OCHOCO REVIEW.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1892.

WOOL AND TARIFF.

A wool circular issued from Minneapolis says regarding the present situation: "Prices of wool are low—in fact, not much more than one-half what they were a year ago, when growers complained; but it is a question whether they will be any better in the immediate future, because of the report of the congressional committee that wool will be put on the free list in the new tariff schedule. If wool growers were united in their opposition to free wool, they would have either protection for their wool or free woolen goods. In fact, the sentiment among all classes over the West and Northwest, as far as we have learned, is that if wool is put on the free list, they will demand free woolens as well. With the sheep business abandoned in the West, and having free wool and a duty of 35 per cent on manufactured goods, the Eastern manufacturers will have a monopoly against the Central and Western manufacturers, because Eastern manufacturers at the seaboard have every advantage buying foreign wools, not only in saving freight to the interior, but also their large capital and facilities in buying any large lots abroad that are cheapest."

The writer of this circular has a correct idea of the final workings of a law that removes the tariff from raw materials and retains it on protected articles. There can be but one result, the building up of monopolies in the great manufacturing centers on the Atlantic coast at the expense of both the manufacturers and producers of the West and Middle-west. Giving the manufacturers free raw materials evidently will enable them to produce goods cheaper, but retaining it on their products also allows them to keep the prices up to the old protection standard, for it gives them a monopoly of the market, and it is not human to reduce prices when such a state of affairs exists. No section would so seriously object to a reduction of the tariff on its products if there were a corresponding reduction in factured from them, for by such an arrangement the producer or consumer would be extended the privilege of buying where he could buy the cheapest, and would see in this wherein he is to be compensated for the loss he is to sustain by being forced to compete with the world in having the tariff reduced or taken entirely off his products.

A suit has now been commenced restraining the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer from locating the branch insane asylum at some point in Eastern Oregon. This is in keeping with the theory of the REVIEW that the suit to prevent the location of the soldiers' home at Roseburg was a dilatory measure instituted by certain state officials for the purpose of making money, or to delay the matter for political advantages. This last suit will cause a delay of several months in the location of the site for the branch asylum, as it will have to be heard in the circuit and supreme courts, hence there will be no demand for the $80,000 appropriation for some time to come, giving the state treasurer ample time to speculate on it while money is in demand, besides relieving him and the secretary of state of having to incur the displeasure of certain Eastern Oregon constituents until after the next republican state convention. The instituting of these dilatory suits is suspicious to say the least, and it is about time an investigation is instituted to ascertain who is the instigator—whether it is a resident of Salem, who wants that city to have everything, or whether it is some of our state officials working a "racket" for financial or political gain.

Up in Idaho they have concluded the S. F. *Examiner*'s "gift offering" to its subscribers is a lottery, and the U. S. grand jury has indicted W. H. Hearst, the proprietor, and T. T. Williams, the business manager of the paper, for violating the law which prohibits the use of the mails for circulating lottery advertisements. This is but right. If the little papers are prohibited from running lottery advertisements for pay, the big ones ought not be allowed to advertise their lottery schemes for securing subscribers.

FRENCH ANARCHISTS.

Anarchists and cranks are not a genus common to America only. Europe has them as well as America. Last Saturday while the French chamber of deputies was in session, a bomb was thrown from the galleries and exploded in mid-air. Fortunately there were no fatalities, though some eighty persons were wounded by flying scraps of iron. A peculiarity of the affair was that there was no stampede among the members. No sooner had the smoke cleared away than one of the deputies ascended the tribune and proceeded with the discussion of the question before the house. Intense excitement was caused throughout Paris by the attempt of the anarchist to assassinate the deputies. The socialist members denounce the cowardly act, but public sentiment is that they are responsible for it, and the occurrence will have the tendency to strengthen the government.

The day following a man named Vaillant, who had been arrested on suspicion of being the one who threw the bomb, confessed his guilt and boasted of his achievement, though he regretted not having succeeded in wounding more of the deputies. The only excuse he gave for his dastardly deed was that he wished to deal a thoroughly dramatic blow at the institutions of the country and wanted to cause a great sensation. This man furnishes another to the list of dangerous creatures who are most reckless of human life, whose intention to kill was fixed, but by an accident, though through no fault of his, will likely escape hanging, although he merits the severest punishment. Every nation should have laws specially provided for dealing with such cases, laws that would inflict the death penalty on all who attempt premeditated murder, even if they are unsuccessful. Safety to governments and to individuals demands such laws.

The French government recognizes in this man's acts and in the subsequent anarchist meetings glorifying and approving his crime dangers which threaten destruction to society and utter defiance of authority, and has acted promptly in instituting measures to repress anarchy in that nation. The new laws adopted looking to this end make it a public offense to publish incitements, or to commit outrages by the use of explosives; regulates the manufacture and possession of explosives, and extends the powers of the police for the repression of anarchist societies. The bill regulating the press makes it a penal offense to publish incitements to pillage or murder, or to commit incendiary crimes, also provides that the glorification of crimes shall be punished by five years imprisonment. These new laws are apparently severe, but extreme measures require severe remedies; and the anarchist societies are extreme and the systems they adopt are dangerous to governments. The only way to repress them is by such rigid laws as the French government has adopted.

The time seems near at hand when the indecent so-called newspapers will be forced to suspend publication or mend their ways. The castigation which the *Mercury* received recently and the sentencing of Mason and Watson, two of its proprietors, to one year in the county jail of Multnomah county, and the indictment of John F. Roberts of the Harney *Times*, for publishing obscene matter, together with the punishment inflicted on others for like offenses in the past are lessons which publishers who have an inclination to give publicity to their debased thoughts, will remember. Publishers have no moral right to force obscenity upon their readers, and the courts are beginning to demonstrate that they have not the legal right either, and the effect must be beneficial. A paper has a mission to fill—to give the news and to discuss all topics of interest, but its mission is not to carry into homes matters of indecency, and when one does it must come to grief, a fact to which Mason, Watson and Roberts can testify to now.

Poor Pendergast! He has outlived the novelty of being a conspicuous prisoner and is having a dreary time of it in his cell. No flowers, no callers, no Thanksgiving turkey even; no nothing in fact that makes a hero out of an assassin, and gives him assurance of sympathy and hope of acquittal. The physicians who have examined him pronounce him responsible for his acts, and the jailer and the turnkeys are unanimous in the opinion that he is afflicted with fiendishness and nothing else. This is hard on Pendergast, of course, but is gratifying as showing a healthful condition of the public mind, that enables society to discriminate intelligently between sturdy deviltry and a weakness of intellect bordering upon imbecility, or an irresponsibility that trenches upon insanity.

It will be some consolation to the hundreds of small dealers who have been crushed out of business by the Standard Oil company to learn that the great monopoly has itself met with defeat in the contest with Russia. The enormous development of the Batoum petroleum fields has made Russia a formidable rival of Pennsylvania in the production of oil, and it is no wonder that Russia has secured control of all the Oriental markets, since they can produce and deliver oil at a lower price than it is possible to bring kerosene from America.

In one way or another the provisional government of Hawaii seems to have gained a clear knowledge of the situation even in advance of news by steamer from the United States. They are well organized, well armed and vigilant, prepared to maintain order and defend their position against all enemies except the United States troops.

It now transpires that the ex-queen of the Sandwich Islands is not over anxious to be restored, knowing that she could not maintain her government in the face of the opposition she would meet, and about all she is figuring for is $200,000 with which to support herself and friends in luxury.

The retirement of Richard Croker from the management of Tammany, in New York City, after having in three years emerged from a poor man to a millionaire, bears with it the impression that the methods of Tammany have not materially altered since Boss Tweed held sway in it.

The World Enriched.

The fertilities of the present day for the production of everything that will contribute to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Crook County.

W. H. Byars and H. F. Bowers, Plaintiffs,
vs.
J. F. Moore, Defendant.

JOHN HARTSHORN, Intervener.

In the name of the State of Oregon: you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the first day of the next term of the above entitled court following the time prescribed for the publication of this summons, which is the first Monday of May, A. D. 1893, and if you fail so to answer, for want thereof the plaintiffs will take judgment against you for the sum of $[illegible] with interest thereon at the rate of [illegible] per annum from the [illegible] day of September, 1892, and for the costs and disbursements of this suit, and for foreclosure of a mortgage executed by you and the said John Hartshorn to the plaintiffs, upon the following described real property, to-wit: [illegible] and all of said property be sold to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs.

This summons is served by publication thereof in the Ochoco Review, a weekly newspaper published at Prineville, in said county and state, and designated by the judge of said court, in said order, as the newspaper most likely to give notice to the defendant, which order was made by the Honorable W. L. Preston, judge of said court at a regular term thereof, in open court at Prineville, in said county and state, on the 10th day of October, 1892, and filed with the clerk of said court at that day. J. F. MOORE,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.

10-15

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Lakeview, Or.
November 8, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Arthur Holden, County Clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on December 20, 1892, viz:

JOSEPH A. EDMISTON [H.E. 9478]

For the [illegible] of sec. 11, tp. 15 S., range 17 E. W.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: C. M. Elkins, T. B. Stafford, of Prineville, Or., R. S. Prine, of Prine, Or., J. B. Stefick, of Post, Or.

J. W. WATTS, Register.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

Two brown mares branded with four-bar circle on right shoulder, left stifle, one with white face, one hind foot white, about 14 hands high, about 7 years old, one gray mare, branded U.T. on left stifle, about 14 hands high, about 7 years old. A reward will be given for information of their whereabouts. E. W. GILL,
Prineville, Oregon.

BALD HEADS!

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

TRADE MARK

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO.,
37 South Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

C. C. MALING,

—DEALER IN—

ALL : CLASSES : OF : FURNITURE.

BEDROOM SETS, LOUNGES, CHAIRS, MIRRORS, ETC.,

Paint, Oil, Putty and Glass.

ALSO ALL KINDS OF LUMBER.

C. L. SALOMON,

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Pumps, Pipe and Pipe Fixtures.

—ALSO DOE—

BLACKSMITHING and WAGON WORK.

General Repairing Quickly Done.

Full Stock of Iron and Wagon Materials.

MEAT MARKET,

B. F. ZELL, Proprietor.

(Successor to CLINE & HOWARD)

BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON and PORK

Of the choicest quality

Vegetables and fruit kept in stock.

Statements will be rendered monthly, and all bills must be settled the 1st of each month.

Brick Saddler Shop.

MAIN STREET. PRINEVILLE, OREGON

M. A. MOORE, Proprietor.

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

The Finest Stock Saddles on Earth, Side Saddles, Harness, Schapperajos

A full line of the best Inlaid Bits and Spurs, Whips, Lap Robes, and everything pertaining to the Saddlery and Harness trade of this and adjacent country.

Manufacturing the finest kind of Stock Saddles and Schappe to order a specialty.

None but the best leather used.

Send in your orders.

WORK FOR US

a few days, and you will be startled at the unexpected success that will reward your efforts. We positively have the best business to offer at all that can be found on the face of this earth. $15.00 profit on $75.00 worth of business is being easily and honorably made by any one of moderate means. Here, and here only, is the chance of your life. You can make your fortune by attending to us at once you have any idea of. The business is so easy to learn, and instructions so simple and explicit that all cannot fail from the start. Those who take hold of the business reap the harvests of gold that are coming from the workers in every part of the country. Reader, if you want profitable employment, no matter where you live, write us, and we will explain the whole matter by return mail. Address,

TRUE & CO., Box No. 400, Augusta, Me.

FARMER POWELL,

Next Door to O'Neil's Saloon.

Only First-Class Shop in Town.

Shaving, Shampooing, Hair-cutting, Hair-dressing and Shaving.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

The Dalles and Prineville Stage Line.

J. D. PARISH, Prop.

Leaves The Dalles at 6 a. m. every day and arrives at Prineville in 30 hours. Leaves Prineville at 7 a. m. every day and arrives at The Dalles in 30 hours.

Carries the U. S. MAIL, PASSENGERS and EXPRESS.

CONNECTS AT PRINEVILLE WITH

Stages from Eastern and Southern Oregon, Northern California and all Interior Points.

Also makes close connection at The Dalles with trains from Portland and all Eastern points.

Good accommodations along the road. First-class Coaches and Horses used. Courteous Drivers. Express Matter handled with Care.

All persons wishing passage must way-bill at offices before taking passage; others will not be received. Express must be way-billed at offices, or the Stage Co. will not be responsible. *The Company will* [illegible] *on money transmitted.*

Particular attention given to delivering express matter at Prineville and all southern points in Oregon, and advance charges will be paid by the Company.

Stage office at M. Siebel & Co's. Store in Prineville, and at Umatilla House in The Dalles.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at The Dalles, Or.
November 1, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Arthur Holden, County Clerk, at Prineville, Oregon, on December 16, 1892, viz:

JAMES G. CAMPBELL [D.S. No. 5]

For the E½ of NE¼, and E½ of NW¼ Sec. 29, T. 16 S., R. 16 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Jay P. Jones, Robert E. Forbes, Stephen M. Smith, Harvey T. Belknap, all of Prineville, Oregon.

JOHN W. LEWIS, Register.

FENCING

WIRE ROPE SELVAGE.

RAILROAD, FARM, GARDEN,

Cemetery, Lawn, Poultry and Rabbit Fencing.

THOUSANDS OF MILES IN USE. CATALOGUE FREE. PRICES PAID.

THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.
154, 156, 158 and 160 W. Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.

FULLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

PRINEVILLE, OREGON.

UREN & SON. UREN & SON.

General Merchandise.

Notwithstanding the hard times, we keep constantly on hand a

FULL LINE OF General Merchandise.

—o—

Attention is called to our stock of

DRY GOODS,

Which is being sold for cash

Regardless of Cost.

—o—

Our stock of GENTS' CLOTHING is also complete, comprising

The Latest Fashions

In Cuts and Patterns, and an

IMMENSE STOCK

To select from.

Our Job Lot of Pants is being sold at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Our stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS Is Complete.

Handsome Line of Neck Wear Just Received.

Ladies' and Gents' Underwear at

REDUCED PRICES.

Come to the

BRICK STORE,

While you have an opportunity to select from our

Immense Stock.

Uren & Son.