

LILLE IS EVACUATED BY GERMAN TROOPS

In Champagne and Soissons Regions Allies Repulse Assaults.

London.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Boulogne asserts that confirmation has been obtained of the rumors that the Germans have evacuated Lille and that the city is now virtually in the possession of the British.

Paris.—The following official communication was issued by the war office:

"In the Champagne region two counter attacks by the Germans—one to the north of Perthes, the other to the north of Reims—were repelled. In the Argonne two minor attacks by the enemy have failed—at Fontaine Madame and at St. Hubert. There was a lively fusillade in the direction of Hill 263, west of Bourguilles and on Lorraineau des Nourissons, but no attacks.

"From the sea to the Oise there have been artillery duels. On the Aisne, in the region of Soissons, the enemy, in spite of many attacks, has not been able to recapture the trenches which he had lost.

"In the country from Rheims to the Argonne our artillery has shelled the German trenches effectively at several points, driving away bodies of sappers."

FRENCH WIN AT SOISSONS

But German Gains Claimed in the Argonne; Perthes Trenches Taken.

Berlin, by wireless to London.—The war office admitted that the allies had gained a foothold in the German trenches north of Soissons, but declared that they were unable to make further progress, and that the battle continued.

In the Argonne it was said the Germans were the ones who had gained. At Perthes, it was declared, they had recaptured trenches recently lost to the French.

Galle reports of an action along a line extending southward from the Neuport and Ypres regions were confirmed, though it was stated that the engagement was confined to the artillery.

A French assault at La Moisselle, northeast of Albert, was reported repulsed with heavy losses.

In the eastern war zone it was said there had been little change in the situation, though the Germans were slowly gaining on the Vistula.

Sea Fight Not Credited.

Rio de Janeiro.—The minister of marine, Admiral Alencar, said that the rumor of a naval combat off Rio Grande del Norte, probably originated in the departure of the invincible from Pernambuco, which coincided with the passing of the Argentine dreadnought Rivadavia, three miles off shore.

Naval officers discredited the rumor of the battle.

ALLIES MENACE DUAL MONARCHY

London.—The present position of Austria-Hungary seems most critical. Threatened from the east and from the south, and with Roumania preparing to cast her lot with the allies, the war is being brought to her front door. Russians are sweeping through the Austrian province of Bukovina, according to Petrograd, and a Geneva report says an Austrian army has been trapped in Galicia by the Czar's forces. Servia, with her army more or less rehabilitated, is described here as attacking the dual monarchy from the south with renewed vigor.

On the other hand, German armies are again striking at Warsaw from two directions. Along the Vistula to the west of the Polish capital heavy fighting has been resumed, and at the same time a new attack has been launched from the north. The Petrograd war office describes the fighting as more and more desperate, and admits that the Germans made advances at many points, but says they were subsequently driven back again.

Russians in Transylvania.

Paris.—"The Russians have entered Transylvania," telegraphs the Petrograd correspondent of the Matin.

"The Austrians have actually evacuated the whole of Bukovina," he adds, "leaving open new roads for the Russian troops in the Hungarian provinces."

State Commissions May Fine Roads.

Washington.—The right of state railroad commissions to fine railroads which violate intrastate orders was sustained by the United States supreme court. The decision affirmed a fine of \$1000 imposed upon the Southern railroad for violating a ruling handed down by the Georgia state railroad commission.

PREMIER VIVIANI



Premier Rene Viviani, the French statesman who is reported to have said there will be no peace compromise.

BRIEF WAR NEWS

The winter storms and floods, while they have put an end to any military operations on a large scale, have not been able to prevent the armies in the east and west from pursuing the offensive at isolated points along the two extended fronts.

In the snow-covered hills of the Caucasus the hardy Siberians are searching out the routed Turks, who are reported to be surrendering by thousands, while in Flanders, which is virtually all under water, the allies assert that they have found it possible to make some headway.

The struggle in Alsace continues in spite of the heavy rains. There is more than a foot of water in the trenches. The Germans already have lost in killed and wounded 4000 men, according to reliable reports, and Helfort, the great French fortress, is filled with the prisoners—men mostly 40 years old or more.

Steinbach has been taken and retaken six times, which accounts for the conflicting reports in the official statements.

Taking advantage of the continued and increasing cold weather, which has frozen the marshy lands adjacent to the numerous rivers of North Poland, the Germans are now initiating another attempt on Warsaw from the north, having contented themselves with fortifying and taking the defensive west of Warsaw, along the banks of the Bzura and southward between Skiernewice and Grodzisk.

Farther southward along the left bank of the Vistula the Germans are now reported massing in the north preparatory to an advance.

While Roumania has not taken the fateful step, the belief exists in the countries of the allies that she soon will do so. Other developments are expected. The relations between Greece and Turkey have reached the breaking point over the alleged ill-treatment of Greeks in Asia Minor.

Italy is growing restless over Turkey's delay in giving satisfaction for the violation of the Italian consulate at Hodeida, from which the British consul, who sought refuge there, was forcibly removed.

Reports reaching Rio De Janeiro say that the German battle cruiser Von der Tann, which was recently reported as leaving Heligoland to reinforce the German squadron of Admiral von Spee, has been sunk with all on board in a battle with the British battle cruiser Invincible. According to the latest report, the invincible was unhurt, and has reached port. The reports say that the battle took place off Pernambuco.

Naco Peace Pact is Finally Signed.

Naco, Ariz.—Brigadier-General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, successfully concluded the negotiations for peace along the Mexican border. Both Governor Maytorena, the Villista commander, and General P. Elias Calles, commanding the Carranza troops in Naco, Sonora, have signed the agreement eliminating factional warfare along the Sonora border.

Emden's Captain is Held.

London.—Captain von Muller, commander of the German cruiser Emden, has arrived in England and is a prisoner in one of the officers' detention camps in Wales. The place of his internment is being kept secret.

Mother-Teacher Victor.

Albany, N. Y.—A teacher may not be dismissed because she absents herself from the public schools to bear a child, Commissioner John H. Finley, of the state department of education, decided.

Nine Quakes Shake California City.

Santa Barbara, Cal.—Nine distinct earthquake shocks were felt here at intervals of a second.

GREEN MANURE CROPS.

Agricultural authorities say that many farmers fail to obtain full benefit from turning under legume crops for green manure because of the lack of root nodules. The chief benefit of legume crops is due to minute soil bacteria which grow in association with the roots of the legume plant and convert the nitrogen of the air into available plant food. Furthermore, with each legume crop is associated its own individual strain of material. For example, the bacteria which grow upon the roots of alfalfa will not develop with the lima bean. In areas over which any particular legume has been grown for a number of years it is generally found that the soil is naturally inoculated, but when nature has not already provided the proper bacteria in the soil artificial inoculation is essential. Introducing new kinds of crops into any locality usually requires the introduction of the proper bacteria for the new legume. This may be accomplished either by scattering soil dug from a field of a well inoculated crop of the same kind or by maintaining the seeds of the legume crop to be planted with a culture of the proper variety of bacteria.

In general it may be said that inoculation presents few difficulties to those who are willing to do work carefully. Whether naturally inoculated soil or artificial cultures should be used depends upon local conditions. When soil is used great care should be exercised to dig it only from fields that are free from objectionable weeds and from serious plant diseases.

FALL PLOWING AND PESTS.

Best Method of Destroying Many Injurious Insects.

If you want to avoid pests in the next crop season plow your fields deeply this fall. Such is the advice given by George A. Dean, entomologist in the Kansas State Agricultural college. There are a dozen or more different highly injurious insects that may be completely destroyed or greatly diminished in number by effective methods during the fall.

"Deep fall plowing, disking and thorough harrowing," says Professor Dean, "are the most effective means of destroying many of the staple crop pests. As different insects pass the winter in different stages, this method does not affect all alike. Some will be destroyed by having the cells in which they have gone to pass the winter broken up and, being unable to construct new cells, will be subjected to freezing and thawing and excessive moisture and will thus be killed by the weather."

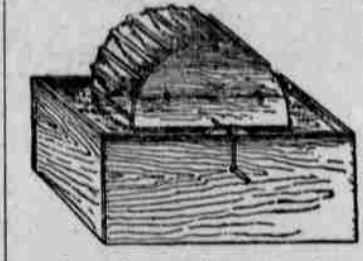
"Cutworms, army worms, wire worms, cornstalk borers and white grubs pass the winter in the soil as larvae. Corn ear worms, fall army worms and garden webworms pass the winter in the soil as pupae. May beetles, click beetles and potato beetles hibernate in the soil as adult beetles. Other insects, such as the grasshopper and the corn root aphid, lay their eggs in the ground in the fall. Deep fall plowing and harrowing will be effective against all of these wintering forms."

"Since the pupae of the corn ear worm pass the winter in the soil at a depth of from three to six inches, by all means the most satisfactory and practical method of control is to plow deeply and harrow the infested land in the late fall or in the winter. This not only will break up the pupal cells and crush the pupae, but will expose others to the rigors of winter, to which they will succumb."

"The grasshoppers lay their eggs in the fall just beneath the surface of the ground, and by means of plowing in the late fall they may be turned under so that but few are able to emerge. Those that are not turned under are exposed to abnormal moisture and temperature conditions and to enemies that feed on them."

Useful Root Washer.

The handy root washer shown consists of a slatted wooden cylinder with hinged top, hanging in a trough. The cylinder should be made of a size that holds not more than one and one-half bushels. Merely wooden slats



may be used, spaced close together, or wire netting, large mesh, may be used for lining inside the slats. Fill with potatoes, parsnips or any roots, hook down the cover and turn slowly a minute or two; then lift from the water and empty. Rapid, easy and satisfactory.

Surplus Money.

As soon as the first frosts occur it is almost useless to expect the bees to store any more honey, and the supers should be removed at once or the bees may uncap some and take it down into the body of the hive. Robbing, too, must be looked out for and if detected contract the entrance so that but one bee can pass in or out at the same time.

Summons.

In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Crook, W. G. Mustard, Plaintiff, vs. Ada Johnson, J. O. Johnson, Mrs. J. O. Johnson and all persons unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, estate or lien in the real property described herein defendants.

To Ada Johnson, J. O. Johnson, Mrs. J. O. Johnson and all persons unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, estate or lien in the real property described herein, the above named defendants:

In the name of the state of Oregon, You are hereby notified that W. G. Mustard is the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbered Eighty-four -84- issued on the 22nd day of December, 1914, by the Tax Collector of the county of Crook, state of Oregon, for the amount of Eleven and 19 hundredths -\$11.19- dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the year 1910, together with penalty, interest and costs thereon upon the real property assessed to you, of which you are the owners as appears of record, situated in said county and state and particularly described as follows, to-wit: Lot 812-9, Block Two-2, original town-site of Bend, in Crook county, state of Oregon, according to the legal and official plat thereof on file in the office of the county clerk of Crook county, aforesaid.

You are further notified that the said W. G. Mustard has not delinquent for taxes for the year 1910, together with the rate of interest on said amounts, the number of tax receipts and from the dates as hereinafter set forth, to-wit: For the year 1911, paid December 22, 1914, receipt No. 12968, amount \$4.76, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum; For the year 1912, paid December 22, 1914, receipt No. 12968, amount \$49.72, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum; For the year 1913, paid December 22, 1914, receipt No. 13112, amount \$39.92, rate of interest 15 per cent per annum.

Said Ada Johnson, J. O. Johnson and Mrs. J. O. Johnson as the owners of the legal title of the above described real property as the same appears of record, and each and all other persons, unknown claiming any right, title, interest, estate or lien in the real property above described are hereby notified that the said W. G. Mustard will apply to the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Crook county for a decree foreclosing the lien against the property above described and mentioned in said certificate. And you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend the action or pay the amount due as above shown together with the costs and accrued interest and in case of your failure to do so, a decree will be rendered foreclosing the lien of said taxes and costs against the land and premises above described.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable G. Springer, judge of the county court of the state of Oregon for the said Crook county, and said order was made and dated this 1st day of December, 1914, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the said 1st day of December, 1914.

All process and papers in this proceeding may be served upon the undersigned, residing within the state of Oregon, at the address hereinafter mentioned. Date of the last publication of this summons is the 4th day of March, A. D., 1915. WILLARD H. WIRTZ, District Attorney and Attorney for Plaintiff. Address: Prineville, Oregon.

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. December 23rd, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Paul Mertelach of Prineville, Oregon, who, on March 1st, 1911, made homestead entry No. 08221 and on September 25th, 1914, made additional homestead entry No. 013883, for sw 1/4 sw 1/4 section 23, s 4 sw 1/4, w 1/4 nw 1/4 sw 1/4 and sw 1/4 sec 26, ne 1/4 sec 27, tp 16 south, range 16 east, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before Timothy E. J. Duffy, U. S. Commissioner, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 3rd day of February, 1915.

Claimant names as witnesses: Curt Miller, H. Earl Cross, Curt Wilson, William Horsell, all of Prineville, Oregon.

12 31 H. Frank Woodcock, Register.

Summons.

In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Crook. Central Oregon Irrigation Company, a Corporation, Plaintiff, vs. F. B. Nelson, Defendant.

To F. B. Nelson, the above named defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, namely within six weeks from the 10th day of December, 1914, and if you fail so to answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will take judgment for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit: The cancellation of the contract for the acquisition of title to the land and water rights under contract relating to the sw 1/4 and ne 1/4 of section 15, township 17 south, range 12 E. W. M., together with the costs and disbursements of this suit.

This summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order made on the 7th day of December, 1914, by Hon. W. L. Bradshaw, judge of the above entitled court.

JESSE STEARNS and F. EWING MARTIN Attorneys for Plaintiff. First publication Dec. 10, 1914. Last publication Jan. 21, 1915.

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Warner Schmidt, deceased, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same duly verified to said administrator at the law office of M. E. Brink, in Prineville, Oregon, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice. Dated and published first time December 10th, 1914. J. H. ROSENBERG, Administrator of the estate of Warner Schmidt, deceased.

Notice of Final Settlement

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, the executrix of the estate of William H. Short, deceased, to all persons interested in said estate that she has made and filed with the county clerk her final accounting of her administration of said estate and that the court has set Monday, the first day of February, 1915, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the county court room in Prineville, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing and settling said final accounting. At which said time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and object to said final accounting. SAMANTHA A. SHORT, Executrix of the estate of William H. Short, deceased. Dated December 10, 1914.

W. A. BELL

Lawyer

The Dalles Oregon

M. R. Elliott,

Attorney-at-Law

Prineville, Oregon.

Residence Property for Sale.

Good house and barn, lot 120x140 ft. Inquire at this office. 8-13 if

We are selling out all our Stoves Ranges and Heaters at actual cost.

Furniture will be sold at greatly reduced prices up to February 20, 1915 A. H. Lippman & Co

"PRINORE" AND "STANDARD" Prineville Flour

Summons.

In the justice court of the state of Oregon for Crook county, District No. 1. J. M. Tengman, Plaintiff, vs. H. P. Speer, Defendant.

To H. P. Speer, defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed herein against you in the above entitled cause on or before January 29, 1915, which is the time prescribed in the order of the justice of the peace of Crook county, Oregon, for district No. 1, pursuant to which this summons is published, in which you are required to appear, answer or plead, and if you fail to do so appear, answer or plead, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as prayed in his said complaint, to-wit: for the sum of thirty dollars with interest from the 14th day of December, 1914, at ten per cent per annum, for fifteen dollars attorney's fee and his costs and disbursements herein.

The date of the first publication of this summons is the 17th day of December, 1914.

This summons is published pursuant to an order of Hon. A. R. Bowman, justice of the peace for Crook county, Oregon, for District No. 1, made on the 16th day of December, 1914. A. R. BOWMAN, Justice of the Peace.

Summons

In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Crook. Jonathan Johnson, plaintiff, vs. Roy Young, defendant.

To Roy Young, defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon, You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff filed against you in the above entitled suit within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, on or before the 21st day of January, 1915, and if you fail so to answer for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint herein, to-wit:

For a decree of this court declaring the plaintiff to be the owner in fee simple of the south half of section 9, and southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 16, in township 14 south, range 12 east, W. M., and forever quieting the title of the plaintiff against you and barring and enjoining you from at any time hereafter setting up or asserting any claim or title to said premises or any part thereof.

This summons is served upon you by the publication thereof in accordance with an order made at Prineville, Oregon, by the Honorable W. L. Bradshaw, judge of the circuit court, on December 11, 1914, requiring that this summons be published at least once a week for six consecutive weeks in Crook County Journal, a newspaper published at Prineville, Crook county, Oregon, and that the first publication thereof shall be on the 17th day of December, 1914. pd FOSTER & HAMILTON, Attorneys for plaintiff.

Notice for Publication—Isolated Tract.

Public Land Sale. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. December 9, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the commissioner of the general land office, under provisions of act of congress approved March 28, 1912, (37 Stat. 77), pursuant to the application of Clarence W. Dishman, serial No. 011382, we will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$1.25 per acre, at 9:15 o'clock a. m. on the 27th day of January, 1915, at this office, the following tract of land: S 1/4 ne 1/4, ne 1/4 sec 1, township 15 south, range 17 east Willamette meridian.

"This tract is ordered into the market on a showing that the greater portion thereof is mountainous or too rough for cultivation." Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for sale. 12-17p H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

Notice for Publication—Isolated Tract.

Public Land Sale. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. December 11, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that as directed by the commissioner of the general land office, under provisions of act of congress approved March 28, 1912, (37 Stat. 77), pursuant to the application of Emma Dishman serial No. 011981, we will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$1.25 per acre, at 9:15 o'clock a. m. on the 28th day of January, 1915, at this office, the following tract of land: E 1/2 sw 1/4, w 1/2 sec 2, township 15 south, range 17 east Willamette meridian.

"This tract is ordered into the market on a showing that the greater portion thereof is mountainous or too rough for cultivation." Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for sale. 12-17p H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

For Sale or Trade

Second hand organ in good condition. RACKET STORE, Prineville, Ore. 12 10