

So does France So does Germany

The sale of alum foods has been made illegal in Washington and the District of Columbia, and alum baking powders are everywhere recognized as

To protect yourself against alum, when ordering baking powder,

Say plainly-

and be very sure you get Royal. Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. It adds to the digestibility and wholesomeness of the food.

Redmond Items

Redmond, Ore., May 11, '06. Mrs. Irvin has left to join Don not sick there.

returned to their former home to over three weeks. look after business matters.

has work and where he hopes his a body. wife's health will be more im- A meat market has been opened proved.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin McCaf- in charge. fery are contemplating a change in where where they can get work at tended. their profession of nursing.

The above items made it look for a time as though it was a case of "Nothing but Leaves," but the tide witness the following locals:

Mrs. Hunsen's brother footed it

Two more families of Speno have come in to join their father pose of dedicating the buildingand brothers here.

and brought in his mother who is west of town.

here from Hoosier State visiting.

from Portland and live with us gon. Word recently states that J. E. with Mrs. McLallin.

Lamb and son, DeWitt, with his family and a neighbor Hopkins and family all of Rock county, Pilot Butte canal just below town. Nebraska, are on their way and expect to be in Shaniko Tuesday night. They have a car with for county judge is our old neigh meet them. With a new wagon or ed initials. two bought in Shaniko they will Ben McCaffery has made ar-

clean the car load up at one trip. We shall be glad to have J. E. with us again.

We are immensely pleased to rein Pueblo, Colorado. Don writes port our better half as much imthat it seems just as though he is proved in health. Saturday he sat up and took dinner with the Our family of the Oakes have family after being on her back for

One week ago the attendance at H. C. Bauer and family went Sunday School was 71. Doing out with Mr. Muma on his last pretty well nicht wahr? Next trip, going, we understand, to a Sunday the school expects to at-Portland suburb where Mr. Bauer tend the convention at Laidlaw in

at the old stand with H. D. Spencer

The young folks' Sunday evenlocation. They want to get some- ing meetings are being well at-

Quite a number of our citizens attended court at Prineville last week, some voluntarily and others perforce. C. R. McLallin and F. has changed from ebb to flow, as W. McCaffery stayed over to as-

There will be an educational in from Shaniko and will work for rally and school entertainment at I. O. this summer. the new school house on Saturday going people buy a home of their own night the 3rd instant for the pur-

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart will soon J. L. Gibson went to Shaniko be at home on the Johnson place

A. E. Anderson says he has sold The indications are that Mr. his place down the canal to Nel-Gates and family will soon return son Wieburg of La Grande, Ore-

Mrs. L. L. Welch is visiting

Water was turned off Sunday to gottable value. allow a check to be put in the

And so the Democratic nominee to Shaniko with four wagons to co Wright with the same transpes-

rangements with Mr. Miller to andle the lumber, and may make NOW THE is home elsewhere.

When W. B. Llamb heard that some more of his folks were coming he rented the I. Ward Harader forty and that, with his own and father's places to water and get ready for crops, has given him whas outd be saving every vestige of more to do than a cranberry mer- folder and gratis, will hang on to the chant in July. E. C. PARK.

SUGGESTIONS FOR DAIRYMEN. In a pamphlet recently issued by the dairy division of the department of agriculture at Washington, entitled Twenty Dairy Suggestions, With Special Reference to Sanitation," the fol owing directions are given relative to the proper care of the dairy hard. They are much to the polut and should I posted up in every row stable in the land; (1) Have the herd examined at least twice a year by a skilled veterinarian, promptly removing any animals suspected of being in bad boulth. Never add an animal to the herd upless certain it is free from disease, particularly tuberculosis. (2) Never allow cow to be excited by fast driving. abuse, loud talking or unnecessary disturbance. Do not expose her to cold or storms more than necessary. 30 Clean the entire body of the cow daily, while hair in the region of the udder should be kept short by elipping. (4) Do not allow any strong flavored food like garlie, cabbage or turnles to be ente-Changes in food should be made grad unity. (5) Provide pure fresh water is abundance, easy of access, but not to cold. Under the head of militing and hamlling of the milk the following surgestions are made: To Use no dry (2) The milker should wash his hands before milking and also see that the udder of the cow and surroundlu parts are wiped with a clean damp cloth before he begins operations. (3) in milking he should be quiet, mileky, elean and thorough, commencing his milking at the same hour every morning and evening and milking the cows In the same order. (4) The milk should be carried to the milk room as fast a t accumulates and strained through cotton cloth and cooled at once to 50 degrees F. Warm milk should never

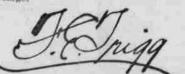
e mixed with that which has already

The above query is one that often onfronts young people as they start house repling on their own account and they are often perplexed to know which is the wiser and more econom leal course to pursue. While circum of larger ciries may make the wan of ile. It seems to be the consensus pinion that under average condition these who buy are at the end of a term of years financially ahead of what ey would have been had they rented property of an equal value. Added to he fact that in a period of twelve cars one would pay out in rent coniderably more than the place cented could be bought for at the beginning of the period is the satisfaction of having a home of one's own, a considto go in debt for it there is constantly present an incentive to be economical and careful in one's expend-Thus the putting of money Into a home results in much the same conditions that prevail when one is calves as is an improved stall in makmoney into other forms of investment. Payments must be made at stated intervals, and economy is accordingly practiced that these may be met. Where one cents a portion of the salary is devoted to this purpose, but the process goes on year after year with nothing to show for the money one has paid during the interval but a bunch of receipts for rent which have no ne-

A TROUBLESOME MICROBE.

While tobacco growers the country over are pestered with insect enemies that work more or less damage to their crops, the worst parasite which some which Mr. Hopkins comes. W. B. bor Wright from the west end of of the growers in portlons of Kentucky Lamb and M. E. Landes have gone Cline Falls bridge instead of Ocho- have to put up with is a two legged microbe that wears a mask, carries a revolver and makes a practice of setting the grower's tobacco storehouse afire and perhaps killing the owner. So destructive have the attacks of these Night Riders been during the past year that many of the independent tobacco growers of the state referred to have had to vacate their plantations and move to other states. The motive for these vicious attacks on the independents seems to be traceable to their unwillingness to have the price at which they shall sell their product dictated by the Tobacco Growers' association, through which as a result of a mutual agreement the members have been able to raise the price of tobacco from 9 to 18 cents a cound. The independents, not liking division as to the management of their business and many of them having insufficient means to enable them to hold their product for a considerable period of time, have sold or offered to sell at lower prices than those set by the association, with the results as stated

A POOR SWAP. country lad is making a very questionable shift who swaps the independence and associations of country life for the city job, with its meager supply of senshine and fresh air, rattling drays, roaring street cars, rush and hurry, dependence and treadmill existence Coupled with these drawbacks are temptations and pitfalls of which the country bred boy is almost entirely free. In a majority of cases where the move is made a country birthright is swapped for a worthless mess of urban



Of Fleeting Memory and Creatures of Opportunity.

Concerning the comfortable quarters that are so necessary for the wee lambs Joseph E. Wing has advised as follows in his book on sheep farming In America: There must be provided a small room or pen in which the lambs can go and

the ewes cannot. This place must be of very convenient access, so that it is really easier for the lamb to go in than to remain outside. This is because lambs have fleeting memories and are largely the creatures of opportunity. They will consume much more feed when it is right at their mouths than if they have to go even a few rods to seek it. This place, which we call a "creep," must be in a light part of the barn, and if the sun can shine in all

the better, for lambs are attracted by sunlight and greatly benefited by it. This creep need not be very large. If it is twelve feet square it will accommodate fifty lambs very nicely, as they will not all be in it at one time. It should be separated from the ewes' part of the barn by a fence of vertical slats spaced about seven inches apart. the slats with rounded edges. This will permit the lambs to pass in and restrain the ewes. After a time the lambs will need some wider openings, and then if small rollers are put up to permit them to squeeze between all

In the croop there must be som flat bottomed troughs in which to fued



grain and a hayrack for sifaifa hay or clover if it is the best at hand. The troughs must be low to permit young amis readily to reach them Ar ambs delight to get into troughs with their feet, the troughs must be covered. Let the end of the trough be dress a solld board extending up twelve 4-23-1m inches above the sides of the trough, polated at the end like the gable of a bouse roof, and put upon this two I MPORTED boards like an Inverted V.

CHEAP FEEDING.

A Practical Kansas Farmer Tells How He Does It.

At one of the meetings during the last "farmers' week" at the Kansas State Agricultural college Dr. J. T. Axtell made a talk of special interest in regard to different ways of feeding

half parts protein and forty parts car. the ranch at owner's risk by paying bohydrates, while curn ranges about pasture bill. Terms \$7, \$12 and \$15. one half that amount of protein and one-third that amount of carbohy-

You will see there, he says, that it requires considerably more corn to afford an animal the same amount of protein that he would get from a given quantity of aifalfa meni. Now, we mye found that an animal thorse or ows needs about two and one-half sunds of protein and twelve and onehalf pounds of eurbohydrates per day.

drates.

Alfalfa is wasted feeding as hay, and the ment is too rich as a single feed, so we mix pound for pound of alfalfa meal and ground corn, and in a twenty-five pound feed we have the required amount of both protein and

When we were feeding alfalfa as hav we found that the average amount eaten by each horse per day was from sixty to eighty pounds. They are now allowed fifteen pounds of alfalfa meal per day and are doing as well on the heavy hay feed.

For Cows and Swine. A cow giving a good flow of milk gets an average feed of about six or seven and one-half pounds of alfalfa meal and one-half to three-fourths gallons of ground corn, while our driving horses get a ration mixed with three pounds of alfalfa meal and two pounds of ground corn three times per day. with one feed a day of about five

pounds of prairie hay. Our ration for swine is mixed with a bit more of corn in the proportion than in the ration for horse or cow. I don't believe any of you have stock doing better than mine, and I know you are

Cattle Prices. The average on pure bred cattle sales for 1907 is the highest since 1903, according to the Breeder's Gazette re-

pensive equipment, but lack of clean 88 Shorthorn sales averaged...

> Willow Creek Lumber-the best in the county-for sale by A. H. Lippman & Co.

Complete and up-to-date stock of Get your fishing tackle of J. E. at W. Frank Petett's.

Stewart & Co.

Oregon Forest Service Notes

The Forest Service has just anounced the following appoint-

Thomas Jacobs, Chas. F. John on and John J. McCroy have been appointed forest guards on the Imnaha National Forest.

L. Hillis have been appointed forest guards on the Siskiyou National Forest.

L E. Tipton and F. W. Watson have been appointed forest guards on the Blue Mountains (E) Naional Forest

Mountains (W) National Forest. and Bert Howard have been ap pointed forest guards on the Blue Mountains (Malheur) National

In the case of Lavina Jones guardian of John E. Jones, an in sane person vs. John Atkinson, in which a suit was brought for dam ages and costs that were incurred in a contest case against Jon - at Bend some time ago, Judge Bradshaw rendered a decision on Monday that there was no manner specified in the civil courts for damages incurred in a case of this kind, as it is the privilege of any citizen to bring a contest case on a homestead or timber filing if he sees fit and there is no manner specified in the civil laws for the allowance of damages.

This was a test case brought to

Horses and Cattle for Sale.

100 head of cattle and 10 work horses for sale. For further particulars address John Davin,

Black Percheron STALLION

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878 Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office
The Dalles, Oregon, March 2ird, 1908,
Notice is hereby given that
Clarence A. Housel,
of Prineville, county of Crook, State of Oregon, has applied to purchase, under the act
of Congress of June 3, 1878, as extended by act
of August 4, 1862, the Ets NE's, NW's NE's,
section 18 and 8W's NW's of section 17, Town13 south, range 16 cast, W. M. and will offer
proof to show that the land sought is more
valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim
to said land before the county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 6th day of June, 1808.
He names as his witnesses: Robert G.
Smith, Wade H. Huston, W. H. Loftin and
William H. McCoy, all of Prineville Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the
above-described lands are requested to file
their claims in this office on or before said 9th
day of June, 1908.

C. W. MOORE,

1-2

proper vouchers, to the undersighed at the office of M. R. Elliott in Princellie, Ore-gon, within six months from the first publi-sation of this notice. Dated this 19th day of March, 1908.

Administrator of the estate of Mary E 3-19 Stewart, deceased.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior. United States Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, May 8th, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: John W. Shattuck, Paul Held, Thomas J. Fergueson and Frank Borsini, all of Crook, Oregon. C. W. MOORE, 5-14p

Notice for Publication-Isolated Tract. Public Land Sale.

April 16th, 1908. Notice is hereby given that, as direct ed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906, Public—No. 303, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., on the 27th day of May next, at this office, the following tract of land, to wit: Lots 2, 3, 4 and NE% SW% of Section 21, To 18 south range 20 cast.

Louis H. Auneson, Receiver

Timber Land, Act June 8, 1878. Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior.

United States Land Office.

The Dalles, Oregon, March 23rd, Box.

Notice is hereby given that

Frank R. Millioru,

of Prineville, county of crook, State of Oregon, has applied to purchase, under the act of Congress of lane R. 1872, as extended by act of August 1, 1892, the Saga NWa, El-SaWa, and SaWa SaWa see, 22, Tp. 16 south, range is east, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or atome than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 19th day of June, 1908.

He names as his witnesses Harvey D. Dunham, of Post, Oregon, Ryron Cady, R. E. Jones and Raiph Sharp, of Prineville, Oregon, Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to fits their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of June, 1908.

Online te Creditors

Notice te Creditors

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, the executrix of the last will and testament of Allen Hash, deceased, to the creditors of and all others having claims against said deceased to present the same, with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned at the office of M. R. Elliot in Prineville, Orogon, within six months from the first publication of this notice. Dated this 19th day of March, 1968.

Executrix of the last will of Allen Hs h, deceased.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878, Notice for Publication.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.
The Dalles, Oregon, March 23rd, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that.

Laura I. Housel.

of Princville, county of Crook, State of Oregon, has applied to purchase, under the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, as extended by ant of August 4, 1882, the Nis NE4, section 24. Tp. It south, range is east, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land cought is more valuable for its timber or stone than Pragricultural purposes, and to establish her dalm to said land before the county clerk, at Princevitte, Oregon, on the with day of June, 1908.

She names as her witnesses. Chester Starr, of Howard, Oregon; Sainuel Dingee, Fred A. Ries, and Lauretta J. Dingee, of Princville, Oregon.

Any and all persons clauming adversate the

regon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely bove-described lands are requested to heir claims in this office on or before said lay of June, 1908.
C. W. MOORE.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878. Notice for Publication.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
The Dalies, Oregon, March 23rd, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that
Myron B. Hockenberry,
of Prineville, county of Crook, State of
Oregon, has applied to purchase, under the
act of Congress of June 3, 1878, as extended
by act of August 4, 1802, the N/s NE's,
SW's NE's, and NW's SE's section 14,
township it south, range is east, W. M.,
and will offer proof to show that the jand
sought is more valuable for its timber or
stone than for agricultural purposes, and
to establish his claim to said land before
the county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on
the 16th day of June, 1908.

He names as his witnesses: M. R. Elilott, George W. Luckey, Joseph J. Hard,
ing and Byron Cady, all of Prineville, Oregon.

Any and all persons plaining adventiges.

gon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to flie their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of June, 1908.

4-9

C. W. MOORE, Register.

State Selection,

Notice for Publication. United States Land Office,
The Dalles, Oregon, March 28, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the act of Congress of August 14, 1848, and the acts supplementary and amendatory thereto, the State of Oregon has this day filed in this office its application, No. 738, to select the SEM of the SWM of section 31, township 17 south, range 18 east, W. M.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described land, or desiring for any reason to object to the final allowance of the selection, should file their claims or objections in this office on or before the 23rd day of May, 1908.

Notice to Could March 28, 1908. United States Land Office.

Notice to Creditors. Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, the executor of the estate of Mary Ann Barnes, deceased, to the ereditors of and all others having claims against said deceased to present the same with the proper vouchers to the undersigned at the office of M. R. Elliott in Prineville, Oregon, within six months from the first publication of this notice.

Dated this 2nd day of April, 1908.

With D. Barnes.

Executor of the last will of Mary Ann Barnes, deceased.

Notice for Publication Department of the Interior, Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, May 2nd, 1908,

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon.

May 2nd, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that

Charles Miller,

of Prineville, Oregon, has filed notice of
his intention to make final five-year proof
in support of his claim, viz: Homestead
Entry No. 9343 made May 15, 1901, for the
E14 NE4 section 25, township 13 south,
range 15 cast, Lot 1, section 30 and Lot 4,
section 19, township 13 south, range 16
east, W. M. and that said proof will be
made before the county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on June 8th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to
prove his continuous residence upon, and
cultivation of the land viz: George Delano, William Arnold, Richard M. Powell,
Edward S. Jones, all of Prineville, Oregon.
5-7p C. W. MOORE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon.

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon,
April 29th, 1968.

Notice is hereby given that
Edmund M. Love
of Lamonta, Oregon, has filed notice of his
intention to make final five-year proof in
support of his claim, viz: Homestead
Entry No. 12414 made April 3, 1963, for the
NW1/4 SE14, N1/4 SW N and SW1/4 SW1/5
section 16, township 13 south, range 14
east, W. M., and that said proof will be
made before the county clerk at Prineville,
Oregon, on June 9th, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to
prove his continuous residence upon, and
cultivation of the land, viz: Joseph F.
Weigand, Charles Paxton, John C. Rush,
Walter Helfrich, all of Lamonta, Oregon.
5-7p C. W. MOORE, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,

Department of the Interior,

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon.
April 28th 1908.

Notice is hereby given that
Nevada LaFollette,
formerly Nevada Tetherow of Prineville,
Oregon, has filed notice of her intention to
make final five-year proof in support of
her claim, viz: Homestead entry No.
11816 made November 20, 1902, for the 8E14
NE14 Sec. 4, 814 NW14 and Lots 3 and 4,
Sec. 3, Township 14 south, range 16 east,
and that said proof will be made before
the county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on
June 9th, 1908.
She names the following witnesses to
prove her continuous residence upon, and
cultivation of the land, viz: E. A. Poe
LaFollette, John O. Powell, Pearl Johnson, Mrs. Sarah Potter, all of Prineville,
Oregon.
C. W. MOORE,
5-7p
Register.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the under-signed has filed his final account as ad-ministrator of the estate of Elizabeth Prine, deceased, with the county clerk of crook county, Oregon, and the county court of crook county has set Monday, the 1st day of June, 1908, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon as the time for hearing said final account, and all objections that may be made thereto. Dated this 16th day of April, 1908.

ARTHUR HODGES,
Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Prine, deceased.

Your Kitchen

Put This Stove in

It is wonderfully convenient to do kitchen work on a stove that's ready at the instant wanted, and out of the way the moment you're done. Such a stove is the New Perfection Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove. By using it you avoid the continuous overpowering heat of a coal fire and cook with comfort, even in dog-

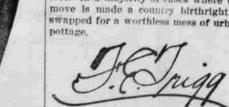


NEW PERFECTION Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

is so constructed that it cannot add perceptibly to the heat of a room; the flame being directed up a retaining chimney to the stove top where it is needed for cooking. You can see that a stove sending out heat in but one direction would be preferable on a hot day to a stove radiating heat in all directions. The New Perfection" keeps a kitchen uniformly comfortable. Three sizes, fully warranted.



STANDARD OIL COMPANY



year can't afford to be without stancarrying life insurance or putting lug the dairy cow comfortable.

Unless the business spening which ne can get is decidedly superior that and healthful physical toil, though at times strenuous and monotonous, and the many pleasant accompaniments

BABY CALVES.

It beats the world how small farmera, men who would engage in the more e onomical use of their land and old notion that the supreme service of a goal cow is to rour a calf or two for he fact lot and in the end.sacrifice her only on the butcher's block. This

beef idea is en extravagant idea. There are many farmers who would not object to much to milking cows and patronising a creamery if they felt assured the could raise a calf with credit to the aselves and their other

farming operations. It is post life to rear a calf on the



ARISTOCRATIC BEAUTY.

erly combined with grains, which calf at the end of twelve months will be worth as much money to the farmer either for placing in his feed lot or in selling to some feeder as the calf that has been reared at its mother's side. I would have on every farm a herd

of eight or ten cows, which cows can be handled with very great profit to the farmer and will add very largely to a system of maintaining soil fertility together with a sensible use of the land in the growing of crops. Now, the farmer cannot afford at the present time to sacrifice his chances

for a good calf, and he need not do so. Even though the farmer is procuring excellent prices for his butter fat he can't afford to mistreat or stunt the calf during the first two or three weeks of its life. I would, therefore, be as liberal as need be in feeding a young calf whole milk during this period. At the end of the third week of the hand raised calf's existence he should be on a ration composed wholly of

and wisely fed until this date the calf will be all this and even more-hungry, playful and lusty. Aside from the corn and the milk ration, see that the calf gets plenty of hay. It must have roughage to aid di-

skimmilk, eating some corn chop and

nibbling hay. The calf should be thrif-

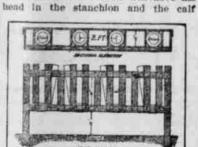
ty, the eye bright, the coat glossy and

smooth and the calf active. If properly

gestion and distend the stomach. The potbellied, cat hammed, stunted and miserable calf creatures to be seen on many farms, not so frequently now as formerly, are the result of improper judgment used in feeding the baby calf. The calf so described is a disgrace to the owner, and he should feel ashamed of laving produced the like. Time on the farm is money just the The farmer who is rearing a half dozen caives per

chlons, (See cut from Kansas Farmer.) Stanchions are as necessary in feeding If calves are fed in an open pen in ummer time I would build a stanchion in the lot. I would also have a set built in the calf barn. Stanchions are not so expensive but that the farmer

can afford two sets. At mealtime each calf will have his



CALF STANCHIONS. waiting to be fastened. The feeder closes the stanchion and the calf is se-

cure.

in feeding calves.

nethods.

of the feeder. If the calf is a slow eater it is not molested by the greedy calf next to him. Stanchions on the dairy farm will expedite greatly and overcome many of the obstacles and disagreeable things-

cording to his requirements and desires

The feed is given the calf ne-

Creameries and Factories. There are now in Minnesota 825 reameries and seventy-six cheese facories in actual operation, nearly all of hem being operated and owned by the

farmers, using the same system of bookkeeping that is given in the short course in the dairy school, and every reamery in the state is using the Bab ock milk test and is making first class outter. President Northrup of Minneota University. Good Methods. "The idea that great outlay for equipnent is necessary to produce clean milk is errongouse. Milk of the best

quality may be produced in an ordi-

nary barn if the proper care be taken.

The trouble has not been lack of ex-

This brief statement by

milk problem immensely. The cheapest place to buy furniture and building material is at

A. H. Lippman & Co.'s.

Illinois dairy authorities simplifies the

Imported inlaid linoleum \$1.35 per square yard at A. H. Lippman & Company's,

Stewart & Co. Get our prices before buying furniture or building material. A. H. this Spring, get our prices. J. E. Lippman & Co.

YOUNG LAMBS.

ments on Oregon National Forests;

E. N. Young, W. J. Jones and O.

James C. Gilchrist has been apsointed a forest guard on the Blue Thos. M. Ray, F. Chas. Mack

Could Not Get Damages

determine if there is any manner in which persons who make a practice of filing contests can be made to pay for actual damages incurred or any part of the costs.

COL Will make the season at T. J. Fergu-

T. J. Ferguson, Prop.

Notice to Creditors Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, the administrator of the estate of Mary E. Stewart, deceased, to the creditors of and to all others having claims against said deceased to present the same with the

not feeding as cheaply as I am.

Cement Milk Tank.

A cement milk tank is the latest use to which cement has been put. It can be built in one corner of the cellar or milk house, where the water will remain cool much longer than in the old fashloned wood tank and it will be impossible for germs to hide in the pores.

Farmers' Institute Bulletin.

May 8th, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that

John Schmeer,

of Crook, Oregon, who on February
19th, 1903, made Homestead Entry, No.
12133, for SW4 SW4 SW4 Sec. 34, Tp. 19 S.,
R. 19 E., Lot 4 and SW4, NW4 Sec. 3
and SE4, NE4 of Sec. 4, Tp. 20 S., R.
19 E., W. M., has flied notice of intention to make final five-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the county clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on the 15th day of June, 1908.

The Dalles, Oregon, Land Office,

jewelry, clocks, fishing tackle, etc., Section 31, Tp. 18 south, range 20 east, W. M. Any persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before

the day above designated for sale. C. W. Moone, Register.