

WANTS NO "DEADHEADS" ON LIST OF EMPLOYES.

A CALL UPON THE LAW MAKERS TO PREVENT USELESS TAX UPON AGRICULTURE.

By Peter Radford

Lecturer National Farmers' Union The farmer is the paymaster of industry and as such he must meet the nation's payroll. When industry pays its bill it must make a sight draft upon agriculture for the amount, which the farmer is compelled to honor without protest. This check drawn upon agriculture may travel to and fro over the highways of commerce; may build cities; girdle the globe with bands of steel; may search hidden treasures in the earth or traverso the skies, but in the end it will rest upon the soil. No dollar will remain suspended in raidair; it is as certain to seek the earth's surface as an apple that falls from a tree.

When a farmer buys a plow he pays the man who mined the metal, the woodman who felled the tree, the manufacturer who assembled the raw material and shaped it into an article of usefulness, the railroad that transported it and the dealer who sold him the goods. He pays the wages of labor and capital employed in the transaction as well as pays for the tools, machinery, buildings, etc., used in the construction of the commodity and the same applies to all articles of use and diet of himself and those engaged in the subsidiary lines of industry.

There is no payroll in civilization that does not rest upon the back of the farmer. He must pay the bills -all of them.

The total value of the nation's annual agricultural products is around \$12,000,000,000, and it is safe to estimate that 95 cents on every dollar goes to meeting the expenses of subsidiary industries. The farmer does not work more than thirty minutes per day for himself; the remaining thirteen hours of the day's toil he devotes to meeting the payroll of the hired hands of agriculture, such as the manufacturer, railroad, commercial and other servants.

The Farmer's Payroll and How He Meets It.

The annual payroll of agriculture approximates \$12,000,000,000. A portion of the amount is shifted to foreign countries in exports, but the total payroll of industries working for

illustrating the character of unnecessary expenses to which we refer. Union Opposes "Full Crew" Bill. The Texas Farmers' Union registered its opposition to this character of legislation at the last annual meeting held in Fort Worth, Tex., August 4, 1914, by resolution, which we quote.

BB follows: "The matter of prime importance to the farmers of this state is an adequate and efficient marketing system; and we recognize that such a system is impossible without adequate rallroad facilities, embracing the greatest mount of service at the least possible cost. We further recognize that the farmers and producers in the end pay approximately 95 per cent of the expenses of operating the railroads, and it is therefore to the interest of the producers that the expenses of the common carriers be as small as is possible, consistent with good service and safety. We, therefore, call upon our law-makers, courts and juries to bear the foregoing facts in mind when dealing with the common carriers of this state, and we do especially reaffirm the declarations of the last annual convention of our State Union, opposing the passage of the so-called 'full-crew' bill before the thirty-third legislature of Texas." The farmers of Missouri in the last election, by an overwhelming majority, swept this law off the statute book of that state, and it should come off of all statute books where it appears and no legislature of this

similar legislation which requires unnecessary expenditures. The same rule applies to all regulatory measures which increase the expenses of industry without giving

corresponding benefits to the public. There is offitimes a body of men as sights to your heart's content---all at have a right to be there-who, in no expense to you. their zeal for rendering their fellowassociates a service, sometimes favor an increase in the expenses of industry without due regard for the men who bow their backs to the summer's sun to meet the payroll, but these committees, while making a record for themselves, rub the skin off the shoulders of the farmer by urging the legislature to lay another burden upon his heavy load and under the anh of "be it enacted" goad him on to pull and surge at the traces of civilization, no matter how he may sweat, foam and gall at the task. When legislatures "cut a melon" for labor

they hand the farmer a lemon. The farmers of the United States are not financially able to carry "dead heads" on their payrolis. Our own hired hands are not paid unless we have something for them to do and we are not willing to carry the hired help of dependent industries unless there is work for them. We must therefore insist upon the most rigid economy

Legislative House-Cleaning Needed.

While the war is on and there is a tull in business, we want all legislative bodies to take an inventory of the statute books and wipe off all extravagant and useless laws. A good house-cleaning is needed and economies can be instituted here and there that will patch the clothes of indigent children, rest tired mothers and lift mortgages from despondent homes

Pacific Exposition Just think of securing one of these grand trips with a little effort on your part. Your railroad or steamer fare paid to and from San Francisco, where you can give yourself over to ten days nation should pass such a law or of recreation and enjoyment. You can visit the fair grounds every day and explore the foreign exhibits and hundreds of other interesting

To The Panama

For ten days you will be a guest in San Francisco. You can take three delightful excursion trips that will familiarize you with the wonderful city of San Francisco and its environments-without charge to you.

Now, after you have read the above and determined that you want to try for one of these trips, study the conditions carefully, see how easy and fair it is. Everything is in your favor-get busy-get your friends busy working for you, it's the chance of a lifetime.

The Worlds Fair Trips go to the ones who rustle the Most Trade for the store below and subscriptions for The St. Johns Review. Subscription Votes are good for Both Trips.





These Shoes are odds and ends of our regular stock; all Lace. The Dresses are all House and School Dresses Childrens' Underwear-Some odd lines Single Garments Warm, 19c. Remnants--The Usual Remnants from a Special Sale.

Bonham & Currier

VERY person in St. Johns should be interested in building and boosting the community.

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\$1.65

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

We should encourage those social, civic and business affairs that will keep us interested in our immediate community.

The success of Church, of School, of Business and of City Government depends upon our loyalty to the place in which we live.

If there is a lecture at the School for the public, let's all turn out. If there is something worthy at our moving picture houses, let us go and see it.

If there is a musical to which we are invited, let's go.

All these things are calling us; the Churches are calling us; let's surprise the Preacher by filling the pews.

As a business firm we will do our part, we surely will make you prices and buy

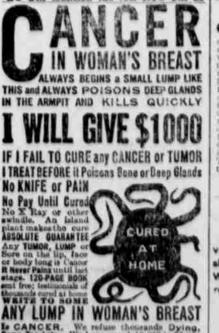


the farmer divides substantially as Railroade, \$1,252,000,000; tollows: manufacturers, \$4,365,000,000; mining \$655,000,000; banks, \$200,000,000; mercantile \$3,500,000,000, and a heavy miscellaneous payroll constitutes the remainder.

It takes the corn crop, the most valuable in agriculture, which sold last year for \$1,692,000,000, to pay off the employes of the railroads; the money derived from our annual sales of livestock of approximately \$2,000, 000,000, the yearly cotton crop, valued at \$920,000,000; the wheat crop, which is worth \$610,000,000, and the oat crop, that is worth \$440,000,000, are required to meet the annual payroll of the manufacturers. The money derived from the remaining staple crops is used in meeting the payroll of the bankers, merchants. etc. After these obligations are paid, the farmer has only a few bunches of vegetables, some fruit and poultry which he can sell and call the proceeds his own.

When the farmer pays off his help he has very little left and to meet these tremendous payrolls he has been forced to mortgage homes, work women in the field and increase the hours of his labor. We are, there-fore, compelled to call upon all industries Cependent upon the farmers for subsistence to retrench in their expenditures and to cut off all unnecessary expenses. This course is absolutely necessary in order to avoid a reduction in wages, and we want. if possible, to retain the present wage scale paid railroad and all other industrial employes.

We will devote this article to a discussion of unnecessary expenses and whether required by law or permitted by the managements of the concerns, is wholly immaterial We want all waste labor and extravagance, of whatever character, cut out. We will montion the full crew bill as



Le CANCER. We refuse thousands Dying, Camp Too Late. We have cured 10,000 in 20 yrs Address DR. & MRS. DR. CHAMLEY & CO. A 436 VALEHCIA ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Oswogo street, St. Johns. grant a the line to some cas with the are

Unnecessary workmen taken off and uscless expenses chopped down all along the line will add to the prosperity of the farmer and encourage him in his mighty effort to feed and clothe the world.

If any of these industries have surplus employes we can use them on the farm. We have no regular schedule of wages, but we pay good farm hands on an average of \$1.50 per day of thirteen hours when they board themselves; work usually runs about nine months of the year and the prefer to farm on their own account, there are more than 14,000,000,000 acres of idle land on the earth's surface awaiting the magic touch of the slow. The compensation is easily obainable from Federal Agricultural Department statistics. The total average annual sales of a farm in he continental United States amounts to \$516.00; the cost of operation is 3340.00; leaving the farmer \$176 per annum to live on and educate his amily.

There is no occasion for the legisatures making a position for surplus employes of industry. Let them come 'back to the soil" and share with us the prosperity of the farm.

When honesty is merely a good policy it is a poor virtue.

Lazy farmers are just as useless as lead ones and take up more room.

When the soul communes with the spirit of nature the back to the farm novement prevails.

There are two kinds of farmers. One tries to take all the advice he hears and the other won't take any at all

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury anarra that Contain Mercury molecury will astroly dearing the sense small and completely derange the ole system when entering it through muchas surfaces. Such articles should for be used except on prescriptions in reputable paralitisms, as the damage will do is bin fold to the good you possibly derive from them. Hall's arrh Cure, montractured by F. J. ency & Co., Toledo, O., contains no reary, and is taken internally, acting well do the biased and mucous sur-wes of the system. In buying Hall's tarth Cure be sure you get the genu-H is taken internally and made in iedo. Ohlo, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Tes-moniais free. dessert spoons. Bioniala free. Sold by Druggista. Price 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Fills for constipation. excepting as hereafter may be NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

mentioned: 100 votes for \$1.00 on cash In order to insure a change of adsales. ertisement the copy for such change should reach this office not later than paid with due bills. Wednesday, at 3 o'clock p. m. Please amember this and save the printer old accounts.

200 for \$1.00 on bargain and AUTO TRUCK-Three ton clearance sales. auto truck for sale or trade for real estate.-S. C. Cook, 1002 time sales are made only. In reference to issuing votes

List of Prizes sued for the payment of old ac-

counts, that were incurred prior to this date. Votes will not be Two Certificates good for given on new charge accounts World's Fair Trips De Luxe to unless this particular account is

San Francisco in 1915, describ- paid within thirty days, then votes may be issued if the ed as follows: Two first class fares from St. Lauthers Mercantile Company Johns to San Francisco and re- is willing and so orders. turn; two standard sleeping car Rule 2.-Votes will be issued berths from St. Johns to San with a time limit of one week, Francisco and return; fourteen and must be cast in the ballot three months dead time, they can do admissions into Exposition box, provided for that purpose, the chores for their board. If they grounds; two trips via steamer before the expiration of the time on San Francisco Bay, taking limit. Before casting votes, in Vallejo, and Mare Island Navy make a record for your own Yard; two trips via steamer to guidance. In order to facilitate Sacramento, the capital of the voting you are requested to place state of California, seeing the your votes in an envelope and beauties of the greatest farming seal it. Please write the numdistrict in the West; two sight ber of votes the envelope conseeing trips via auto, seeing tains and the name of the can-San Francisco and the beautiful didate you desire to vote for on

Golden Gate Park. the outside. Four piece plated silver teal

German silver mesh bag. Nickel plated percolater. Twenty-six piece Rogers & Sons silverware set. Mission electric lamp.

forks.

forks.

spoon

utter knife.

ion spoons.

Nickel plated casserole. stamped with their firm name. The goods listed below are Customers should refuse them weekly awards to be given to otherwise. Rue 5.-The soliciting of votes the leaders of the campaign as in the store, in front of store or follows: First week-Set knives and on premises is prohibited. Rule 6.- A vote that is scratch-Second week - Half dozen ed or marked in any manner after it leaves the merchant's orange spoons.

Third week-Half dozen oyster hands, shall be thrown out, providing this defacing should ap-Fourth week-Gravy ladle. pear that a figure had been

candidates.

Fifth week-Sugar spoon and tampered with. Rule 7.-Six weeks from the Sixth week-Half dozen boulopening date candidates will no

Seventh week—Half dozen special arrangement with the essert spoons. Eighth week—Large berry Rule 8.—Everybody is invited to nominate candidates. All H. F. Clark. Treas. Rule 8.-Everybody is invited to nominate candidates. All Ninth week-Cold meat fork. that is necessary is to send in the name of any young lady in the community. This will en-title her to 2000 nominating Tenth week-Jelly spoon. Following six weeks-Half dozen teaspoons each week.

votes and she will be entered as a candidate. RULES AND REGULATIONS. Rule 9.-Votes are not trans-

ferable after being cast. Rule 1-The Lauthers Mercantile Company shall issue Rule 10.-Votes that are not votes as per following schedule,

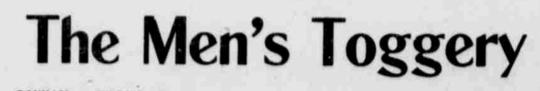
properly stamped with the merchant's signature, or votes with the time limit expired, will not be accepted.

Rule 11.-A committee select-ed by the Lauthers Mercantile 200 for \$1.00 in merchandise Company will count the votes 300 for \$1.00 on payments of each week and report the results to the St. Johns Review. 200 for \$1.00 on due bills sold. The Review gives 2000 votes

for each dollar on new and 1000 votes for each dollar for re-And votes will be given at the newals or back subscriptions.

Note the label on your paper.

goods for you that will interest you if you will be interested in your neighborhood affairs.



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