Continued from First Page,

in a reasonable way to recover their investment that they have made, on the same theory that Abraham Lincoln favored buying the slaves and colonizing them, in order to settle the slave problem. Of course, I this state would not favor compenmoney in the saloon business, neither am I advocating it as a part recognizing as I do, that whenever society feels that it is in danger, it manner and enormous sums were state has a right to abolish and to destroy | pald over the bars every day. Many anything that endangers itself. My conservative business men, bankers object and purpose is to try to and members of the Commercial arouse the public opinion and the Club were at first opposed to a rigid conscience of the people of this state, enforcement of the law because it where they will be willing to stand shoulder to shoulder, irrespective of political party or affiliations and unite for the purpose of putting the city. However, the law was rigidly saloon business out of existence and enforced; not by a trial of cases bedestroy its influence in our economic, social and political life. I therefore against the property owners and am in favor of destroying the sa. upon affidavits before a judge who loons with compensation if the granted the injunction showing a people should upon a direct vote so violation. After the court had declare, but I would veto any bill adopted the plan of enforcing its orwhich the legislature might pass. compensating saloons for their investment unless the people by popular vote directed me to do otherwise. I stand openly and above board, unconditionally, in favor of the adoption of a National and State Amendment to the constitutions of the United States and the State of Oregon, to prohibit the sale and manufacture of all intoxicating liquor within the United States and within and convictions were easily obthe State of Oregon.

I also favor National Suffrage to the women of the United States. I am opposed to any and all Astatics, such as Hindus being permitted to come into this country and into this state and competing in the logging camps and other laboring men now here.

It is unnecessary for me to add, that I stand with all good citizens commercial and business classes of

anywhere, in public halls, or upon Prior to the enforcement of the law. the streets of cities in this state, as the joints always procured from the long as they conduct themselves in banks large sums of money on every pay day, because a very large pera lawful way.

consulted and followed.

asylum and to degeneracy, say

will be. I fully realize the power of State of Oregon and in fact society the liquor element and the Retail generally, rarely appreciate the debt Liquor association of this state, and obligation that they owe to the to battle for their position. I know from colleges down to our district how hard it is to merchants, schools, for the efficiency and the active interest in the movement, because they frequently lear that it and election, it would be a source of will injure the market, the store, and great pleasure to me, in every legitithe bank, and in other words, all mate, to aid and advance the differtrade. The facts are that if every ent school interests and institutions saloon was driven out of business of this state and the material welin Portland, inside of six months or fare of the instructors and teachers a year, the merchants and business

Geo. C. Brownell, Republican be congratulating each other upon and all assistance that is possible, the advance in every line of business, towards helping the people of East and better payments of the blils of ern Oregon and other parts of the their patrons

To illustrate this, I berewith water upon their lands,

would leave vacant hundreds of buildings and apparently would demoralize the business interests of the fore juries, but by injunction suits ders by putting padlocks on the doors of the buildings, and prohibiting the opening of the building until the owner should give a bond that it should never again be used for the illegal purpose, and sending the proprictors of the joints to the jail for large sentences, not on convictions for the sale of liquor, understand, but for violating the order of the court, there could be no jury trials tained. After these things had been

done, the owners of the buildings gradually found other tenants and in the course of a few months or perhaps a year, the same business men who had protested against the rigid enforcement of the law, came to the assistant Attorney General avenues of work and labor with the and apologized. No disinterested business men in the city would now be willing to have the city return to the old plan. I remember instances in this state in favor of upholding where grocerymen and other mer-and maintaining our school system chants said that since the enforcein a fair and liberal way, and in the ment of the law, and this was said construction of roads and highways within a year thereafter, children to meet the demand and require. came to their stores, with five and ments of our farming, producing, ten dollar hills to purchase pro visions who had, prior to the enthe people of this state, with this forcement of the law, never seen that 3-19 qualification, that I feel that what- much money in their lives; that the ever plans are adopted in the con. children that formerly came barestruction of roads in this state and footed had shoes for the first time in whatever methods are used in the their lives; that the poorer class of spending of the people's money for people were able to pay and paid such construction, that the interest their bills at the stores where of the farming class of the people of formerly it was difficult to obtain this state, should be very carefully payment. Of course, our city adsafeguarded and their wishes as in. Joins Kansas City, Missouri, and the dicated through the society of first block over the line is known as equity and the Development League the "wet block," and it is said to desert proof, and the Farmers' Grange, should be contain something like a dozen or the two sploons ready to great the Kan- Timothy E. J. Duffe, U. S. Commis-I desire also to say that I stand sas man when he comes over. But irrevocably in favor of free press and free speech, and that if I should be use of liquors that it was almost impossible for them to do successful in being nominated and without it would in the evening liquor between the successful in being nominated and without it would in the evening liquor between liquors and liquor between liquors and liquor liquor between liquors and liquor liquor between liquors and liquor elected governor of this state, I will see, so far as my power will permit, take the trouble to go to Missouri 3 26 Post, Wallace Post, both of longer will permit. that no man or woman, rich or for liquor. The large majority of poor, black or white, shall be deprived of the opportunity of fairly and went to his home without havand decently expressing themselves ing spent his money for liquor,

The liquor question has got to be centage of the pay checks were fought out. Men will be compelled cashed over the bar, and of course to take a stand, for it or against it. you know, and I know, that the The saloon is either right or it is laborer would naturally feel called wrong. If it is right it should be upon to spend some part of it under maintained and perpetuated; if it is those circumstances, and it frewrong, it should be destroyed. I quently happened that his wife and feel that it is wrong; I feel that it is children saw but a very small part foolish for the moral societies of the of the proceeds. All that was done State of Oregon, to talk about fight. away with when the joints were ing vice, preach sermons against closed. Kansas City, Kansas, invice, pass resolutions against creased in population the first three vice and hold banquets and make or four years after the laws were enspeeches and congratulate each forced at a wonderful rate. There other how they are going to fight was marked improvement in the vice, and permit the saloon to exist prosperity of the merchants and the in this state, because it is in the sa. business of the city increased, and loon to a great extent, that the instead of a decline, there was a seed is sown and eventually ripens great increase in business and in into crime, and vice of every char, population. Most of the buildings acter, leading in the end to the join that were formerly occupied by and penitentiary, to the limine joints are occupied by legitimate nothing about want and poverty to the thousands and millions of avor the \$1500 exemption from taxwomen and children in this land.

worth of the control of the section women and children in this land, state, In addition thereto I wish to

men would be the ones who would I also strongly lavor giving ald

state needing irrigation, to get

quote an extract from a letter writ- I also favor giving the Governor ten to me November 17, 1913, by power to veto separate Items in ap-Hon. Slias Porter, who is one of propriation bills passed by the the judges of the Supreme Court of Legislature, and this I advocated for Kansas, and a man who has lived years when a member of the State in Kansas during the life of the Senate. It is now being taken up as think and know that the people of amendment to its constitution and a new matter by some of the candia man of great abilitly and high dates, although I used it as an argusating men who have invested their character. Mr. Porter writes: Our ment on the floor of the state sentown, Kansas City, Kansas, has ate, for many years endeavoring to over 100,000 population. It is a city induce the legislature to pass a bill of my platform nor program in this of manufacturers. Six or eight calling for a Constitutional Convenfight, I am simply suggesting it to years ago, when they started to en tion, so that the constitution could the conscience and fair minds of the force the law rigidly, there were be amended giving the Governor people of this state, for them to give something like 250 "joints" running this power, as well as many other such consideration as they see fit, practically wide open. Many of the changes which were then vital to bars were fixed up in a luxurious the interests of the people of the

I am opposed to useless and expensive kid-gloved commissions that are sappling the taxes and resources out of the people of the state.

I am also radically opposed to the attitude of the National administration in its wool schedule and wool tariff, which is a direct slap to the great sheep industry of the state of Oregon, and the country at large.

If nominated and elected Governor, will veto any bill which may pass the Legislature, compensating saloon keepers and brewerles for money invested in their business, in case prohibition carries or is adopted or otherwise, or under any circumstance whatever.

I also favor the abolishment of the Fish and Game Commission as now constituted, but favor reasonable laws protecting game without so

much red tape. I will stand for the abolishment of all useless commissions, believing that the responsibility for the oxpenditure of the people's money should be fixed in such a way that the public will know just where, when and whom to hold responsible for the heavy taxes and expenditures. I therefore believe that the responsibility should rest with the Governor, Secretary of State and State Treasurer, so the people will know who to exercise the recall on,

in case it is desired at any time. I favor separation of church and state in this state and nation. Sincerely yours.

GEORGE C. BROWNELL.

To get results from the setting hen, exterminate the enemy. Lee's Lice Killer, Insect Powder, Carbolineum and Little's Dip. O. C. Claypool & Co.

Notice for Publication. Department of the Interior, Land Office at The Dailes, Or. March 24th, 1914. Notice is hereby given that

of Prineville, Oregon, who, on Angust 9th, 1809, made desert land entry No. 05152, for mines set, and neg swits section 18, township 16 south, range Joseph Gray 19 cast, Williamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final desert proof, to establish claim to sloner, at Princelli Oregon, on the

Fireman's Fund Insurance Compnay of San Francisco, in the State of California, on the Sist day of December, 1918, made to the Invarance Commissioner of the State of Oregon, pursuant to law:

Capital. Amount of capital stock paid 1,500,000.00

year in cash . \$ 7,462,940.51
Interest, dividends and rents
received during the year . . . 290,493.27
Income from other sources received during the year 9,462.11 ums received during the

Total Income \$ 7,862,811.89 Disbursements. Dishursements.
Lower paid during the year. \$ 3,831,503.27
Dividends paid during the year
on sanital stock. 240,000.00
Commissions and salaries paid
during the year 2,275,816.36
Taxes, Hermans and fees paid
during the year. 400,562.60
Ameunt of all other expenditures 418,246.25 during during tures 206,562.66

418,246.25 Total expenditures 7.071,688.48

Assets. Premiums in surse of collec-tion and in transmission.
Jills resirable those for ma-rine risks
Interest and result due and ac-crued 1,179,454,00



Gyrus Noble for the sick or convalescent. W. J. Van Schuyver & Co., General Agents Portland, Oregon

De LAVAL Cream Separators

Sold on Easy Terms

Pioneer Cream Co.

Prineville, Oregon



Sure death to Prairie Dogs if distributed early in the spring before the front is out, and before the grass starts up. Hundreds of dog towns have been completely destroyed with the "Wood-lark" brand. Try it the first bright warm days this spring aand be convinced. It's easily and quickly dose. Don't wait till the grass begins to grow. They won't eat the poison then. Get a supply NOW and have it ready to use at the right time. The results will make your heart glad. But do it now. Destroys Gophers, Sage Rats, and Ground Squirrels of all kinds. A single kernel kills. Most economical poison made. Hundreds have been killed with the contents of a single can. USE EARLY when feed is scarce and before the young are born, for best results. When you buy do not experiment. Ask for the "Wood-lark" Brand. It is the best. Money back if you're not satisfied.

CLARKE. WOODWARD DRUG CO. PORTLAND, OREGON. CLARKE, WOODWARD DRUG CO., PORTLAND, OREGON.

Summons

In the Circuit court of the state of Oregon for Crook county, C. W. Elkins, plaintiff,

In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby re-quired to appear and answer the plain-judge of the county court of Cook uff's complaint filed in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the summons be published six weeks in order for the publication of summons herein, to-wit: On or before the 17th Courty Journal, a weekly newspaper day of April, 1914, and if you fail to published at Princytile, Crook county, the state of the first published. day of April, 1914, and if you fail to published at Prineville. Crook county, answer or otherwise plead to said complaint, for want thereof, the plaintiff cation of this summons is the 5th day will apply to the rourt for the relief of March, 1914, and the date of the last therein demanded to wit:

For judgment against the defendant, 1914.

John Cripps, for the sum of \$60,00 and

either of them, by virtue of any claim arising subsequent to the execution of said mortgage, and that the plaintiff have execution against the defendants. John Cripps and J. A. Dilworth, for John Cripps and J. A. Dilworth and Mrs. J. A. Dilworth, for any deficiency remaining after applying all of the proceeds of the said sale of the proceeds of the said sale of the payment of plaintiff's said judgment. And that plaintiff have such other nad other relief as to the court may recently the court.

may reem just and equitable. publication is the 16th day of April 1914. T. E. J. Durry.

Notice of Contest Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, The Dailes, Ore. February 26, 1914. To Melvin L. Knight of Clackamns

Oregon, contestee: Oregon, contestee:
You are hereby notified that
Thomas Cronin, who gives care T.
E. J. Duffy, Princylle, Oregon, as his
postoffice address, did on February
21 1914, file in this office his dufy
corroborated application to contest
and secure the cancellarios. corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry, serial No. 09148, made June 20, 1911, for si nwi, nei swi, nwi sela section 9, townenip 17 south, range 18 cast, Willamette Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said Melvin L. Knight has whoily falled to reside upon, improve or cultivate the said tract for over two years last past; that he has wholly falled to establish his residence thereon as required by law or at all since making said entry and has wholly abandonald entry and has wholly abandoned the same.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken ast confessed, and your said entry will be cauceled without entry will be canceled without further right to be heard, either before this elice or on appeal, if you fail to be in this office within twenty data after the FOURTH publication in this notice, as shown has low, you answer, under oath specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said-contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent H. FRANK WOODCOCK

Date of first publication, Mar 5, 1914 third

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Or.
February 12, 1914.
Notice is hereby given that
Benjamin r. Boydston
of Roberts, Oregon, who, on October
5th, 1919, made Homestead Entry No.
07516, for nri swi, nwi sei, si sei, section 22, township 17 south, range 17
cast, Willamette Meridian, has filed
notice of intention to make Final Three notice of intention to make Final Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land shove described, before Timothy E. J. Duffy, U. S. Commissioner, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 28th day of March, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Jabez E. Warner, George W. Conrad. Marion Maybeld, Ben Hinderman, all of Rob-erts, Oregon. H. Frank Woodcock, 2-19 Register.

Notice for Publication Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore. February 14, 1914.

February 14, 1914.

Notice is kereb, given that
Lee Battinger
of Prinoville, Oregon, who, on December 29th, 1968, made Homestead Entry
No. 02149, for set net and et set section 6, township 18 south, range 16 east
Willamette Meridian, has filed notice
of intention to make Final Five Year
Proof, to establish claim to the land
above described, before Timothy E. J.
Duffs, U. S. Commissioner, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 27th day of March,
1914.

Claimant nan es sa witnesses: Abbie-Wilson, Blanch Wilson, Lillie Cartis, all of Princellie, Oregon, Alpha O. Myers of Redmond, Oregon, H. Frank Wordcock,

Notice to Creditors: Notice is hereby given, by the un-

dersigned, the administrator with the will annexed of the estate of the will William Smith des ereditors of said deceased and to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same, with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned, at the office of M. R. Elliott in Princville, Oregon, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice. Dated this 12th day of March, 1914. J. H. ROSENBERG, Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of William Smith, deceased.

Summons. In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Crook county, R. M. Powell, plaintiff,

TW. John Cripps, defendant. To John Cripps, defendant above named:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the plain bif's complaint filed in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of summons herein, to wit: On or before the 17th day of April, 1914, and if you fail to answer or otherwise plead to said complaint, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief

therein demanded to wit:
For judgment against you for the sum of \$64 00 and interest thereon from May 1st, 1913, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and for the further sum of \$25.00 attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's cost and dishursements to be taxed.