

Canadian Immigrants.

The movement of American farmers across the line into Canadian territory is attracting some attention on both sides of the border, and various reasons are given therefor. It is variously estimated that from 25,000 to 75,000 people from the Middle West have this year gone into western Canada and taken up their homes, where lands are cheap and where nature waters the land and makes it productive. Practically all the available public lands in the United States suitable for cultivation have been taken up, and "free land" once the brightest attraction in this country, no longer serves to draw the people to the West, and Canada seems now to have become the land of promise to home seekers. A Canadian official views the situation as follows, and it is very suggestive of the changing conditions in our own country:

"The United States, with reference particularly to the Middle West, is composed of tenant farmers. It is impossible for these farmers to obtain the land they cultivate. This land is held by the few, the men of wealth. The farmer, even though he were able, cannot purchase the land, because the wealthy few will not sell. He cannot own his home as continental as in the United States. He cannot go elsewhere in the country and obtain land. All the government properties have been taken. There is no available farm land in America, so called."

The loss of so many industrious, energetic and intelligent American citizens is naturally calling forth attention and interest, and there are those in this country who view this Canadian immigration with grave concern. There is a way open, however, to turn the tide of the "land hungry" in another direction and that, too, to settle within our own borders. The American farmers would prefer to stay in their own country if the attractions for them seemed to be anything like they are in Canada's domain. There can be no comparison between the mild and healthful climate of the Arid West and the cold, bleak climate of the Canadian Northwest, but in order to turn the tide of immigration to the great West, it will be necessary to have cheap, productive lands to offer the home-seeker, and these may be had by having the federal government build the storage reservoirs and irrigation works necessary to reclaim the vast areas of arid lands. These lands are practically useless until water is applied in sufficient quantity to insure the raising of crops, and this is an undertaking which can be carried to a successful termination only by the national government.

The migration of American citizens to Canada is another argument in favor of the reclamation of the arid public domain for the benefit to home-seekers, and that the irrigation works should be pushed to completion with all possible vigor and speed.

Not Attacked Yet.

Two hundred men made a determined attempt last Tuesday to lynch Pleasant Armstrong, in the jail here, for the murder of Minnie Bruminger, at North Powder, December 28.

Most of the men were railroad employees, ranchers and miners from North Powder, and who were friends and acquaintances of the Armstrong family.

They gathered at Baker City at midnight and attacked the jail at 3 o'clock in the morning.

The Sheriff had warning of the approach of the mob and, just in time, spirited Armstrong across the street to the Bowen Building, where he was kept under guard till daylight.

The mob would not disperse until it had searched every nook and corner of the jail.

The attempted lynching will be investigated by the court and the grand jury and the burden brought to trial, if possible.

Armstrong and Minnie Bruminger were lovers. The girl's

parents objected to their union and they made a compact together to commit suicide.

Instead of keeping the agreement, Pleasant Armstrong killed the girl and permitted himself to be captured and charged with wilful murder.

WHAT ARE BEARS AND WHY?

A FEW POINTS ON THE FINE POINTS IN PIANOS AND WHAT INSTRUMENTS POSSESS THEM MOST AND IN THE GREATEST DEGREE.

Piano names are a legion and in quality and character they vary quite as much as human nature. Generally speaking there is the cheap commercial kind that sell for a small sum, and come dearer than the "stenciled" one at which the finger of scorn is always pointed, the medium priced piano, a whole horde of them and which are always pleasing; the high standard piano costing a little more, but a kind it always pays to have; and finally those that have reached the very pinnacle of perfection. Pianos that remain faultless and sweet in tone, perfectly sound in construction and pleasing in construction for more than one generation to enjoy. Instruments that gifted artists have lavished time and talent on to produce decoration to harmonize with the artistic and refined tone within; on which the scientific piano maker has bestowed skill, experience and experiment to evoke a case combining perfect symmetry of outline with the utmost possibility for tone production; to whose construction the forests of the world have yielded up their richest woods; mine and forge have contributed fine metals; from out the Orient rare ivories have been gleaned and upland flocks have furnished finest fleece for felts and leathers. Supreme intelligence and judgment the most discriminating musical ear and the greatest mechanical skill have co-operated to so assemble combine proportion, shape and finish these rare products that sweetest tone, the greatest volume, most endurance, responsive touch and perfectly balanced action shall produce a faultless instrument. Few pianos possess all these qualities and none to so marked degree as the Chickering piano, the oldest in America, Boston's best; the Weber of New York, by many odds the finest instrument made in that city, and the great Kimball of Chicago, the most modern and progressive up-to-date piano made. One that through sheer virtue of its superior tone and finish and the reasonableness of its price has risen in its short existence of fifteen years to a prominence in the musical world, equal to the former much older makes.

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NIGHT WAS NOT TERRIBLE.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Appleton, of Alexandria, Ind., "and on I hardly got any sleep. I had consumption but that if I walked a block I would cough fitfully and spit blood, but after all other means failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Physician wholly cured me and I gained 15 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Cold, Leucorrhea, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50 and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Adkinson & Wimmer's drug store.

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THOSE INTERFERIN' BEARS

A Tale of Cousin Dusenberry's Difficulties.

THE man whose unfeeling assertion as to his domicile is that it is over toward Poochuck, the flower of the Drowned Lands country, came in after watching for awhile, with a critical eye, operations around the station and railroad yard. Dropping into the big armchair, he said:

"Is that railroad out there up to the times and stuffed with ideas, or is it pig-headed and bound to stay in the cut?"

The man from Poochuck paused for a reply, stone came. Then, after awhile, he cracked his fingers, very loud, and remarked with some emphasis:

"Well, all there is about it is, if that railroad out there is up to the times and has ideas it can hire Cousin Dusenberry Crook, but if it is pig-headed and bound to stay in the cut it'll have to look further, for it won't git Cousin Dusenberry!" And it wants to speak up pretty quick, or Cousin Dusenberry "ligo somewhere else, by gosh!"

Baldy, the landlord, remarked to Farmer Bill Leonard, who lives opposite Goose Pond mountain, that it seemed as if we were going to have our summer just when fall ought to be coming on, and Farmer Leonard said yes, it did so.

The alleged citizen of the Poochuck half-wick made a swoop for a fly that insisted on tickling him on the nose. He caught it, tossed it out of the window, and observed:

"That's what it wants to do, by gosh, or Cousin Dusenberry Crook'll go somewhere else! Of course, you've heard that Cousin Dusenberry had quit 'em on the U. H. and Q. N. road?"

If anyone had heard it he didn't admit it. The Poochuck man cracked another finger and said:

"The U. H. and W. and Q. N. was too pig-headed for Cousin Dusenberry."

No one seemed to care.

"It wasn't up to the times, and was bound to keep in the cut," said the claimant of a residence over toward Poochuck, "so Cousin Dusenberry quit."

Farmer Leonard wondered whether the apple jack crop was going to run short this fall, and Baldy, the landlord, said he had heard so. A shade passed over the face of the Poochuck man, but he said:

"Cousin Dusenberry says to Aunt Sally, 'Ickesdalester only yesterday,' 'Aunt Sally,' says he, 'if there ever was a place where solitude of the dim-lit woods hampered itself and took the cake, it is over along the U. H. and Q. N. between Gas Tank junction and Peedle Headlock.'

"Yet Cousin Dusenberry says he liked it best when he started in on the road first rate. He had always hankered to get close to nature's heart anyhow. Cousin Dusenberry had, as there he was, with his head pressed plumb on to it and hearin' it thump—cause there was only three stoppin' places on the whole 45 miles of the road betwixt Peedle Headlock and Gas Tank junction. One was a sawmill, one a tannery and one an oil well. The rest of the line was woods. Cousin Dusenberry wouldn't 'a' asked for nothing better if the road hadn't been so d—g pig-headed and bound to keep in the cut."

"One day Cousin Dusenberry was boomin' along with a heavy train of sawback, lumber and oil, when about a hundred yards ahead of 'em he see a big bear come runnin' out of the woods at one side of the track. When they had hammered along to within a few rods of the bear, what did that amazin' bear do but step back on the track, and, as it seemed to Cousin Dusenberry, there it stood actin' makin' faces at 'em."

"Well, now, that just more than made Cousin Dusenberry mad, and he pulled his engine wide open, and went for that bear at 35 miles an hour."

"Now," says he to his fireman, grittin' his teeth, "watch the bear meat fly."

"They went swoopin' down on the bear like a hurricane, and Cousin Dusenberry looked up and watched for the shadow of bear meat he was expectin'. But it didn't shower, and he says to his fireman that the bear meat 'a' been smashed to mush on the cowcatcher. So he crawled out on front not to see how bad they had done that bear up. There was the bear on the cowcatcher as solid as a rock. He had crawled up and took the interlock off of the headlights, and there he was powerin' the interlock off it with one hand, and rubbin' it off in an instant."

"I give you my word, Aunt Sally," says Cousin Dusenberry says to Aunt Sally, Peedle Headlock, early yesterday, "I was surprised!"

"Aunt Sally says, 'It takes a man to make Cousin Dusenberry Crook! I should say so,'" says she.

"When the bear looked up and seen Cousin Dusenberry he dashed the lamp at him, and only missed his head by one more than a little bit, and swung himself off to the side of the track as quick as could be and pranced away into the woods, and Cousin Dusenberry says to his fireman:

"That comes pretty dang close to havin' a 'tote'able smart bear," says he, and the firemen said yes, it averaged fair to middlin'."

"Elsewhere," says the chronicler of the news from Poochuck, slapping his knee, "Cousin Dusenberry was acting."

No one seemed to have noticed the roughness of the chronicler, but he cracked another finger and said:

"He averages fair to middlin'," says Cousin Dusenberry's fireman, "but it wouldn't surprise me none," says he, "if he was one o' them bears that bagged us one daytime that Boney

Spanklebaum was runnin' this same injine," says he.

"The fireman was born either at the tannery or the sawmill or the oil well, Cousin Dusenberry don't know just which. But he was indigentious to the sile o' the U. H. and W. and Q. N. country."

"We was bowlin' along," says the fireman to Cousin Dusenberry, "up father's old Shishabang Bend, when I see a red flag at one side o' the track. We didn't have much time to get stopped in," says he, "but we got stopped. Some of the crew stepped off to see what was the matter, but nobody turned up to explain the flaggin' except four slammkin' bears," says he, "and they come out o' the woods, two o' them nigh the middle o' the train and two o' them high the hind end."

"Before we could holler the two bears at the middle o' the train," says he, "had each climb on to the train and set the brakes tighter than jack-screws, so as we couldn't start an inch. We had a carload o' supplies for the tannery store, and while them two bears, says he, was settin' the brakes on the train the other two broke into the car and rolled out two bar'l's o' pork and juggled 'em off into the woods. That red flag was Jack Bunn's bandanna handkercher that he had lost the day afore, and them bears had just held us up with it and highway robbed us," says he. "But this bear o' yours," says he to Cousin Dusenberry, "averaged fair to middlin'."

"I was tire a little with doubt as to that fireman o' mine, Aunt Sally," says Cousin Dusenberry only yesterday, "in spite o' what I had see o' U. H. and W. and Q. N. bears, but a few days later I known that I had wronged him," says he.

"They was goin' down the Sap bucket grade that day, which drops somethin' like a hundred feet to the mile, and they was goin' fast. Half way down a big bear come prancin' out o' the woods right in plain sight of Cousin Dusenberry. The bear jumped onto the track and waited for 'em, grinnin', Aunt Sally," says Cousin Dusenberry, "enough to aggravate a hog butcher," says he. Cousin Dusenberry turned to his fireman and he says:

"Hold your breath, Bill," says he. "I'm goin' to lubricate these rails with bear's grease, at a hundred miles an hour," says he.

"Then he pulled his injine wide open, and give her all the head there was. When they reached that bear Cousin Dusenberry couldn't see the trees, they were gainin' so fast. Then he hollered for brakes, but before she had slowed any what should come up before Cousin Dusenberry but the bear, climbin' up from the cowcatcher and comin' straight for the cab window along the runnin' board.

Cousin Dusenberry didn't wait for the bear. He made a scramble for the roof o' the car behind the engine, and the fireman followed him. The bear come on, took possession o' the cab, shut off steam and brought the train to a stop half a mile further on. Then he picked up Cousin Dusenberry's dinner bucket and the fireman's, both loaded to the lid with victuals, and, with a bucket in each paw, stepped off o' the injine and marched into the woods with 'em.

"That un," says the fireman to Cousin Dusenberry, "I think is a little more than the average o' fair to middlin'," says he, and they climbed back into the cab and pulled bound to keep in the cut."

"But whether it was or not, Cousin Dusenberry Crook's mind was made up. He see at once that railroadin' on the U. H. and W. and Q. N. was way behind the times, and he put the matter right to headquarters.

"Here," says he to 'em, "This road ain't been run right!" says he.

"They wanted to know why it wasn't."

"Why," says Cousin Dusenberry, "runna' your injines with cow kickers on to 'em," says he, "when there ain't a cow from one end o' the road to the other. Bears interfere!" with traffic at every turn and twist in the road, and not an injine on the line with a bearcatcher on to it," says he.

"And what did they do? They didn't do nothing but eat. They jest be-a-right on guardin' themselves in 'em, when there wasn't a cow within 20 miles o' 'em, while bears run the road just as they did-hikes-missed! So Cousin Dusenberry quit 'em, and if that road our country is to the times and ain't pig-headed and bound to keep in a rut, it can bare Cousin Dusenberry Crook, but if it is pig-headed it can't get him!"

Baldy, the landlord, wanted to know if Farmer Leonard whether he could remember another with a cold, wet summer as we had this year, and Farmer Leonard said no, he couldn't. The man from Poochuck cracked every finger he had.

"And if the million out there is pugnacious than anything that was ever heard o'?" said he, rising. "It won't be half as pig-headed, by gosh, as some folks that is settin' right in."

Then he went quickly out. The landlord laughed. So did Farmer Bill Leonard.—N. Y. Sun.

Informed English.

While he was being shown about Chicago by the mayor of the city, the French ambassador, M. Cambon, expressed his thanks and said:

"But I am sorry to see such a lack of taste in your city."

"Oh, it is? There is a difference between—" N. Y. Sun.

Foot Note.

If you catch a man at anything, fool him. Don't tell about it. He will be scared enough thinking you will tell.—Johann Goethe.

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