresno Aid in the Agitation Against the Mongolians.

Expert burglars are at work in the vicinity of Phoenix, A. T. Los Angeles has passed an ordinan against side entrances to saloons.

All the tailors at Nanaimo, B. C., are on a strike against a reduction in wages. An International Irrigation Congress will be held at Los Angeles in October. The yard at Mare Island is gradually accumulating material for a fine ship-

The statement of the assignee of the Union Bank Company at Portland shows assets \$95,333, liabilities \$52,946.

The estimates for the cost to repair the Hartfort are placed \$274,738 by the Washington investigating officials. Work on San Diego's harbor has been allotted to Captain S. R. Smith of Portland, Or., and work will be begun soon.

The Sacramento chain-gang struck for eight hours a day. They have been locked up, and will be fed on bread and water for awhile. Over \$209,000 have been spent trying to raise the San Pedro from Brotchy ledge. Now the work will have to be abandoned. The iron bottom is full of

mine at Silver City, Nev.. Friday. The average assay value was \$1,000 per ton. The output of the mine this month will

exceed \$20,000. It is operated by five Charles Nickel, a dudish young man at Los Angeles, has been arrested for stealing letters addressed to hotel guests, and which contained money. He did not confine himself to any property of the Senate.

Mr. Vest's bill appropriating \$300,000 for a site and building in Washington, to be known as the Hall of Records, has passed the Senate.

not confine himself to any particular hotel. The citizens along the Southern Pacific Coast line are indignant at the cessa-tion of work in the tunnels between Santa Margarita and Elwood and the consequent delay in giving them prom-ised traffic relief.

Orange growers in Southern California claim the past season has been unprofit-

mine on the Comstock have been suspended. Explorations in that mine have been in progress for the last twenty years, and during that time assessments were levied on the property aggregating \$420,000. Shareholders have at last re-

A regularly organized band of chicken thieves has been at work for some time in the neighborhood of Sacramento. The fowls were carried to different points from Sacramento and shipped to San Francisco. One of the gang was cap-tured on the Placerville train, but his confederates are still at large.

The copper mines at Copperopolis, The copper mines at Copperopolis, Calaveras county, Cal., have closed down. The mines are owned by Frederick Ames of the Union Pacific railroad, and were part of the estate of Oliver Ames. About 300 men are forced into idleness, many of whom have families and had built homes at Coptamilies and h

that on September 15 a red-lantern light will be established near the west end of the south jetty in Oakland (Cal.) side the north jetty, about three-quarters of a mile to the eastward of the Oakland harbor light, will be discontinual or increased circulation. harbor, and that the red light just out-

will not work when places are ready for them in the orchards and vineyards. Several gangs of Chinamen were driven from vineyards the other night, but no whites would go to work to fill the places made vacant. This action is not general, for many whites of both sexes have found and accepted needed em. libited.

In illustration of wint Oregon Solician, the country field in the production of samp free to form the provided pollection of the control of clares. The round-triple fast from St. Lonis to magnificant 34-yound specimen of the sugar-best family. This best was grown as an experiment, but it demonstrates what can be done and what will be done when capital finds investment in sugar best faithful to the control of the co

CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

Negotiations are under way to allow the Washington State building to remain permanently after the fair as a natural-history museum.

Medals have been awarded by the jury selected to pass upon the paintings in oils and water at the fair to the artists of all countries except the United States, Mexico, Germany and Austria. It is said the big diamond which is the star of the Tiffany exhibit at the World's Fair has been bought by Mrs. Charles

Fair has been bought by Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes, wife of the Chicago street-railway king. The price paid is quoted at \$100,000. The diamond is about the size of a small walnut.

size of a small walnut.

The Maharajah of Kapurthala, King of Kings, owner of 200 elephants, liege lord of fifty wives, having an annual income of \$10,000,000, spent an hour in the Oregon Horticultural exhibit viewing the various kinds of fruits, and was loud in his praise of their superior excellence. The names of some of the prominent nurserymen were given him, and he proposes to take with him to his kingdom some Oregon fruit trees.

In the callest of the liberal arts build.

In the gallery of the liberal arts build-ing at the World's Fair the central figure of a group in the educational exhibit of of a group in the educational exhibit of Oregon is a finely executed photograph of Governor Pennoyer. This likeness is shown in the space devoted by Oregon to the State Board of Education, of which the Governor is President. This photograph is the subject of more remarks perhaps than any of Oregon's exhibits. The multitude pass by to admire the likeness or to criticise the Governor. They are attracted to the spot, not because the Governor refused to meet President Harrison at the State line; not because he would not permit the State

President Harrison at the State line; not because he would not permit the State cannon to be fired upon Cleveland's re-clection; not because he told Grover to mind his own business; not because he received and welcomed Adlai so pleas-antly upon the Vice-President's recent visit to the capital, but because he is to-day the best advertised man in America, and the provide went to see "such a he and the people want to see "what he

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

The Attorney-General has decided that the Secretary of the Treasury has no authority to extend the time of the withdrawal of domestic whisky from

Consul-General Mason at Frankfort, Germany, has made a report to the State Department, in which he says that under the new tariff not only will Germany cease to draw from Russia supplies of claim the past season has been unprofitable. They propose to form a co-operative association and handle most of the crop themselves hereafter. The shipments were 6,000 carloads, 2,000 above the previous season.

cease to draw from Russia supplies of rye and petroleum, every year amounting to millions of dollars; but, owing to the drought, she will have a serious deficit this year in her own crop of grain, which will call for a very large importation of breadstuffs from the United

The receiver's inventory of the Portland (Or.) Savings Bank shows that the bank holds notes aggregating \$50.-000, dated July 27, while the bank lodes notes are against employes and officers of the bank and President Dekum's four sons.

The receiver's inventory of the Portland's public building increased from the bank lodes notes aggregating \$50.-000, dated July 29. Most of the notes are against employes and officers of the bank and President Dekum's four sons.

The company has been formed to introduce the sliding railway system exhibited at Chicago into this country.

A movement is in progress to introduce improved machinery in the gold districts of Alabama and Georgia.

One thousand saloons have suspended by them.

A company has been formed to introduce the sliding railway system exhibited at Chicago into this country.

A movement is in progress to introduce improved machinery in the gold districts of Alabama and Georgia.

One thousand saloons have suspended by them.

Calvaston is experiencing an excess of them.

passed at this session. There will be no trouble in getting it through the Senate. The stick will come in trying to have it pass the House. The Senator's bill for a public building at Baker City provides

Salem.
The bill of the Finance Committee of The bill of the Finance Committee of the Senate to allow national banks to issue currency to the par value of the building is not on ground stable enough bonds deposited by them in the Treasury is sure to experience very stormy weather. One of the obstacles is Cock-rell's amendment directing the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem the outstand-ing 2 per cent bonds by a new issue of greenbacks. Cockrell calculates that more than \$20,000,000 of the \$25,000,000

more than \$20,000,000 in greenbacks will be put in circulation. It is understood that he has also in reserve several other propositions that will not be pleasing to the national banks nor their friends. In from Nebraska (Allen) is also prepared

A circular issued at Astoria, Or., places the total salmon pack for the season of 1893, which has just closed, at 375,500 cases of all grades, or about equal to that of 1891, and 90,000 cases short of last year's pack. Of these a large proportion are flat cans and all have been sold to domestic dealers, and many canners will be short in their deliveries.

The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce denounces the map which is published with the State books, for which the Legislature voted \$25,000, and 130,000 copies of which were recently published for circulation at the World's Fair, and asks Governor Markham, under whose name the book is published, to immediately suppress the circulation of "so inaccurate and misleading a document."

Senator Peffer of Kansas has introduced (by request) two financial bills, one of which provides for an issue of \$600,000,000 of legal-tender money on sheets of aluminium or silk-threaded paper, as the people may prefer. The amount is to be covered into the Treasury all the outstanding interest-bearing bonds is to be made, and they are to be redeemed at par and paid for from the surplus fund. The second measure is be headed the "New Silver Bill," and directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase all the gold, silver and subscibilary coins offered at any price, less the cost of transportation and mintage, without regard to the price in any foreign country. The bullion purchased to immediately suppress the circulation of "so inaccurate and misleading a document." Senator Peffer of Kansas has intro-

under whose name the book is published, to immediately suppress the circulation of "so imaccurate and misleading a document."

There are said to be many idle men on the streets at Fresno, who aid in the agitation against the Chinese, but who will not work when places are ready for them in the orchards and vineyards. Several gangs of Chinamen were driven but the purchase is to be so as to keep but the nints running at their full capacity. the mints running at their full capacity. In payments all three kinds of currency

Commissioner Miller of the bureau of In illustration of what Oregon soil can do in the production of sugar beets Oregon is exhibiting at the World's Fair a magnificent 34-pound specimen of the sugar-beet family. This beet was grown as an experiment, but it demonstrates what can be done and what will be done when capital finds investment in sugar-beet factories in this State. Oregon can grow these beets with profit, and the day is not far distant when they will be a recular crop.

Commissioner Miller of the bureau of internal revenue, in response to an inquiry made recently, issues an official statement as to the refusal of collectors of internal revenue to receive checks in payment of taxes. Mr. Miller said:

The impressions seems to be general throughout the country that the refusal of collectors of internal revenue to accept checks in payment of internal revenue to receive checks in payment of taxes. Mr. Miller said:

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EASTERN MELANGE.

The Kansas Coal Miners' Strike Nearing an End.

ACT OF A RELIGIOUS LUNATIC

Nebraska County Treasurer Skips With the Swag-Drought in

New York State.

Seventeen-year locusts have put in an appearance in Missouri. An irrigation canal eighty-six miles General Fitz John Porter has been cashier of New York's postoffice.

General Booth of the Salvation Army s coming to this country in October. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul proposes to reduce wages 10 per cent. The late Thomas J. Morse of St. Louis carried \$110,000 insurance on his life. The Health Officer of Florida declares

there is no yellow fever at Pensacola. Moberly, Mo., has two banks which are said to actually turn away depositors. At Lancaster, Pa., recently hundreds of acres of tobacco were ruined by hail. The iron and steel mills in Pennsylvania that were shut down are starting

The New York Tribune declares that racing is going downward in public esti-Nearly \$75,000 damage was done at Lynn, Mass., by floods following a re-

cent storm. Representatives of Egypt are studying Southern methods of cotton-raising near Atlanta, Ga.

The New York Recorder (Rep.) advo-cates the free coinage of silver at a reasonable ratio. B. P. Hutchinson, or "Old Hutch," has sold his membership on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Two of the 5,000-horse-power turbine wheels for the great Niagara power plant are nearly done.

The Rock Island switchmen threaten to strike if an attempt is made to reduce their wages.

Mining experts are actively at work inspecting the gold region of the Rocky Mountain States.

A fine quality of coal in seeming inexhaustible quantity has been found in

Kerr county, Tex. The New York banks will soon in-crease their circulation to the extent of \$8,000,000 or \$10,000,000.

Philadelphia Italians have been trying to wreck cable cars, because their children were killed by them.

Galveston is experiencing an excess of rainfall and New Orleans a drought. A

year ago these conditions were reversed.

The Kansas coal miners' strike is nearing an end. The strikers are trying to a public building at Baker City provides for an appropriation of \$100,000, and the same amount is asked for a building at return to work on the best terms obtainable.

to support it. A Chicago statistician figures that

The employes of the bureau of engraving and printing at Washington have been ordered to work till 6 o'clock every working day until further notice

At Philadelphia Rachel Boyle, 25 years of age, during a period of religious ex-citement cut off a portion of her lips, and then broiled it as an offering to God. The State officers of Kansas have decided to send out a commissioner to so-licit seed wheat for farmers of that State,

taking notes from the farmers in pay The women of Hiawatha, Kan., are raising funds to send all of the drunk-ards of that town to the Keeley cure, and they expect to make money by the

peration. The American Bankers' Association Convention, announced to be held in Chicago September 6 and 7, will not and two inches in diameter. It had been cial situation.

Barrett Scott, Holt county (Neb. Treasurer, has disappeared, and an investigation of his accounts shows a shortage of about \$60,000. It is thought that Scott has gone to Mexico.

Topolobampo colonists have reached Kansas, and have asked Congressman Broderick to investigate the methods The refugees say it is a swindle.

Only Massachusetts, Virginia, Ohio, Wisconsin and Iowa will elect Governors this fall. Only three Legislatures to be chosen—in Virginia, Kentucky and Iowa—will elect United States Senators.

Local bankers at Mobile, Ala., ridicule Bradstreet's report of a probable crisis in the cotton region, owing to want of currency. When the time comes they say all the necessary funds will be forth-

Chicago has been so overrun with car penters that the unions of that city have appealed to sister unions throughout the country for financial aid to en-able them to pay the fares of some of the unemployed to other cities. The round-trip fare from St. Louis to

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Electric tramways and railways in Euope aggregate about 270 mile Alligator's tail is one of the queer del-icacies much prized by Southern Creole

It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 bounds of rubber are annually used for bicycle tires. Twenty thousand people at Redditch England, make more than 100,000,000

reedles a year. Tanning is done in this country about one-quarter the time usually allowed in Europe.

The largest knitting-needle plant in the world has recently been enlarged at Manchester, N. H.

The manufacture of a single needle includes some twenty-one or twenty-two

different processes. About 60 per cent of the copper produced in this country comes from the Lake Superior region.

In 1889 the United States produced 103,000 tons of refined copper, nearly half the world's yield. Thirty thousand tons of "staff" terial were used in the walls of the World's Fair building.

By improvements in mining machinery one man in 1888 raised more ore than four men could in 1800. The great gold fields of South Africa were discovered in 1866 by an elephant hunter named Hartley.

During the past five years \$10,500,000 worth of ostrich feathers have been ex-ported from Cape Colony.

The consumption of nails in this country has increased from 1,824,729 kegs in 1856 to 5,002,176 kegs in 1891. The purchasing power of money in the days of the Roman Emperors was about ten times what it is at present.

Cakes of tea in India, pieces of silk in China, salt in Abyssinia and codfish in Ireland have all been used as money. For the week ended July 31 the Chattanooga Tradesman reports twenty-four new industries established or incorpor-ated.

An immense foundry, covering six acres, is being built by the Carnegie firm near Pittsburg, to be operated entirely by electricity. Since the settlement of the Black Hills

the sum of \$44,000,000 has been produced in gold alone. The annual output exeeds \$7,000,000. The latest use for aluminium is for street-car tickets, and it must be con-ceded that the metal is singularly adapt-

The daily total supply of water by the London companies is 200,264,879 gallons for a population estimated at 5,663,167, representing a daily consumption per head of 37.34 gallons for all purposes.

The United States mints coined \$34, 787,000 in gold last year, which is 2½
per cent of the total money circulation
in the country. Besides this our mints
manufactured \$23,290,000 in gold bars

Justice Field is the only Supreme Jusice remaining who sat in the famouus Electoral Commission.

Stonecutters in Germany are collecting funds for their fellow-craftsmen at Bordeaux, France, 4,000 of whom are on strike against a reduction of wages. Ex-Attorney-General Garland is pay ing his annual visit to his summer ho at Hominy Hill near Little Rock. Mr. Harris, the composer of the popular song "After the Ball," will, it is said realize over \$100,000 from its sale.

Ex-Governor Richard J. Oglesby of Il wheat at the price it is now selling—\$19 linois told a reporter the other day that a ton—is only \$6 a ton more than timothy hay is bringing.

linois told a reporter the other day that just now he is more interested in potatoes than politics.

and 14 lawyers engaged in active work.

India has hoarded \$135,000,000 worth
of silver and half as much in gold,
mostly in the shape of idols and ornaments hidden out of sight, in thirty Colonel John S. Mosby, the famous ex-Confederate, is practicing law in San Francisco. He is nearly 60 years old, It is said that William Waldorf Asto but stands straight as an arrow, and is full of vigor. Andrew Carnegie has rented beside

ment in receiving him.

One of the most brilliant and brave

has set out to have the best racing stable in England. He is buying every thoroughbred of reputation that is raig Castle in Scotland Craig-dhu louse, two miles from the castle on the The New Zealand Labor Department banks of Loch Ovie, near the rocky re-cesses where Prince Charlie took refuge prints a monthly journal giving statistics of the labor market throughout the after the battle of Culloden. world. It is distributed among workmen free of charge. Albert Snider, a grandson of million-aire "Lucky" Baldwin of San Francisco

Joseph Hessel, the Austrian, who is has enlisted as a private in the United States cavalry. He says he likes the army and means to study for a commissaid to have invented the marine screw propeller, died in abject poverty. But a monument was erected to his memory the other day in Vienna. His grandfather approves of his The Mark Lane Express in its weekly

review of the British grain trade says: The British wheat crop is now estimated at 56,000,000 bushels. This leaves 168,-000,000 bushels to be imported. The number of emigrants who during the past half year sailed from the ports of Great Britain reached the total of designs upon the Governor's health and comfort can only be surmised.

Count Crispi, ex-Premier of Italy, i 179,088, as against a total of 176,814 in the corresponding period of 1892, Buckingham Palace is about to be again ill. For several weeks he has been a patient in his lovely villa, Lina, near Naples. The Countess and the states-man's daughter are his devoted attend-ants. He has been obliged to give up all attention to politics for the present. closed for six months. The sanitation of the place is imperfect. All the house-hold servants, including the head house-keeper, will be put on board wages.

Miss Mat Crim, the young novelist, The Maories of New Zealand are de was born in Louisiana, but has spent most of her life in Georgia. At present she is living in New York, and is en-gaged on a novel and a play. In appear-ance she is graceful and girlish. She is manding home rule. The British have 'raised them from their savage state and educated them," and now they want to attend to their own affairs instead of being governed by the white settlers.

The Pope has directed the Catholic still quite young. Her first story was "An Unfortunit Creetur," a sketch of

inhabitants at Naples not to fast on Fridays as long as the cholera prevails, as the physical weakness resulting from fasting might increase the danger of The Rajah Rajagan is having a high old time at Newport. He has dined with McAllister, and has seen Miss Lester. The Rajah's explanation that he has only two wives instead of six, a calumny that was started by some designing Spanish Duke, has entirely relieved Newport society from any embarrassment in receiving him. contagion.

Three women have been slaughtered in the open air of London's suburbs by unknown assassins recently. In each case the victim was silently and swiftly killed with a knife, and the murderer

officers of the Salvation Army is Major Susie M. Swift, who was a Vassar girl

PORTLAND MARKET.

PLOUR, FRED, ETC. Final Estimate of the Hunga-

GREAT ADVANCEMENT IN RUSSIA An Estimate of the Wheat Crop Great Britain-Earthquakes DAIRY PRODUCE.

Tobacco culture is prohibited in Egypt. The Stramboli volcano is in violent Great Britain received 10,057,600 let ters from America last year.

pound.
EGG8-15@17c per dozen.
POULTRY — Chickens, old, \$4.00;
broilers, \$2.00@3.00; ducks, \$4.00@5.00; The paternal French government trans-ports live bees through the mails for

It is estimated that the new African

STAPLE GROCERIES. Rocktown and Cavally, on the west coast of Africa. are now blockaded by the Liberian government. silver, 11@12c; Italian, 135c; German,

The Hungarian crop of wheat is finally estimated at 120,000,000 bushels, against 141,000,000 bushels last year. have been thrown out of work through the British coal miners' strike. Tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and the

Paris labor unions want to force a gen eral strike October 1 because the govern In England there is considerable tall about grasshoppers as diet, due to the statements of Stanley and other African

in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per 000 were sold in one lot recently by the De Beers Company of South Africa to keg.
SUGAR-D, 536c; Golden C, 536c; extra High water continues in Galicia and

of American wheat—probably the bulk of 19,000,000 quarters deficiency will be drawn from the United States. It is stated that a study of the census

blackberries, \$4.25@4.50.

Mrars—Corned beef, 1s, \$1.50; 2s, \$2.40; chipped, \$2.55@4.00; lunch tongue, 1s, \$4; 2s, \$8.75; deviled ham, \$1.75@2.15 per dozen.

First—Sardines, \$4s, 75c@\$2.25; \$4s, \$2.15@4.50; lobeters, \$2.30@3.50; salmon, tin 1-lb talls, \$1.25@\$1.50; flats, \$1.75; 2-lbs, \$2.25@2.50; \$4-barrel, \$5.50.

PROVISIONS.

Hors-'92s, 10@16c per pound, accor

Hors—'92s, 10@16c per pound, according to quality; new crop, '93s, 15@17c.
Wool—Umpqua valley, 14@15c; fall clip, 13@14c; Willamette valley, 10@
12c, according to quality; Eastern Oregon, 6@14c per pound, according to condition.

Hidden Dry hides, selected prime, 6@8c; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; sheep pelts, short wool, 30@50c; medium, 60@80c; long, 90c@\$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; tallow, good to choice, 3@5c per pound.

WHEAT-Valley, 97%c@\$1.00; Walla Walla, 87@90c per cental.

FLOUR-Standard, \$3.40; Walla Walla, \$3.40; graham, \$3.00; superfine, \$2.50 per barrel.
Oars—White,40@42c per bushel; gray.
40c; new crop, gray, 36c; rolled, in bags,
\$6.25@6.50; barrels, \$6.50@6.75; cases,

\$3.75.
MILLSTUFFS — Bran, \$18.00; shorts, \$21.00; ground barley, \$22@23; chop feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, 80 @85c per cental; middlings, \$23@28 per ton; chicken wheat, \$1.22\cdot@01.25 per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 22½ @25c; fancy dairy, 20@22½c; fair to good, 16@17½c; common, 14@15c per pound; California, 35@44c per roll.

CHERRE—Oregon, 12½c; California, 11@13½c; Young America, 14½c per round.

geese, \$8.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 14c per pound; dressed, none in the market. VEGETABLES AND PRUITS.

It is estimated that the new African gold mines will double their products this year.

In the last thirty years the imports of silver by India amounted to about 11. 100,000,000.

Italy's government will forbid all pilgrimages to Rome in the event of cholera continuing abroad.

The Austrian government has prohibited the circulation in the country of the Chicago Staats Zeitung.

Colombia has declared the manufacture of cigarettes and the sale of salt to be national monopolies.

Sunday dances are said to have become a recognized institution with the "smart set" in London.

The International Medical Congress, set for Rome September 24, has been postponed to April, 1894.

Repeated shocks of earthquake have destroyed one-half the town of Mattinats on the Adriance continuing and Rose of Peru), \$1.00@1.25.

DRIED FRUITS-Petite prunes, 10@11c;

DRIED FRUTS—Fettle Prunes, 10@11c; silver, 11@12c; Italian, 13½c; German, 10@11c; plums, 8@9c; evaporated apples, 10@11c; evaporated apricots, 12@15c; peaches, 10@12½c; pears, 7@11c per pound.

HONEY—Choice comb, 18c per pound; new Oregon, 16@20c; extract, 9@10c.

SALT—Liverpool, 100s, \$16.00; 50s, \$16.50; stock, \$8.50@9.50.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22c; Rio, 21c; Salvador, 21½c; Mocha, 26½@30c; Java, 24½@30c; Arbuckle's and Lyon, 100-pound cases, 24.85c per pound; Columbia, same, 24.85c.

RICE—Island, \$4.75@5.00; Japan, \$4.75; New Orleans, \$4.50 per cental.

BRANS—Small whites, 3½c; pinks, 3½c; bayos, 3½c; butter, 4c; lima, 4c per pound.

Sygra—Fastern in barrels 40@55c.

per pound.
Sysur—Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c

Suare—D, 3%c; conden C, 5%c; extra C, 5%c; confectioners' A, 6%c; dry gran-ulated, 6%c; cube, crushed and pow-dered, 7%c per pound; %c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

EASTERN SMOKED MEAT AND LARD Hans, medium, uncovered, 15@16c per pound; covered, 14½@15½c; breakfast bacon, uncovered, 16@17c; covered, 15½@16c; short clear sides, 13@14c; dry salt sides, 11½@12½c; lard, compound, in tins, 10c per pound; pure, in tins, 13@14c; Oregon lard, 11½@12½c.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FARM AND GARDEN.

Diversified Farming Recommended by a Farmer.

EFFECT OF POULTRY MANUBE.

The Spirit of Thrift and Largeness of Enterprise Seen on Every

Hand in Iowa-Etc.

EXPERIMENTS IN PREDING DAIRY COWS.

most changeable constituent of the milk. The per cent of solids not fat was quite

uniform. Both were higher in the last part of the period of lactation than in

the first, when the cows were fresh and the maximum quantity of milk was pro-duced. This was especially true of the fat. As the activity of the milk glands

gradually decline until the flow of milk ceases, the formation of the fat seems to hold out better than the other constitu-ents of the milk. A gradual increase of

the grain feed from twelve to twenty-four pounds per day per head and the change from stable to pasture feed each increased the yield of milk, but had very little effect on its quality. In some re-spects the results obtained by Prof. Far-

rington are contrary to the generally ac-cepted belief in regard to the production of butter fat, and will serve to reopen a question which has never been definitely

Ohl for an hour in that dear place!
Ohl for the peace of that dear time
Ohl for that childlah trust sublima.
Ohl for a glimpse of mother's face!
Yet, as the shadows round me creep,
I do not seem to be alone—
Bweet magic of that treble tone—
And "Now I lay me down to sleep,"
—Eugene Field in Chicago Ne It pays to be thorough. An Iowa farmer in Prairie Farmer says: Three-fourths of the oats that are thin on the fourths of the oats that are thin on the ground are so because they have never been covered, and the long-continued cold and wet weather has rotted all at the surface. It is difficult to kill the healthy germ of life when it is properly protected. The same may be said of timothy sown with the oats. My experience proves that grass seed needs harrowing in as thoroughly as wheat or oats. If there is one thing more mortifying than others in farming, it is to have a half stand, especially meadow. It is a waste of land and, what is yet more precious, a waste of time—postponing until next year what we should enjoy this year. Herein lies the secret of many tedious debts. A full crop will often lift the mortgage, which hangs like a hog at a good a right to yield its utmost as I have to expend my strength and time. And the land in these parts at least will yield cheerfully if we but cultivate it properly. There is a bonanza in every quarter section of lowa prairie for the should. And the same land will "languish and pine" and manifest it the whole year round if its tilth, like its owner, is half-hearted and slipshod. The days of 15 and 20-cent corn are past, never to return. For this we are thankfourths of the oats that are thin on the ground are so because they have never been covered, and the long-continued cold and wet weather has rotted all at the surface. It is difficult to kill the healthy germ of life when it is properly protected. The same may be said of timothy sown with the oats. My experience proves that grass seed needs harrowing in as thoroughly as wheat or oats.

owner, is half-hearted and slipshod. The days of 15 and 20-cent corn are past, never to return. For this we are thankful. I have hauled oats twelve miles and sold them for 12 cents a bushel. But that will never occur again in Iowa. Hence the farmer who is wide-awake to his privileges will "push" things on his farm. His farming will be diversified. His farming will not be all corn any more. But he will raise oats and rye and other cereals and many tubers. The spirit of thrift and largeness of enter-

mand at some time in the winter. Hence the swales are now with us of this section all mowed not only once but twice during the season—the first time the latter part of June and later in September. This is as it should be with diversified farming; care in saving and looking after what are called little matters will soon make the farmers not only the most prosperous, but the happiest class of people in all the world. with Barnum'a."
"Oh, handle money quickly."
"Yep."
"Can you prove it?" you can work \$1.50 on the box office m The statement remained unprov New York Commercial Advertises.

It now seems to be a generally accepted fact that the per cent of butter fat in milk is always a matter of breeding and It is seidom that a witness acknowledges in court that he has counted the cost of faise as well as truthful testimony.

A negro in a Georgia courtroom was reminded by the judge that he must tall the whole truth. of individual peculiarities, says a writer, and that it cannot be controlled in any considerable degree by the feeding or treatment of the cow. Prof. Farrington of the Illinois station has made some experiments recently to test this point, and the results obtained are interesting. He finds that the butter fat was the

whole truth.

"Well, yer see, boss," said the witness,
"I'se akcered to tell de whole truf for feer
I might tell a lie."

"Do you know the nature of an oath?"
saked the judge.
"Sahe" "Sah?"
"Do you understand what you are to "Yes, sah; I'm to swear to tell de trut."
"And what will happen if you do not tel

"I 'spects our side'll win the case, sah."
-Boston Traveller.

"Signor Console, I pray you tell me what this is for?" exclaimed an Italian shop-keeper, as he entered the American consul's office, followed by a boy carrying a patent clothes wringer. "I have had it in my establishment nearly a year, and I should so like to know what it is for."

"Why, that's for drying clothes."

"Really, signor? Most truly?"

"What did you think it was?"

A shrug of the shoulders, served as the man's only response, but it afterward appeared that he had been trying to sell it to artists, as a great improvement in the are of photography.—Youth's Companion.

desting show, good to choice, 3@5c per pound.

LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

BEFF—Prime steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good steers, \$2.50@2.50; good to choice cows, \$1.50@2.00; dressed beef, \$3.50@6.60.

MUTTON — Choice mutton, \$2.75; dressed, \$6.00; lambs, \$2.00@2.50; dressed, \$6.00; shearlings, 2½c, live weight.

Hoos—Choice heavy, \$5.00@5.50; medium, \$4.50@5.00; dressed, \$6.00; shearlings, 2½c, live weight.

Hoos—Choice heavy, \$5.00@5.50; medium, \$4.50@5.00; dressed, \$7.00.

VEAL—\$4.00@6.00.

Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-ounce, 45-inch, 16c; shearly, \$1.50@5.00; dressed, \$7.00.

Sags and Bagging.

Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-ounce, 45-inch, 16c; shearly, \$2.75; burlaps, 15-ounce, 60-inch, 12½c; burlaps, 15-ounce, 60-inch, 16c; shearly, \$2.75; shearly \$2.75; fair to good steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good steels, \$2.50@2.75; fair to good

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Surpassing all others in its quick and perfect work.

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