

SOCIALIST COLUMN

WARREN'S ADDRESS

Delivered in the Court of Appeals, St. Paul, May 9th.

I appear before this court in my own defense because my attorneys are unwilling to say what I think should be said. I desire to waive all that counsel for the defense has said with reference to the government's inability to prove that this envelope was mailed from the office of the Appeal to Reason, of which I am the editor. I wish to waive all the objections interposed by my attorneys and the arguments advanced by them why I should be given a new trial. I DO NOT WANT A NEW TRIAL. This case has COST THE DEFENSE \$20,000. A new trial, before a jury of my political opponents, selected by the district attorney's office from among government employees, or those who hope to get a federal job, before a judge prejudiced against my cause, would result only in another miscarriage of justice.

Is the mailing of this envelope with its offer of a reward, printed in red, for the capture and return to the Kentucky authorities of ex-Gov. William Taylor, under indictment at that time for murder, a violation of the federal statutes? Stripped of all legal verbiage and technicality, that is the issue here and no other.

My attorneys argue in the brief submitted that the indictment is defective. I do not pretend to know about this. I will say, however, that I have no desire to have my sentence set aside on a mere technical defect in the indictment, and I would regret to see the issue involved disposed of in this unsatisfactory manner. It would still leave the question in doubt as to whether the mailing of a reward, printed in red, for the capture of a fugitive republican politician, is a violation of the federal statutes.

By environment, training and economic interests, the judges who compose this court are opposed to me. You can no more impartially consider the questions involved in this case than could the judges appointed by the English king to consider impartially the questions which arose between that monarch and his American subjects.

In all controversies that arose between the master and his slave prior to the revolution of 1860, the federal courts made their decisions conform to the interests of the masters. It was from the slave owners that they derived their powers and held their positions. No man openly antagonistic to the slave power could hold a position on the federal bench.

An examination of the decisions of this court—and your decisions are similar to those of all other federal courts—wherein the interests of the workingman conflict with the interests of the employer, is ample proof of the class character of the federal judiciary. Dissenting from the opinion of this very court, in a case wherein a working girl was pitted against a great corporation Judge Thayer said: "I dissent from these doctrines which seem to have been formulated with an eye mainly to the protection of the employers and with too little regard for the situation and rights of the employees."

As a militant member of the working class I frankly confess that I expect nothing from this court. A court of justice, so called, which turns away a mangled working child empty handed, in defense of capitalist class property against working class life and limb, is not apt to look with favor upon one in revolt against such shocking inhumanity and the system responsible for it.

I know that this is the settled policy of this court. I understand why its decisions are in the interest of the employer and against the working man and working woman.

You are serving those to whom you are indebted for your position and responsible for your power. I am simply trying to show to the working class world, which embraces a great majority of the population, the character of the federal court, to which must be submitted their liberties and their lives. The federal court under capitalist misrule is essentially capitalistic in its sympathies, its interests and its decisions.

In this important work of educating the working class as to the true character of the courts, you are helping me. It was the Dred Scott decision that hastened the overthrow of chattel slavery, and as history repeats itself, we may confidently expect that the decision of the supreme court in the now famous kidnaping conspiracy, backed by the federal court's decisions in all other labor cases, will precipitate the downfall of wage slavery.

Personally, it is a matter of no consequence to me what this court may decide in this case. If this court concludes to sanction the scandalous methods employed to secure my conviction and the outrageous sentence imposed upon me for the commission of what Judge Pollock termed "a mere misdemeanor," I shall consider it the proudest day of my life when I enter the jail at Fort Scott, imprisoned because of my defense of the poor and oppressed. You will by that act increase my power a thousandfold and carry my message

to the toiling millions from sea to sea. Gladly will I make this small sacrifice in a cause to which I would willingly give my life.

LOCATING TRUFFLES.

The Hunter Works With a Trained Pig and a Pointed Staff.

The truffles looked exactly like white potatoes that had been very thoroughly dusted with powdered cinnamon. They were the size of white potatoes, and they had the white potato's irregular shape.

"On the way to the Riviera," said the host, "I stopped at Marseilles in order to see a truffle, or truffle gatherer, at work. Truffles come only from France. They cost, even over there, about \$5 a pound. The taste? Well, mushroomy, but much richer.

"Our Marseilles truffle carrier carried a pointed staff. His indispensable collaborator was a trained pig on a leash. The pig was like any other, only his snout was longer and better developed.

"We spectators had hardly walked 100 yards over the fields when the pig stopped and began to root near the foot of an oak. The truffle helped him to dig with the pointed staff. Some truffles appeared a foot underground, and the truffle pushed the pig aside, threw it an acorn and put the truffles in his bag.

"He found, or rather, his pig found, a dozen truffles in the hour we watched him. At every find the pig was rewarded with an acorn. These pigs cost \$60 apiece. The man made about \$4 that morning."—Exchange.

HIS OWN COIN.

Knox Gave Root What Root Had Passed Out to Depew.

Senator Depew told a little story on himself and Senator Root in a speech at a dinner in Washington to Mr. Root by the New York Republican congressional delegation.

"When Root was secretary of state," said Senator Depew, "I went over to see him and asked him if he couldn't do something for me in the line of consular appointments. He said: 'Senator, I'm sorry. I would like to do something for New York, but—and Mr. Root picked up a paper from his desk—I see that New York's quota is now exceeded by 14 per cent.'

"Well," continued Senator Depew, "I kept going to see Senator Root for a year. Every time I went to see him he would remind me that New York's quota was exceeded by 14 per cent. Finally I said, 'Mr. Secretary, I think you're a great statesman, but your mathematics are inclined to be automatic.'

"After awhile Mr. Knox became secretary of state," Senator Depew said when the laughter had subsided. "Senator Root went up to see him about consular appointments. 'I'm sorry,' said Mr. Knox, 'but—and he turned to a document file—I find that New York's quota is now exceeded by 14 per cent.'—New York Sun.

Major Pond and Bill Nye.

More than one successful lecture star had to thank Major Pond for his start. He had done discrimination and not infrequently sought out and dragged upon the lecture platform an obscure genius who never thought to see himself before the footlights. Such a genius was Bill Nye. When the major found him he was acting as postmaster and editing the Laramie Boomerang over a lively stable. ("Walk down the alley, twist the gray mule's tail, take the elevator immediately!") Pond persuaded him to try lecturing, and as there proved to be both money and useful publicity in it Nye was grateful and used for years to remember the major with characteristic notes, one of which had the following exhaustive signature:

Yours with a heart full of gratitude and a system full of drugs, paints, oil, turpentine, glass, putty and everything usually kept in a first class drug store.

BILL NYE.

Old Times at the Capital.

In recalling the lively and picturesque incidents which the old times enjoyed in Washington one is moved almost to tears over the commonplace nature of his own times. John Adams used to bathe in the Potomac every morning at daylight because he had no bathtub in the White House, and no one ever pulled a kodak on him. President Taylor used to walk about the town and stop and chat with every one he met, like a policeman. A reception in the White House in these days is relieved of monotony only by the great crush of guests, who trample the clothes of one another's backs. Another president set up in the east room a 600-pound cheese and invited the multitude to come in and help itself, which the multitude proceeded to do.

Fat and Thin.

The two women encountered each other at a dance. They had not met for several years.

"How thin you have grown!" exclaimed one.

"How fat you've got to be!" the other cried, and they stood gazing at each other in some dismay.

"Before you come to blows," remarked a mutual friend who stood by, "let's take a vote as to which is worse, to get too fat or to get too thin."—New York Press.

Not Guilty.

"Doctor, why don't you sometimes denounce wickedness in high places?"

"Hess your soul, Brother Hardesty, I do! Have you forgotten that in my sermon two Sundays ago I spoke sharply against the practice of flirting in the elevated railway train?"—Chicago Tribune.

All men have their frailties, and he who looks for a friend without imperfections will never find what he seeks.

United States Laundry

Basket leaves Monday afternoon

E. O. MAGOON, Agent

111 N. Jersey Street

A WONDERFUL SNAKE.

It Defied the Attacks of the Serpent Killing Iguana.

Snakes on the pampas of South America have many enemies. Burrowing owls feed on them, and so do herons and storks, which kill them with a blow of their javelin beaks. The tyrant bird picks up the young snake by the tail and, flying to a branch or stone, uses the reptile as a ball until its life is battered out. The large lizard of the pampas, the iguana, is a famous snake killer. It smites the snake to death with its powerful tail. Mr. Hudson in his "Naturalist in La Plata" tells this story:

One day a friend of mine was riding out looking after his cattle. One end of his lasso was attached to his saddle, and the remainder of the forty-foot line was allowed to trail on the ground. The rider noticed a large iguana lying apparently asleep, and although he rode within a few inches, it did not stir. But no sooner had the rider passed than the trailing lasso attracted the lizard's attention. It dashed after the slowly moving rope and dealt it a succession of violent blows with its tail. When the whole of the lasso, several yards of which had been pounded in vain, had passed by, the iguana, with uplifted head, gazed after it with astonishment. Never had such a wonderful snake crossed its path before.

THE HEDGEHOG.

Tactics It Employs in Making a Meal of an Adder.

The hedgehog is the possessor of tastes which, like Sam Weller's knowledge of London, are "extensive and peculiar," says the Scotsman. Scorning fastidiousness, it can make a hearty meal of nearly any insect and is one of the vertebrates which can tackle the cockroach. For effectual extermination of beetles and crickets it is as useful as a mongoose among the rats, but it is not generally known that it has a partiality toward snakes and adders.

The methods it employs for the attack are interesting. Having come upon the adder, it goes that reptile to the offensive and at the first dart immediately rolls into a ball. The adder is then left to attack the spines, in which encounter it naturally comes off second best. After awhile, when the hedgehog feels that his antagonist has exhausted his power, it once more opens out and makes a bite at the adder's back, thereby breaking its spine. It then proceeds to crush the whole of the reptile's body by means of its powerful jaws, and after that it is said to start at the tail and devour its prey.

Subtle Flattery.

Walters Nos. 1 and 2 peeped out at the baldheaded man, then ducked behind the screen.

"None of him for me," said Walter No. 1. "He doesn't tip."

"Same here," said Walter No. 2. "I'll fix him," said Walter No. 3.

He took an order for soup. Before serving it he shoved forward a nutcracker a hair floating in the soup. They marveled then, and they marveled still more when at the end of the baldheaded man's dinner the waiter returned with a dollar bill. "Ninety-nine baldheaded men in a hundred can be worked that way," he said. "If the customer doesn't see the hair himself I call his attention to it and make him think it fell out of his own head. The fact that he had a hair to lose so appeals to his vanity that he loves me for finding it and gives me a tip big enough to cover the cost of a dozen plates of soup."—Chicago Tribune.

Her Way of Putting it.

A gentleman stepping on board of an ocean bound steamer just before she started inquired of the captain where the old steward was. "Oh," replied the captain, "he was discharged some time ago." "Why did he leave?" He seemed a first rate fellow." "Well, to tell the truth, he got too big for his breeches and we had to get rid of him." This was overheard by a bright little girl, the daughter of one of the passengers on the steamer. Soon after another passenger arrived, and, after looking around, said, "I don't see the old steward. What has become of him?" "I think he was discharged," said some one. "What for?" "I know," said the little girl, "but I do not like to tell." "Oh, but you may tell me, surely," said the passenger kindly. The modest little maiden hung her head and slowly answered, "Cause his trousers were too short."

Forget Doctor's Fee.

A former St. Mary's student, writing from Sao Paulo, in Brazil, in the St. Mary's Hospital Gazette, says: "A few days back I was giving chloroform to a patient when I felt a touch on my shoulder, and a voice said, 'The patient is very still.' I said, 'He is quiet all right,' and the voice replied: 'I am his brother; if he dies you die. I have a pistol, and there are eight of us. Here, if any one is ill, all the family collects, and they sit in the same room as the patient and watch what is done.' The doctor adds, 'Unfortunately, though there were eight of them, they forgot my fee.'"

The Difference.

Mrs. Dash—"The idea of Mrs. Rash having society aspirations! Why, her father was a peddler! Mr. Dash—Yes, she's entirely too forward. She ought to hang back until people have forgotten it. Now, in your case, my dear, it was your grandfather who was a peddler."

The greatest trust between man and man is the trust of giving counsel.—Bacon.

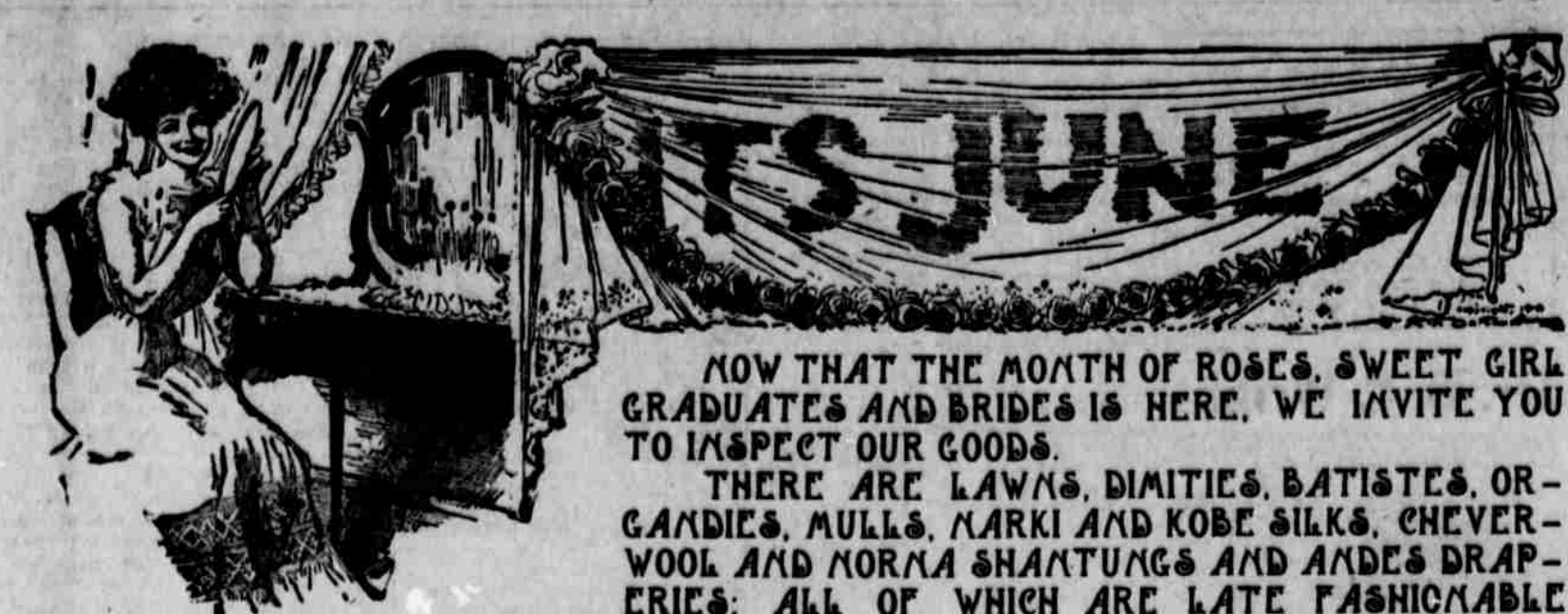
EXCAVATING

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NOW THAT THE MONTH OF ROSES, SWEET GIRL GRADUATES AND BRIDES IS HERE, WE INVITE YOU TO INSPECT OUR GOODS.

THERE ARE LAWS, DIMITIES, BATISTES, ORGANDIES, MULLS, MARKI AND KOBE SILKS, CHEVERWOOL AND NORMA SHANTUNGS AND ANDES DRAPERIES; ALL OF WHICH ARE LATE FASHIONABLE PATTERNS AND ARE APPROPRIATE FOR ALL DRESS OCCASIONS DURING THE SUMMER. TO GO WITH THESE WE HAVE FANCY HOSIERY AND STYLISH PUMPS. THE SALE PRICES ON OUR MEN'S SUITS STILL CONTINUE AS WE MUST DISPOSE OF ALL THE LINE TO MAKE ROOM FOR A LARGER STOCK AND FINER ASSORTMENT.

BONHAM & CURRIER

RESOLUTION

The city of St. Johns does ordain as follows:

That it deems it expedient and necessary to improve No. Edison Street from the north line of Fessenden Street to the southern line of St. Johns avenue in the City of St. Johns in the following manner, to-wit:

By grading same to established grade or grade to be established, by cut and fill, and by sidewalk same on either side with 6-foot cement walk, 12-foot curb, and by placing a strip of macadam in center thereof full length; said macadam to be 16 feet wide, 8 inches deep in center, 6 inches on either side, said walks and curb to have expansion joints as directed by the city engineer, said curb to have 4-inch tile drains every 50 feet, all work to be done according to plans and specifications of the city engineer on file in the office of the city recorder relative thereto, which said plans and specifications and estimates are satisfactory and are hereby approved. Said improvements to be made in accordance with the charter and ordinances of the city of St. Johns and under the supervision and direction of the city engineer.

That the cost of said improvement to be assessed as provided by the city charter upon the property especially and particularly benefited thereby, and which is hereby declared to be all lots, parts of lots, blocks and parcels of land between the terminal of such improvements abutting upon, adjacent or proximate to said No. Edison Street, from the marginal line of said street back to the center of the block or blocks or tracts of land abutting thereon or proximate thereto.

That all property included in said improvement district aforesaid is hereby declared to be "Local Improvement District No. 36."

That the city engineer's estimate of the probable total cost of said improvement of said street is \$287,48.

That the cost of said No. Edison Street to be assessed against the property in said local assessment districts provided by the city charter of the city of St. Johns.

Adopted the 24th day of May, 1910.

A. M. ESSON, City Recorder.

Published in the St. Johns Review May 27 and June 3, 1910.

RESOLUTION

It is resolved by the city of St. Johns: That it deems it expedient and necessary to improve Midway avenue from Columbus boulevard to Bellingham street in the city of St. Johns in the following manner, to-wit:

By grading same to established grade or grade to be established, by cut and fill, and by sidewalk same on either side with 6-foot wooden curb walks and standard box gutters. Said cement walks and curbs to have expansion joints where directed by the city engineer. Said curb to have 4-inch tile drains every 50 feet according to the plans and specifications of the city engineer on file in the office of the city recorder relative thereto, which said plans and specifications and estimates are satisfactory and are hereby approved. Said improvements to be made in accordance with the charter and ordinances of the city of St. Johns, under the supervision and direction of the city engineer.

That the cost of said improvement to be assessed as provided by the city charter upon the property especially and particularly benefited thereby, and which is hereby declared to be all lots, parts of lots, blocks and parcels of land between the terminal of such improvements abutting upon, adjacent or proximate to said Midway avenue from the marginal line of said avenue back to the center of the block or blocks or tracts of land abutting thereon or proximate thereto.

That all property included in said improvement district aforesaid is hereby declared to be local assessment district No. 37.

That the city engineer's estimate of the probable total cost of said improvement of Midway avenue is \$643,39.

That the cost of said Midway avenue to be assessed against the property in said local assessment districts as provided by the city charter of the city of St. Johns.

Adopted the 24th day of May, 1910.

A. M. ESSON, City Recorder.

Published in the St. Johns Review May 27 and June 3, 1910.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Multnomah.

In the matter of the estate of Harmon Tryon, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Mary Tryon has been duly and regularly appointed as executrix of the last will and testament of Harmon Tryon, deceased, and all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are hereby required to present the same, with proper vouchers attached thereto, to the said executrix at the office of H. E. Collier in St. Johns, Oregon, within six (6) months from and after the 6th day of May, 1910, said date being the first publication of this notice.

ARRIVING AT ST. JOHNS.

Executrix of the estate of Harmon Tryon, deceased.

Collier & Collier, attys for Executrix.

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NOTICE

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Directors of school district No. 1, Multnomah county until June 9, 1910, to supply schools with 300 cords of heavy fir slashwood. Delivery to be made before July 15, 1910. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Address all bids care of clerk.

J. E. TANCHE, School Clerk.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Multnomah.

In the matter of guardianship of Myron Claire Forbes and Edward Stuart Forbes, non-resident minors.

It appearing from petition of D. C. Rogers, guardian of the person and estate of Myron Claire and Edward Stuart Forbes, in the state of Oregon, that it is necessary and beneficial for said minors to sell their undivided one-half interest in lots three, four, five and six in block twelve, James Johns second addition to St. Johns, Multnomah county, Oregon, said minors and their next of kin to-wit: Harriet Honora Morey, mother; Robert B. Forbes, brother; Fred V. Forbes, brother; Arthur Forbes half brother, and Elizabeth Susan Forbes, half sister, and all other persons interest are hereby ordered to appear to appear before me at 9 o'clock a. m. Monday the 20th day of June, 1910, at the county court house, Multnomah county, Oregon, in the rooms occupied by the county judge and show cause, if any cause, why a license should not be granted to D. C. Rogers, guardian of said minors, authorizing him to sell all of said minors' interest, to-wit: an undivided one-half interest in the whole of the aforesaid real property, as prayed for in the petition of said guardian on file herein.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the St. Johns Review, a weekly paper published and circulated in Multnomah county, Oregon, having a general circulation therein, for three successive weeks, which publication is hereby declared to be sufficient service of this order on said minors, next of kin and all persons interested.

Given this 19th day of May, 1910.

T. J. CLETON, County Judge.

Friday, May 20, is date of first publication.

Friday, June 10, is date of last publication.

SUMMONS

In the circuit court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Multnomah.

R. M. Tuttle, plaintiff, versus William Kobb, J. M. Thompson and E. J. Schmidt, defendants.

To J. M. Thompson and E. J. Schmidt, defendants.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer or otherwise plead to the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: from the 27th day of May, 1910, and if you fail to so appear and answer or otherwise plead in said action within said time, the plaintiff above named will take judgment against you and each of you for the sum specified in plaintiff's complaint filed in the above entitled court and cause, to-wit: for the sum of \$600.00 with interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the 27th day of April, 1910, and for the further sum of \$500.00 attorney fees for plaintiff's attorneys and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements in this action.

This summons is published pursuant to the order of the Honorable Robert G. Morrow, judge of the above named court, made in open court in this action on the 24th day of May, 1910, which order prescribes that this summons shall be published in the St. Johns Review, a weekly newspaper, once a week for a period of not less than six weeks. The first publication of this summons was made on May 27, 1910, and the last publication will be on the 8th day of July, 1910.

COLLIER & COLLIER, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Right Here at the BALL of the Foot

is where most of the "pinch" comes when buying a new pair of shoes. You complain about it when trying on the ordinary shoes and the salesman says "I'll stretch it." Whenever he has to do that, look out—in a few weeks you'll find your feet running over the edges of the soles and the uppers will be leaving the soles. There must be plenty of room at the ball of the foot so that stretching to the limit of the strength of the shoe will not be necessary.

The Bradley Shoe Will Not "Pinch" Your Feet

Every pair is built with an allowance of leather at the ball of the foot which permits the foot to rest comfortably in the new shoe the first time you put it on. The linings in the Bradley Shoe will not wrinkle after a little wear, causing discomfort so common. They are cut to conform to the upper. This perfect fit even gives additional wear as it takes a great deal of strain off the leather.

Bradley Shoes for Men, \$3.50—\$4.00

represent the highest standard of material and workmanship—sixty-six years of continuous application to the making of a shoe that will give perfect satisfaction. We make less profit on a Bradley Shoe, but we're glad to sell you a pair, for once a wearer of these honest, well-made shoes, it will be hard to resist buying again, and the increased volume means not only profit but public confidence.

Bradley's are made by the Bradley & Metcalf Co., who have been makers of good shoes for 66 years. We also have other styles of their make for men, women and children.

COUCH & CO.

SCALES & CURTY

FOR THE BEST

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Phones: Richmond 961
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For First Class Tailoring go to

R. ALSBERGE

I have opened a tailoring establishment with a fine line of Imported and Domestic Woolens. A suit made of these goods will make you look tastily and neatly. The cost is less than hand-made-downs in the long run. You can get a two-piece suit for \$20. Come and see and be convinced.

R. ALSBERGE

205 North Jersey Street.

Goods called for and delivered. Phone Richmond 926

Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railway.		Northern Pacific Railway	
LEAVING ST. JOHNS.		LEAVING ST. JOHNS.	
Inland Empire Express, 7:25 a. m., for Chicago, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, W. Va., Wash. D. C., Louisville, Grand Rapids, Golden Dale, White Salmon, Stevenson, Vancouver and intermediate stations.	North Coast Limited, 7:30 p. m., for Chicago, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Spokane, Sprague, Kittling, Lind, Pasco, Roosevelt, Grand Falls, White Salmon, Stevenson and Vancouver.	North Coast Limited via North Bank, 7:45 a. m., for Portland, Tacoma & Seattle Express, 7:45 a. m., for Grays Harbor, Olympia and South Bend Branch.	North Coast Limited via North Bank, 7:45 a. m., for Portland, Tacoma & Seattle Express, 7:45 a. m., for Grays Harbor, Olympia and South Bend Branch.
Inland Empire Express, 7:45 p. m., from Chicago, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Spokane, Sprague, Kittling, Lind, Pasco, Roosevelt, Grand Falls, White Salmon, Stevenson, Vancouver and intermediate stations.	North Coast Limited, 7:55 p. m., from Chicago, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, W. Va., Wash. D. C., Louisville, Grand Rapids, White Salmon, Stevenson, Vancouver and intermediate stations.	North Coast Limited via North Bank, 7:55 p. m., for Portland, Tacoma & Seattle Express, 7:55 p. m., for Grays Harbor, Olympia and South Bend Branch.	North Coast Limited via North Bank, 7:55 p. m., for Portland, Tacoma & Seattle Express, 7:55 p. m., for Grays Harbor, Olympia and South Bend Branch.
All trains stop for passengers. Office open all night. Tickets on sale for all points.			

Wanted—General housework by middle aged lady. Also young woman desires situation. Call 524 Tioga, or leave word at this office.

In order to insure a change of advertisement this copy for such change should reach this office not later than Wednesday, at 3 o'clock p. m. Please remember this and save the printer