County Court

May Term

The regular May term of the Commissioners' Court convened at 10 a. m., May 4, 1910. Present—H. C. Ellis, judge; and Commissioners Rice and Barley.

Upon petition of eleven electors residing within the limits of the proposed Lava Voting Precinct No. 26, alleging 25 voters and believing said precinct should be created, it is ordered that the following constitute the boundaries of said Lava Precinct voting precinct to wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of township 20, R. 14 E., W. M., thence west on township line to section corner between 32 and 33 in township 19 S., R. 11 E.; thence north on said section line between 32 and 33 to s ction corners of 28 and 29, 32 and 33; thence west on section line to corners 30 and 31, and 25 and 36; thence south to township corners of 19 and 20, ranges 10 and 11; thence west on township line to county line thence south on county line to township corners between 20 and 21; thence east on township line between 20 and 21 to range line between 14 and 15 east; thence north on said range line to place of beginning, all in Crook county, state of Oregon. It is further ordered that the school house near the John Atkinson ranch be designated as the voting place.

Upon application of Thomas B. Grove, showing that during the years 1906-7-8 he has paid to Crook county, taxes to the amount of $51.25 upon property in Lake county, Oregon, which facts also fully appear by the records of Crook county, it is ordered that the county clerk draw a warrant on the general fund for $51.25 to the order of Thomas B. Grove. It is further ordered that the clerk notify the sheriff to deduct from the funds in his hands belonging to school district No. 43 the sum of $6, this being the total amount of special school tax collected from said Grove for the years 1907-8, and that said sheriff credit said $6 to the general fund of Crook county.

It appearing at the March term of this court that an insufficient amount of money was set aside for scalp bounties, it is ordered that the clerk draw a warrant on the general fund for the sum of $1000 to W. F. King, county treasurer, on account of scalp bounty fund, and that said warrant be dated nuc pro tunc as of March 2, 1910.

There being no constable in precinct No. 3, and upon petition of the residents thereof, A. D. Powell is hereby appointed constable of said precinct to serve until the election and qualification of his successor. Clerk to notify appointee.

Upon sworn statement of L. A. Moen, agent for Great Western Lumber Co., and certificate of tax collector of Crook county, Or., the county clerk is hereby directed to credit said tax collector with $33.30 on the rolls for 1909.

Upon sworn statement of Claude Dunham, agent for P. and C. Dunham, and statement of tax collector showing wrongful assessment, the clerk is directed to credit the sheriff on the 1909 tax roll with $33.30.

Upon sworn statement of A. F. Ramsay, cashier Laidlaw Banking & Trust Company, and statement of tax collector showing wrongful double assessment on $3000 worth of real property, it is ordered that the clerk credit said tax collector with $45 on assessment roll for the year 1909.

And now is presented to the court the application of La Pine Townsite Co., for the approval of its platted townsite of La Pine, accompanied by its plat, tracing, dedication of its streets and alleys without restriction and affidavit of the surveyor, and it appearing to the court that all the requirements of law have been complied with; that the county surveyor and county assessor have duly examined and approved said plat, and that the taxes on said property are paid, it is therefore ordered that said plat be approved by the court and spread of record.

And now is presented to the court the application of A. O. Hunter as attorney in fact for the D. K. Hunter Realty Co., (an Ohio corporation,) for the approval of its subdivision of lot 2, block 12, of Bend, accompanied by its plat, tracing thereof the dedication of its streets and alleys to the public without restriction or reservation, and affidavit of the surveyor, and it appearing that the county surveyor and county assessor have duly examined and approved said plat; that all taxes have been paid, and that all requirements of law have been complied with, it is ordered that said plat be approved by the court and spread of record.

In re fencing the McTaggart road. Upon hearing in open court, the county clerk is directed to notify the road supervisor of Ketcher precinct to forthwith remove fences and obstructions from the McTaggart road and at the earliest opportunity to open said road for public travel along the survey thereof.

Petition for incorporation of Redmond. It appearing to the court that a petition signed by more than 40 to-wit: 58 qualified electors of Crook county, residing within the territory hereinafter described, praying that such territory be organized as a municipal corporation under the name of the City of Redmond, was filed in this court on the 6th day of April, 1910, and it further appearing by said petition, affidavit and other evidence that the territory therein described contains more than 150, to-wit, 179 actual inhabitants, which territory is particularly described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the southeast corner of section 16, Tp. 15 S., R. 13 E., W. M., in Crook county, running thence north one-half mile to the quarter post on the east side of said section 16; th nce east ½ mile to the middle of the south line of the NW¼ of section 15; thence north ½ mile to the center of the SW¼ of section 10; thence west one mile to the center of the SW¼ of section 9; thence south 1½ miles to the south line of section 16; thence east ¼ mile to the point of starting, to wit, to the southeast corner of said section 16, which boundaries embrace 78 40 acre tracts, according to U. S. survey. This court being fully advised in the matter, it is ordered that the boundaries of the proposed city of Redmond be established as above set fourth. It is further ordered that an election be held at the Commercial Club room in Redmond, within said proposed corporation, on Tuesday, the 7th day of June, 1910, for the purpose of determining whether said territory be incorporated, as prayed. Kirk Whited, Ben Gotter and C. F. Anderson are hereby appointed chairman and judges of said election, and J. A. Norwood, G. W. Wells and Perry Smith, clerks thereof, and the polls shall open at 8 o'clock a. m., and close at 7 p. m., on said day. The ballots cast at such election shall contain the words, "For incorporation," or "against incorporation," and shall also contain the names of persons to fill the following offices: Mayor, six aldermen, recorder, ma shal and treasurer. Notice of said election shall be given by the county clerk for three weeks prior thereto by publishing the same in the "Oregon Hub," a newspaper published within the boundaries of the proposed city of Redmond. It is further ordered that said election board make full report of said election to this court at its next regular term.

In the matter of establishing mounds, etc., in the Grizzly Butte road. Upon statement of Supervisor Freeman showing that original survey marks on the Grizzly Butte road are obliterated, it is ordered that the county surveyor re-establish such survey with the assistance of said Freeman at an early date, and that said Freeman see that said road is properly opened.

In re A. S. Phillips road. Continued to July, 1910 term.

Viewers' report on the J. T. Forest et al road. Report read second time and approved. Road declared a public highway and clerk to notify road supervisor to open said road and request that petitioners donate one day's work in opening same.

Viewers' report on the Allen Willcox road read second time and approved. Road declared a public highway and clerk to notify road supervisor to open said road and request that petitioners donate one day's work opening same.

Viewers' report on the J. W. Brown et al road read second time and approved. Road declared a public highway and clerk to notify road supervisor to open said road and request petitioners to donate one day's work each opening same.

The viewers' report on the Albert Harper et al road read second time and approved. Road declared a public highway and clerk to notify road supervisor to open said road and to request petitioners to donate one day's work each opening same.

Viewers' report on H. M. Smith et al road read a second time and approved. Road declared a public highway and clerk to notify supervisor to open said road and to request petitioners to donate one day's work each opening same.

Viewers' report on the F. T. Redmond et al road read a second time and approved. Road declared a public highway and clerk to notify road supervisor to open said road and to request petitioners to donate one day's labor each opening same.

Viewers' report on the W. R. Davidson et al road read a second time and approved. Road declared a public highway

Continued on page 7.

Ordinance No. 173.

An ordinance to regulate the speed of automobiles and motor cycles within the city limits and for lighting of lamps on same.

Section 1. Every person running an automobile or motor cycle within the city of Prineville at a greater speed than 8 miles per mile shall be guilty of violating this ordinance, and upon conviction before the Recorder's Court shall be fined not less than ten dollars ($10) and not more than fifty dollars ($50), and in default of payment of such fine and the cost of prosecution such persons shall, by order of said court, be confined in the city jail, one day for each two dollars of such fine.

Section 2. No person shall run an automobile or motor cycle within the city of Prineville after dark without having the front and rear lamps lighted. And any person running an automobile or motor cycle without lamp or lamps lighted, shall be guilty of a violation of this ordinance and upon conviction before the Recorder's Court, shall be fined not less than five dollars ($5) or more than ten dollars ($10), and in default of payment of such fine and cost of prosecution such person shall, by order of the said court, be confined in the city jail, one day for each two dollars of such fine.

Section 3. Any physician called in an emergency case or where the life of a person is at stake, shall not be guilty of a violation of this ordinance.

Section 4. Any person running an automobile or motor cycle within the city limits shall, upon approaching to make the turn of corners, sound an alarm, and any person failing to give the alarm shall be guilty of a violation of this ordinance, and upon conviction before the Recorder's Court shall be fined not less than five dollars or more than ten dollars, and in default of payment of such fine and costs of prosecution, such person shall by order of the said court be confined in the city jail, one day for each two dollars of such fine.

Section 5. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed. Inasmuch as the city of Prineville, Oregon, has no effective ordinance to provide for the regulating of speed of automobiles and motor cycles and inasmuch as it is necessary for the peace and safety of the citizens of the said city that such an ordinance should exist, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, and this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage by the council.

Passed the council the 3d day of May, 1910.

Attest:—Approved by mayor.

Sawmill for Sale.

On Deschutes capacity 15,000 feet; custom supply of timber can be bought with or without. Rough lumber worth $10 delivered on railroad right of way; good local market. Price for plant, $500. Address R. E. Jones, Howard, Oregon.

NEW FORM OF MOTOR.

Designed to Utilize Wave Power Alternately With Gravity.

A recent patent describes a new form of wave motor in which the power of the waves of the sea or ocean is utilized alternately with the power of gravity to operate an air compressor. The compressed air is stored in a reservoir and may be piped to any point desired, so that the energy of the waves may be utilized at a considerable distance from the ocean.

The apparatus comprises a platform built out over the water. A pulley, A, is attached to the underside of the platform, and a rope which passes over this pulley is fastened at one end to a large caisson or float, B, while the other end carries a counterweight, C. The float rises and falls under action of the waves, and the weight keeps the rope taut. The pulley is thus rotated back and forth by the action of the rope thereon. The pulley shaft is geared to a crank shaft, which operates the two pistons of the compressor. The two cylinders D of the compressor are provided with valve controlled outlet passages, which communicate with a common pipe, E, connected to the reservoir F. The weight and float are so proportioned that a lowering of the water level causes a lowering of the

WAVE AND GRAVITY MOTOR.

float and a raising of the weight, while when the water level rises the weight is sufficiently heavy to cause a positive rotation in the reverse direction of the pulley shaft. Thus the weight rotates the shaft in one direction by gravity, and the float rotates the shaft in the opposite direction when the waves recede.

To simplify the construction the cylinders D are left open at one end, and no inlet valve is provided other than the piston washer. A very simple form of outlet valve is used, consisting of a conical plug, which is lifted by the compression of the air in the cylinders, but is prevented from rising too far by a hooked stem, which engages the lower end of the valve. A patent on this wave and gravity motor has been secured by Allen T. Ransom, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Interesting Discovery in Pompeii.

A discovery of great interest was made not very long ago at Pompeii, where the excavation work is being steadily carried on. Under the ash deposits there was found an extensive villa of handsome construction and ornamented with very fine frescoes. The villa contains statues and other works of sculpture, both Greek and Roman, besides very rich furniture, which is well ornamented, and also many vases of different kinds. There were also found coffers filled with gold and silver money. In the basement are great amphorae, which were used for storage purposes, and in the triclinium the tables were prepared for a banquet for thirty persons. An abundance of silverware is one of the features of the discovery, and it is said to be equal in weight and artistic character to the silverware discovered in the villa of Boscereale and now possessed by the Louvre. Some of the silver pieces seem to have been taken out at a previous epoch, for there are traces of clandestine search, which was made at a former date.—Scientific American.

X Ray For Leprosy.

Dr. Victor G. Heiser, director of health of the Philippines, has made a report to the bureau of insular affairs stating that the X ray has been used successfully as a cure for leprosy in its early stages. The ray was used for the first time on leprosy at the San Lazaro hospital in Manila.

Dr. Heiser states that the ray cannot be considered a routine treatment, but is suitable for specially selected cases only. It is apparently valuable only in the early stages of the disease. He estimates the total number of lepers in the Philippines at 2,846 against between 3,500 and 4,000 at the beginning of American occupation.

Tree Planting in Massachusetts.

Every one who admires the stately trees of the old New England towns—and who does not?—will be gratified to know that tree planting is being carried on systematically on the Massachusetts roads. The report of E. W. Breed, forester of the state highway commission, shows that during the year ended Nov. 30, 1908, 1,184 new trees were planted and 744 old trees were replaced. During the preceding five years 15,113 trees had been distributed among fifty-five towns. The cost in 1908 of new trees averaged $1.29 each, and the average cost of maintenance was 20 cents per tree.

The Earth's Light.

The light intensity of the moonless night sky is estimated by L. J. Lewinson at 0.001 of a candle foot, of moonlight 0.014 of a candle foot and of daylight, between 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., from 2,000 to 5,000 candle feet. Some clouds increase, others greatly decrease, the intensity of light.

HALLEY'S COMET COMING.

Stellar Wanderer Will Be Visible Early In the Winter.

The biggest free show that this generation will have soon will soon be given. Its arena will be high up in the sky, where everybody may see it, and there will be no need of crowding. Professor Garrett P. Serviss, noted as a writer on popular astronomy, tells all about it in Hampton's Magazine. It will be a one star show, the return of Halley's comet. The last time it was seen by the people on earth was in 1835, and it is now in the last stages of a journey of 4,500,000,000,000 miles, which had to be made to play this return date.

Again, notwithstanding the advance of science, fear will mingle with wonder at its apparition. A thrill of apprehension will be felt by millions who see its fiery head plowing through the stars and its sword shaped tail brandished over the earth, as if monitory of unknown and unavoidable evil.

Astronomers have calculated that Halley's comet must have crossed inside the orbital distance of Jupiter from the sun about the 1st of last January. In the middle of January its distance from the earth was estimated at 440,000,000 miles. During the late fall it is expected to become visible to the naked eye after having for months before been photographed and studied with telescopes. It will slowly brighten during next winter, being visible from nearly all parts of the earth. Gradually approaching the sun, it will make its perihelion passage at a distance of about 66,000,000 miles from the solar globe on the 13th of next April. Its greatest brightness is expected to occur after the perihelion passage, when it will draw nearer the earth and be visible in both the evening and morning sky. But at that time it will be south of the celestial equator and consequently better seen from the southern hemisphere. About May 18 the comet will be only 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 miles from the earth, although for more than a month it will have been retreating from the sun.

Just what its appearance will be no one can predict. It is the Proteus of space. It may blaze with amazing splendor, as it did when trembling Europe saw it in an avatar of the conquering sword of the prophet of Mecca, or it may be relatively insignificant, but in any event it will fix the attention of mankind and for astronomers will be the most interesting phenomenon seen in the sky for many decades.

CLEANING SCHOOLBOOKS.

Ingenious Disinfecting Device Removes Disease Germs.

The fact that sanitary experts and physicians prove that many diseases are spread by germs conveyed from hand to hand in schoolbooks has led to this remarkable and ingenious disinfecting and cleaning plant in France, says Popular Mechanics. It consists of a machine which sucks all the dust from the leaves and bathes them in a disinfectant and a great drier in which they are subjected to hot air.

A strong current of air is driven through the dust removing machine, and this separates the leaves of the

REMOVES THE DUST.

books and sucks the dust from them. It also passes them through the long, funnel-like device in which they are given the disinfectant bath. After this treatment the books are placed on racks in the drier and left there until the hot air effectually accomplishes its work.

It would seem that such treatment would ruin a book, but a volume comes out of it, as far as binding, shape and legibility are concerned, in as good condition as it went in and minus the death dealing germs.

Automatic Field Gun.

The McClean-Lissak automatic gun, which has been sent to Canada by the British government, is a remarkable weapon. It is mounted on an automobile truck, and with a supply of ammunition and a crew of ten men it will travel at a rate of twenty-five miles an hour and is at all times ready to wheel into position and fire. It will hurl three pound shells a distance of three miles and a half at a rate of 200 per minute. This fusillade can be delivered after a stop in half the time it takes up to unlimber the ordinary artillery.

Polishing With Air Blast.

The sand blast as a polisher is now followed by the simple air blast. The erosive power, of course, is not so great, but when the articles to be cleaned or finished are placed in a basket in a rapidly driven centrifugal machine and hot air is blown from a pipe through the basket a high polish is imparted rapidly and efficiently. Tarnished nickel or silver and objects not requiring deep cutting are given a brilliant new surface.

Census of the Chinese.

Under the provisions of the program of administrative reform in preparation for constitutional government the ministry of the interior of the Chinese empire has issued regulations governing the taking of a census of all Chinese, both at home and abroad. There will be a census of families and also of individuals. The former is to be completed in 1920 and the latter not later than 1912.

Surroundings Are Everything.

A farmer may not keep his own fences and buildings in good repair, but he is quick to notice signs of dilapidation about a village. He would rather drive three miles further to a bright, tidy town than to do his trading where the surroundings remind him of neglect and bankruptcy. Merchants should understand this feeling and cater to it. A store made bright and cheerful by paint on the outside and a tasty arrangement of goods in the show windows will capture many a dollar that might go elsewhere. We like to deal with successful men, and we judge of a man's success by his surroundings. Plenty of soap and paint should be used if you would boom.

Why Some Towns Do Not Grow.

An insurance company has found that many towns and villages in a southern state are paying double rates for insurance because they are without adequate equipment for fighting fire. The extra cost in almost every instance would purchase the needed outfit and far more. It is no wonder that some towns stand still and its merchants fall asleep on their counters.

Patients Received.

Persons needing hospital accommodations can find them at my home. I am prepared to care for patients, or patients may employ their own nurses. Maternity cases may expect special attention.

1-25 MRS. P. B. POINDEXTER.

They are Here

The New MITCHELL and REO Cars

Call and see them before buying elsewhere, as we can come nearer giving you your moneys worth than any other agency. Both machines run as smooth as silk and the way they eat these hills is a caution.

Hodson & Smith

PRINEVILLE, OR.

Spring

Millinery

On Display

Going Like Hot Cakes

Showing all the latest ideas in SPRING HATS

Mrs. Estes

Corner 2d and Main Streets

PRINEVILLE, OR.

La Vogue

Spring Styles

Attractive Styles

¶ Sring Styles are unusually attractive. The length of suit coats is just right—imparting a pleasing style to every figure.

¶ The long roll collar fally gracefully to a low button.

¶ The back is comfortably fitted.

¶ Pleated skirts predominate and are most effective in appearance.

Utility Coats

¶ The Utility coat is filling a field of great usefullness, as a traveling coat, as an evening wrap.

¶ Made of Pongee or Tussah silk, daintly trimmed.

¶ Made of heavier soft wool materials, they are warm comfortable and stylish.

¶ Short Jackets in soft mixtures and coverts are much worn as usual every season.

Clifton & Cornett

PRINEVILLE, OREGON

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Grand Ball

at

Prineville Commercial Club Hall

on

Friday Evening, May 13th

Dance all Night

Everybody Welcome

Prineville Commercial Club