

THE CITY

The stores will be closed all day Monday, July 5th. Paid adv.

Mrs. O. G. Adams is making a visit in Portland this week.

Ben Jones is in the city this week looking after business interests.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ayres left last Sunday for a visit in Portland.

T. A. Black came up from The Dalles Sunday for a business visit.

E. R. Crowley and wife of Ashwood spent Monday in Prineville.

Mrs. Mary Charlton and son Carl spent Monday in the city on business.

Cap Healy was in Prineville from the Culver country Monday.

Glenn Chitwood of Grizzly is attending to business in Prineville this week.

O. B. Gray, well known rancher of the Post Country, was in town Sunday.

Edgar R. Barnes, rural mail carrier of Culver, has been in Prineville this week.

Miss Leola Clark of Portland is visiting in Prineville as the guest of Misses Ruth and Esther Adamson.

Helen Elkins, who has been attending O. A. C. has accepted a position with the Oregon Journal in Portland.

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Mrs. Frank Merritt returned to her home last night, after spending some time visiting her mother in the valley.

Thomas Benson and Edward McFarland arrived in town Tuesday from Roberts. Mr. Benson is proving up on his homestead.

V. C. Brassler returned to Prineville last night and is looking over land under the ditch with a view to settling in this part of the country.

Mr. and Mrs. George Childs and little daughter Harriet spent Tuesday in Prineville visiting. Mr. Childs is connected with the Bend Hardware Company.

Clarence Mertsching returned Monday from Walla Walla, where he has been visiting since school was out. He is back at his old post in the office of Judge Wallace.

Glenn Hendrickson left this week for Diamond Lake with a load of stock salt for S. W. Yancey. He was accompanied on this trip by T. L. Quinn and H. R. Lakin.

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Mrs. L. B. Culp of Burns has been at the B. F. Johnson home for several days. She is the twin sister of Mrs. Johnson. Mrs. Culp and Mr. Johnson left Tuesday night for Eugene, Oregon, for a visit with Mrs. Johnson and her daughter Desell at that place.

E. T. Moon, whose home is at LaGrande and T. A. Black, who lives at The Dalles, arrived in Prineville Monday morning. Mr. Moon has been employed by the Prineville Drug Company as assistant chemist, and Mr. Black has a similar position at the Howard Drug Company. Both of these young men this year graduated from two years course in pharmacy at O. A. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Judge Boegli and family, of the Cove, near Culver, were Jefferson County people who attended the West Coast Chautauqua in Prineville last evening.

Mrs. Emma McMeen and Mrs. Wolfe motored out to Mrs. Wolfe's homestead East of Prineville Tuesday.

M. R. Biggs and Jake Johnson motored to Madras last night to visit the L. O. O. F. lodge at its regular meeting night.

The Inland Auto Company has one window piled high with tires. They are using Chautauqua week as the occasion for a huge tire sale.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS ARE CALLED TO PORTLAND

Floyd A. Rowell and Warren Yancey, Deputy Sheriffs of Crook County were called to Portland this morning to testify before the grand jury on the London and Jones bootlegging case that was unearthed a few days ago in this city.

MEETING POSTPONED UNTIL JUNE 26

On account of only a few members of the Crook County Livestock and Marketing Association being present last Saturday evening at the Court House, the regular meeting was postponed until Saturday, June 26. There is some very important work to be taken up at that time, one being the report of the delegates from the Cattle and Horse Raisers' Association Convention held at Burns last month. Let every stockman in the county be there to attend to this very important business.

Danger in Overweight.

Overweight, within ten pounds, under thirty years of age is considered a favorable sign and indicates resistance against tuberculosis. After thirty years it is an unfavorable sign, signifying over-eating, auto intoxication and danger of hardening of the arteries, apoplexy, heart failure, and Bright's disease.

Ink Stains.

Dip the ink spot in pure melted tallow, says a correspondent, then wash out the tallow and the ink will come out with it. Milk will remove ink from linen or colored muslins, when acids would be ruinous, by soaking the goods until the spot is very faint and then rubbing and rinsing in cold water.

When Harvard Ran a Lottery.

Does it make you shudder to recall that in 1772 Harvard college, instead of asking for subscriptions from the alumni for a fund raised \$3200 by lottery "for building another hall for the students of Harvard college to dwell in?"—Boston Globe.

Helpfulness its Own Reward.

Never let yourself worry as to whether those you help will be sufficiently grateful. Think of helpfulness as its own great reward.

To Be Remembered.

Learning, undigested by thought, is labor lost.

RABBIT RAISING IS GOOD SCHEME

American People Beginning to Realize That Meat Is Superior for Home Table.

LITTLE CAPITAL IS NEEDED

Back-Yard Enterprise Turns Waste Materials and Spare Time into Food—Selection of Breed Is Matter of Taste.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Rabbits have always been an important source of meat in Europe, but in the United States until recently few of them were eaten except during the winter hunting season. Conditions, resulting from the great war have awakened many Americans to the economic value of rabbits and more and more people each year are raising sufficient in their back yards to supply the family table. The flesh of the young domesticated rabbits is vastly superior in fiber and flavor to that of the wild rabbits. It closely resembles the white meat of chicken.

A prolific 10-pound doe can easily raise in a year 20 young, which at 5 months will produce not less than 50 pounds of delicious meat. By means of compound hutches all this can be



Rabbits Are Easy to Handle.

done on an area 4 by 6 feet. Half an hour of time a day, and some hay, roadside weeds, and refuse from orchards, garden, and kitchen, supplemented by a small quantity of grain, cover the cost of production. Raising rabbit meat for home consumption is a proposition for turning to account time, space, and materials which are ordinarily wasted.

Cost of Rabbit Raising.

The cost of starting a rabbitry depends on its size and on the price of material. One can buy two good does and a buck of breeding age—enough to supply an average family with all the rabbit meat it would care to use—for anywhere from \$1.50 to \$10 each, or for a total of from \$4.50 to \$30.

Hutches may vary in cost from a few cents each, the price of an empty dry-goods box, to several dollars, if expended for dressed lumber to be put together by a carpenter. On a farm where odds and ends of lumber and poultry netting usually are available, and where hay, grain, and milk are produced in abundance, the money cost of starting and carrying on a small rabbitry is negligible. In any case the initial cost need not be great. The daily cost when all feed is purchased is not usually above 1 cent for a 10 or 12 pound rabbit, a recent bulletin on rabbit raising, published by the bureau of biological survey of the United States department of agriculture, states.

Selecting a breed is a matter of taste, although it may be influenced more or less by the market that is to be supplied. For example, the family table would demand smaller animals than would the trade of a restaurant or hotel. It is best to begin with only one breed and to concentrate on developing that into stock that may be a source of pride and profit.

One buck and two or three does are enough to start with. Young animals of breeding age are better than older ones, which will soon be past their



Rabbits Respond to Good Treatment.

usefulness. The buck should come from a different source from the does. It is always best to deal with reputable breeders and to examine stock before buying it.

Feeding the Rabbit.

American breeders follow no uniform system of feeding rabbits. Some feed no green stuff, while others use all that is available. It is usually wise to avoid both extremes, but green feed must be used with more caution than is necessary with dry, and only the best of any kind should be used. This means particularly that spoiled, moldy, or dirty feeds are to be avoided as injurious to rabbits.

Clean oats (whole or crushed), bright well-cured hay, and a small

Signor Carmeliny and Old Colonial Band at Chautauqua



SEXTET FROM OLD-COLONIAL BAND

This justly celebrated Brass Sextet with the full membership of the Old Colonial Band will be here for two concerts on the fourth day—Music Day—of Chautauqua. This organization, under the leadership of Signor E. Carmeliny, has won recognition throughout Eastern Chautauqua circles and we are particularly happy to present them here. Signor Carmeliny was Chief Trumpet Sergeant Major of the Third Regiment of Italian Infantry and is the proud possessor of several gold medals. Later he was cornet soloist with Liberati's Band and other famous organizations with splendid success. A feature of their programs is the costuming in the stately style of long ago and the rendition of a musical fantasy, "The Spirit of 1776." This is unique in band programs and is always received with enthusiasm.

Signor Carmeliny will play a cornet solo at both afternoon and evening programs. A further touch of real artistry is given the evening concert by charming Miss Lee, who sings several selections.

Cost of Producing a Diamond.

To produce a diamond in the rough costs approximately \$7 a karat, according to estimates of various students of the diamond industry. If this diamond properly cut were sold at \$30, it would net a good profit. In the South African mines it is said the diamonds are distributed so evenly that 100 tons of the bluish clay yields about 100 karats of diamonds. The production cost of a five-karat diamond is \$25. If it is flawless and of good water it will easily net \$3,500. The supply of diamonds is unlimited. Almost all of the world's supply comes from South Africa and complete control of it is in the hands of one British concern.

New Airplane Engine.

Tests have been completed on a new type of airplane engine, which will be silent, and from which the danger of fire in the air has been removed.

In Preferred Position.

Jud Thinkins says one reason why his life is a comparatively happy one is that he can quit work and go to the movies without bothering to write a letter of resignation.

Unlucky Day for Spain.

April 5 is the anniversary of the compromise of Breda. In 1593, when the nobles of Holland presented a petition against the Inquisition and the Spanish outrages perpetrated in its name. The revolt of the Netherlands, following Philip's determination to wipe out Protestantism, ruined Spanish prosperity.

A Terrorist.

An artist was sketching from the river bank near two friends who were fishing. The artist was at one time surrounded by cows which interfered with his view, and he tried to drive them away by throwing things at them, but they would not budge. At length one of the anglers cried: "Show them your sketch, old man!" He did so, and the offenders fled.

Beginning of Spring.

Spring begins when the sun enters the sign of Aries of the zodiac, or the constellation of Pisces, and the exact time of this event varies a little from year to year. The dates of the commencement of the seasons may be stated as about March 21, June 21, September 22 and December 22.

Defectives in the Orient.

There are 1,000,000 blind and at least 400,000 deaf in China. India has 500,000 blind. Nearly 5 per cent of the population of Cairo is said to be physically defective, usually blind or half blind. The natives of the African jungle, instead of being the lusty savages of imagination, are for the most part physically below par. The majority of them are malnourished and diseased and marked physical defects are common.

Odd.

A British firm bears the name of "English & Irish." The funny thing about it is, however, that Mr. Irish is English and Mr. English is Irish.—Boston Transcript.

How Many Rats Are You Feeding?

The value of the food material eaten and destroyed each year by one rat is said to amount to two dollars.

Willow Furniture.

When willow furniture will no longer become white when scrubbed with salt water, it may be turned to a bronze color with bitumen.

Count Tolstoy on Chautauqua Program



It is with no little satisfaction and pride that the West Coast Chautauqua management announces the coming of Count Ilya Tolstoy, son and literary heir of the great Leo Tolstoy.

Born and reared to well advanced manhood in his native country, and having but recently returned from Russia where he made a careful study of political and economic conditions, no man in America is so well informed on present day Russian subjects as Count Ilya Tolstoy, and no other can speak with equal authority. Count Tolstoy has an excellent command of the English language, and his views, which are anti-Bolshevik, have appeared in twelve periodicals, including Century, Harper's, Everybody's, Collier's and Leslie's.

Presenting this lecture feature is a distinct accomplishment and is a striking example of the worth to a community of good Chautauqua service. This great movement has now assumed world significance and is placing within the reach of towns of any size the opportunity of hearing some of the world's greatest.

The third night of the Chautauqua should find a record attendance to do honor to the coming of Count Tolstoy.

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