PAGE 2

CROOK COUNTY JOURNAL

BY GUY LAFOLLETTE

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The people of Oregon have witnessed the spectacle of what might worked itself into a frenzy over science

The Oregon Daily Journal, has weeks, to create public sentiment, otherwise influence the Oregon legislature to jump through the hoop which the Journal held, in view of the people, by abolishing the tax publication law.

tax list in this county, we have felt it best to say nothing on the subject the bill has been passed, not the Portland Journal's bill but a better one in our judgment, we will say a thing or two.

Had the charges that were made by the Portland Journal been as truthful as they would lead the legislators to believe, no power on earth could have prevented the passage of the bill they seemed to wish passed. The facts are however that when the members of the legislature found that the best interests of the tax payers are served only by some county court, they did not line up just because the Portland daily considered the best for the people, the ravings of the Journal to the are told by those in a position to contrary notwithstanding.

The fight put up by this organ. fually evolved a principle that would make the Portland Journal of the state, and while they exposed publications in some counties that at that time. reflected heavily against officials who prepared the copy and paid the bills for at least one of these publi- long time, and there is little doubt cations, most of the charges made against publishers were no doubt exaggerated or false altogreatly gether.

Whe collection of taxes is a matter nected with it. The protection of get results. Ic a word each issue. every man's title is a duty the state

devised but the present system. The addition of the clause which calls for a postal card notice before the publication of the list is a good one, and its adoption is due to Representative Forbes, for which he is entitled to great credit. It will no PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY doubt mean a great saving, and the Price \$1.50 per year, payable final publication of the lists will at

IS NOW HISTORY

The legislature has adjourned. and the people can now set about the task of finding out just what new laws have been written into the statute books.

Some excellent measures have Just how they will work passed. out remains to be seen.

The dry laws, of which there are PORTLAND JOURNAL IN SPASMS two or three instead of one, as many people suppose, are the most stringent that any western state has have been a great daily paper that yet seen, and no doubt will make the use of liquors expensive and what must have been a guilty con- very inconvenient for anyone in the state.

A man was arrested and fined bebeen attempting to make one grand- cause he came into Klamath Falls stand effort followed by another for works to create public continuent last week, which shows that the source, force, drive, compel and work of enforcement is already on. An anti-cigarette law which makes the practice of smoking by minors very dangerous and providing for the punishment of the minor and the party supplying the means

of his smoking as well, was subers that The Crook County Journal has been and is now publishing the tax her in this now publishing the after the last mentioned bill had until the issue was decided. As passed, that it was unconstitutional. Two sterilization laws were passed, both fine constructive pieces of legislation, and some other reform measures that show that Oregon is

going ahead rapidly and sanely. A long list of other bills was passed of course, but the above were of a kindred nature, and will have the greatest moral effect on the state that can be imagined.

DRY IN 1920

The national house of representatives has passed a bill asking for kind of a publication law, handled the submission of the nation dry in an honest manner by an honest measure at a general election, to the people.

The measure will perhaps not get wished them to and passed the bill to the senate this session, but will test-a test not yet made. pass that body without a doubt we

know. It is quite easy to make a prophecy, and we believe that this matter had to pay a large penalty. will be an issue for the considerathe controlling power in the politics tion of the voters at the national election in 1920, and if so, a dry some things in connection with the United States is practically certain

Sentiment has been in favor of the national issue in the west for a gets on the ballots of all the people.

Remember The Journal has the that everyone feels keenly, and no largest bona fide list of subscribera unnecessary expense should be con-

CROOK COUNTY JOURNAL

FEBRUARY 22, 1917

AT COST PRICE

Bethlehem Steel Will Make Offer to Uncle Sam.

BIDS ON 16 INCH NAVY SHELLS

No Chance For Profit In Them Under Present Texts, Grace Says-Possible Explanation of the Prices Made by an English Firm Which Bids Under All American Manufacturers.

Speaking recently before the Terrapin Club of Philadelphia, Eugene G. Grace, President of the Bethlehem Steel Company, said in part : In a peculiar sense Bethlehem Steel

serves the American people. For example, though we have been

able to obtain in Europe almost any price, we have adhered, in our charges to the United States Government, to the basis of prices established before the war began

We agreed-if the Government would abandon its plans for a Federal plantto make armor for our Navy at any price the Government itself might consider fair.

Our ordnance plants are at the disposal of the nation at a fair operating cost, plus a small margin, thus saving the Government investment and depreciation.

One of the special needs of the new navy is sixteen-inch guns-guns sixty feet long and capable of hurtling a 2000 pound shell with such power and accuracy as to hit a 50 foot sougre target fifteen miles away.

We have undertaken voluntarily to construct, at a cost of \$4,560,000, a plant fitted to build sixteen-inch guns. Under no conceivable circumstances can orders which we may receive for Portland Man Would Enlist Husthis plant pay even a fair return on the investment.

Considerable comment has been made upon the fact that a British manufacturer recently bid less than American manufacturers for sixteen and fourteen-inch shells for the navy.

I am unable to state the basis upon which the English bid was made. It this bid was for a specific shell, sam-

Two years ago we took an order for 2400 fourteen-inch armor-piercing shells at a contract price of \$768,000, to be delivered within a certain time or we

The only specifications for making these shells are that they shall be armor-plate at a certain velocity on impact. It is impossible to foretell the exact conditions of the tests.

We had made large quantities of shells in the past which had been accepted. But in placing this particular order the about the result once the measure Department altered the angle at which the tested shells must pierce armorplate. The result, however, has been absolute inability on our part to produce in any quantity, shells which will meet these novel tests. In fact, we ing through which it is possible to produce in quantities shells which will

conform to the requirements. The result is that up to now on that contract of \$768,000, we have put into actual operating expense \$147,881., and \$495,744., a total of \$943,625., with no receipts whatever.



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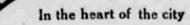
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tlers For His Concern F. Lee Sheppy, 2nd Floor 100-102 N. 5th Street, Portland, Oregon, General Sales Manager of the largest concern of its kind in the world. wants three or four men in Crook County and several men in adjoining counties, to work for him spare only those who have a rig or auto. vious selling experience is necessary. Work consists of leaving a wonderful new household necessity in the homes on free trial. Tests at more than thirty of the leading Universities and the Government Bureau of Standards show this new article to be four times as efficient in this section. Article is needed in every rural home and benefits every member of the household, bringing cheer, comfort and happlness into the home. Not necessary to he away from home nights. Pay from \$5.00 to \$15.00 per day according to ability and number of homes visited. In writing Mr.

single; how long you have lived in mmunity; what kind of a rig or auto you have; whether you wish to work spare time or steady; have been penalized for non-delivery how much time you will have to devote to the work; when you can start, and about how many homes are within six miles of you in each direction. This is a splendid opportunity for several men in Crook County and counties adjoining to make good money, working steady or spare time. Some of the field men earn \$300.00 per month; one farmer carned \$1000.00 working spare time only. No investment or 14t2p bond necessary.



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should be remembered, however, that time or all the time. He can use ples of which are being sent over for Work is very pleasant and no preof a certain size and must pierce as any article now in general use

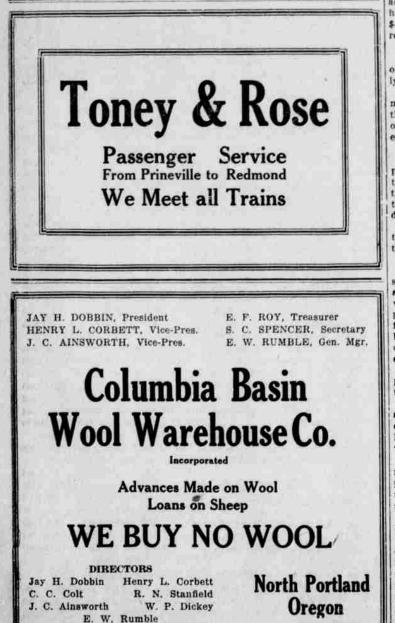
Sheppy, mention what townships will be most convenient for you to work in; what your regular occupation is; your age; married br





TO BUILD SHIPS

Call The Journal when in need of owes to the individual and no other effective way seems to have been anything in the line of printing.



Such was the experience in the light of which we were called upon recently to bid for sixteen inch shells.

We bid on these shells at approxi-mately, the same rate per pound as that of a fourteen-inch shell contract of one year ago upon which the Government awarded contracts.

We have not the slightest idea what profit there will be in the making of these shells. We do not know that there will be any. There is no certainty that it would be possible for us to deliver a shell to meet the test.

For officers in the Navy to assume that any bid made under such conditions is "exorbitant" is utterly unfair.

We bid on the new battle-cruisers sums which Navy department experts, after examination of our books, found would yield a profit of less than ten per cent. We agreed to assume risks for increased costs of materials and labor, that made it possible that these contracts might yield no profit whatever.

The costs run beyond the amount appropriated by Congress on the basis of the cost estimates made a year ago. And because shipbuilders could not alter the inexorable cost facts and reduce bids to early estimates of the Navy Department, the prices are called

'exorbitant." It would be a real advantage to be relieved of this naval construction. The profit from it cannot possibly amount to much, and the responsibility is enormous.

We have determined to make this offer to the American Government. "If you will build two of the battlecruisers in Government navy yards, we will build the other two at the ascertained cost of building the ships in the Government yards, without additional expense or commissions of any kind. We will also contract to have our ships ready for service ahead of the Government ships." NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION Department of the Interior. U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon. Evbruary 16th, 1917. Notice is hereby given that HARY L. VAN METER JR., of Prineville, Oregon, who, on September 27th, 1913, made Homestead Entry, No. 012068, for Si₂ NE4, Section 15, Township 15.South, Range 15-East, Willamette Merid-ian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lake M. Beentell, U. S. Commissioner, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 24th day of March, 1917. Claiman names as witnemset: Allen Grant, George W. Wells, James A. Mofitt, Adia G. Brown, all of Prineville, Oregon.

Orestor

H. FRANK WOODCOCK. Register

SUMMONS

1515c

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR CROOK COUNTY. Mary. E. Penland, Plaintiff.

OF OREGON FOR CROOK COUNT. Mary, E. Fenland, Plaintiff, ya, James H. Penland, Defendant. To James H. Penland, the above named de-fendant, GREETINGS: IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed in the above en-titled cause of action against you on or be-fore the 'th day of April, 1917, and if you fail to so appear and answer or otherwise plead to the complaint of the plaintiff herein, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the above named Court for a decree dissolv-ing the bonds of matrimory now existing between the plaintiff and the defendant: granting and awarding unto the plaintiff there exist adopted minor child; granting unto the plaintiff her costs and disbursemets herein and for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem just and equitable in the premises. This Summons is published pursuant to an order so to do mame Court, said order being ade and entered on the 14th day of February, 1917. DENTON G. BURDICK, Attorney for Plaintiff.

DENTON G. BURDICK.



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Attorney tor Plaintiff. Date of first publication February 22nd, 1917. The Journal has the largest circulation of any county paper