

COUNTRY PUT UNDER STRICTER FOOD RULE

Dealers in Wheat Flour and Bakers Limited to Percentage of 1917 Requirements.

Washington.—President Wilson has placed the country on stricter food ration.

In a proclamation he limited wholesalers, jobbers and retailers to 70 per cent of their 1917 wheat flour requirements and bakers to 80 per cent.

He called for observance of two wheatless days, Monday and Wednesday, one wheatless and one meatless meal daily, meatless Tuesday and porkless Saturday.

Simultaneously the food administration announced its new "Victory bread," to contain 20 per cent of cereals other than wheat, after February 24.

It also announced Tuesday would be a porkless day in addition to Saturday. These drastic steps are necessary to provide wheat for Europe, the food administration stated.

Only part of the new food regulations will be compulsory under the powers possessed by the food administration. Dealers can be checked through licensing, but the food administration freely admitted that it would depend on the patriotism of the American housewife to force observance of the new war rations.

"Victory" war bread, the national loaf, is expected to provide the big saving in wheat consumption. Graham and whole wheat breads will be classed as victory breads, but the real war loaf will be that mixed by substituting 20 per cent of rice flour, cornmeal, potato flour, oatmeal, buckwheat flour, sweet potato flour, soy bean flour and other substitutes.

Housewives need not mix these in their baking, though this is urged. "Victory" war bread, the national loaf, is expected to provide the big saving in wheat consumption.

Graham and whole wheat breads will be classed as victory breads, but the real war loaf will be that mixed by substituting 20 per cent of rice flour, cornmeal, potato flour, oatmeal, buckwheat flour, sweet potato flour, soy bean flour and other substitutes.

Housewives need not mix these in their baking, though this is urged.

WAR SECRETARY SAYS MISTAKES MAGNIFIED

Answers Senator Chamberlain's Accusations and Explains Circumstances.

Washington.—Secretary Baker Monday replied to Senator Chamberlain's charges of inefficiency in the war department at a public hearing before the senate military committee.

He conceded freely that in no great enterprise it was impossible that there should not be "delays and shortcomings."

The mistakes cited in Senator Chamberlain's speech, Secretary Baker declared, gave a disproportionate aspect. Without intent, he said, the effect of the senator's speech was to give the country the impression that the deficiencies "were characteristic rather than occasional."

Number of Complaints Small. The secretary said when he heard of the two letters read by Senator Chamberlain concerning bad treatment of sick soldiers he immediately asked Mr. Chamberlain for all the details.

"I want to follow those through to the very end," said he, "and find out who is responsible, in order that I can punish the guilty."

Although more than 1,000,000 are under arms in this country, Mr. Baker said, the number of complaints received have been relatively small, probably not more than 18. In each instance, he said, investigations have been made immediately.

Major-General Wood, Mr. Baker said, recommended calling out a large army although the men could not be provided at once with rifles and clothing.

Every soldier who needs a rifle has one, Secretary Baker said, and of a better type than if the British Enfield rifle had been adopted.

Pershing Against Lewis Guns. Defending the lack of Lewis machine guns, Secretary Baker reiterated that General Pershing does not want Lewis guns for the ground forces, but only for aviation.

Some reports, the secretary said, have not proved serious upon inquiry, while others had in which case corrections followed.

In the case of the body of an officer who died at an aviation training school being shipped home in a sheet, Secretary Baker said, inquiry developed that the camp was in charge of a British aviation officer who followed the British method of sending bodies home unclothed, the man's clothes being shipped in a separate parcel. An American officer was then put in charge.

Generals Decided Adoption of Rifle. Taking up Senator Chamberlain's attack on the ordnance bureau, Mr. Baker said that men's minds differed about the types of guns to be used and about the quantity. He then disclosed that the decision to adopt the so-called rechambered Enfield rifle was reached late one night in his office at a conference attended by General Pershing, who was preparing to go to France; General Scott, chief of staff; General Bliss, assistant chief; General Crozier, chief of ordnance, and General Kuhr, then head of the war college, and several other staff officers, "experts in rifles." It was late in May or early in June.

"That decision made that night," Mr. Baker added, referring to the conference held at which it was decided to change the American rifle, "had the unanimous consent of every man at the conference."

GENERAL WOOD WOUNDED

Accidental Blast Injures American Officer in France.

Washington.—Major-General Leonard Wood, in France on an observation tour, was slightly wounded by an accidental explosion which killed five French soldiers and hurt two other American officers.

Secretary Baker announced the accident in this statement: "A cable dispatch from the headquarters of General Pershing states that an accidental explosion occurring today killed five French soldiers and slightly injured Major-General Wood in the arm. Lieutenant-Colonel Charles E. Kilbourne was wounded in the eye, and Major Kenyon A. Joyce in the arm."

At present General Wood is the commander of the national army cantonment at Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan. He went to France a few weeks ago with other national army division commanders on a tour of observation.

Dry Act Ratified by North Dakota. Bismarck, N. D.—The senate with only two dissenting votes has concurred in the house resolution amending the federal prohibition amendment negated by but 12 members of the two houses.

Kentucky Senate Votes for Bone Dry. Lexington, Ky.—The state senate Friday passed the state-wide bone dry bill by a vote of 26 to 4.

OREGON NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

Principal Events of the Week Briefly Sketched for Information of Our Readers.

War demands are putting new life into the lumber and logging industries in Benton county.

C. F. Williams, of Salem, has been elected president of the Oregon State Poultry association.

Oregon's Thrift campaign is gaining ground. Sales of war savings stamps have reached \$613,734.

The total payroll disbursements for the year 1917 were \$1,387,000.

Assisted by Baker school teachers, 20 of Baker's prominent business men have formed a knitting club.

Two home guard companies were organized in Marshfield, one by the Moose lodge and the other by the Elks lodge.

Roy Campbell, 16, was shot and killed by his companion, Roy Norris, near Mount Scott, 25 miles east of Roseburg.

Secretary of State Olcott has issued a formal announcement of his candidacy for the republican nomination for the governorship.

Special investigation of capacity of all shipyards in the Portland district will be made at once upon orders from Vice Chairman Piez.

The ship-knee industry is rapidly assuming big proportions in Clackamas county. The Molalla country also has become a big ship-knee center.

The Sun Dial ranch, north of Troutdale, is shipping turnips by the carload to the Wittenberg-King company at The Dalles, to be evaporated.

Efforts to locate Miss Mignon Swanson, a young woman who was teaching school near Halsey, and who disappeared mysteriously a few days ago, have been unsuccessful.

Cattle thieves have been operating in Lane county on a wholesale scale, according to Sheriff Parker, who will offer a reward of \$500 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the rustlers.

Attorney-General Brown has prepared ballot title for an initiative petition filed by E. L. Walters, of Oregon City, which proposes to prohibit all trap, seine or fish wheel fishing in all the rivers of the state.

Alfalfa produced \$105 per acre on the Umatilla project in 1917, according to figures collected by the United States reclamation service officials. The maximum yield was seven tons and the average price was \$15 per ton.

The terms of the district attorneys of Deschutes, Wheeler and Clatsop counties expire at the end of this year and their successors are to be elected in November, according to an opinion given Secretary Olcott by Attorney-General Brown.

In a special effort to combat the spread of blight, Jackson County Pathologist C. C. Cate has established a class for instructing girls and women in the Rogue river valley in the art of cutting out this dread fruit-tree disease.

The Springfield flouring mill, owned by the Eugene Mill & Elevator company, started its machinery last week having been shut down several months, during which it was thoroughly overhauled and put in thorough up-to-date shape inside.

A chronology of election dates as applying to the primary and general elections coming up in the state this year, has just been compiled by Secretary of State Olcott and will be published for distribution within a short time to those interested.

In a written opinion given to Adjutant General Williams, Attorney General Brown advises that the city of Marshfield's title to the block offered as a site for a new armory is not clear. He suggests that a suit should be instituted to clear the title.

Migratory birds have increased 50 per cent as a result of the new federal laws which now cover not only the United States, but Canada, according to a statement made by District Inspector Catron, who has charge of the states of Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Organization for Oregon's part in the third Liberty Loan campaign is under way with a state executive committee composed of Edward Cook-Ingham, chairman; J. C. Ainsworth, George L. Baker, Franklin T. Griffith, William A. MacRae, A. L. Mills, Emory Olmstead, E. B. Piper and Nathan Straus.

Within two years from now, highway commission officials predict, it will be possible for a man to ride between Salem and Walla Walla, Washington, without getting off of a paved road. Leading up to this the commission will probably award contracts at its next meeting for grading and macadamizing a road between the Morrow-Umatilla county line and Echo, and for grading and macadamizing a continuation of the road from Echo to Pendleton.

Porter Bros., the railroad construction contractors, are making preparations to open six camps in the spruce belt in the western part of Clatsop county to get out aeroplane timber for the government.

The first step toward the bulk handling of wheat in Union county was made last week, when the farmers of Imbler organized the Imbler Union Elevator company and instructed the board of directors to proceed at once with the erection of a 100,000 bushel elevator.

Representative Hawley is urging the reservation by the government of a small tract of land, now embraced in a Northern Pacific selection, which embraces the intake for the water supply of Oregon City, in order that the water supply may be permanently protected.

Three of the 489 accidents reported to the state industrial accident commission during the week ending January 24 were fatal. They were: Al Haggeland, of Svenson, and L. Bloesch, Knappa, killed in logging operations, and D. A. Basch, Dee, killed in lumbering operations.

Plans are being developed at the headquarters of the Santiam national forest to restock a burned-over area on Battless mountain this year. This tract is located about 10 miles north of Detroit. It is expected that 225,000 young Douglas fir trees will be required for the work.

With five counties still missing, and no apparent indication of their being received, the school census for 1917 shows a total of 184,196. The total for 1916 was 205,417. Giving to the five missing counties the same census as the last one available, the total for this year would be 203,419.

That drainage development in Oregon is well under way and is to make great strides the coming year is evident from the representative gathering and lively interest shown as well as the constructive program outlined at the annual meeting of the State Drainage association at Corvallis.

Negotiations were closed Saturday for the sale of approximately 7000 acres of timber in Columbia county by the Fir Tree Timber company to the Clark & Wilson Lumber company. The tract is said to cruise approximately 400,000,000 board measure, largely ship timber, and the money consideration is upward of \$1,000,000.

After a little more than an hour of deliberation the jury in the circuit court at Pendleton brought in a verdict not guilty for Cora Colwell and Lawrence Colwell, jointly charged with the murder last May of James E. Short, an aged rancher of northern Umatilla county. The boy admitted the shooting, but pleaded self-defense.

Secretary Lane has formally notified members of the Oregon delegation that he cannot approve the Malheur irrigation projects in eastern Oregon, saying there are no funds available. If congress will make available a further lump sum for building new projects, the secretary promised that the Malheur project will be among the first adopted.

Lumber orders placed in Oregon with mills at Portland, Rainier, Tillamook, Silverton and Dallas approximating 10,000,000 feet and which is said to be only "a starter," will play a leading role in the construction of the Hog Island shipbuilding project at Philadelphia, which is to be the largest plant of the kind in the world and will employ 40,000 men.

Anticipating, apparently, that legislation will be enacted by congress permitting the utilizing of water sites that have been withdrawn by the government, H. S. McGowan, of the state of Washington, has filed two applications for the appropriation of water from the Deschutes river. One calls for the appropriation of the stream in Wasco and Sherman counties and the other in Jefferson county. The estimated cost for the works of the first is \$2,000,000 and for the last named \$4,000,000.

That hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of the best land in the McKenzie river valley from Thurston to Cogswell's hill is menaced by the McKenzie river, and that unless immediate action is taken it will be swept away, is the statement made by C. R. Seitz, forest supervisor of the Cascade forest, who made an examination of the situation at the request of a number of the farmers. Already the river has washed away a number of good buildings, and is within 10 feet of one of the best barns in the valley.

"Oregon farmers must turn to the bulk method of handling grain," said J. C. Hawkins, of the United States department of agriculture, co-operating with the Oregon Agricultural college, who in company with a co-worker, W. B. Oldham, is spending two weeks in and near Heppner. "The United States government has commandeered 60,000,000 sacks for army purposes," continued Mr. Hawkins, "and last year there were shipped into this country from Calcutta only 39,000,000 sacks. I predict that grain bags will be selling for 25 cents a piece and I doubt if they can be had at that price on account of the shortage." Mr. Hawkins advises every farmer to hold on to all sacks he has whether first or second hand, and ship out all his grain in bulk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, January 16, 1918. Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of January, 1918, the Rogers-Yuansan Lumber Company, whose post office address is Minneapolis, Minnesota, filed in this office its application to select, under the provisions of Act of Congress of June 24, 1914 (38 Stat. Page 387) the following described lands, to-wit:

- T. 15 S., R. 20 E., W. M. Sec. 4, SW 1/4 and SW 1/4, Sec. 5, Lots 2, 3, 4, S 1/2 of NE 1/4, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 6, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S 1/2 of NE 1/4, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 7, NE 1/4, N 1/2 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, N 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 10, S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 12, SW 1/4 of SE 1/4, N 1/2 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 13, N 1/2 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of NE 1/4, SE 1/4 of SE 1/4, E 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 14, N 1/2 and SW 1/4 of SE 1/4, SW 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 15, N 1/2 of NW 1/4 and NE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 17, NE 1/4 of NE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, N 1/2 of NE 1/4, N 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 18, W 1/2 of NE 1/4, N 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 19, Lots 2, 3, 4, E 1/2 of NW 1/4, S 1/2 of NE 1/4, E 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 20, N 1/2 and SW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 21, W 1/2 of NW 1/4, SE 1/4 of NE 1/4, N 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 22, S 1/2 of NW 1/4, N 1/2 of NE 1/4, SE 1/4 of NE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, and SW 1/4, Sec. 23, SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, Sec. 24, N 1/2 of NW 1/4, SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, N 1/2 of NE 1/4 and SE 1/4, NW 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 26, N 1/2 and E 1/2 of SE 1/4, W 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 27, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, and E 1/2, NW 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 28, SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, S 1/2 of NE 1/4, N 1/2 of SE 1/4, SW 1/4 of SE 1/4, and SW 1/4, Sec. 29, W 1/2 of SW 1/4, E 1/2 of NE 1/4, E 1/2 of NE 1/4, W 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 30, Lots 3, 4, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, N 1/2 of NE 1/4, SE 1/4 of NE 1/4, and SE 1/4 of SW 1/4, Sec. 31, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 32, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 33, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 34, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 35, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 36, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 37, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 38, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 39, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 40, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 41, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 42, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 43, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 44, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 45, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 46, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 47, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 48, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 49, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 50, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 51, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 52, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 53, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 54, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 55, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 56, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 57, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 58, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 59, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 60, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 61, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 62, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 63, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 64, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 65, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 66, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 67, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 68, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 69, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 70, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 71, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 72, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 73, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 74, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 75, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 76, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 77, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 78, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 79, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 80, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 81, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 82, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 83, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 84, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 85, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 86, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 87, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 88, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 89, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 90, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 91, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 92, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 93, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 94, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 95, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 96, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 97, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 98, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 99, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4, Sec. 100, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4, NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, NE 1/4 of SW 1/4, S 1/2 of SW 1/4.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, January 14th, 1918. Notice is hereby given that RUTH LANGFORD GULOVSON, formerly Ruth Langford, of Dry Lake, Oregon, who, on March 15th, 1913, made Homestead Entry, No. 614147, for NE 1/4, N 1/2 SE 1/4, SW 1/4 SE 1/4, SE 1/4 NE 1/4, Township 20-South, Range 21-East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Elmer M. Peck, U. S. Commissioner, at The Dalles, Oregon, on the 23rd day of February, 1918.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, January 14th, 1918. Notice is hereby given that RUTH LANGFORD GULOVSON, formerly Ruth Langford, of Dry Lake, Oregon, who, on March 15th, 1913, made Homestead Entry, No. 614147, for NE 1/4, N 1/2 SE 1/4, SW 1/4 SE 1/4, SE 1/4 NE 1/4, Township 20-South, Range 21-East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Elmer M. Peck, U. S. Commissioner, at The Dalles, Oregon, on the 23rd day of February, 1918.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION