

Crook County Journal

VOL. XI

PRINEVILLE, CROOK COUNTY, OREGON, DECEMBER 5, 1907.

NO. 51

C.W. ELKINS' STORE

Our Closing - Out Prices are worth looking at. Every quotation made means a direct saving to you.



Men's Furnishings

Heavy Wool Fricze Storm Coats, waterproof, \$6 value, at \$4.95
 Heavy Wool Underwear, extra value at \$1.10 per garment
 Sox, regular 50c value Now 40c
 Boys' and Girls' School Caps 25c to \$1.25
 Children's Wool Gloves and Mittens 12c to 27c a pair
 Ladies' Heavy Wool Gloves 20c to 57c a pair
 Ladies' Regular \$3.50 Sweater Waist Now \$2.10
 Misses' Regular \$2 Sweater Jacket Now \$1.35

Silks and Dress Goods

Every piece of Silk at a sharp discount including beautiful fancy effects for Waists, Heavy Colored Taffetas and soft long-weaving dress silks. Black Taffetas in special weaves and widths for skirts and petticoats.

Dress Goods—Splendid values at 27c, 29c, and 34c per yard in double fold woolen mixtures.

GROCERIES

"Half-Peck" Parlor Matches 4 pkgs for 50c
 Maillards Ground Chocolate 29c per pound
 2-lb can of Asparagus 30c
 Our Special Roast Coffee regular 25c blend at 20c
 These represent a few of our prices. If you would buy right, buy of us

For Christmas Shoppers

Our line of Holiday Dishes and fancy Crockery including several patterns of Genuine Haviland will be sold at about one-half regular price.

SACRIFICE IN MILLINERY

Will Commence Saturday, December 7

A sacrifice sale in millinery goods will commence on Saturday, December 7. Everything goes regardless of value. Here are some sample cuts in price:

Some Sample Bargains

Children's Hats knocked down to 50 cents and \$1.00
 Baby Hoods worth \$1 Now 35c
 " " " 75c Now 25c
 Maline worth 40c Now 20c

Ribbons of all Kinds at Half Cost.

T. F. McCallister

M. E. CHURCH DEDICATED

No Trouble in Raising the Funds.

LARGE ATTENDANCE

Building Caught Fire During the Dedication Services—No Damage Done.

The dedication of the new Methodist church last Sunday, is an event which will be long remembered in Prineville, not only for the successful issue but for a disaster so narrowly averted. Not only was there great success in the completion and dedication of the building as well as success in raising the \$1500 yet needed to liquidate all indebtedness, but that success was snatched out of the very jaws of defeat by another attack of the fire fiend whose work more than a year ago made a new building a necessity.

The best of weather prevailed for the day of dedication and by 10:30 in the morning the church was well filled, every available seat in the auditorium being taken and the late comers filled the assembly room.

A good musical program was rendered by the choir, assisted by Miss Nelms of the Presbyterian church, and Mrs. Caibreath and Miss Hobbs of the Baptist church. Rev. J. T. Moore and Dr. H. C. Dunsmore of the local churches together with Rev. Walton Skipworth, Rev. W. P. Jinnett, Rev. J. K. Craig of Madras, and the Rev. Mr. Eads and the pastor of the church, Rev. C. A. Housel, occupied seats on the platform and in various ways took part in the services.

Presiding Elder Skipworth preached an able sermon from John 3:16, after which he made a financial statement showing that \$1500 would be required to pay off the remaining indebtedness. He asked for subscriptions to cover this amount. In half an hour \$1100 had been subscribed and the services were dismissed until evening.

In the evening, an Epworth League rally was held at 8:30 in the assembly room, in which every possible space was occupied by the people who listened to an address in "Self-Mastery" by Rev. W. P. Jinnett.

At 7:30 the general service began with 250 seats occupied. But a few minutes later while Mr. Skipworth was reading the scripture, smoke began to come through the floor of the assembly room and a stampede was made for the doors. Excepting that one woman fainted and others were badly frightened no harm was done by the rush. An alarm was turned in and the department responded; but the fire had been subdued by several buckets of water. The joists above the furnace had caught and were blazing.

Considerable excitement prevailed but only a little time had been consumed by the interruption when Mr. Housel called the people inside and those who were already in to be seated. A hymn was sung and the services resumed. Mr. Skipworth again preached after which he asked for subscriptions to cover the remaining \$400. Rapid response was made and the amount was soon provided for, after which the church was dedicated, the presiding elder leading in the service, the other ministers joining in the responses, while the trustees presented the building. Altogether, the day was a remarkable success and an happy occasion.

Mr. Housel announced that the furnace would immediately be remodeled and so arranged as to eliminate any possibilities of any further such mishaps.

Historical Sketch of M. E. Church

BY W. P. JINNETT

When, and by whom, what is now Crook County was first invaded by the Methodist itinerant is not known to the writer of this sketch. He has not been able to locate the person who knows and the records do not contain the information.

The first Methodist "class" was organized in the year 1870, on Mill Creek, by Rev. Robert Booth, father of Hon. W. A. Booth. No records remain of that beginning and we do not know who were among that number thus organized. The first appointment duly made in conference was in 1875 when H. B. Lane was appointed preacher in charge of Ochoco circuit in Wasco county.

The first quarterly conference, of which there is authentic record, was held in Prineville June 25, 1881. Those present at that meeting, besides the presiding elder, G. C. Roe and J. C. Teator the pastor, were J. C. Combs, Jane Combs, O. M. Pringle, C. S. Pringle, Sarah Ketchum, E. F. Wilson and K. V. Miller.

In the autumn of 1882 Rev. N. M. Skipworth, father of presiding elder Walton Skipworth, was appointed to Prineville circuit and during his ministry the first building was erected, namely, a parsonage built in 1883 on lots in New som's addition, the property now owned by J. W. Collins.

The first church edifice was erected in 1888-89 during the pastorate of Frank R. Spaulding.



The New M. E. Church, Prineville, Oregon

For that early period, this building costing about \$2000 was a very creditable one and continued to be used until it was destroyed in October of last year.

Under the labors of Rev. H. C. Clark, pastor 1901 to 1904, a new parsonage, modern, and commodious, was built on lots adjacent to the church and the old parsonage sold, and two years later a basement was added to the church and other improvements made to the value of a little more than \$1000. These improvements were scarcely completed when the fire occurred Oct. 2, 1906, and consumed the church. The building so joyously dedicated last Sunday, Dec. 1st, which with the parsonage and ground, represent an investment of about \$8000, concludes the story of the material and growth of Methodism in Prineville.

The present membership of the church numbers 75 and as the children of this church two separate organizations now exist in Crook county, one at Madras and one at Bend.

The list of those who have served this church as pastor is not complete but among them are the following in the order named: H. B. Lane, J. C. Teator, N. M. Skipworth, G. W. Strong, Ira Wakefield, F. R. Spaulding, Wm. De-weese, T. G. Hodgson, Ed Baker, C. D. Nickelsen, W. C. Smith, Henry Moys, Wm. Haskins, H. N. Gowan, H. C. Clark, W. P. Jinnett, and the present incumbent Clarence A. Housel.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Finally Adopted by State Land Board.

NOW SATISFACTORY

Rules and Regulations Published in Full for the Guidance of Settlers.

In order that those desiring to settle upon and cultivate lands reclaimed under the provisions of the Carey Act may be advised as to the method of procedure required by the Board, and that those desiring to contract with the state for the selection and reclamation of additional areas may be advised as to the general provisions required by the Board in such contracts, these rules and regulations have been adopted by the State Land Board, based upon our interpretation of the Federal and State laws and rulings of the U. S. Department of the Interior.

Under section 3284 of Bellinger and Cotton's Code, which is section 2 of the state law accepting the provisions of the Carey Act, the State Land Board is hereby authorized to make and enter into such contracts and agreements, and to

Board, and without such endorsement to be void. One copy of each to be retained by the Board, the remaining copies returned to the company, who shall deliver one copy to the applicant. No land will be considered entered until the settler's application has been received and approved by the board and the entry noted on the records of the State Land Board at Salem.

LOCATION

Rule 4. All filings or entries of land shall be made according to legal subdivisions; and the legal subdivisions constituting a filing under a Carey Act project shall be contiguous; but nothing shall prevent an entryman from filing upon land under the provisions of this act under two or more Carey Act projects in the state, the total amount so filed upon being limited, however, to one hundred and sixty acres.

AREA—QUALIFICATION FOR ENTRY

Rule 5. Deeds will not be issued to any one person for more than one hundred and sixty acres, and then only to one "who is a citizen of the United States or has declared his intention to become such, and who has made actual settlement on said land, as required by the act granting such lands to the state."

LAW ON SETTLEMENT

Rule 6. The federal law and contract with the state binds the state to dispose of lands patented to it under the provisions of this act to "actual settlers," who will cause the same to be "irrigated, and reclaimed, as thoroughly as is required of citizens who may enter under the said Desert Land Law," and the contract between the state and the government provides that the "state shall not lease any of said lands, or use or dispose of the same in any way whatever, except to secure their reclamation, cultivation and settlement."

RESIDENCE

Rule 7. Actual settler is defined to mean "a person in the actual occupancy of the land, with the intention of making the same his residence and using the land as his home."

SETTLEMENT

Rule 8. Within three years from the date of the settler's application for entry of land applied for, and maintain such residence in accordance with the rules of the Board until he has made proof of reclamation, cultivation and settlement.

Actual residence on the land for at least three consecutive months will be required in the making of proof as to settlement.

CULTIVATION—PROOF

Rule 9. Within three years from the date of such settler's application, not less than one-eighth of the irrigable land applied for shall be actually cultivated and irrigated, and the settler shall appear before the clerk of the Board, or any officer in the state authorized to administer oaths, and make proof of reclamation, cultivation and settlement, upon Form "A," supported by affidavit of two credible witnesses, Form "B," and file the same with the State Land Board at Salem, Oregon, on or before the expiration of such three-year period. Such proof may be made (after said one-eighth shall have been cultivated, and the three-months period of continuous residence) at any time prior to the expiration of such three-year period.

CERTIFICATE OF PROOF

Rule 10. Upon receipt and approval by the Board of satisfactory proof of reclamation, cultivation and settlement, the Board shall issue a certificate, Form C, showing that such proof has been made, and forward the same to the settler.

PRIOR ENTRIES

Rule 11. For valid entries made prior to the date of adoption of these rules, the time of "reclamation, cultivation and settlement" shall run from the date of adoption of these rules, and in case the necessary proofs are not filed with the State Land Board at Salem, Oregon, within three years from such date, then such prior entries shall be subject to cancellation.

ASSIGNMENT QUALIFICATIONS

Rule 12. Assignment of the application and contract may be made, but the assignee shall possess all the qualifications of an original entryman. Such assignee shall file a certified copy of a proper deed of assignment of all the right, title and interest of such original entryman to the land, together with evidence in writing from the construction company of its consent thereto, and his affidavit in Form D. The assignee shall make and com-

create and assume such obligations in relation to and concerning said lands, as may be necessary to induce and cause such reclamation thereof as is required by the contract with the Secretary of the Interior and the Acts of Congress.

POLICY OF BOARD

Rule 1. It will be the policy of the Board to guard equally the interest of the state, of the intending settler, and of the company which shall have the contract for the construction of the canal system and colonization of the lands thereunder, and in referring to the several parties in these rules the company that is building the system shall be referred to as "construction company" or "the company," the intending settler as "entryman" or "settler," and the State Land Board of Oregon as "the Board."

WHO MAY ENTER LANDS

Rule 2. The right to enter land under the Carey Act does not depend directly upon the general land laws of the United States; no entryman will, therefore, be disqualified for entering land under the provisions of this act by reason of his having previously exhausted his rights under the general land laws of the United States.

APPLICATION

Rule 3. No charge is made by the state for lands reclaimed under the Carey Act, or for the issuing of deeds. Application to the state for entry of land, also for the purchase of water right and release of lien from the construction company. This application and contract shall be made in triplicate and forwarded by the company to the State Land Board within ten days after execution for approval and endorsement by the

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