

GERMANY DECLARES WAR AGAINST RUSSIA

Emperor William Takes Initiative When Czar Declines to Cease Mobilizing.

London.—Events in the European crisis developed with startling rapidity and the general war, which has been the apprehension of European states men for generations, is apparently under way. Germany took the initiative and declared war on Russia when the czar's government declined to comply with the German request to cease mobilization.

Germany also delivered an ultimatum to France asking that country to define what attitude she would assume in case of a war between Germany and Russia, but the Kaiser's hand apparently was forced by France's action in calling for mobilization of her army and the German army has invaded France without a declaration of war.

One German force crossed the French frontier near the village of Cirey, between Nancy and Strassburg, and another German detachment, probably the Twenty-ninth Infantry, invaded the grand duchy of Luxembourg, neutral territory between Belgium and Germany, and continued its march on the French fortified town of Longwy. A dispatch from Brussels said there was good reason to believe that this force entered France.

The German force of 20,000 men, which came into France near Cirey, which is 40 miles from Nancy, is reported to have been repulsed with heavy losses.

London.—Sir Edward Grey has announced mobilization of the British army and navy.

War by England against Germany was decided on by the British cabinet, according to high government officials. The decision was said to be directly due to the Kaiser's disregard of Belgium's neutrality.

The British ambassador at Berlin demanded that it be respected. Germany refused. The upshot was a meeting of the British cabinet, at which, it was stated on high authority it was agreed that hostilities were inevitable.

The most Germany was willing to concede to Belgium, it was understood, was to respect the latter's neutrality if it would permit German troops to use its railroads in crossing Belgian territory on their way to invade France. This proposition, it was announced by the British foreign office, Belgium promptly rejected.

TRAIN IS DESTROYED BY FRENCH AVIATOR

Paris.—Hurling bombs from a soaring aeroplane, a French aviator was reported as having done heavy damage to the German forces at Longwy. Among his exploits it was said he destroyed a German armored train.

A Paris message told of Roland Garros' sacrifice of his life in bringing down a German dirigible Sunday, just after it had crossed the frontier from Alsace-Lorraine into France, killing every one of its crew of 25.

The dirigible, a big Zeppelin, was said to have been scouting Garros, as soon as he sighted it, swooped down upon it, the story ran, from a height of 1000 feet, running into it with his machine at full force. Instantly, it was stated, the dirigible burst into flames, and with the aeroplane still entangled in its wreckage, dropped like a plummet.

The victims' corpses were said to have been charred beyond recognition.

Another German Zeppelin was reported lost near the French village of Toul at dusk Sunday night.

Like the other air craft, it appears to have been scouting. A French aviator, seeing it, made an immediate ascent with an aeroplane to a height much greater than the Zeppelin, and rained shots upon it. His fire proved so effective that the dirigible soon crashed to the ground and all on board were killed. Their number was not given, but was supposed to have been between 20 and 30, the average complement of airships of the Zeppelin type.

The aviator who brought it down, however, lost control of his own machine during the fight, fell with his machine and was dashed to pieces.

Paris.—That overwhelming defeat marked an attempt Sunday by a division of Uhlans, Germany's crack cavalry, to capture Petit Croix, France, was made known here.

As the Germans advanced the French garrison opened on them with machine guns. The cavalry charged repeatedly, but each time was beaten back by a murderous hail of steel-jacketed bullets.

Their final repulse was so complete that they left their dead on the field.

KAISER WILHELM



Kaiser Wilhelm, emperor of Germany, who declared war on Russia and invaded France without a declaration.

WAR NEWS BITS

The Russian forces have seized a German steamer at Vladivostok.

Montenegro has decided to cast her lot with Serbia.

French aeroplanes have dropped bombs at Nuremberg in Bavaria.

The Dominion of Canada has formally offered 50,000 troops to Great Britain.

Sweden, Norway, Belgium and Holland imitate Italy's example by maintaining neutrality.

Communication between the nations of Europe except by the governments, has ceased. England is isolated by the severance of all wire connection with the continent.

Germany's declaration of war against Russia has provoked in the Russian capital a wonderful demonstration of patriotic enthusiasm.

The Serbian war office admits the Serbian army has retired before the Austrian advance on the Bosnian frontier and along the southern bank of the Drina.

The approaching general European clash may involve more than 31,000,000 men.

Trans-Atlantic traffic between New York and Europe is virtually suspended. One hundred and fifty thousand Americans in Europe face the possibility of being marooned indefinitely. A German spy caught photographing the Portsmouth harbor in England and two spies at Southampton have been arrested.

Japan assembled her fleet at Sasebo, but little likelihood of Japan being embroiled unless British ships or possessions in the far east are attacked.

Financially, Germany is well prepared for war. Within a week the Kaiser will have at hand at least \$370,000,000 in gold and silver for the vast expenditures immediately necessary. Italy by proclaiming neutrality, has virtually separated from Germany and Austria, her partners in the triple alliance, although she has put part of her troops under arms. She will fight back only if attacked.

It was reported that Germany and Turkey have arrived at an understanding whereby Turkey is to attack Serbia from the rear. If this is true, then the Balkan nations must come to the aid of Serbia.

With the receipt of the news that Germany had declared war against Russia orders were immediately issued from the war office for a hurried movement of troops toward the Belgian border. Located as she is, Belgium plans to guard her frontier to prevent the centering of the fighting between German and French armies falling on Belgium soil.

The feeling against Germany throughout all of Great Britain is most intense. Anti-German demonstrations have already taken place in the West End of London. Police quelled a near riot of Frenchmen at the German embassy. The police have controlled all demonstrators up to the present, but it is feared there may be real trouble in the provinces before the Germans there can flee the country.

William F. Massey, prime minister of New Zealand, has announced to parliament that the government proposed to offer the services of an expeditionary force to the imperial government if events necessitated.

Serbia, the original cause of the upheaval, seems to have been almost lost sight of. The Austrians, according to reports from Nish, have virtually ceased operations against Serbia in order to meet the greater danger in Russia.

The plan of the German emperor, according to military observers, is to vanquish or attempt to vanquish France before Russia will be able to create serious trouble on her northern frontier. It is supposed that Russian mobilization will take about three weeks.

OREGON NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

Events Occurring Throughout the State During the Past Week.

Jackson Fair Set.

Medford.—Great preparations have been made for the Jackson county fair, which will take place here September 9 to 12, inclusive.

Special efforts are being made to obtain a record number of exhibits. Premiums offered for fruit and stock total \$2500. One exhibit, which is to be sent to the Panama-Pacific exposition, will be made up of more than 500 products taken from one farm, that of D. M. Lowe, of Ashland. It will include 50 varieties of corn, 100 varieties of fruit, 30 varieties of grains never before grown in the United States, and many other products.

Sizing and Grading Apples by Machine Hood River.—Varieties of apple-sizers and graders are becoming almost as numerous as the kinds of automobiles. Three years ago there was but one apple grading machine on the market. Today 15 different kinds are manufactured in the northwestern apple districts. No less than a half dozen machines are being made and offered for sale in the Hood River valley. Inventors and makers of the new machines are shipping models to San Francisco to be exhibited at the California apple show.

Slayer Notifies Officers.

Tillamook.—Lee Cooper shot and killed a man by the name of Ether, nine miles above Blaine, and then went to the telephone and asked to have the sheriff and coroner sent out. In talking to Sheriff Crenshaw over the telephone, Cooper said he had killed a man in self-defense, and would remain at the Blaine store until the officer arrived.

Man Slain By Employee.

Prineville.—Henry McDowell shot and killed A. G. Scoggins three miles west of Paulina. Scoggins was a mail contractor and owned the stage line between Prineville and Paulina. He made his home near Paulina. He recently had been to Portland and returned unexpectedly a couple of days ago.

ARRANGE INDUSTRIAL SURVEY

United States Commission Due to Hold Hearing in Portland August 19-22.

Portland.—Agents for the United States Commission on Industrial Relations have practically completed preparations for the public hearing to be held by the commission in Portland August 19 to 22.

Employers of labor, bankers, lawyers, college professors, trades unionists and representatives of the Socialist party and the I. W. W. have been asked to testify.

Witnesses will be asked to give their views as to the existence and causes of industrial unrest and as to what can be done to improve the relations between employer and employe.

The commission was appointed a year ago last June by President Wilson under an act of congress directing the creation of the commission and ordering a three years' inquiry into "the underlying causes of dissatisfaction in the industrial field." Three of the members represent the general public, three the employers and three organized labor.

Astoria is Hurt by War.

Astoria.—The effect of the European war menace is being felt in Astoria already, as the trouble is interfering with the shipping of salmon, particularly to Germany.

One packer wanted to ship four carloads of fish to Germany, but the transportation companies declined to accept it, saying they were making no bookings for that country at the present time.

Topographic Survey Near Hillsboro.

Salem.—State Engineer Lewis on Monday started a topographic survey party on the large area in the vicinity of Hillsboro, the work to be done in co-operation with the United States geological service. The state engineer has four parties already at work, three in the Willamette valley and one in eastern Oregon.

Car Shortage Feared.

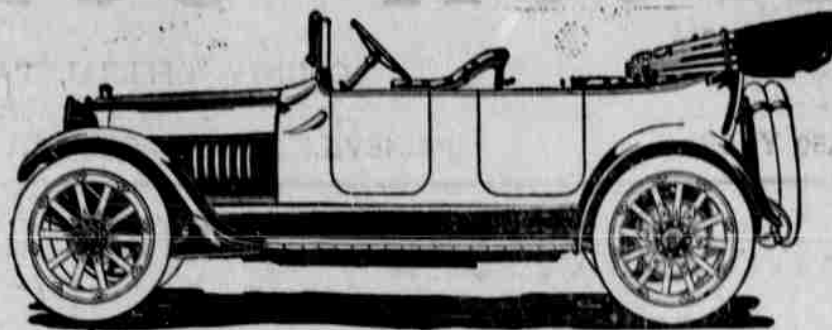
Salem.—Announcing that a car shortage would be inevitable during the moving of crops this year if the shippers and transportation companies did not co-operate, the state railroad commission has issued an appeal urging the loading and unloading of cars with dispatch.

Pheasant Hunters Warned.

Hood River.—An especial effort will be made by State Game Warden Evans, who has been here conferring with State Game and Fish Commissioner Duncan, to protect the China pheasants of the valley.

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Only a Few Left for 1914 Delivery
If You Want One You Will Have to Hurry

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Notice for Publication—Isolated Tract Public Land Sale.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Or. July 22, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that as directed by the commissioner of the general land office, under provisions of act of congress approved March 28, 1912, (37 Stat., 77), pursuant to the application of Granville H. Nee Serial No. 012360, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$2.00 per acre, at 10:15 o'clock a. m., on the 11th day of September, 1914, at this office, the following tract of land: Nw 1/4, sec. 19, T. 18 S., R. 18 E., Willamette meridian.

"This tract is ordered onto the market on a showing that the greater portion thereof is mountainous or too rough for cultivation."

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for sale.

S-6 p H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

Notice for Publication—Isolated Tract Public Land Sale.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. July 21st, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the commissioner of the general land office, under provisions of act of congress, approved March 28, 1912, (37 Stat., 77), pursuant to the application of Thomas N. Rickman

Serial No. 011803, we will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$2.00 per acre, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., on the 8th day of September, 1914, at this office, the following tract of land: W 1/2 sec. 22 sw 1/4, sec. 35, T. 18 S., R. 19 E., Willamette meridian.

"This tract is ordered into the market on a showing that the greater portion thereof is mountainous or too rough for cultivation."

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for sale.

S-6 p H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. July 31st, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that William T. Walters of Brothers, Oregon, who on July 17th, 1911, made homestead entry No. 00287, for E 1/2 section 15, township 20 south, range 18 east, Willamette meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before H. C. Ellis, U. S. commissioner at Bend, Oregon, on the 10th day of September, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses, William F. Schultz, Joseph Stenkamp and Ansel M. Stewart, of Brothers, Oregon, and Otis C. Hemke, of Bend, Oregon.

S-6 p H. FRANK WOODCOCK, Register.

Refrigerator for Sale

Bohn-Siphon Refrigerator, 80 lbs. ice capacity; three doors, movable shelves, white enamel inside; Oak outside. As good as new. Price \$30. Inquire at this office.

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Buyers to Share in Profits

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and guaranteed against any reduction during that time:

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Runabout.....	440
Town Car.....	690

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