

## NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

### Democrats Grant Concessions Regarding Publicity of Tariff Hearings.

Washington.—Announcement by Chairman Simmons, of the finance committee, that sub-committees considering the various schedules of the Underwood tariff bill had determined to grant more time to protesting manufacturers than at first was intended, aroused considerable interest at the capitol.

Although the effort of senate Republicans to force public hearings was defeated by a vote of 36 to 41, the minority leaders see in the changed tactics of the Democrats a concession which they assert resulted from the denunciation of secret consideration of the bill.

Two Democrats, Senators Ransdell and Thornton, of Louisiana, voted for the Republican amendment. Senator Poindexter, of Washington, Progressive, voted with the majority. Senator Jones, of Washington, Republican, who previously had determined to vote against public hearings, announced just before the rollcall that he had changed his mind because the finance subcommittees were giving private hearings to some interests which he thought should be public.

#### Committees to Stand Pat.

Democrats of the committee have practically decided they will propose no changes in the free wool and sugar schedules and that Democrats opposed to the present schedules must carry their fight to the party caucus. According to the present plan the sub-committee having the wool and sugar schedules under consideration will listen to all arguments senators wish to lay before them, but will report the bill to the full Democratic membership of the committee without recommendations. The Democrats of the committee will refer sugar and wool to a party caucus and the senators interested will have an opportunity to make a final appeal.

President Wilson came out strongly as the champion of free wool and free sugar-in-three-years, as provided for in the tariff bill recently passed by the house.

He announced emphatically that he was not considering compromises of any sort; that he stood squarely behind the measure as it passed the house and he regarded it as the duty of the Democratic majority in the senate to fulfill its platform pledge by enacting the house bill into law.

#### To Aid Agricultural College Work.

Closer relationship between the work of the department of agriculture and that of agricultural colleges and experiment stations was assured at a conference here between Secretary Houston, Assistant Secretary Galloway and representatives of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations.

A permanent committee will be named and frequent meetings held between the national and state agricultural workers. The most important co-operative effort will be to devise means for securing the greatest possible good both to farmer and consumer from the newly-organized division of markets and rural organization service.

The department, it was said after the conference, desires to co-operate along many lines, recognizing that the state colleges and the experiment stations should be the official agencies through which most of the agricultural work of the country should be undertaken.

#### National Capital Brevities.

Secretary Lane, of the interior department, has placed himself on record as favoring a railway system in Alaska constructed, owned and operated by the government.

Senator Chamberlain's resolution proposing a woman suffrage amendment to the constitution has been favorably reported by the senate committee on woman suffrage.

One thousand financial experts will be asked a series of questions prepared by Senators Owen of Oklahoma and Hitchcock of Nebraska, bearing upon the proposed Democratic currency reform measure.

On the night of March 4 there were stolen from the navy department the plans showing the general arrangement of the decks and hatches and complete method of electric wiring and control of firing guns of the new battleship Pennsylvania. A few days later, what are described as "duplicate plans" were mislaid from the navy department. Neither theft was made public until recently.

Secretary Redfield's broad intimation to business that the federal government would investigate cuts in wages that looked like reprisals for the passage of the tariff bill brought out a sharp crossfire of speech in the house between Chairman Underwood, of the ways and means committee, and Representative Mondell, Republican, of Wyoming.

## PRINCESS LOUISE



Princess Louise, daughter of the German Kaiser, who will wed Prince Ernest of Cumberland May 24.

### Brief News of the Week

The bill incorporating the Rockefeller Foundation to promote the well-being of mankind throughout the world has been signed at Albany, N. Y., by Governor Sulzer.

A fierce tornado swept through a district one block wide and 16 blocks long in Seward, Neb., killing 10 persons and injuring 40 more.

Harper's Weekly has been sold at New York to "Norman Hapgood and associates," according to a statement given out by Colonel George Harvey, its editor.

The first meeting of the executive committee of the Republican national committee since the November election will be held in Washington Saturday.

Fairbanks, Alaska, is on an enforced vegetable diet, its entire supply of meat having been exhausted. No meat will be available until the arrival of a cattle shipment June 10.

Governor Johnson's final answer to the request of the federal government that he withhold his signature from the Webb alien land bill in substance amounts to a courteous but unequivocal "no."

The Canadian government demands about \$500,000 from the United States for lumber used in 1900 to construct the military barracks at Eagle City, Kan. Canada claims that the United States bought this lumber from a man named Howard Page, who cut it from her domains without a permit.

In what is said to be the first decision of its kind, the Wisconsin Railway commission ordered a physical connection made between the local lines of the La Crosse Telephone company, an independent concern, and the toll lines of the Wisconsin Telephone company, and the American Telephone & Telegraph company.

It was developed at Chicago at the hearing conducted by a legislative committee to investigate charitable institutions that only 47.3 per cent of the money received was actually paid out to relieve distress by the United Charities.

A number of important conventions are scheduled for this week, among them the anniversary meetings of the Unitarians, in Boston; the Northwest Baptist convention, in Detroit; the National Association of Railway Mail Clerks, in Cincinnati; the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, in San Francisco; the National Association of Retail Grocers, in St. Louis.

### People in the News

Gen. Mario Menocal, a comparatively young man, who was educated at Cornell university, was inaugurated president of Cuba on Tuesday.

The big event of the week abroad will be the marriage of Princess Victoria Louise, daughter of the German emperor, and Prince Ernst August, son of the Duke of Cumberland.

H. E. Magill, recently appointed city clerk of Oakland, Cal., committed suicide by jumping from the fourteenth story of the new city hall.

Ex-President Taft has delivered another political lecture at Yale. He said that state-wide primaries are "extreme measures of political reform," and that a national primary for the election of a president and other national officers is "almost beyond thought."

Bishop William Cresswell Doane, of the Albany diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, is dead at the Hotel Manhattan in New York. He was 81 years old.

Countess Ladislava Szechenyi, formerly Gladys Vanderbilt, is expected to return to America with her husband, who, according to advices received from Budapest, leaves that city because he has lost more than \$4,000,000 of the Vanderbilt fortune in disastrous speculations.

Charles P. Neill has accepted a salary of \$20,000 per year to supervise labor conditions for the American Smelting & Refining company—the smelter trust. He has tendered his resignation at Washington as United States commissioner of labor.

## JAPANESE SITUATION CONTINUES TENSE

### Governor Johnson Believed Intends Taking 30 Days Allowed for Signature.

Washington.—Tension over the Japanese situation continues to excite attention in official and diplomatic quarters.

The impression is beginning to gain ground here that Governor Johnson will avail himself of the full 30-days allowed to sign the bill, even though he has declared his purpose to approve the Webb bill.

Secretary Bryan has not communicated with the governor since the receipt of his telegraphic message setting out his reasons for upholding the action of the legislature, but is simply waiting for the final act of signature before making reply to the Japanese note protesting against the legislation.

It has been suggested that, although there may be some preliminary exchanges before the event, the Japanese government can find no technical reason for demanding relief before the commission of some action under the terms of the Webb law to the detriment of a Japanese subject.

It is generally accepted that one of the primary points of protest by Japan is that the California law is in contravention of the treaty of 1911, but exactly wherein has not thus far been disclosed. Governor Johnson's last communication to the federal authorities analyzed the treaty and the law to the end of showing that the latest enactment is in no way a contravention of the treaty. The first and most fundamental issue, therefore, appears to be over this question of whether the law is, or is not, contrary to the treaty.

### JAPAN STILL SHOWS FAITH

Likelihood of Estrangement of Peoples, However, Admitted.

Tokio.—Faith in the American people to see that justice is done the Japanese is the dominating note in the discussion of the California alien land ownership legislation.

War talk is denounced as ridiculous and only calculated to embarrass the two governments, which are laboring for a peaceful settlement by diplomacy.

It is conceded, however, that failure on the part of the Americans to respond to the Japanese appeal for a discontinuance of the alleged discrimination would be likely to lead to some estrangement of the peoples. The Japanese public generally is convinced that the land bill is a racial and not an economic measure and hence a blow to national pride, and the people feel that the world must be taught the necessity of equal treatment for the whites and non-whites.

### Land Bill Referendum Move Is Begun

San Francisco.—The Asiatic Exclusion League of California instructed its executive committee to draft a petition for a referendum vote on the alien land bill, to be circulated immediately, after the measure is signed by Governor Johnson.

The objections of the league are based on the clause in the Webb act which permits three-year leases. It is the purpose of the organization to circulate at the same time an initiative petition for a law which will exclude Japanese and Chinese from both ownership and lease holds under any condition.

Bill More Drastic Than California's. Phoenix, Ariz.—An anti-alien land ownership bill far more drastic than the bill recently passed by the California legislature has been signed by Governor Hunt, following its passage by both houses of the state legislature.

The new law makes it impossible for aliens of any color to hold land unless they have declared their intention of becoming citizens. Non-citizens now holding land will be compelled to dispose of it within five years. Mining claims or property necessary to the working of mines alone is exempted.

### GOVERNMENT MUST PAY

Treatment of Ill, Waiting Aliens Not Steamship's Duty.

New York.—A decision handed down by Judge Mayer in the United States district court will cost the United States government about \$1,000,000 a year from now on. It holds that the government must pay for medical aid to aliens brought to this country and found after their arrival at Ellis Island to be suffering from some temporary contagious disease.

The government sought to collect from the Holland-American Steamship company \$2167 for such treatment, but the court, in finding for the defendants, declared that the immigration laws make no provision for the steamship company to pay for medical treatment for ailing aliens. Unless overruled by a higher court, the decision will apply to all steamship lines.

## Paint Your Home!

### While White Lead and Oil is Cheap

We sell Pioneer White Lead at 10c per pound in 50 pound lots and up. Best on the Pacific Coast. Boiled Linseed Oil at 85c per gallon. Guaranteed pure. We have a lot of Cedar doors, different sizes, in 5-Panel and regular 4-Panel, 1½ in. and 1 in. thick. All A1 goods which sell for \$1.50 and \$1.75. All Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

## A. H. Lippman & Co.

## CROOK COUNTY BANK

PRINEVILLE, OREGON

Assets		Liabilities	
Loans	\$125,757.24	Capital paid in full	\$25,000.00
Overdrafts	4,786.00	Surplus	14,000.00
Banking House	24,000.50	Undivided profits	7,573.58
Cash and Exchange	56,421.76	Deposits	151,297.48
Total	208,970.50	Total	208,970.50

W. A. BOOTH, Pres.

D. F. STEWART, Vice-Pres.

C. M. ELKINS, Cashier

L. A. BOOTH, Assistant Cashier

## If rough

strong whiskey burns your mouth, gags you when you swallow it—what will it do to the delicate lining of your stomach

Cyrus Noble—mild and pure

W. J. Van Schuyver & Co., General Agents  
Portland, Oregon

## Express and Passenger Stage Line

Three hours between Redmond and Prineville, fare \$1.50. Agent for Northern, Gt. Northern and American Express Co. Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 1:30. Office at Pioneer Cream Co.

## Jourdan & Son

### Just Opened:

## Livery Feed and Sale Stable

In Cornett Stage Barn

Prineville, . . . . . Oregon

Special attention given to the traveling public. Hay 25c a day per head. Give us a call.

## White & Mackey, Props.

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Shingles, Mouldings, Windows, Doors, Glasses, Etc. Etc., Etc.

## SHIPP & PERRY

PRINEVILLE, OREGON

## THE HAMILTON STABLES

J. H. WIGLE, Proprietor  
PRINEVILLE, OREGON

Stock boarded by the day, week or month at Reasonable rates. Remember us when in Prineville. RATES REASONABLE. We have

## Fine Livery Rigs For Rent

Summons. In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Crook. Amanda Thornbury, plaintiff,

vs. Moses H. Bryans and Lella B. Bryans, C. W. Michael and Nora Michael, D. R. Amadon and Mary J. Amadon, Frank Callahan and Clara E. Callahan, E. J. Chingren and Chingren, defendants.

To Frank Callahan, Clara E. Callahan, E. J. Chingren and Chingren, defendants. In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 21st day of June, 1913, said date being six weeks after the date of the first publication of this summons.

If you fail to appear and answer the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in her complaint filed herein, which relief is for judgment against defendants, Moses H. Bryans and Lella B. Bryans, C. W. Michael, D. R. Amadon, Frank Callahan and E. J. Chingren, for the sum of Eight Hundred (\$800.00) Dollars and interest thereon from July 1, 1911, at ten (10) per cent per annum and for One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars attorney's fees and for her costs and disbursements herein and for a decree foreclosing a certain mortgage made and executed by the defendants, Moses H. Bryans and Lella B. Bryans to the plaintiff herein upon the south half of the northwest quarter and the north half of the southwest quarter of section two (2), township fourteen (14) south, range fourteen (14) east, W. M., to satisfy said judgment and forever bar and foreclose each and all of the defendants herein of all right, title and interest in and to said premises and that plaintiff have such other and further relief as to the court may seem proper.

This summons is served upon you by publication thereof by order of the Honorable W. L. Bradshaw, judge of the above entitled cause, made on the 5th day of May, 1913, requiring the publication of this summons to be made at least once a week for six consecutive weeks in Crook County Journal and requiring that the first publication be made on the 8th day of May, 1913.

HUNTINGTON & WILSON,  
Attorneys for plaintiff.

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### Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Ore.

May 5th, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that

Lee M. Denby of Alfalfa, Oregon, who on December 10th, 1907, made homestead No. 15812 Serial No. 04270 for w½ sw¼, sec 1, section 33, township 18 south, range 16 east, and lot 3, section 4, township 19 south, range 16 east, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five-year proof to establish claim to the land above described before the county clerk at his office at Prineville, Oregon, on the 17th day of June, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses: George Millican, James A. Moffitt, Thurman Moffitt, all of Prineville, Oregon, and George W. Jones of Bend, Oregon. 5-8 p  
C. W. MOORE, Register.

### Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon

April 15th, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that

Eliza A. Dunham, of Prineville, Oregon, who on May 20th, 1910, made Desert Land Entry No. 06822, for s½ nw¼, and w½ sw¼, Section 22, Township 16 South, Range 20 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Timothy E. J. Duffy, U. S. Commissioner at his office, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 3rd day of June, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses: Lloyd F. Wiltse, Reuben Booten, and Harvey D. Dunham, of Post, Oregon, and Parker B. Doak, of Prineville, Oregon. 4-24-pd  
C. W. MOORE, Register

### Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon,

April 21st, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that

Charles A. Weaver, of Prineville, Oregon, who, on April 1st, 1909, and March 4, 1911, made Homestead No. 04703 and additional No. 08250, for s½ sw¼, Sec. 3, nw¼ ne¼, s½ nw¼, Sec. 10, sec 14, s½ nw¼, sw¼ ne¼, Section 10, Township 18 South, Range 16 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Timothy E. J. Duffy, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Prineville, Oregon, on the 5th day of June, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses: Jogn Gerardo, David Weaver, Earl Forest, Charles Goodnight, all of Prineville, Oregon. 4-24  
C. W. MOORE, Register.

### Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, by the undersigned, the administrator with the will annexed of the estate of George M. Stancliff, deceased, to all creditors of said deceased and to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned at his office in Prineville, Oregon, within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice. Dated this 24th day of April, 1913.

M. K. ELLIOTT,  
Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of George M. Stancliff, deceased

### Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon

April 12th, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Wall, of Roberts, Oregon, who, on March 16th, 1911, made Homestead No. 08349, for s½ sw¼, Sec. 23 and w½ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼, Section 26, Township 17 South, of Range 16 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Timothy E. J. Duffy, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Prineville, Oregon, on the 24th day of May, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses: Albin Peterson, George W. Crawford, of Prineville, Oregon, Claude C. Dunham, Bernard Gasch, of Roberts, Oregon. 4-17-pd.  
C. W. MOORE, Register