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UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

(Continued from first page)

iversity reports include all departments, and it is not possible to make an accurate segregation in the funds in arriving at the cost per student to the state.

Washington	\$151.00
Oregon	133.00
Idaho	179.00
California	180.60
Montana	194.00
South Dakota	276.00
North Dakota	148.00
Iowa	126.50
Wisconsin	200.00

Washington	\$392.00
Oregon	208.00
Idaho	274.00
California	325.00
Montana	228.00
North Dakota	323.00
Iowa	321.00
Wisconsin	267.00
Harvard	420.00
Yale	487.00

The scale of salaries at the University of Oregon is lower than that of a great majority of state universities. The salary of the president is \$8000, as against \$10,000 at the University of California, \$4,500 at the University of Washington, \$3,600 at the University of Idaho, \$4,000 at the University of Montana, and \$5,000 at the Oregon Agricultural College. The maximum salaries paid to professors at the University of Oregon is \$2000, as against a standard university salary of not less than \$3000. Only eight professors receive the full salary of \$2000; nine receive \$1,600 per year, and the remaining members of the instructional force receive salaries ranging from \$1,200 to \$300 per year. The entire salary roll is lower than that of superintendent, principals and grade teachers in good city schools.

In the matter of equipment and buildings the University of Oregon is also at the foot of the list. The total value of the land, buildings and equipment at the University of Oregon is \$350,000, as compared with \$500,000 at the University of Idaho, \$360,000 at the University of Montana, \$719,500 at the University of Utah, \$514,000 at the University of Colorado, and \$5,641,000 at the University of California. The campus of the University of Oregon contains but twenty-seven acres of land while the campus of the University of Washington contains 270 acres.

The present condition of the University of Oregon is deplorable. Class rooms and laboratories are overcrowded, and no relief can be had without new buildings. The woman's dormitory cannot be used because there is no money to provide the heating plant, and the library building is wholly destitute of lights. During the months of October, November and December, 1907, the faculty of the University served without pay, there being no money left in the treasury. Several members of the faculty received flattering offers to go elsewhere, but out of loyalty to the university and to the state, they declined these offers and remained.

These facts are injurious to Oregon's good name as an educational state, and the conditions are unjust to the young men and women who are to receive their education in Oregon.

Poor and rich alike can share in the advantages offered by the state university. Tuition is free, and the cost of living low. Any determined young man or woman can hope to get a university education. A wide field of opportunity is opened up by the training given at the state university. Statistics show that the earning powers are fully doubled, and this is but a small part of the real gain. In a government by the whole people, the training which will prepare for the highest positions ought to be abundantly provided for the sons and daughters of all the people.

The students at the University of Oregon come from the common people. Few of them have the means to pay tuition and attend the big institutions of the East. Sixty-five per cent of the young men at Eugene are earning their own way, either wholly or partially, through college. Students have entered the university with less than 20.00 in money, and yet have been able, through their own exertions, to work their way through to graduation. Its students are in college because they want an education. They are earnest. They mean business. Why should they not be given the facilities and opportunities that the young men and women of other states are given?

The states which support their universities most liberally are the ones that have the strongest system of public schools; as for example, California, Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota. A strong university is absolutely necessary for a strong public school system, for the university is nothing more or less than the head of the state's public schools. The University of Oregon has exerted a strong influence over the public school system of the state. More than 125 of its graduates are teaching in the public schools and high schools of Oregon. Eighteen out of fifty-four young men and women who were graduated last June are now teaching in the state's common schools and high schools. The demand for well trained teachers is three times as large as the supply. The

influence of the university over the school system of the state will become greater as the university becomes stronger.

It is absurd to say that the university appropriation stands in the way of the development of the public schools. The cost of the university, annually, to each person in the state is less than thirty cents, on the basis of the appropriation of \$125,000. The rate of the university tax would be less than one-fourth of a mill.

The aim of the university is to serve not only the students who are within its walls for instruction, but also the people of the state at large. To this end, correspondence courses have been established and instruction is now being given to 250 students in every part of the state, who are not able to attend the university.

The departments of Economics, Education, Mining and others have responded loyally to the many calls made on them, and every department in the university is constantly serving the state.

The proposed appropriation of \$125,000 will stand in lieu of the present annual appropriation of \$47,500 per year, and of all special appropriations, such as have been made in the past. Special appropriations were necessary at the session of the legislature in 1903, and also in 1905. The average amount provided by the state during the years of 1905-6 was \$78,750 per year. The increase in the appropriation is from this amount to the new appropriation of \$125,000, or \$46,250 per year.

The estimate for the bare cost of maintenance (exclusive of buildings, laboratory equipment and of books for library) is \$80,000, on the most economical basis.

New recitation buildings, now urgently needed, will cost not less than \$50,000.

An adequate dormitory should be provided for the young women of the university, costing approximately \$40,000.

Additional land should be secured while it is available. An expenditure of from \$15,000 to \$25,000 for land at the present time would save a much larger expenditure in the future.

A number of the departments are badly in need of modern laboratory equipment. It will require at least \$15,000 to put them in condition for good work. The library stands in need of \$10,000 for books and general equipment, to bring it up to the efficiency of even the smaller university libraries.

The grounds, heating plant and furniture for new buildings will require \$15,000.

The needs above specified aggregate \$155,000, enough to consume the margin above cost of maintenance for at least three years, with all other sources of revenue counted, and without making any allowance for increased expenditures necessarily attendant on the rapidly increasing number of students.

Wet or Dry.

The temperance people of the East Side and St. Johns are bringing up the temperance question again this year. Petitions are being circulated referring the question to the people. In St. Johns it will doubtless be a hard fight. Harder now than it would have been a few weeks ago when the rottenness of Louis Richards and his patrons raised the indignation of the decent element, and even of those who did not make much of a claim for decency, to such an extent that Richards wisely thought best to leave between two days.

This feeling has to a great extent worn off, by some forgotten, and the other saloons have been more careful, with one or two exceptions perhaps, to keep within the bounds of ordinary saloon propriety. It is no wonder that the people who desire a decent, respectable place to live whether church people or otherwise, would endeavor to rid the city of this blot upon the otherwise most beautiful and desirable spot in Multnomah county to have a home. The saloon life of the past year has been one of disregard for law or decency in many instances and have been so flagrant that those who were trying to comply with the law have been condemned with the others as an undesirable class. This, not alone by the religious fanatic, as the saloon people often declare, but by those who have no affiliation with the churches and care no more for the churches than does the saloon man, but who despise the filth, the debauchery, the criminality that emanates from the saloon as naturally as Jersey lightning from the copper still. This class of our citizens is the more active in opposition to the saloons.

This contention between the decent elements of the city and the lawless, dissipated, debauched, besotted class, abetted by those who have little or no regard for anything decent, will engender strife and ill-will more or less; this is unavoidable, and such as it is deplored by every one who loves peace and harmony, one cannot afford to sit supinely and permit evil to triumph without an effort to overcome it, and while our columns will be open for brief discussions of either side of the subject, if there can be two sides, we must say at the outset that we believe that the city will be immeasurably better off financially, morally, so-

cially and in every other way without a saloon in it. There is nothing good comes from the saloon, but continually evil and only evil. Some of the best friends we have in the city, so far as we know, are saloon people. Some who are just as honest as the day is long, but they are on the wrong side of the question as far as we are able to judge and it is the one thing in their lives that we regret. We would give a great deal to be able to induce them to drop it, for aside from that one thing they would be most admirable citizens, a credit to the city and community.

In Storyland.

Some children I like,
And some I adore;
For nieces and nephews
I have just four:
Louise, Hazel, Kindle and Fritz,
Each upon my knee oft sits,
Of ghosts and goblins
And beasts that roar.

They listen and wonder
And laugh in glee,
And conjure in mind
The things they see.
With their thoughts far away
Their eyes expand,
As they wander on
Through fairyland.

Who would not be
A child again,
And listen to talks
Of land and sea?
I would that I,
Like you could be,
A happy youth
On uncle's knee.

J. C. R.

Our Charges.

As is customary, we will charge for card of thanks, 50c; for resolutions of respect, \$1.00; for notices of church or lodge entertainments, suppers, societies, etc., where there are charges for admission, 5c per line, but where there are no charges for these events, we will break the rule and insert them free. We make this announcement so that our good friends may understand our rule in this respect.

Get Your Sunday Trimmings.

The C. E. society of the Christian church will hold a home baking sale at the furniture store of Carlson & Co. in the Jower building Saturday evening this week and every week for some time. Don't forget to get "Sunday fixin's" of the young people and save yourself the bother of making it.

To Whom it May Concern.

For the name and residence of the owner of any property in St. Johns or vicinity, call on or write T. T. Parker, attorney at law, in Holbrook building.

I am prepared to spray your trees, henhouses, fences, in fact do any kind of whitewashing and spraying. N. A. Gee.

RESOLUTION

It is resolved by the city of St. Johns that the mayor be and he is hereby authorized, directed and required to enter into a contract on behalf of the city of St. Johns with "The Indiana Road Machine Co.," of Fort Wayne, Indiana, for the purchase of one No. 10 Fort Wayne stone crusher, 30 feet elevator, with best chain belt, one revolving screen eight feet long by 30 inches diameter, with two perforations and one eighteen horse power portable Ajax engine for twelve ton, second hand, on the terms proposed in bid by said company heretofore submitted to the council, and governed by all the specifications therein, in the form of which said contract must be signed, approved by the city attorney.

A. M. ESSON,
Recorder.

Published in the St. Johns Review,
April 17 and 24, 1908.

RESOLUTION.

It is Resolved by the city of St. Johns that the mayor be and he is hereby authorized, directed and required to enter into a contract on behalf of the city of St. Johns, with Howes & Co. of Portland, Oregon, for the purchase of one twelve ton, second hand, Oasier steam macadam roller, for eighteen hundred dollars on the terms proposed in bid and communication from said company of date April 7, 1908, on file with Recorder, and governed by all the specifications therein, in the form of which said contract must be, before signing, approved by the city attorney.

It is however further resolved that said roller shall be submitted to a thirty day test by the council before the city of St. Johns shall in any manner be bound to purchase same, and if unsatisfactory upon such test, the council reserves the right to declare such contract of purchase null and void.

A. M. ESSON,
Recorder.

Published in the St. Johns Review,
April 17 and 24, 1908.

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Administrator's Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY.

In the matter of the estate of Ernest E. Elliott, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Mary E. Elliott was on the 3rd day of March, 1908, duly appointed by the County Court of Multnomah county, Oregon, administratrix of the estate of Ernest E. Elliott, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same with the proper vouchers attached thereto, to the said administratrix in the law office of H. E. Collier, in the Holbrook building, St. Johns, Oregon, within six months from and after the date of March 27, 1908, said date being the first publication of this notice. MARY E. ELLIOTT, Administratrix of the estate of Ernest E. Elliott, deceased.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY.

Annie M. Seal, Plaintiff,

vs.

E. E. G. Seal, Defendant.

To E. E. G. Seal, Defendant: In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit: on or before Monday, the 4th day of May, 1908, and in default thereof the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is that the bonds of matrimony existing between the said plaintiff and defendant be dissolved; that plaintiff be decreed to have the exclusive care, custody and control of their minor children, viz: Minnie Seal, Richard Seal and Violet Seal; and that Lots 7, 8, 9, 10 and 5 of Block 4, and lot of block 5, all in Fall View Addition to Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon, be set apart to plaintiff as her own separate property not subject to any equities or claims of defendant.

Service of summons by publication is made upon you by order of Hon. John B. Cleland, judge of the above entitled court, made and entered March 18th, 1908, directing that the said publication be made in the St. Johns Review, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, published at the city of St. Johns, Multnomah county, state of Oregon, and that said publication be made once each week for six consecutive weeks.

The date of the first publication of this summons is the 20th day of March, 1908.

S. H. GREENE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

19-24

No. 9047.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Office of Comptroller of the Currency,

Washington, D. C., Feb. 28, 1908.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

"FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ST. JOHNS"

in the City of St. Johns

in the County of Multnomah and State of Oregon, has complied with all the provisions of the statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

Now, therefore, I, William B. Ridgely, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the

"FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ST. JOHNS"

in the City of St. Johns

in the county of Multnomah and state of Oregon, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty-one Hundred and Sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this twenty-eight day of February, 1908.

W. B. RIDGELY,
Comptroller of the Currency.

19-28

AN OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

S. H. GREENE

Attorney-at-Law.

Office: Room 9, Bredon Building, corner Third and Washington streets, Portland, and Room 25, Holbrook Block, St. Johns. Phone: Pacific 2098. Residence: St. Johns.

HENRY E. COLLIER

Lawyer.

Rooms in the Holbrook building, St. Johns, Oregon.

Joseph McChesney, M. D.

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ST. JOHNS, OREGON

DR. L. G. HOLLAND,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

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St. Johns, Oregon

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Phone Scott 6995.

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H. S. Simmons, N. G.

E. B. Holcomb, Secretary.

Holmes Lodge No. 101

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Meets every Friday night at 7:30 o'clock at I. O. O. F. hall. Visitors always welcome. Geo. R. Black, C. C. J. H. Black, K. R. S.

Fraternal Brotherhood.

Meets every Friday night in M. W. A. Hall, S. J. Scheller, president; Jas. H. Gee, secretary.

Mail Schedule

Mail arrives at St. Johns at 7:10 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.

Leaves at 10:30 a. m., and 4:45 p. m.

Office open weekdays from 6:45 a. m. to 6:10 p. m. Sundays from 9 to 10 a. m.