

Crook County Journal

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CITY OFFICIAL PAPER FOR CITY OF PRINEVILLE

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PRINEVILLE, CROOK COUNTY, OREGON, SEPTEMBER 6, 1917

NO. 43

CELEBRATE SALE OF THE OCHOCO BONDS

Hundreds Join in Festivities At Annual Picnic

MANY COME FROM OTHERTOWNS

Upton, Wiggins and Gervin, in Able Addresses, Told of Great Possibilities

The second annual Harvest Festival was a decided success. About three hundred people motored out from Prineville to Gulluford's grove, eight miles north of the city in connection with the annual harvest picnic to join with the farmers of that section in celebrating the selling of the Ochoco Irrigation bonds.

Several cars came from Bend, Redmond, Paulina, Madras, Lamonta and the surrounding country.

A picnic lunch was enjoyed at noon after which the band gave a short concert. The speakers of the afternoon were, J. H. Upton, S. L. Wiggins and Dr. J. H. Gervin.

J. H. Upton gave a very interesting talk on the Ochoco Irrigation Project. He praised the men who have by persistent and untiring effort made a success of this enterprise.

S. L. Wiggins, representing the Union Pacific Railroad, was there, as he said, just to lend color, and succeeded in doing so. He made a few brief remarks concerning Prineville, our new railroad and the Ochoco Irrigation Project.

Dr. J. H. Gervin helped put the pie in picnic when he spoke in his usual brilliant manner from the subject: "What Prineville Needs as a Newcomer sees it."

He said in part "When God made men of other nations he made them of the dust, but when he made the men of America he made them of the best stuff he had on hand and placed the best of them in and around Prineville. The men of America have more inventive genius, do things better than the people of any other land and the women can talk longer and faster than the women of any other nation. We have the men, the women, the money, but we need a railroad, we need water to make the land productive and these things are assured. But we also need everybody boozing and everybody helping in the work before us and ere long the sage brush will give place to the golden grain and the blushing rose."

Prizes and Partial List of Winners

Inner tube for Ford, by Inland Auto Co., for the person coming farthest distance to the picnic in a Ford. Chas. Bernard, 90 miles.

Pair leather gloves by Ross Robinson for winner of the fat men's race. W. A. Foster.

Blacksnake whip by W. J. Hughes, for the winner of the horseshoe pitching contest. Roscoe Kinhead.

O-Cedar mop, by O. C. Claypool & Co. for the oldest lady attending the picnic. Mrs. Lucy Anderson, 78 years.

Alarm clock by J. E. Stewart & Co. for the winner of ladies' nail-driving contest.

\$2.50 in cash by First National Bank for the prettiest baby boy under three years of age. Lee Blevins' daughter.

\$2.50 gold piece by Crook County Bank for the prettiest girl baby under three years of age.

\$2.50 cash by the First Nat'l Bank for the best public speaker, boy or girl, under 10 years of age. Ila Johnson, Maxine Wilson—tie.

\$2.50 gold piece by Crook Co. Bank for the winner of the babies race for babies under 5 years of age. Season ticket to Oregon Interstate Fair, by the Fair Ass'n, for the best talk on the Fair.

Mrs. C. L. Shattuck. Leather halter by D. H. Still, for

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VISCOUNT ISHII



Viscount Ishii, head of the Japanese mission sent to bring about a better understanding between America and Japan.

PRICE OF FLOUR CUT BY MILLERS

Portland, Or.—Flour will drop 40 cents a barrel at northwest milling points, which will make the market price for No. 1 grades of patent flour \$11.20 a barrel.

This is the first practical effect of the government's recent action fixing \$2.20 per bushel as the basic price for first grade wheat at Chicago and was agreed upon by the millers of the Pacific coast at a session here.

Further reductions are promised by the millers as soon as they begin buying new-crop wheat at the new prices. While the federal grain bureau has not attempted to fix the price of wheat in the northwest, it is generally assumed that the local price will be governed almost absolutely by the Chicago price.

On a basis of \$2.20 at Chicago, first-grade wheat would bring \$1.90 in the inland empire district, where most of the grain of the northwest is produced. This differential is determined by the freight rate of 30 cents a bushel from the inland empire to Chicago.

In the same way the price in Portland would be set at \$2 a bushel, as the freight from the interior to local terminals is 10 cents a bushel.

An analysis of the new law shows that the basic price of \$2.20 at Chicago, which the government guarantees to pay to growers, is equally binding upon individual millers and other grain dealers and serves to fix an absolute maximum on the price.

WASHINGTON LABOR UNEASY

Prevention of Shipyard Strike, However, is Prospective.

Seattle.—Labor Day found great unrest among organized workmen in the state of Washington. A strike of 12,000 men employed in the Seattle shipyards was called last week, but postponed pending a conference, with a prospect that the strike will be averted. A majority of the sawmills and shingle mills in the state have been closed for several weeks by a strike of workmen for the eight-hour day and higher wages. The employers say that owing to the dull market for lumber they can afford to leave their plants idle. The building trades throughout the state have decided to refuse to handle lumber made in ten-hour mills. Electrical workers employed by the telephone companies are about to take a vote on a strike for higher wages.

Ford Gives Red Cross Half Million. Washington.—A gift of \$500,000 from the Ford Motor company to the Red Cross was announced by the war council, in the form of a credit on the Ford factories for half a million dollars worth of automobiles, ambulances, parts, etc., as the Red Cross may designate.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Governor Philipp telegraphed Sheriff McManus that should delegates of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace arrive in Milwaukee they should be informed that it was his wish that no meeting be held.

SENATE AGAINST HIGH TAX SECTION

Amendment to Take Huge War Profits is Defeated On Test Vote.

Washington.—In the first test of strength between senate radicals and conservatives on war profits taxation the radicals were defeated when the senate rejected the maximum amendment of Senator Johnson, of California, for a gross levy of 80 per cent on war profits. The vote was 62 to 17.

Senators voting for the high taxes were: Ashhurst, Borah, Brady, Gore, Gronna, Hollis, Husting, Johnson, of California, Johnson, of South Dakota, Jones, of Washington, Kenyon, Kirby, La Follette, McNary, Norris, Thompson, Vandaman.

Both sides claimed victory as a result of the first test vote, which was preceded by spirited speeches, including Senators Johnson and La Follette for the high tax group and Lodge, Simmons and Penrose of their opponents. The so-called conservatives were confident that the La Follette amendment and others proposing higher war tax profits taxation all will be rejected.

Although determined to continue the fight this week for higher rates, many of the radical group privately conceded defeat. A few thought it possible they could carry an amendment for a flat tax of 40 to 50 per cent but others admitted the committee provision probably would stand.

French Sweep Part of Aisne Front.

Paris.—French troops on the Aisne front opened an offensive in the Hurbise region. In one sweep they carried all their objectives on a front of more than three-quarters of a mile to a depth of more than 300 yards.

German Press Comment is Hostile.

Amsterdam.—President Wilson's reference, in his reply to Pope Benedict's peace proposals, to the German autocracy as distinct from the German people, is commented upon unfavorably by the German press.

THE MARKETS

Portland. Wheat—Club, \$1.96; bluestem, \$2; red Russian, \$1.93; forty-fold, \$1.98. Barley—No. 1 feed, \$48 per ton. Hay—Timothy, \$27 per ton; alfalfa, \$24. Butter—Creamery, 44c. Eggs—Rench, 36c. Wool—Eastern Oregon, 60c; valley, 60c.

PACIFIST'S MEETING IS HELD IN CHICAGO

Assemble Under Police Protection in Defiance of Governor.

Chicago.—After being driven from three states, the People's Council of America for Democracy and the Terms of Peace perfected a formal organization at a public meeting in Chicago Sunday.

The session was held under protection of the police, acting on orders from Mayor William Hale Thompson, which were in defiance of Governor Frank O. Lowden. Four companies of national guardsmen, rushed from the state capital on a special train to prevent the meeting, arrived after it had adjourned. Its purpose accomplished.

The clash in authority between Mayor Thompson and Governor Lowden came as the result of the action of police in breaking up the pacifist meeting Saturday on orders from the governor.

When the mayor, who was at his summer home at Lake Forest, heard of this he declared that the governor had exceeded his authority and immediately instructed Chief of Police Scheuttler to permit the meeting and to give the delegates every protection.

When the pacifists heard of the mayor's action, immediate preparations were made to hold the meeting which had been prevented in Minnesota, North Dakota and Wisconsin, and had been forbidden as unpatriotic and disloyal by the governor of Illinois.

In the meantime Governor Lowden had been notified of the defiance of his orders and immediately called Adjutant-General Dickson, of Illinois, in to conference, and four companies of the Ninth Regiment of the Illinois national guard who had not been federalized, were assembled at Springfield and started for Chicago.

One Ship Every Two Days.

Washington.—Contracts for approximately 258 fabricated steel ships have been awarded by the United States shipping board. All the vessels will be standardized. An idea of the rapidity with which the construction program will be carried out is contained in the statement of one of the successful bidders, which promises that one complete 5000-ton ship will be turned out every two working days.

British Win Naval Victory Off Jutland

London.—Four enemy mine sweepers were destroyed by British light naval forces off the Jutland coast, the admiralty announced.

VICTOR MURDOCK



Victor Murdock, former Kansas congressman, appointed to a place on the federal trade commission.

NEW LIBERTY LOAN ABOUT OCTOBER 1

Washington.—The next Liberty Loan campaign will be launched October 1, according to present plans of the treasury department. It is expected that the issue will be for about \$3,000,000,000 and that the subscription books will close November 1.

The amount, the interest rate, the denominations of the bonds and other details will be announced after congress disposes of the pending bond bill.

Under the war revenue bill, passed last April, \$7,000,000 was made available for expenses of floating \$5,000,000,000 in bonds and \$2,000,000,000 in short term certificates of indebtedness. It is reported that about half already had been disbursed in connection with the flotation of the \$2,000,000,000 Liberty bonds first offered and the certificates of indebtedness put out in advance of the loan.

In announcing the tentative programme for the second campaign Mr. McAdoo appealed to liberty loan committees to perfect their organizations and prepare for the next campaign by getting in touch with the various federal reserve banks.

EUROPEAN WAR NEWS

Greece will have its full military strength in the field with the allies within three months.

The American aviation service has opened its headquarters near the front.

The Italians have taken more than 27,000 prisoners since the beginning of their big offensive along the entire Austrian front.

The British forces in Palestine attacked southwest of Gaza on a front of 300 yards. It was announced officially. The line was advanced 200 yards.

The headquarters of Major-General Pershing, the American commander, have been moved from Paris to a point near the training camps.

The latest communications from the Rumanian battle front report fierce resistance, often favorable for Russo-Rumanian forces, against violent enemy attacks from the region of Oituz, Ocna and the valleys of the Sereth and the Putna. The losses have been heavy on both sides.

In Flanders the British guns are again thundering the threat of renewed infantry thrusts against the German lines. The French, while comparatively quiescent in the Verdun region, are giving another display of their successful dashing tactics in the Aisne region.

SHORT NEWS NUGGETS

Meat prices must have a drop, was the ultimatum said to have been delivered to the packers by Herbert Hoover.

A federal district judge at Greensboro, North Carolina, has held that the child labor law passed by congress on the urgent appeal of President Wilson is unconstitutional.

The "People's Council" has been denied the right to hold its peace convention in Minnesota and at Fargo, North Dakota, and was driven out of Hudson, Wisconsin, by indignant citizens.

The Journal \$1.50 per year.

GOVERNMENT TO STOP SETTING OF FIRES

A warning has just been issued from the war department, which is self explanatory. It reads as follows:

"All persons entering the forests must be extremely careful at this time about lighting fires. This is not the Fire Marshal warning of the usual type. There is a very urgent reason for this warning. The woods just now are filled with military patrols with rigid instructions to shoot public enemies caught setting fire to the forests.

"Therefore, it is doubly necessary to be careful as military patrols, while instructed to exercise every precaution, might possibly make a mistake.

"These military patrols are operating in every part of Oregon where forests are to be found. Their location is not revealed for obvious reasons. They move from place to place and keep to cover as much as possible. Their task is that of hunting down public enemies who have been firing the Oregon forests, and they are under orders from the Western Department of the Army to deal instantly and vigorously with such public enemies.

"So if necessary for you to go into the woods, be careful about lighting fires. No doubt it would be better to keep out of the woods unless you have urgent business therein.

Chairmen Are Appointed

Plans are rapidly being shaped up for the meeting of the State Federation of Women's Clubs which will be held in Prineville, October 15, 16, 17, and 18.

On Tuesday of last week at a meeting held at the home of Mrs. Collins W. Elkins, the chairmen of the various committees were given their final instructions.

These sessions will be attended by 150 to 200 delegates and a large number of out of town visitors will come to our city during that week in addition to the club delegates.

It has been decided to hold all of the sessions in the Methodist church and all meetings will be open to the public.

An appropriate prize will be given to the club sending the largest delegation.

GRIMES-SIMPSON NUPTIALS

A very pretty wedding occurred at the home of the bride's father, seven miles east of Prineville, when Alvin Grimes and Agnes Simpson were united in marriage, Dr. J. H. Gervin, pastor of the Christian Church officiating.

The bride was attractively attired in blue silk with tulle trimmings. There were no attendants.

About forty guests were present and were invited to partake of a sumptuous repast.

The Journal joins with their many friends in wishing them a happy married life.

POST ITEMS

(By our Regular Correspondent.)

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor left Monday for a trip to the Rogue River valley. Mrs. Stover is home again after an extended visit with relatives in Bend.

Miss Ethel Miller is visiting home folks at Lebanon.

Dr. Newsom and family are visiting at S. J. Newsom's.

Roy Gray and family and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smead spent the afternoon Sunday at O. B. Gray's.

Mrs. S. J. Newsom Sr., and grandson, James, have returned to Prineville after spending the summer on the ranch.

J. R. Post took his father and mother to Prineville, Sunday, to stay a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Norton went to Redmond, Sunday, to meet Miss Mary Hansen and Miss Ethel Wheeler, whose schools began the first of the week. Miss Hansen is teaching the Post school and Miss Wheeler the Maury school.

Ernest Gunter has sold his hay to O. C. Gray for \$15.00 per ton.

Mr. Groff has sold his cattle and hay pasture to J. W. Johnson and expects to go to Redmond for the winter.

Days You'll Never Forget

THE DAY YOU WHIPPED THE TOWN BULLY

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