

About The Coming of a Prince

The coming to Portland of the Crown Prince of Siam is quite an event, and many people are looking up the history of his country. Probably the best informed on the subject in this city, are the missionary workers, who are found in the churches in large numbers.

Rev. Arthur J. Brown, D. D., one of the secretaries of the Board of Foreign Missions, and formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Portland, visited in Siam and Laos three months. In his report of the trip is much of interest.

Dr. Brown says: "It is common to speak of the Siamese and Laos as weak. They certainly do lack the persistence and industry of the Chinese. Here, as in the Philippine Islands, a tropical climate begets indolence and reduces wants to a degree which prolific Nature readily supplies. There is no occasion to struggle for existence in Siam, and it is therefore not surprising that people take life easily. The banana, the coconut, the betel, the mango, the pommelo, the orange, the jack fruit and the lime grow with little or no cultivation, while the simplest tillage—a mere tickling of the rich soil—suffices for abundant yields of rice and vegetables. As for a house, one can be built of the ever-present bamboo and attap palm in a couple of days.

"In these circumstances I marvel not that the people are so backward, but that they are so forward, and that I saw them making modern improvements which cannot be paralleled in any Asiatic country that I have yet visited, except in Japan. In China, Korea and the Philippines there are improvements where foreigners have made them. But in far-inland Pre, the Laos Governor sent his carriage to me for a drive, and I opened my eyes when I saw an equipage which would grace Fifth avenue, New York—rubber tires, shining wheels, luxurious upholstery, handsome harness and liveried coachman. In Chiengmai I was driven for hours over roads which were an amazement and delight, after the ridges and hollows which are euphemistically called roads in China. At Pitsanuloke, 250 miles from Bangkok, the neat, white-washed picket fences lining the road for more than a mile, the well kept lawns of the public buildings, the elegance of the Siamese Club, and the residences of the officials would greatly surprise a traveler, who had expected to find a village of barbarians in this interior region of Siam. At Ke Kan, where I stopped for night, there is not a single foreigner and never has been; but we strolled for a long distance on a level, beautifully shaded, though narrow street along the river bank. We saw a sign bearing the word, 'Postoffice' in English, Siamese and Chinese. We passed a telegraph office, and on the verandah of the Magistrate's office we saw two bicycles. Sunday we camped near a hamlet in the heart of the mighty forest jungle, about as far from civilization, one might suppose, as it would be easy to get. But in the police stations I found a telephone connecting with the telegraph office in Chiengmai, so that though I was on the other side of the planet from New York, 12,500 miles away from home, and 600 miles in the interior of Farther India, I could have flashed a message to any point in Europe or America.

"July 16, 1883, was the date of Siam's first telegraphic communications with the outside world.

"The police stations are models of neatness—spotlessly white buildings in well kept grounds, adorned with carefully tended flower beds and potted plants. In the capitals one might expect such things, but I am writing of what has been done in distant interior towns of Siamese themselves. Nor is this all. A new system of accounts and auditing is gradually reducing to order the hitherto hopelessly confused finances of the country. The prisons are being remodeled.

I inspected one in Laos and one in Siam, and found clean, well-ventilated wards. Free public schools have been opened all over the lands, and several that I visited had good buildings, foreign desks and an abundance of maps. A royal decree, dated February, 1899, made Sunday a legal holiday, and directed that on it all Government buildings should be closed, and all business suspended, and if it is not strictly observed, it can hardly be more of a dead letter than similar laws are in some parts of America and Europe. * * * Since 1894 an electric light plant has illuminated the King's palace, and now the Siam Electricity Company is paying a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent on 10,000 lamps, and it has a capacity for 7000 more, while it advertises power for small manufacturing motors and is planning the introduction of electric automobiles. Thirteen of the 26 steam rice mills of the city have their own electric plants, as has also the Bangkok Dock Company, two forts, five naval vessels and the navy-yard.

"Prah Chaumklow, who reigned from 1851 to 1868, was taught English and science by a missionary the Rev. J. Caswell.

"His son, the present king, who rejoices in the name of Somdet Prabhart Prah Parmender, Huhar Chulaogkaum Caudintariape Mahas Mookoot Rartenah Rarchawongse Racher Nekaradome Chararant Baromah Mahar Chakrapart, Prah Chulu Chaumklow, Chow Yu Huah, was the first monarch of Siam to visit other lands and his travels greatly broadened his mind. He has abolished the custom of prostrations at court, introduced European dress, established a royal museum, adorned his capital with excellent streets, public gardens and a group of state buildings, which would be considered handsome in a European capital. Strict Buddhist, though he is, he and his officials not only grant full religious toleration, but assign valuable property to Christian mission work.

"The United Minister once said: 'The King of Siam is a man of fine education, keen insight and broad culture. He speaks the English language well, and appreciates it keenly as a medium of civilization for his people. * * * The work of Protestant missions in this country has been especially fruitful in good results, along the lines of Christian education and civilization, influencing alike those in high estate and of low degree.'

Dr. Brown says: "The King is undoubtedly next to the Mikado of Japan, the most enlightened and progressive monarch in Asia, and he has a few capable men who sympathize with his views and energetically assist him in executing them, such as Prince Damrong, the Minister of the Interior; Prince Davarwongse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and some of the Commissioners, notably those at Pitsanuloke and Chiengmai. But his majesty and his advisers are far in advance of the rest of the nation.

"There is no middle class in Siam to give that substantial support of reform movements which has been the salvation of England and America. In Siam there are practically but two classes—the high and the low. The revolution-

ary changes have come from above instead of below, as in Europe, and they have scarcely penetrated the masses of the people.

"The King is simply trying to fasten the fruits of Christian civilization on the dead tree of a Buddhist nation. The effort should not be criticised. It is well meant and it is beneficial as far as it goes. It is unquestionably doing much to open up Siam to the influences of the outside world. Nor is it likely to end with the lifetime of the present King. The Crown Prince has been educated in England, and is to return to Siam by way of the United States, where he should be hospitably received."—Telegram.

A Woman's Awful Fear.

"There is only one way to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50c. Guaranteed. For sale by Adams & Winnek Co.

All For \$3000.
I have a ranch consisting of 154 acres three miles north of Ashwood. 15 acres of alfalfa and 30 acres of grain land, with good new house and barn. Fine young orchard in bearing. 30 head of young cattle, 25 head of steers, 24 heifers, and one short horn bull; all two years old next spring. Plenty of feed and pasture. 100 acres of ranch under fence. This ranch is only one mile north of the Oregon King mine. Call on or address, J. O. Poindexter Ashwood, Oregon.

Go to
Mrs. Wiegand's
THE PHOTOGRAPHER
For Artistic and Satisfying
PHOTOS

This will save your life.
By following you can
Dr. King's New Discovery,
Consumption, Coughs and Colds.
The only Guaranteed Cure.
NO CURE, NO PAY. Your Druggist will warrant it.
ABSOLUTELY CURES
Grip, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia, or any Affection of the Throat and Lungs.
TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.
Regular Size 50 cents and \$1.00.

CAUSE.



For that
Millionaire
Feeling

wear garments made-to-order by : : : :

Strauss Bros.
"America's Leading Tailors,"
Chicago

Good clothes contribute much to happiness. You gain the point in Strauss Bros' made garments. They are made scientifically to your exact measure by highly skilled tailors in clean, sanitary shops. Every detail from first to last given the minutest attention, the result being garments distinctly above the ordinary and absolutely satisfactory. You will wonder how it can be done at the low prices quoted. Call and see our line of 500 samples of choicest new wools.



Salomon Johnson, & Co.
EFFECT.

Prineville-Silver Lake Stage Line.
DICK VANDERVERT, Prop.
Carrying U. S. Mail and Passengers.
Leaves Prineville Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Good rigs, careful drivers. Freight and passengers waybilled for Bend, Lava, Rosland and Silver Lake. C. I. WINNEK, Agent.

Prineville-Burns Stage Line.
CORNETT & CANTRELL, Props.
Carrying U. S. Mail, Passengers and Fast Express
Leaves Prineville on Mondays and Thursdays at 6 a. m. Passengers waybilled for Post, Paulina, Fife, Riley, Burns and all way points. C. I. WINNEK, Agent, Prineville

The Gordon Job Press

Is easily the Best Job Printing Press made for Commercial Work. This fact is testified to by the number in use, nearly every large Printing Establishment being equipped with 'em. The Journal has one, brand new, and as a test of its excellence, try us with an order. Newspaper, Book and Job Work promptly executed.



The Journal Publishing Company

SMITH'S RECEPTION.

Wines, Liquors, Domestic and Imported Cigars.
The Celebrated A. B. G. Beer Always on Hand.
Proprietors of the Prineville Soda Works.
Two Doors South of First National Bank. PRINEVILLE, ORE.
CHAMP SMITH. ISOM CLEEK.

ED X. WHITE, JOHN COMBS.
White & Combs.
DEALERS IN
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.
DOMESTIC and IMPORTED.
COUNTRY ORDERS FIRST DOORS SOUTH SOLICITED. POINDEXTER HOTEL. PRINEVILLE, OREGON.

SHANIKO WAREHOUSE COMPANY,
SHANIKO, OREGON.

Fireproof Buildings, 100x600 feet, 150 feet, being two stories in height.
General Forwarding, Storage and Commission Merchants.
DEALERS IN
Blacksmith coal, Flour, Barbed Wire, Nails, Cement, Lime, Coal oil, Plaster, Sulphur, Wool and Grain sacks and Twine, Grain and Feed. Highest price paid for Hides and Pelts.
Special attention given to Wool trade. First Class baling and grading facilities.
Stock yards with all the latest and best facilities for handling stock.
Agents for the Wasco Warehouse Milling Co. "White River" and "Dalles Patent" flour. Best in the Market.
Mark Goods Care S. W. Co.

HAMILTON STABLES and REDDY FEED BARN
Stock boarded by day, week or month. Fine saddle horses and heavy turnouts. Rates reasonable. Good accommodations. Remember us when in Prineville, and we guarantee that your patronage will be appreciated and deserved.
BOOTH & CORNETT, Proprietors.

Prineville-Shaniko Stage Line.
DAILY BETWEEN PRINEVILLE AND SHANIKO.
SCHEDULE.
Leave Shaniko, 6 p. m. Arrive Prineville, 6 a. m.
Leave Prineville 1 p. m. Arrive Shaniko, 1 a. m.
First class accommodations for the traveling public.
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT RATES REASONABLE.
Adamson & Winnek Co., Agents.
G. M. Cornett, Manager.

Lumber, \$11 per m
Fresh Sawed Shingles \$2.75 per m.
at SHIPP'S.