

### RIGHT HAND RULE.

The Way It is Applied in Driving and in Navigation.

London's drivers, sitting on the right side of the driver's seat, turn to the left. Why? In order that looking down at the right side of the vehicle they may gauge to a fraction of an inch the hubs of a vehicle meeting them. In the United States the driver still preserves the right side of the road and in turning to the right of the roadway has the least knowledge of where his hubs may be in passing.

But in international navigation the right hand rules always obtain. It is the narrow channel winding into a port where the extremest of emphasis is laid upon the vessel keeping to starboard, no matter how many crooks and turns and loops the channel may make.

This was illustrated in a collision on the Whangpoo river, in China, when the Pekin and the Normandie collided. The Normandie was descending the stream, keeping to starboard. The Pekin was ascending the channel, keeping to its starboard. At a sharp turn in the channel the two boats collided. The Pekin's master declared that owing to the sharp bend in the river it was a "crossing" case, in which the Normandie was to blame.

In the house of lords, however, it was held that the right of any channel of any degree of sinuosity lay at the right of the channel's center; that, therefore, when the Pekin failed to observe the rule in the sharp bend and "cut across" it became an offender against the law and must pay damages.—Chicago Tribune.

### EYE OF THE CAMERA.

The Picture It Brought From Out a Dark Cavern.

Dr. Francis Clark told an interesting story of a youth living in Maine who was out in the woods one day taking photographs of attractive bits of scenery. He came upon the mouth of a little cavern between the rocks, and he said to himself, "I will see what sort of picture I can get out of that cave," and as it was a dark day he decided to take a "time exposure" instead of a "snapshot." Steadying the camera upon his knee as well as he could at the edge of the cave, he gave the sensitive plate a long, deliberate look at the semidarkness within. Then he continued his tramp through the woods and after a few hours returned to his camp.

Several weeks afterward, when developing his plates, you can imagine his astonishment to see in the picture, in the very center of the cavern, with arched back and bristling fur and within springing distance of the spot where he had balanced his camera, a huge Canada lynx that might easily have destroyed his life. And yet he came and went and saw no signs of danger.—Christian Herald.

### Proving a Statement.

A certain minister, who is an emphatic preacher, is at times at a loss to give his utterances proper weight. For instance, he'll say:

"This statement is as true as is the night which will follow day," or "as true as that the trees will bud in spring."

Sometimes it happens that the doctor has more statements than he has illustrations to give them weight. On one such occasion he remarked, "This is as true as the sun." Here the doctor halted. He paused a few moments, and then his face illumined—"as true as is the statement that some member is yet on his or her way to church."

A few moments later a lady entered the edifice and swept grandly up the aisle. The doctor's face assumed an "I told you so" appearance. The conversation began to smile, then to laugh. Sympathy for the embarrassed lady, however, soon subdued the apparently uncontrollable mirth.

### The Parrots of Mexico.

What the wild pigeon once was in point of numbers to the United States parrot, of varying shades of color and all sizes, is to old Mexico. Flights of these birds frequently darken the midday sun in the hot country, and they became so tame around the camps of engineers that the birds are given individual names and soon become regular pets. Whenever the parrots desert the forest and alight on the ground in the open spaces of the jungle the natives recognize their actions as sure warning of an impending earthquake. American engineers in dense this belief and assert that serious accidents which might have been averted have resulted when the warning of the birds was noted, but unheeded.

### A Line on Mother.

"I don't see how I'm ever to get a chance again with this boy around" wailed the little widow with the small son. "The other day a man I like awfully well asked me how old the town was that we came from. The boy spoke up without giving me a chance to put in a word:

"I don't know just how old it is," he said, "but it must be pretty old because mamma was born in it."—New York Press.

### Had His Hands Full.

Judge—Why didn't you seize the thief when you found him?  
Policeman—How could I? I had my club in one hand and my revolver in the other!—Fleegende Blätter.

### A Disaster.

Hostess—Mr. Squibs is going to sing a comic song. Guest—I knew something would happen. I upset the salt at the dinner table.—Stray Stories.

### REVIEW'S LEGAL BLANKS

The following list of legal blanks are kept for sale at this office and others will be added as the demand arises:

Warranty deeds, Quit Claim Deeds, Realty and Chattel Mortgages, Satisfaction of Mortgages, Contracts for Sale of Realty, Bills of Sale, Leases.

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### PLAYED A SHELL GAME.

A Parliamentary Joke by a New South Wales Solon.

Australia once had a great public joke, which was played openly in the New South Wales state parliament by a member who afterward became attorney general.

A bill had been introduced to protect native flowers from ruthless destruction. The honorable member approved and sympathized. He informed the introducer of the bill—a somewhat pompous gentleman—that he heartily approved. But why these invidious distinctions? The bill protected—and he quoted all the botanical names in the bill.

But why were other flowers equally deserving neglected? Why were—and here he reeled off a long list of the Latin names for cockles, mussels, oysters, etc.—why were these sweet flowers to be neglected in their bloom by being plucked by any prowling excursionist who wanted something in his buttonhole?

The introducer of the bill promptly offered to extend the list to include these. So half the shellfish on the coast, including the periwinkle, were added to the flowers worthy of protection.

The officials of the house discovered the hoax next day and set it right. But the joke was too good to be kept quiet, and all Australia chuckled at the expense of the pompous legislator.—London Answers.

### DON'T MIND BIG NOISES.

But Slight, Rustling Sounds Make Giraffes Tremble With Fear.

Among the curious characteristics of the giraffe is its strange indifference to loud noises as contrasted with its peculiar "scarciness" with reference to slight sounds. Noisy sounds, like that of a man walking near in hobnailed boots, the giraffe does not appear to notice, but should it be approached by a woman whose skirts give out but the slightest rustle the sound thereof causes the giraffe to start up with pricked ears and eyes distended in fear.

Officials of a zoological institution, situated near a canal, tell of a curious instance of this peculiarity of giraffes. After a terrible explosion of gunpowder on a barge on the canal the keepers were astonished to observe that the giraffes took little notice of the tremendous blast. They jumped to their feet, but almost at once lay down again when they found that nothing extraordinary had happened in their inclosure. But were a keeper at night to creep along outside that inclosure in his stocking feet the queer beasts would exhibit such terror that one would imagine them about to dash themselves in terror against the fences.

Giraffes fear the lurking fox, and a big bang scares them hardly at all. To them the faint, rustling sound is a token of the greatest danger. In that respect they are like deer.—New York Press.

### Many Things Different in Holland.

Holland is to us one of the most interesting countries in Europe, writes George H. Sims. Apart from the excitement of having to do a bit of Blondie, with the edge of a canal for your tight rope, at intervals of a few minutes all day long, the Dutch themselves furnish you never ending study. I love to see the little Dutch boy of six smoking his clay pipe or his cigar as he clings to his mamma's skirt. There is something at once novel and startling in finding Dutch cheeses and a penny bun placed in front of every guest at the breakfast table. In a land where a public company is a Maatschappij and nearly every house of restoration announces that the thirsty traveler can there obtain "Tapertj, Slutterij and Sloop," there is always something to amuse you.

### Oath of the Turkish Doctor.

The oath which young doctors take in Turkey when they come before the medical examining board contains the following pledge: "That when I am called at the same time by two different patients, the one rich and the other poor, I will accept the call of the poor without taking into consideration the money offered and will do my best for his treatment, and that I will never decline to answer any call, day or night, during the reign of common diseases or of an epidemic of contagious disease."

### Keeping His Word.

"Henry, you owe me \$5. You remember that let you made me last week that you wouldn't smoke any more for a month. Well, I saw you walking down the street last night smoking a big cigar."

"I'm not smoking any more; I'm simply smoking the usual amount."—Exchange.

### Out of Place.

Aunt Prisms—I am shocked at you, Maude. You permitted young Mr. Jones to kiss you. Maude—He only just touched me on the nose, auntie. Aunt Prisms—It was quite out of place, my dear. Maude—He knew it was, auntie. But you came in so suddenly, you see.

### Fishing Luck.

"Have any luck on your fishing trip?"  
"Yes. Counting those that got away and those we threw back, we almost got seven."—Detroit Free Press.

### Her Criticism.

"I wish Fritz would write his figures plainer. I can't possibly tell from his letter whether it is 1,000 or 10,000 kisses that he sends me."—Fleegende Blätter.

### NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

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## A HARVEST OF SPLENDID VALUES

The usual line of Remnants in all sorts of summer yardage goods follows our Pre-Inventory Sale. These are marked at reasonable reductions. Then there remains a few lines of hosiery at the Ladies' Store that we will offer at saving prices.

Our Men's Toggery will continue making special prices on the odd lines of shoes and underwear.

In the meantime, we are working on our inventory with a view to getting it finished so we can get ready the best lines for fall we have yet shown. The Florsheim Shoes and Peck Clothing for fall are and will be here on display after September.

We have placed in stock a large assortment of the Richardson Embroidery Patterns and shall endeavor to merit the patronage of the St. Johns' ladies on these at our Ladies' Store.

## BONHAM & CURRIER

# THE SULZER IMPEACHMENT

State affairs in New York present a humiliating spectacle. That great commonwealth is almost without a state government.

The deadly struggle between Governor Sulzer and Boss Murphy has produced chaos. Administrative functions are paralyzed. Salaries are unpaid, through Murphy's order to his state controller not to pay them. There is no money for transport of prisoners, for similar reasons.

The highway department is paralyzed for lack of men and funds. The prison department is powerless, though conditions at Sing Sing are frightful. The labor department is crippled, because Murphy's legislature refuses to confirm the governor's appointments.

The governor's appointing power is practically reduced to the naming of his own stenographer and a few clerks. He is stripped by Murphy of his power of appointment, by the course of the legislature in remaining in session, or adjourning only for recesses, which has the same effect as continuous session. The process confirms in office Murphy proteges whom the governor could dismiss and supersede with interim appointments.

No governor of any state was ever so completely at bay. It is done by Murphy, who holds no office, who was never given any commission by the people of New York, who, in fact, has no visible means of support. Though without a solitary credential, he is for the time being exercising a greater power in governing the state of New York than is the legally elected governor. Murphy delivers orders to the legislature, and it obeys. He has ordained the destruction of the governor, and the legislature has brought impeachment proceedings. Though the people elected Sulzer governor and though the constitution directs that their choice shall be the state executive, Murphy is in

practical control. His government is government by an invisible power.

The fight is the fight of the people of New York against Tammany and the Republican machine. It is the fight Hughes had to face. Dix was destroyed by the same struggle. He cast his lot with Tammany, and, with the sentiment against the organization mounting, Murphy jettisoned him at the last convention.

After his inauguration Sulzer had to choose between Tammany and the anti-Tammany sides, and he cast his lot with the independents. It brought the wrath of the Barnes and Murphy bipartisan combine upon him. He refused to make Murphy appointments, and Murphy declared that Sulzer would be out of office in six months.

With implacable fury, the fight for his removal is now on. The Murphy charges against Sulzer are serious. Sulzer is accused of using campaign funds for speculating in Wall Street stocks. The charges are by brokers who are angry because of legislation procured by Sulzer restricting their business.

Sulzer denies part of the charges and offers explanation of others.

Yet, in spite of his splendid fight for district primaries and clean government, Sulzer is under a cloud. His administration is compromised. Murphy's empire, above the New York constitution, the New York people and the New York laws, has at the first onset fought the governor to his knees.

The above editorial, copied from the Oregon Daily Journal August 12, 1913, shows the deplorable conditions existing under the present financial system, which makes possible a minority control. Under the Bonville 99 Year System these conditions would not be possible, because the control is vested in the majority. No ONE man rule obtains.

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