

Powell Butte

WSS NEWS NOTES WSS

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Roberts and little daughter, Ina, and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Stewart were Redmond visitors Sunday last.

Mrs. Whitman and children, who have been stopping at the home of Henry Husom during the summer, have gone to their home at Portland to remain.

Mrs. C. O. Foster visited her husband in Prineville a few days this week.

Otto Sontag was a business visitor in Powell Butte Tuesday.

Mrs. B. Mauseau and daughters, Josephine and Cecelia, are planning a trip to Tacoma soon to remain over the holidays. Miss Josephine, however, will enter a hospital for training.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Jacobson went to Prineville Monday.

Quite a large number of Powell Butte people attended the funeral of Dewey Moore at Redmond Sunday afternoon. Among them we noticed the autos of Messrs. Driscoll, Pauls, Kinsler, Truesdale, and Wilson.

Miss Katch of the Wilson school is collecting the War Fund apportioned to this district.

All the influenza patients are improving and no new cases have been developed lately. Mrs. John McDaniel, who has been very low with pneumonia, is said to be much better.

A hard wind and hail storm visited this section last Friday night and when the morning broke the people about the Buttes saw that the tops were covered with the first snow of the season.

Mrs. Mary Tweet is digging a cistern on her land. She will also begin a new house soon, where she expects to live.

Carl Fisher is building a fine bungalow on his ditch land here, it will soon be ready for occupancy.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Truesdale were business visitors in Prineville recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Arnold are both ill of influenza in Prineville. Mrs. Arnold's father, Marion Templeton, is staying on their Powell Butte ranch looking after the chores and keeping the boys company.

Dewey Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Moore, died at the home of Arthur Wurzweller Saturday, Nov. 16, 1918, of pneumonia, following influenza. Dewey has lived in this section with his parents for several years and was highly respected by everybody and the sympathy of the community goes out to his parents in this hour of sorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bayne of Deschutes visited at the home of E. A. Bussett the first of the week.

Ernie Englehart from Oreweller's mill, was a dinner guest at E. A. Bussett's Sunday last.

Post

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Mrs. Hayes and Orval autoed to Prineville Tuesday.

Joe Post has leased the Frank Wilborn place for next season.

Miss Chora of Prineville is visiting Miss Burkholder.

Homer Norton is busy hauling freight this week.

George Wiley is visiting at the Hayes ranch.

Miss Addie Miller spent the week-end with Mrs. Raymond.

S. J. Newsum spent Monday and Tuesday in Prineville and Mrs. Newsum and Don stayed with Mrs. Stover.

Marion Taylor was a business visitor in Prineville Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stover, Mr. and Mrs. Norton and Miss Hansen spent Sunday evening at the Bonnyview ranch.

Art Lane delivered Herb Cook's cattle to F. M. Wood on Beaver the last of the week.

Mrs. Grace Knox was called to nurse the Caldwell family on the Deschutes, who are all sick with the influenza.

The Treasury Department has presented our community with an honor flag for which we have a right to be proud. We have gone "over the top" on every drive and our boys "over there" will not be ashamed of us when they return and see our flag.

MATTHIAS ERZBERGER



Matthias Erzberger, civilian leader of the German armistice delegation.

AMERICAN ARMY ON MARCH TO RHINE

Precautions Are Taken As General Pershing's Forces Move Forward.

Paris.—The American Third army has been designated as "the army of occupation." It will be under the immediate direction of General Pershing, the commander-in-chief, who will be in command of the American positions in occupied territories. The Third army will be commanded by Major-General Dickman.

With the American Forces in France.—The American army began to move toward Germany at 5:30 o'clock Sunday morning.

No chances were taken. The engineers were the second unit to press forward, and they carefully began their work of looking out for mines and tainted water. Every obstacle was tested before it was moved, in order to find out if it masked explosives.

It has been impressed on officers and men alike that this is an operation under an armistice; that war still exists and that the possibility remains that at any time it may be necessary for them to play their part with the same grimness of the past year.

Fraternalization not only with the German soldiers who may be found either as stragglers or voluntary prisoners, but with the civilian population has been sternly prohibited. Looting and even souvenir hunting also have been forbidden the Americans.

The advancing Americans are flanked by the armies of France.

The American advance began on a front from Mouxon to Thiaucourt, the extending lines embracing Luxemburg and Briey, up the valley to the Moselle. Besides Luxemburg, the more important towns falling to the lot of the Americans are Longwy and Briey.

Field Marshal Hindenburg at Cassel. London.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg has arrived at Cassel, where he has taken up residence in a hotel, according to a wireless dispatch received here from Berlin.

Last Soldiers Depart From Brussels. Paris.—The last German troops left Brussels Sunday, according to the Havas correspondent on the Belgian front.

FOR THE THANKSGIVING DINNER

We have taken great pains in selecting our stock of good things to eat for Thanksgiving, and are prepared to fill the orders of the most particular shoppers. The following list will give you some idea of the good things to be gotten here:

- EGGS
- SWEET POTATOES
- HONEY
- FRESH OYSTERS
- APPLES
- SMOKED MEATS
- CELERY
- FRESH MEATS

- SQUASH
- CRANBERRIES
- BUTTER
- FRESH FISH
- LETTUCE
- CHICKENS
- PUMPKIN
- TURKEYS

If you should want any specially prepared meats, come in and we will take care of your order.

THE CITY MARKET
J. W. HORIGAN, Proprietor

THE MICHEL GROCERY CO.

Headquarters for your
THANKSGIVING SUPPLIES

- Sweet Potatoes
- Fresh Celery
- Head Lettuce
- Cranberries
- Cauliflower
- Grapes
- Apples
- Mince Meat Supplies
- Plum Pudding
- Fine Mince Meat

We join with the world in being thankful for the victory of our armies.

GENERAL DICKMAN



Major-General Dickman, commander of the American army which will occupy German territory under the armistice.

750,000 AMERICANS USED IN ARGONNE

Paris.—Out of the confusion and daze of the crowding military events on the western battle line since late in September, when battle followed battle until from Flanders to Verdun there was ceaseless action, it is now permissible to mention the part played by the American armies in the final decisive battle of the war, which ended with the armistice.

Military reasons heretofore have prevented accentuating the accomplishments of the Americans, except in a most general manner. But it may now be stated that 21 American divisions totalling more than 750,000 American combat troops participated in the action beginning September 26 and lasting 30 days, known variously as the battle of the Argonne and the battle of the Meuse, but which history may call Sedan—the battle that brought Germany to her knees, and as far as human foresight goes, ended the world's bloodiest and costliest war. It was at daybreak of September 26 when the Americans went in. Using nine divisions for the preliminary at-

tack and under vigorous artillery support, they advanced five kilometers the first day.

It was bitter fighting in the woods, brush and ravines, over a region perceptibly registered and plotted by the enemy, where his guns, big and little, could be used with the greatest efficiency. The original nine American divisions in some cases were kept in the line over three consecutive weeks.

GERMAN DEBT ESTIMATED

Three Hundred and Forty Billion Francs is Total.

Paris.—Germany's debt to France is estimated at 340,000,000,000 francs by the Matin in an editorial. The newspaper apportions the debt as follows: Return of the indemnity of 1871 with interest, 60,000,000,000 francs; expenses of the present war, 140,000,000,000 francs; pensions, 40,000,000,000 francs; and reparation for damages, 100,000,000,000 francs.

Germany and Austria, it adds, should return to the allies a minimum of 7,000,000 tons of shipping in payment for that destroyed in the war, but they have at their disposal only 3,000,000 tons. Consequently the delivery of the entire German-Austrian merchant marine would constitute only half reparation.

Allies Will Get German Fleet.

London.—All of the German warships that must be turned over according to the terms of the armistice will be in allied hands by Saturday, a day earlier than stipulated by the agreement, it was learned on good authority.

Hun Ships to Carry Food.

London.—The British government is arranging for the departure to the United States of a number of German vessels. These ships will bring to Germany foodstuffs which the allies will permit Germany to receive.

Telegraphers Granted Wage Increase.

Washington.—Railroad telegraphers numbering about 70,000 were granted an increase in wages by Director General McAdoo. The new wages, representing a basic minimum of 13 cents increase an hour, will be effective from October 1.

General Pershing Decorated.

With the American Army in Eastern France.—A distinguished service medal was conferred on General Pershing at his headquarters by General Tasker H. Bliss representing President Wilson.

GERMAN APPEALS ARE UNNECESSARY

Washington.—In the almost hysterical appeals of the German provisional government for supplies of food and for permission to address itself directly through a commission to the American public, officials here see a purpose to excite the sympathies of a large element of the American population more or less connected by blood ties with Germany.

President Wilson already has promised to do everything possible to prevent suffering among the civil population of the conquered states. The entente powers have indorsed this attitude.

It is known officially that there is sufficient food in Germany to meet immediate needs. The supreme war council is planning to supply food in the future and before the present stocks are exhausted, assuming the exercise of economy in food distribution.

To correct what appears to be a general public misunderstanding on the subject, it may be authoritatively stated that none of this food to be sent from America to Germany or Austria will be given away. It must be paid for by the governments of those countries.

GERMAN MISSION PROPOSED

Solf Tries to Enlist Personal Interest of Wilson.

Berlin, by Wireless to London.—A direct appeal has been made to President Wilson by Foreign Secretary Solf for permission to send a German commission to the United States at once. The object of the proposed mission is personally to lay before the American government the conditions existing here and to assure the taking of steps to produce foodstuffs. In his message to Secretary of State Lansing, Dr. Solf, after appealing to him to intercede with President Wilson to send peace delegates to The Hague as soon as possible, "in order to save the German people from perishing by starvation and anarchy," he suggested that Herbert C. Hoover, the American food administrator, be assigned to the task of assisting the German people.

Czechs Get \$7,000,000.

Washington.—By extending a credit of \$7,000,000 to the Czech-Slovak national council, the treasury added a tenth debtor nation among the allies to the United States.