

WAR IN ALL ITS WORST HORRORS

Moments When No Man May Boast of His Courage.

FIGHTING Foe Eye TO EYE.

Charging Over Heaps of Bodies, Going Almost Mad From Thirst After Giving Horses Last Drop of Water—"A Gentleman Has to Do That," Says Zouave Hero Wounded at Meaux.

"That is the story, without any retouching of my pen, of a young lieutenant of zouaves whom I met after the battle of Meaux, with blood still splashed upon his uniform," says Philip Gibbs of the New York Times-London Chronicle war service in a dispatch from Creil.

Said this zouave, who was put out of action by a piece of shell:

"They did good things, those zouaves of mine, but it wasn't pleasant work. We fought from village to village, very close fighting, so that sometimes we could look into our enemy's eyes. The Moroccans were with us. The native troops are unlike my boys, who are Frenchmen, and they were like demons with their bayonet work.

"Our gunners were shelling Germans from pillar to post, as it were, and strewing the ground with their dead. It was across and among these dead bodies that we infantry had to charge.

Quick Firers' Clever Style.

"The enemy's quick firers were marvelous. They always maneuver them in the same style, and a very clever style it is. First of all, they mask them with infantry. Then when the French charge they reveal them and put us to the test under the most withering fire. It is almost impossible to stand against it, and in this case we had to retire after each rush for about 250 meters. Then quick as lightning the Germans got their mitrailleuses across the ground which we had yielded to them and waited for us to come on again, when they repeated the same operation.

"It is quite untrue to say that the Germans have a greater number of mitrailleuses than the French. I believe that the proportion is exactly the same to each division, but they handle them more cleverly, and their fire is much more effective than ours.

"The German aeroplanes are really wonderful in the way they search out the positions of our guns. We always know that within half an hour of observation by aeroplane shells will begin to fall above gunners unless they have altered their position.

"For four days this hunting among the villages on the left bank of the Oureq went on all the time, and we were not very happy with ourselves. The truth was we had no water and were four days thirsty. The heat was terrific during the day, and some of us were almost mad with thirst. Our tongues were blistered and swollen, our eyes had a silly kind of look in them and at night we had horrid dreams. It was intolerable agony.

Thirsted That Horses Might Drink.

"I have said we were four days without drink, and that was because we used our last water for our horses. A gentleman has to do that, you will agree. Even then the horses had to go without a drop of water for two days, and I'm not ashamed to say, I wept salt tears to see the sufferings of those poor innocent creatures who did not understand the meaning of all this bloody business and who wondered at our cruelty.

"The nights were dreadful. All around us were burning villages and at every faint puff of wind sparks floated about them like falling stars.

"But other fires were burning. Under the cover of darkness the Germans had piled the dead into great heaps and had covered them with straw and paraffin, then they had set a torch to these funeral pyres.

"Carrion crows were about in the dawn that followed. One of my own comrades lay very badly wounded, and when he wakened out of his unconsciousness one of these beastly birds was sitting on his chest waiting for him to die. That is war.

"When Every Man is a Coward."

"The German shells were terrifying. I confess to you that there were times when my nerves were absolutely gone. I crouched down with my men (we were in open formation) and ducked my head at the sound of the bursting shell, and I trembled in every limb as though I had a fit of ague.

"It is true that in reality the German shells are not very effective. Only about one in four explodes nicely, but it is a bad thing when, as happened to me, the shells popped around in a diameter of fifty meters. One hears the zip-zip of bullets, the boom of the great guns, the ste-tang of our French artillery, and in all this infernal experience of noise and stench the screams at times of dying horses and men joined with the fury of gun fire and rising shrill above it, no man may boast of his courage. There were moments when I was a coward with all of them.

"But one gets used to it, as to all things. My ague did not last long. Soon I was shouting and cheering. Again we cleared the enemy out of the village of Bregy, and that was where I fell, wounded in the arm pretty badly by a bit of shell."

MRS. ABIGAIL SCOTT DUNIWAY ISSUES AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC

It has been brought to my attention that the Anti-Saloon League, following the same tactics it has followed in every campaign heretofore, is trying to besmirch this organization and to carry on a vicious campaign of untruths. No name seems to be too good to be dragged into the mud by them. I have reliable information that a statement has been made to the Anti-Saloon League and to the Committee of One Hundred by Mrs. Cora C. Talbot, former secretary of the Taxpayers' and Wage-Earners' League, that she was brought into this work by me under the impression that it was a Women's Suffrage movement, and her duties would be those of a physician while I made speeches throughout the state. I also understand that Mrs. Talbot makes the statement that funds have been collected without authority, and in some way the Brewers' Association has been collecting these funds. These two statements are absolutely untrue. The collection of funds was authorized by me as president, and the secretary was ordered to have a letter sent out in connection with this work. I understand that Mrs. Talbot, in this purported letter, in the hands of the Anti-Saloon League and the Committee of One Hundred, states that she objected to the raising of funds under her signature as secretary. How did the good lady think the work of this league was to be carried on? Why did she think Mr. Bortzmeyer, cashier of the Scandinavian-American Bank, was appointed treasurer of this league? Did she think we would ask the brewers to put up the money surreptitiously? If so, she reckoned without her host. I have always fought in the open, and now, in my 80th year, and probably in my last campaign, I do not intend to change the principles I have always fought for, nor depart from my honesty of purpose in advocacy of equal rights for all the people—by no means excluding women, for whose interests I have spent my life to obtain the ballot. My chief concern in their behalf has always been to secure for them their economic independence, as married mothers within the home, which alone will enable any woman to quit the business of marrying inebriates or raising drunkards.

The moneys collected are in the hands of Treasurer Bortzmeyer, and all those who have donated have received a letter acknowledging receipt thereof. Any one so desiring may inquire from our treasurer as to whether the money has been put in his hands, and I am quite sure he will advise them of receipt of their donation. If there is any one who has paid their money into this organization under misapprehension as donation for carrying on this work, this league will be only too glad to refund it.

It is indeed strange that Mrs. Talbot thought this was a Suffrage movement when she went to the Portland Hotel, engaged the dining-room for our first luncheon for organization and arranged for the payment of this luncheon, and went so far as to get speakers to express their views against Prohibition.

The real break between Mrs. Talbot and myself was caused when I found out that she had gone to the Brewers' Association and told them she could be of good service to them in connection with this league, and asked and received a salary from the Brewers' Association on the ground that she was putting in her time and needed the money. On the 26th of August a meeting was held between Mrs. Talbot and myself for the purpose of getting matters straightened out before starting the general organization. At this meeting a statement was signed by myself as president and Mrs. Talbot as secretary that the two letters sent out by myself, as well as the letter sent out by the publicity department, were approved. This statement ended with the sentence: "After discussing generally the affairs of the league, the officers ratified all work that had been done up to date by the publicity bureau and officers of the association."

I have lived in this state for 60 years, during all of which time I have toiled and worked for the people of my state, and I am willing to leave it to the public to decide as to whether I would lend myself in any way to any organization or any act that could be construed as anything but honorable. Every one in this state knows Mrs. Duniway and her family. I wish further to say that, if the occasion arises and I deem it necessary to go further into this matter, I will be glad to publish some additional facts in these same papers not necessary to publish now, and will meet the conditions as they arise. If the Anti-Saloon League, by its paid foreign agitators or Committee of One Hundred, think they can besmear this issue by trying to drag into the mud my name or others, they are very much mistaken. I expect to carry this work on to the conclusion of this campaign, and then allow the people to judge as to whether we will control our own affairs in the State of Oregon or allow the paid agitators of the East to show us what to do.

(Signed) **Abigail Scott Duniway**

(Paid Advertisement by Taxpayers' and Wage Earners' League of Oregon, Portland, Oregon.)

Circuit Court

Continued from first page.

the larceny of a mare belonging to Cain Brunoe of Warm Spring, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to from one to ten years in the penitentiary but was paroled on the condition that he leave the Warm Spring reservation. Gabhardt is a quarter-breed Cherokee and does not belong on the reservation.

Owing to the fact that the prosecuting witness against Jack Harper was released by the county judge of this county from an institution at Portland where she was being held pending the trial and her whereabouts could not be established, that case had to be dismissed. Her release was ordered without the knowledge of the sheriff or district attorney.

A not true bill was returned by the grand jury in the matter of the

charge against B. H. McMickle of Redmond held to the grand jury under a \$5000 bond for burning the Redmond Union Warehouse. Not true bills were also returned in the investigations conducted against Charles Clark, accused of larceny in a dwelling; against N. E. Thompson of Madras, accused of assault with a dangerous weapon, and against William D. Bell of Laidlaw, accused of a statutory offense.

John McPherson retried for the larceny of a mare belonging to George Millican was found guilty again. This was the third trial. The first trial resulted in a hung jury and the second a conviction that was reversed by the supreme court.

Margaret McIntyre was indicted for obtaining money by false pretense on the complaint of A. W. White. The McIntyre woman is now under arrest in Multnomah county, charged with defrauding the Multnomah Hotel. The case against her will be held in abeyance

pending the prosecution of the charges in Multnomah county.

Residence Property for Sale.
Good house and barn, lot 120x140 ft. Inquire at this office. 8-13-14

Homestead
I can locate you on a homestead situated on the upper Deschutes river, containing 30 acres of river bottom land and 50 acres good yellow pine timber, remaining 80 very good quality bench land. Inquire Journal office. 9-10

For Sale
Good Heating Stove, cheap. Inquire Journal office. 9-10

6 Per Cent Money
Loans may be obtained for any purpose on acceptable Real Estate security; liberal privileges; correspondence solicited. A. C. AGENCY COMPANY, 758 Gas, Electric Bldg., Denver, Colo. 440 Phelan Bldg., San Francisco. 9-3-14

The Dalles Model Laundry
High-grade laundry work. Send in your laundry by Parcel Post. Prompt attention. R. J. GILBERT, proprietor. 6-18

Do you know you can buy a new Elgin watch for \$5.50 at L. Kamstra's? If you are looking for a watch be sure to call on him and get his prices. 8-20-14

Professional Cards.

Lake M. Bechtell
LAWYER
Crook County Bank Building
Prineville, Oregon

HOWARD GOVE
DENTIST
Crook County Bank Building

Bennett, Sinnott & Galloway
Attorneys-at-Law
General Practice
THE DALLES, ORE.

N. G. WALLACE
Attorney-at-Law
Rooms 3-4-5 Kamstra Bld'g
Prineville, Ore

J. B. Bell **A. W. Sims**
Crook County Abstract Co.
(Incorporated)
Prineville, Oregon
Abstracts Insurance

Prof. A. W. Grater,
Divine Healer
Office in Morris Building three doors south of Journal office.
Prineville, Oregon

J. Tregelles Fox
M. R. C. S. Eng; and L. S. A. London; Licentiate Oregon State Medical Board. Specialist in Surgery; Hygiene; Allimentary Canal, women and children's diseases, etc.
Office and residence Third street near Court House. Tel. Pioneer. Calls answered promptly, night or day. Charges moderate

J. H. Rosenberg
Physician and Surgeon
Calls answered promptly day or night
Office two doors south of Templeton's Drug Store. Residence corner 1st and Main Streets.
Prineville, Oregon.

Chas. S. Edwards H. P. Balknap
OCULISTS

Balknap & Edwards
Physicians and Surgeons.
(County Physician.)
Prineville, Oregon.

T. E. J. DUFFY
Attorney-at-Law
(Successor to W. A. Bell)
PRINEVILLE OREGON

C. C. Bris
Attorney-at-Law
Real Estate
Cornett Building, Room 6
Prineville, Oregon

D. H. PEOPLES
Civil and Irrigation Engineer
Room 11 Adamson Bld'g
Prineville, Ore.

E. O. Hyde
Physician and Surgeon
CALLS ANSWERED PROMPTLY DAY OR NIGHT
OFFICE ONE DOOR SOUTH OF ADAMSON'S DRUG STORE. Both office and residence telephones.
Prineville, Oregon

W. A. BELL
Lawyer
The Dalles Oregon

M. R. Elliott,
Attorney-at-Law
Prineville, Oregon.

M. S. Brink
Lawyer
A street, Prineville, Oregon.

Willard H. Wirtz
District Attorney
Office in Crook County Bank Bldg
PRINEVILLE OREGON

"RECEPTION"

Champ Smith, Prop
Imported and Domestic
Cigars

Famous Whiskies
Old Crow; Hermitage; Red Top Rye; Yellow Stone; Canadian Club; Cream Rye; James E. Pepper; Moore's Malt.

Porter, Ale and Olympia
Draft Beer on Tap.

Imported Wines and
Liquors.

Report of the Condition

Of The First National Bank at Prineville, in the State of Oregon, at the Close of Business, September, 12, 1914.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$310,473.52
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	3,240.12
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc., (other than stocks)	1,368.70
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	12,791.37
Other real estate owned	2,700.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	35,475.30
Due from state and private banks and bankers, trust companies and savings banks	32.90
Due from approved Reserve Agents in central reserve cities \$7,469.10, in other reserve cities, \$30,866.36	61,234.56
Checks and other Cash Items	226.75
Notes of other National Banks	820.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	120.73
Lawful money Reserve in Bank vault:	
Specie	\$27,565.40
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	625.00
Total	\$409,154.33
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	\$7,941.90
National Bank Notes outstanding	8,550.00
Dividends unpaid	4,860.00
Individual deposits subject to check	269,971.69
Demand certificates of deposit	19,541.36
Total	\$409,154.33

STATE OF OREGON,)
County of Crook,)
I, T. M. BALDWIN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. T. M. BALDWIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of September, 1914.

M. E. Brink, Notary Public.
CORRECT—Attest:
CAREY W. FOSTER }
G. W. NOBLE } Directors
T. H. LAFOLETTE }

Administrator's Notice of Sale of Realty

In the county court of the state of Oregon for the county of Crook.

In the matter of the estate of John H. Jarrett, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the county court of the state of Oregon for Crook county, made and entered on the 8th day of September, 1914, in the matter of the estate of John H. Jarrett, deceased, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, will sell at public sale to the highest bidder for cash at ten o'clock in the morning on Saturday, the 17th day of October, 1914, at the front door of the county courthouse in Prineville, Crook county, Oregon, subject to confirmation by the said county court, all the right, title and interest which the said John H. Jarrett, deceased, had at the time of his death in the following described real property, to-wit:

Lots Three (3) and Four (4), and the south half of the northwest quarter of section Five (5), township fourteen (14) south, range nineteen (19) east of the Willamette Meridian, situated in Crook county, state of Oregon, and containing 153.84 acres, more or less, according to the official plat and United States survey thereof.

Given under my hand this 17th day of September, 1914.

L. M. BECHTELL, Administrator of the estate of John H. Jarrett, deceased.
Willard H. Wirtz, attorney for administrator.

Date of first publication September 17, 1914.
Date of last publication October 15, 1914.

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. August 31, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Noah W. Floyd of Lamonta, Oregon, who, on January 29, 1910, made homestead entry No. 05921, for $e\frac{1}{2}$ ne $\frac{1}{4}$, e $\frac{1}{2}$ se $\frac{1}{4}$ section 14, township 14 south, range 14 east, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before Timothy E. J. Duffy, a United States Commissioner, at his office at Prineville, Oregon, on the 30th day of October, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles Montgomery, Vick Butler, of Prineville, Oregon; Benjamin Cook of Lamonta, Oregon; John Montgomery of Prineville, Oregon.

9-24 H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. September 4, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Mary E. Carlin of Roberts, Oregon, who on October 7, 1910, made Desert Land Entry No. 07525, for $e\frac{1}{2}$ ne $\frac{1}{4}$ section 11, township 19 south, range 17 east, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof to establish claim to the land above described before Timothy E. J. Duffy, a United States Commissioner, at his office at Prineville, Oregon, on the 28th day of October, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Edmund A. Parker, Ira Wertz, Harry E. Dobson, Elam Faught, all of Roberts, Oregon.

9-24 H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, the administrator of the estate of Lucy S. Booth, deceased, and all others having claims against said estate to present the same with the proper vouchers to the undersigned at the office of M. R. Elliott, in Prineville, Oregon, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice.

W. A. BOORN, Administrator of the estate of Lucy S. Booth, deceased. 9-10

I. O. O. F. Ochoce No. 46. Meets Strangers welcome.

J. H. Gray, Noble Grand; Percy R. Smith, Vice Grand; S. G. Hinkle, Recording Secretary; C. B. Dinwiddie, Treasurer.

Crook County Journal, \$1.50 per yr.