

## RUSSIANS REPORT ENEMY DESTROYED

Sweeping Victories Over Austrians in Galicia and Russian Poland Are Claimed.

Petrograd.—In a statement issued by the Russian headquarters staff, it is said that the battle of Galicia is drawing to an end, after 17 days of fighting, and that the Russians are pursuing the enemy. Operations culminating in the victories of Krasnik and Tomogow, Russian Poland, are described.

One report says that the Austrian army has been destroyed. "Over the entire front it has surrendered," says the dispatch, which continues:

"The first Austrian army, commanded by General Auffenburg, lost 399 officers and 28,000 men and 400 cannon while the second army lost in prisoners alone 599 officers and 70,000 soldiers."

Statements from official Russian sources indicate that on completion of the operations around Przemysl and Cracow, Galicia, the Russian forces will march directly toward Vienna.

Other reports say that 120,000 prisoners, including 1100 officers, were captured, and that the two Austrian armies are surrounded, with the surrender of both impending.

The total Austrian and German forces exceeded 1,000,000 men with 2500 guns; that is, more than 40 divisions of infantry, 11 divisions of cavalry, reinforced by several German divisions.

### Aviators' Deaths Are 50.

Paris.—The total number of aeroplane pilots killed thus far in the war is estimated at 50, divided among the belligerents as follows: Russia, 16; French, 12; English, 4; German, 18. This does not take into consideration pilots and crews of dirigibles, of which many have been reported destroyed.

## MAY DISCUSS PEACE TERMS

Statement of Terms Awaits Agreeable Word From Kaiser.

Washington.—The knowledge that Emperor William has been considering for several days a message from the United States government inquiring, in effect, whether Germany was desirous of discussing peace measures set official and diplomatic Washington on the alert for a possible exchange of peace terms between belligerents.

Notwithstanding the vigorously phrased statements through official channels last week that Great Britain, France and Russia would not make peace until they had decisively defeated Germany, it was admitted in many quarters here that a favorable answer from Emperor William to the American government's inquiry might change the entire aspect of the situation. Such a reply, it was agreed, would set the machinery for peace-making in motion, even though hostilities might not cease, the discussion of peace terms beginning through the American government in the hope that some common ground might be found for an acceptance by the belligerents of President Wilson's original tender of good offices, looking toward mediation.

### Senate Extends Vreeland Act.

Washington.—An amendment to the banking law permitting state banks and trust companies with capital of \$25,000 and 20 per cent surplus, or more, to issue federal currency under the Vreeland section was passed by the senate.

### French Capital to Move Back.

Paris.—It was announced here that continued successes of French armies in the field would probably result in the immediate return of the government from Bordeaux.

## BELGIANS REGAIN TERRITORY

Victory at Oortenberg Said to Cut German Army in Two Sections.

London.—An Ostend dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says:

"The Belgian troops have just gained an important success at Oortenberg, between Louvain and Brussels, cutting up a German corps and taking several prisoners. The line toward Liege has been occupied by the Belgians."

The Belgian victory at Oortenberg is regarded as especially important, as the German army occupying Belgium has been cut in two sections as a result of it. The victory was due in great part to artillery of heavy caliber which was used for the first time here.

The Belgian legation announced that the Belgians had again taken the offensive, which was being pushed satisfactorily. Malines and Aerschot were retaken. The Belgian legation said Belgians had destroyed the railway between Louvain and Tirlemont, thus cutting off the German communications between Brussels and Liege.

## PRINCE RUPPRECHT



Prince Rupprecht, Crown Prince of Bavaria, commander of one of the German armies invading France.

## AMERICAN NOTE IS DELAYED

Protest Against Abrogation of Treaties to Be Separate From Powers'

Washington.—Ambassador Morgenthau informed the state department of the character of the protests made at Constantinople by the various powers against the abrogation by Turkey of extra-territorial rights and other privileges which she considered restrictions on her sovereignty. As he was without instructions, the ambassador did not participate in the protest.

It is practically certain that, while the United States will enter objections to Turkey's course, the negotiations will be entirely independent of any notes on the subject addressed by the powers of Europe.

The United States is in a peculiar position toward the protests made by the powers. In view of the desire to keep absolutely clear of the present tangle of European diplomacy, the American government will conduct its representations separately.

## LEMBERG VICTORY VITAL

British Believe Russian Wedge Divided Austrians.

London.—The British war information bureau's version of the Austrian defeat in South Poland follows:

"The Austrian invasion of South Poland, which penetrated as far as Opole and Krasnostav and Zamosc, was protected on its right by an army operating east of Lemberg. This latter army was completely defeated by the Russians on September 1 near Lemberg. From that moment it became evident that if the Austrian right flank could not continue a stubborn resistance the retreat of the main Austrian army from South Poland would be imperiled. By the capture of Tomaszow on September 10 it is probable that the Russians drove a wedge through the Austrian line.

"A brilliant Russian victory is reported in which 30,000 prisoners and several hundred guns were taken. This is probably the immediate result of the Tomaszow action."

### New York Raises Big Loan.

New York.—Within a few hours after the board of estimate and apportionment had adopted a plan for the city to borrow \$100,000,000 with which to pay off in gold a foreign indebtedness of approximately \$80,000,000 and other maturing debts, J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., syndicate managers of the loan, turned over to the city chamberlain a check for \$100,166,617.

### Solomon Isles Taken.

London.—The Admiralty announced that the British fleet has occupied Herberthoehoe, on Blanche Bay, the seat of government of the German Bismarck Archipelago and the Solomon Islands.

### Many Austrian Prisoners.

Rome.—News received here from Petrograd is to the effect that the Austrian prisoners now in the hands of the Russians aggregate about 200,000.

## THE MARKETS

### Portland.

Wheat—Club, 95c; bluestem, \$1.05; red Russian, 92c.  
Hay—Timothy, \$13; alfalfa, \$12.  
Butter—Creamery, 35c.  
Eggs—Ranch, 30c.

### Seattle.

Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.07; club, 95c; red Russian, 92c.  
Hay—Timothy, \$14 per ton; alfalfa, \$12 per ton.  
Hay—Timothy, \$16 per ton; alfalfa, \$13 per ton.  
Butter—Creamery, 36c.  
Eggs—31c.

## GERMAN RETREAT GENERAL, IS REPORT

Vigorous Offensive By Allies Turns Tide of Battle in France.

London.—Official reports from Bordeaux assert that all the German armies except that of the Crown Prince, facing Verdun, are retreating. General von Kluck's army, it is asserted, has retreated more than 60 miles.

This army was within a few miles of Paris within a week ago.

A Bordeaux dispatch to Lloyd's Weekly News says the line of communications used by the Germans has been cut and they cannot make use of the lines east of the Argonne forest, owing to the rapid advance of the allies on the center and right. They must, therefore, try the line through the Meuse Valley and Luxemburg.

Bordeaux.—General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, has sent a telegram to Alexandre Millerand, Minister of War, saying:

"Our victory appears more and more complete. Everywhere the enemy is in retreat, abandoning prisoners, wounded and stores.

"The battle of the last five days has ended in an undeniable victory. The retreat of the first, second and third German armies is hastening before our left, and at our center in turn the fourth German army is commencing to fall back to the north from Vitry-le-Francois and from Sermallez-Baines (in the province of Marne, 17 miles east of Vitry-le-Francois).

"Moreover, the enemy has left upon the battlefield many wounded and quantities of munitions of war. Also, in gaining ground we have made prisoners."

### Modified Harbor Bill Is Agreed On.

Washington.—The modified river and harbor bill, as agreed on by the senate commerce committee, carries a cash appropriation of \$1,900,000 for the mouth of the Columbia river and a continuing contract authorization of \$1,500,000 additional. This is a reduction of \$2,500,000 in the continuing contract provision. All the other northwestern items remain as they were in the bill when it was first reported to the senate June 18.

### War Era Nears End, Declares Bryan.

Baltimore, Md.—Secretary of State Bryan was the principal speaker here at the closing ceremonies of the Star Spangled banner celebration. He said the war era was ended so far as America was concerned, and was rapidly nearing its end abroad.

## SERVIAN TROOPS INVADE AUSTRIA

Nish, Serbia.—It is announced that the Servian offensive continues successfully. Servian troops have crossed the Save at several points and it is said the Servians are being received enthusiastically by the population of Hungary.

A semi-official statement, reviewing the operations against Austria since the outbreak of the war, makes no mention of the capture of Semlin, before reported, but says:

"The Austrians have sent all their troops to the east to stem the advance of the enormous Russian wave. The small total force which it has at its disposal already augurs fresh successes for us."

The statement asserts that in August Austria threw 350,000 men against Serbia—200,000 of these at the weakest point along the frontier on the Save and Drina from Ljubova to Shabatz.

"The enemy's only thought," continues the statement, "was of reaching as quickly as possible the bridges it had thrown across the Drina, not even thinking of destroying them completely after their passage. The enormous losses of the enemy were due to the massed formation of the Austrians. They had 10,000 killed, 6000 of whom fell at the River Tser."

### Sharp Said to Have Offended France.

Washington.—Publication here of a brief cable message saying that the new ambassador to France, William G. Sharp, had given offence to the French by an interview caused a stir here.

While inclined to be skeptical as to the truth of the rumors, officials of the state department evinced curiosity concerning the reports and the indications are that an official report will be demanded from Mr. Sharp or Ambassador Herrick, whose place Mr. Sharp has been appointed to fill.

### May Exchange Prisoners.

London.—A dispatch from Amsterdam says that an agreement has been reached whereby France and Germany will exchange an equal number of prisoners, officers and men, who may rejoin their respective armies.

# FOR SALE!

The machinery used by the Oregon Agricultural College on Demonstration Farms at Redmond and Metolius:

- |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 McCormick "New 4" Mower             | 2 Eureka Weeders with grass seeder attachments |
| 1 Two-row Cultivator                  | 1 Portable Platform Scales                     |
| 2 Dunham Soil Pulverizers and Packers | 1 Donald Pitless Wagon Scales                  |
| 1 Campbell Packer                     | 1 Hand Cultivator                              |
| 1 Disk Harrow                         | 16 Double Disks for Drill                      |
| 1 Sythe with Cradle                   | 16 Alfalfa Reducers for Drill                  |
| 1 Hand Sickle                         |  |

This machinery may be seen at the Redmond Lumber & Produce Company's warehouse. If interested see or write

A. E. LOVETT, County Agriculturist  
Redmond, Oregon 7-9-1mo

## Just Arrived

- Double Deck All Steel Bed Springs  
Ostermoor Mattresses  
Art Squares and Rugs  
Imported Vienna Bent Wood Chirs  
Also a Fine Lot of Sewing Machines

# A. H. Lippman & Co

# "PRINORE" AND "STANDARD" Prineville Flour

# De LAVAL Cream Separators

Sold on Easy Terms

# Pioneer Cream Co. Prineville, Oregon

# City Meat Market

HORIGAN & REINKE, Props.

# Choice Home-Made Hams, Bacon and Lard

Fresh Fish and Oysters

Fruit and Vegetables in Season

## Notice of Contest

Department of the Interior,  
U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore.  
September 9, 1914.

To heirs of Felix G. Jones of Lamonta, Oregon, Contestee:

You are hereby notified that David E. Blanchard, who gives Lamonta, Oregon, as his postoffice address, did on August 5, 1914, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry No. 09811, made Dec. 27, 1911, for lots 3, 4, section 6, township 13 south, range 15 east, and additional entry No. 012036 made Sept. 15, 1913, for w $\frac{1}{2}$  ne $\frac{1}{4}$  section 6, township 13 south, range 15 east Willamette Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said Felix G. Jones and the heirs of said Felix G. Jones have wholly abandoned said tract of land for over nine months last past; that said Felix G. Jones and the heirs of said Felix G. Jones have wholly failed to reside upon, improve or cultivate said tract of land for over nine months last past as by law required or at all since said entries were made.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be canceled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the postoffice to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.  
Date of first publication Sept. 17, 1914.  
" " second " Sept. 24, 1914.  
" " third " Oct. 1, 1914.  
" " fourth " Oct. 8, 1914.

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,  
Notice is hereby given that

Emil Van Lake of Imperial, Oregon, who on March 11, 1910, made homestead entry, act February 19, 1909, No. 03101, for ne $\frac{1}{2}$  sec 15, sec 20, township 21 south, range 19 east, Willamette meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before A. S. Fogg, U. S. Commissioner, at Hampton, Ore., on the 31st day of October, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Burr Black, Walter T. Harrison, Everett Lee, of Hampton, Oregon, and Wm. Titus, of Imperial, Oregon.  
9-24 JAS. P. BURGESS, Register.

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,  
U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore.

July 6th, 1914.  
Notice is hereby given that

Charles S. Etnier of Brothers, Oregon, who on March 16th, 1911, made homestead entry No. 08154 for se $\frac{1}{2}$  section 9, township 20 s, range 18 e, Willamette meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three-year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before A. S. Fogg, U. S. Commissioner, at Hampton, Oregon, on the 18th day of September, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: George D. Baker, Lee A. Rawlins, Ansel Stewart and Patrick Coffey, all of Brothers, Oregon.  
8-20 H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,  
U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore.

August 31, 1914.  
Notice is hereby given that

Mae A. Dayton formerly Mae A. Whalen, of Prineville, Oregon, who on August 4, 1913, made homestead entry No. 011951 for nw $\frac{1}{4}$  section 30, township 14 south, range 15 east, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described before Warren Brown, county clerk, at his office at Prineville, Oregon, on the 12th day of October, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles Racher, Nicholas Racher, Thomas Houston and Henry Racher, all of Prineville, Oregon.  
9-3 H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,  
U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore.

August 29, 1914.  
Notice is hereby given that Claudia C. Wonderly whose post office address is Prineville, Oregon, did on the 3d day of November, 1913, file in this office sworn statement and application No. 012193, to purchase the se $\frac{1}{2}$  section 6, township 15 south, range 19 east, Willamette meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, \$805.00, the timber estimated 1,075,000 board feet at 80c per M, and the land at \$100.00; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of her application and sworn statement on the 6th day of November, 1914, before Warren Brown, county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.  
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9-3 H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

I. O. O. F. Ochoco No. 46. Meets

Strangers welcome.  
J. H. Gray, Noble Grand; Percy R. Smith, Vice Grand; S. G. Hinkle, Recording Secretary; C. B. Dinwiddie, Treasurer.

E. B. DUFUR W. P. MYERS

DUFUR & MYERS

Attorneys-at-Law

Offices at 312 Abington Bldg., Portland, Room 6, Kamstra Bldg., Prineville, Ore.

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