

Crook County Journal

COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER, \$1.50 YEAR

PRINEVILLE, CROOK COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, AUG. 15, 1912.

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Council Meeting

Last Friday Eve

The city council held their regular monthly meeting last Friday evening, instead of Tuesday, owing to the lack of a quorum upon the former occasion. There were present Mayor Edwards, Councilmen Gray, Winick, Ward Noble, and Shipp, Recorder Bowman and City Marshal Coon.

City Treasurer Smith reported the following cash on hand August 1:

General Fund.....	\$1481.05
Fire Fund.....	1341.22
Road Fund.....	482.08
Park Fund.....	170.71

Total.....\$3475.01

The following bills were ordered paid:

F. A. Rice, surveying.....	\$3.75
John Curtis, meals.....	.50
Crook County Journal, ptg.....	1.65
Warren Brown.....	1.25
P. L. & W. Co.....	88.95
Browner Eng. Co.....	15.00
T. E. J. Duffy.....	19.50
Earl McLaughlin, work.....	20.00
W. H. Keene, labor.....	30.00
C. E. Smith, treas salary two mo.....	50.00
C. E. Smith interest on water bond.....	300.00
W. F. King Go mdse.....	2.50
A. R. Bowman recorder's fees.....	25.00
A. Wonderly labor.....	8.00
F. A. Rowell salary night watch.....	75.00
L. W. Ward, work.....	2.50
T. L. Coon salary marshal.....	75.00

There was a lengthy discussion over a proposed ordinance to regulate the blowing of steam whistles within the city limits. The council did not want to work a hardship upon anyone and yet it thought that prolonged blasts were a positive nuisance. The length of time to be allowed for giving ordinary could not be agreed upon so the matter was passed up to the Fire and Water Committees for settlement.

Councilman Ward was instructed to take charge of the E-street bridge fill. He will have 150 feet to fill with rock and gravel.

The council decided that both the city school building and the high school building should be provided with fire escapes. An ordinance to that effect is now under consideration. Councilman Shipp was instructed to confer with the county court and the Prineville public school directors regarding the matter.

Some bad holes in Second street are to receive the attention of Councilman Ward when he has men and teams employed on the E-street bridge fill.

The city attorney was instructed to begin condemnation proceedings in opening East Fifth street to East Sixth. The city engineer will file his plat and surveys of the same.

Mrs. Dillon's petition for the erection of sheet iron sheds was laid over until next meeting.

Oregon Agricultural College.

This great institution opens its doors for the fall semester on September 20th. Courses of instruction include: General Agriculture, Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Dairy Husbandry, Bacteriology, Botany and Plant Pathology, Poultry Husbandry, Horticulture, Entomology, Veterinary Science, Civil Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Mining Engineering, Highway Engineering, Domestic Art, Commerce, Forestry, Pharmacy, Zoology, Chemistry, Physics, Mathematics, English Language and Literature, Public Speaking, Modern Languages, History, Art, Architecture, Industrial Pedagogy, Physical Education, Military Science and Tactics, and Music.

Catalogue and illustrated literature mailed free on application. Address, Registrar, Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Oregon. 7-20 91

School year opens September 20th.



ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE



NOTIFYING PRESIDENT TAFT

Through the activity of District Attorney Whitman of New York two of the alleged actual murderers of the gambler Rosen that were captured and a systematic search for the remaining three was instituted. Lieutenant Becker of the police force was arrested, charged with having planned the murder. President Taft was officially notified of his nomination by Senator Root. William A. Prendergast was chosen to make the speech nominating ex-President Roosevelt at the National Progressive convention at Chicago. Albert J. Beveridge was temporary chairman of the convention. Mrs. Daisy Opie Grace, who was on trial in Atlanta, charged with having attempted to murder her husband, was acquitted.

The Sheriff of Crook County Paid the Bill

A dispatch to the Journal from Salem says:

After chasing both ends of the rainbow in an effort to recover the money he expended in serving a subpoena issued in another county, Sheriff W. B. Snider is still holding the sack and has been advised by Assistant Attorney General Van Winkle that his fees are gone forever.

When the sheriff of Crook county sent the subpoena to Sheriff Snider of Lake county the latter sent one of his deputies about 20 miles into the country to serve it. Then he sent a bill to the Crook county officials for expenses and fee. The deputy district attorney of Crook county advised him that the state footed the bills in such cases.

Sheriff Snider was willing to get his money from the state. He didn't care just so the coin jingled once more in his own pocket. He addressed a letter to Attorney General Crawford, asking him about the matter. Assistant Attorney General James Crawford advised him that the state needed its money for other purposes, and anyway there was no authority of law for the payment of such claims. He advised that the county from which the subpoena was issued should pay the expenses in the case, but no fees were permissible.

Back Snider went to the county officials. They turned him down again. Back again he came to the attorney general's office. Assistant James Crawford is away on his vacation and Assistant I. H. Van Winkle is on the job. So Van Winkle looked up the authorities and found everybody was on the wrong track. Neither the state nor the county pays such expense accounts.

Sheriff Snider is "in the hole" just that much, and has charged the amount to "experience."

When Sheriff Balfour read the above dispatch he clipped it out of the paper and inclosed it with a check for the amount of the bill to Sheriff Snider. This squares the Lake county official but leaves the sheriff of Crook county holding the sack.

Stud Horse for Trade.

Big registered Percheron. Will take broke horses. Walter Quackenbush, postoffice box 254, Redmond, Oregon. 8-15-2p

Bucks for Sale.

I have several fine bucks for sale. John Campbell. 8-15-2mp

Cottage to Rent.

Five-room cottage to rent. Inquire of Mrs. D. F. Stewart. 7-25

Farmers' Day At Redmond

Farmers' Day will be held at Redmond Saturday, August 17. Following is the program:

2 p. m.—Inspection of the Demonstration Farm, one mile north of Redmond.

5 p. m.—Concert by the Redmond band at the Demonstration Farm.

7 p. m.—Inspection of office and laboratory, over Bank of Commerce.

8 p. m.—Farmers' Institute session, Ehret's hall, auspices Farmers Union.

Five minute speeches by local notables.

Address: "Disposition of Farm Crop"—Dr. James Withycomb, director of state experiment stations.

Address: "Crop Rotation and Soil Fertility"—Prof. H. D. Scudder, Agronomist, state experiment stations.

Address: "Agricultural Extension Work"—Dr. W. J. Kerr, President Oregon Agricultural College.

Guides will be on hand at the Demonstration Farm all day to show visitors over the farm and explain the demonstrations and experiments.

Eighth Grade Examinations

Notice is hereby given that the eighth grade examinations for September will be held by Superintendent Ford on Thursday and Friday, September 5 and 6. The program and source of questions will be as follows:

Thursday—Physiology, Writing, History and Civil Government.

Friday—Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography and Spelling.

Source of Questions:

Arithmetic—Practical Arithmetic—Smith.

Civil Government—United States Constitution.

Geography—State Course of Study; Redway and Hinman's Natural School Geography.

History—List of topics from History Outline in Course of Study and Current Events.

Grammar—Buehler's Modern English Grammar, no diagramming.

Physiology—Graded Lessons in Physiology and Hygiene—Krohn.

Reading—The teacher will send to the county superintendent the applicant's class standing in reading, which will be taken by such superintendent as the applicant's standing on the subject.

Spelling—Reed's Word Lessons.

Writing—Specimens of Penmanship as indicated in copied matter and manuscript in Language.

Those who failed or were conditioned at the May examinations are eligible to take this examination for entrance to the high school

Insect Pest Destroys Alfalfa Crops

By Prof. Thos. Shaw.

In the State of Utah an insect pest has appeared which is doing much harm to the alfalfa crop. This insect (Phytonomus pisticus) has been known for a long time in the old world. For many decades, if not indeed centuries, it has preyed upon the alfalfa of Southern Europe, Western Asia and Northern Africa. In this country it was first noticed on the outskirts of Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1904. Its ravages had become so extended by 1907 that the attention of the Utah Experiment Station was called to it. By 1911 it had reached parts of Wyoming and Idaho adjacent to Utah. In 1909 the Governor of Utah appealed to the United States Department of Agriculture to aid the Utah Experiment Station in fighting the pest. Since that time the Department has employed scientists to try and find some effective means of combating the pest.

The Alfalfa Weevil is thus described in Bulletin No. 112, Department of Entomology, U. S. Department of Agriculture, by Prof. F. M. Weber. "It is a small, rather insignificant appearing beetle, slightly under one fourth of an inch long, of a brown color, mixed with gray and black hairs arranged in indistinct spots and stripes on the back." The eggs are laid in the spring and early summer within the stems or on the buds and leaves, and they hatch within about ten days. The larvae are small greenish worms with a black head. When full grown they are about one fourth of an inch long. They prey upon the crops' buds, the leaves and even upon the stalks. The damage resulting may vary with the conditions from very slight to almost complete destruction of the cutting. The hay obtained from infested fields is very woody because of the absence of leaves, and it is much liable to induce coughing when fed to horses.

Various methods of fighting have been tried. These have only been partially successful. These include: discing to stimulate growth, grazing with sheep, drawing a street sweeper or wire brush over the field, and burning the stubbles. Attempts are also being made to induce parasites from Eastern Hemisphere which will prey upon the weevils. It is also considered important to destroy all trash such as grows along the borders of irrigating canals, and in waste places gen-

erally. The insects hide in these and also under clods and about the crowns of alfalfa plants where they hibernate.

The bulletin referred to does not say anything as to the measures that should be adopted in uninfested areas to prevent the introduction of the weevils. Of course in areas near to infested territory, the invasion will occur through the migration of the weevils in the spring of the year. But the fact that the beetles came to Utah from the old world makes it clear that invasion may come in other ways. It may be that it may come in poorly cleaned seed. It may certainly come in alfalfa hay.

It would be nothing short of calamity to have this insect introduced into Montana where the future promises so much in regard to the growing of alfalfa and also alfalfa seed. It would seem to be eminently wise to make sure in all areas where alfalfa is imported that it does not come from an infested region. Whether the insect can live in an area with winters like Montana and the Dakotas has not been ascertained. It is to be devoutly hoped that this will never have to be proved in any northern state by actual test.

Old Pioneer Gone.

Springfield, Or., Aug. 9.—Mrs. Charlotte E. Pengra, a pioneer of 1853 and one of the early teachers of this section of Oregon, was laid to rest in Laurel Grove cemetery here this afternoon. She was a native of Banton, Vermont where she was born May 1, 1827, of a family descending from the Pilgrim fathers.

She was graduated from Hampton Falls Academy, in 1841, and took up educational work. In 1849 she was married to Byron J. Pengra and in 1853 the couple came to Oregon, settling on a claim seven miles east of this city. Her husband was active in the affairs of the territory and state, and was the first surveyor-general appointed for the state. He surveyed the present Natron-Klamath cut-off for the Oregon & California railroad, but the route was later rejected.

Dr. Ida Behrendt Coming.

Dr. Ida Behrendt, Eye-Specialist of Baker will be in Prineville soon to fit glasses. Watch for date. 8-8-2t

Notice.

Parties driving beef cattle on Burns road to Prineville can get pasture at Colby's ranch, one mile off the road, below the old Davis ranch on Crooked river. 8-8-1m

House to Rent

Three room, bath and screened back porch; electric lights, hot and cold water. Apply to Mrs. A. A. Lively. 8-8-2p

Colonization Company Attracting Settlers

W. P. Davidson, president of the Oregon & Western Colonization Company, Paul S. Bickel, a large owner in the Twin Falls project, and Addison Bennett, the veteran newspaper man, were in Prineville Saturday on their way to look over the holdings of the Colonization company.

Mr. Davidson has outlined a vigorous development program which he will put into effect at once. His company will open offices throughout Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and he feels confident that 100,000 settlers can be brought into the state within the next year. He says that the Union Pacific has more than 4000 men at work pushing a line forward from the Short Line junction at Vale. It is centering its construction efforts now on the big tunnel through Malheur Canyon, three-quarters of a mile long. "A considerable stretch of track has been laid, and I have it from the best of authority that the Union Pacific intends to continue its line straight across the state to a connection with the Deschutes line at Bend, and that this new line will be the second track of the through system from Portland to Omaha."

Some Wonderful

Trout in Deschutes

Dolly Varden trout more than three feet long, and capable of putting up a fight which would make a shark look weak, are reported from the Deschutes River. Sufficient evidence percolates through at intervals to satisfy the skeptical of the existence of such monsters, despite the fact that any fish story is doubted until a sworn, sealed and bonded statement is furnished as to its veracity by some one not connected with the catch.

Engineer C. W. Riddell solemnly avers that he caught a Dolly Varden 38 inches long in the West Fork of the Deschutes, just below Pringle Falls, six miles from La Pine. Riddell has been engaged in making a survey of the power possibilities of the falls, and while operating thereabouts received numerous assurances of the fact that some monsters of the trout order visited the deep pools just below the falls. Not content with declarations of what had been done he made several casts at various times, and with varying success. Sometimes he got large trout, but not until he had hooked the 38-inch fellow did he experience the struggle of the career as an angler. Patience won, and at last the noble Dolly Varden was safely ashore, and until this day it is stated that no other such catch has been made in that part of the Deschutes.

A Dolly Varden measuring 30 to 32 inches is thrown out frequently, and creates no more thought up there in the La Pine country than the landing of a silverside salmon on the Columbia. One veteran fisherman of the Deschutes has a stuffed skin of a Dolly Varden which he said weighed 22 pounds just after being landed. Other evidence of heroic achievements in the angling world has been unearthed along the Deschutes, but it is believed that the 38 inch patriarch, drawn out by Engineer Riddell, will for long years be hailed as the peer of all others taken in those waters by hook and line.—Telegram.

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