

Frame All Edicts. Which Are Signed and Issued by **Ebert Government.**

London. - Special dispatches from Borlin report that the suppression of the recent Spartacan outbreak there has shown that a military and monarchist reaction is growing and overshadowing the new government.

Mail who on February 27 sent a dispatch outlining plans for a monarchist uprising in Germany has arrived in London, having left Berlin on March 14 after a residence there of three months. He reiterates the statements in his dispatch, saying President Ebert, Chancellor Scheidemann and Minister of War Noske are merely puppets. He declares that for the purose of retaining power they have allowed members of the military caste to reappear as organizers of the new republican armies.

These men are the real governors of Germany," he says. "They make the edicts and Chancellor Scheidemann and his colleagues willingly sign them.

Similar testimony is given by other correspondents in telegraphing from Berlin. The correspondents concur in the statement that extreme bitterness has been created against the government troops and that further trouble inevitable.

According to a dispatch to the Mail, the Spartacan revolt will certainly reeur in ever-increasing force unless a miracle happens. It adds that Herr Noske's forces have been recruited by bribes and promise of big rations and that to this may be attributed some of the food shortage in Berlin.

TREATY TO INCLUDE LEAGUE COVENANT

Paris .-- In the statement issued on the peace conference resolution with reference to the league of nations in the peace treaty, President Wilson said that the decision made at the peace conference at its plenary session of January 25 to the effect that

the estattichment of a league of nations should be made an integral part of the treaty of peace, is final and that there is no basis whatever for the reports that a change in this decision is contemplated.

If President Wilson insists that the league of nations be incorporated in the preliminary peace treaty, the British, it is understood, will concede the point, although they still believe that the preliminary pact is not the proper place for the inauguration of the league, which, they declare, should be included in the final peace pact.

This attitude was indicated after the announcement that the American delegation strongly desired the inclu-The Berlin correspondent of the sion of the league in the preliminary treaty, as well as in the final pact.

ALLIES TO DICTATE PEACE

Germans to Sign Pact, or War Will Continue, Is View.

Paris. - The present determination in peace conference circles is that, after the allied and associated powers have reached a complete understanding regarding the conditions to be imposed on Germany, the German delegates will be called to Versailles, but they will not be allowed to discuss the conditions, the intention of the allied and associated powers being to dictate peace

Either the German delegates must accept the terms and sign, or a state of war will continue. The general opinion here is that in view of the internal situation in Germany, the delegates of that country will accept, rather than expose the country to a graver risk and more drastic measures.

Wheat Sold to Millers.

Minneapolis, Minn .- Five million bushels of wheat were sold to Minneapolis millers Saturday by the United States Grain corporation in the move to prevent an increase in the price of flour and bread. The price average reached \$2.36 a bushel, 14 cents above the fixed wheat price. There are more than 25,000,000 bushels of government-owned wheat stored in Minneapolis elevators. Under the plan adopted the sale will continue until further orders are received from Washington.

Cigarettes Under Ban in Utah. Salt Lake City .- The house of the Utah legislature passed the anti-cigarette bill, which had already passed the senate, and the measure now goes to the governor.



WASHINGTON SOLONS ADJOURN SESSION

Olympia .- Washington's 16th legislature adjourned with a record of having appropriated approximately \$35,-000,000 for various purposes during the coming biennium, exceeding by about \$11,000,000 the appropriations of the last legislature. Increase in tax millage, however, it was said, will be only about 1.65 mills.

Among outstanding features of the legislature's enactments were reclamation and land settlement acts, setting aside of \$10,000,000 for permanent road construction, appropriation of \$500,000 for the relief of returned soldiers and sailors, increase in allowances for workmen's compensation, establishing of a well-equipped safetyfirst department, granting of legal recognition to labor unions, more than doubling of automobile license taxes. To meet this session's outlay of state cash will require a levy of three mills for the state general fund alone. It can not be greater on account of constitutional limitation.



In New and Secondhand

Clothing and Shoes For Both Men and Women

A Large Stock of Fine Coats

Take Your Pick While the Stock is Complete

I also carry the famous

Mioxrl Electric Belt

The finest thing for Rheumatism, Paralysis, Liver, Kidneys, Lame Back, Poor Circulation, Stomach Disorders, Nervousness. A trial will convince you.

High Prices Paid for Second-hand Clothes

Ole Peterson 515 Main St. Prineville, Ore.

HOMER S. CUMMINGS

CAMP LEWIS IS INSPECTED

Secretary of War Baker Praises Great Cantonment.

Tacoma .- Secretary of War Newton D. Baker and Major-General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, spent several hours inspecting the demobilization machinery at Camp Lewis and departed for California. Before leaving he said that it was possible the army would soon be organized in great divisional units and that the Camp Lewis site was an ideal one for such

training. During the inspection Secretary

benefit only of the Japanese, its literature suppressed and its religious worship supervised.

BRIEF GENERAL NEWS

Loss of life and destruction of proprty followed in the wake of a cyclone that swept through Oklahoma, Missouri, Kansas and Texas.

Secretary Daniels of the navy, and a party of naval experts, sailed from New York for France on the transport Leviathan to study naval and aviation problems.

Clyde B. Aitchison of Oregon becomes chairman of the interstate commerce commission Monday for the one year term, following the rule of rotation in the chairmanship. Rear-Admiral D. W. Taylor, chief of the naval bureau of construction and repairs, announced that the navy would be ready to attempt airplane flight across the Atlantic ocean within a month American troops have begun to move to strategic points on the Trans-Siberian railway west of Vladivostok to aid John F. Stevens and his staff of American railway men in the technical operation of the railway. Restriction of immigration into Palestine to 50,000 a year during the first period of development of the new Jewish commonwealth set up under British trusteeship, has been decided upon by the inter-allied Zionist conference in London. Reduction of 80 per cent in the force of the United States employment service, effective March 21, was announced by Director-General Densmore. This by the failure of congress to provide funds to continue the work.



Ross R. Robinson PRINEVILLE, OREGON

Baker inquired into the possibilities of establishing port facilities on Puget sound with a view to using the can tonment as an embarkation point. Secretary Baker said the cantonment' was one of the best in the country.

War on Prohibition is Openly Declared New York .- Organization of the Association Opposed to National Prehibition was announced here, with the avowed "prime purpose" of making the "18th amendment to the constitution forever inoperative."

Halg Succeeds Robertson London -- Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig has been appointed to succeed General Sir William R. Robertson as commander-in-chief of the home forces General Robertson is to be commander-in-chief of the army of the Rhine.

Italy Obtains More Cash. Washington .--- Italy's loans from the United States were increased to \$1,-421,500,000 by a new credit of \$16,500,-000.

THE MARKETS

Portland

Oats-No. 2 white feed, \$45 per ton. Butter-Creamery, 60c per pound. Corn-Whole, \$64@66; cracked, \$66 @68. Hay-Timothy, \$30@33 per ton; al

falfa, \$25.50. Butter-Creamery, 62c per pound. Eggs-Ranch, 42c per dozen. Poultry - Hens, 31@33c; roosters, 18c; stags, 21c; turkeys, dressed, 41 @45c.

Seattle Hay-Eastern Washington timothy. \$38 per ton; alfalfa, \$34 per ton. Potatoes-1%c per 1b. Butter-Creamery, 63c. Eggs-Ranch, 44c.



Homer S. Cummings, who was recently selected chairman of the Democratic national committee

COREANS PETITION WILSON FOR HELP

Washington .- President Wilson has been asked by the Corean national association to initiate action at the was made necessary, it was explained. peace conference looking to the independence of Cores, with the country to be guided by a mandatory until such time as the league of nations shall decide that it is fit for full selfgovernment. The copy of the letter to the president was made public here by Syngman Rhee, who, with Henry Chung, are the authorized delegates of the association in the United States. At the same time there was also given out a letter addressed to the peace conference asking that Corea be freed from the domination of Japan and given full freedom eventually. This letter was sent to the state department for transmission to Paris.

Both letters assert that Japan established a protectorate over Cores in direct violation of her treaty obligations to Cores, and that since that time the country has been misruled, its natural resources exploited for the Japan society here.

Bolshevik Attack Repuised By Allies. Archangel. - Bolshevik forces made a determined attempt to cut the communications between the American and allied columns on the Dying and Vaga rivers, but their attack was repulsed with heavy losses. The enemy lost 57 dead and four prisoners. The allied casualties were one soldier wounded.

Ishil Pleads For Race Recognition. New York .- Action by the peace conference to eliminate race prejudice, which he termed "a fruitful source of discontent and uneasiness among nations in the past," was urged by Viscount Ishii, Japanese ambassador to the United States, speaking before the