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OCHOCO REVIEW

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

OFFICE IN MARSH BUILDING.

State Official Directory.
County Official Directory.
Municipal Directory.
Professional Directory.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
Prineville and Portland.
Prineville and Astoria.
Prineville and Seaside.
Prineville and Cannon Beach.
Prineville and Tillamook.
Prineville and Clatsop.
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Prineville and Washington.
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PACIFIC COAST.

Utah's Total Gold and Silver Output for Two Years.

SHE MURDERED HER BABY.

Veritable Castle of Delight to be Built on West Side Above Willamette Falls.

The Southern Pacific is to have a new depot at Grant's Pass, Or.
Phoenix, A. T., reports that rains falling, the first in nearly one year.
Fresno voted against the issue of \$75,000 bonds to complete its sewerage system.
British Columbia has imposed a discount of 20 per cent on American silver coin.
Portland's fine passenger station will be completed by August, 1894. It is to cost \$400,000.
The Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines, the largest silver producers in the Coast of Idaho, have shut down.
A traveling insurance agent has done up the farmers of Blaine county, Idaho, by signing spurious policies.
The majority of the Indians on the Nez Perce reservation have signed an agreement for the opening of the reservation.
Some of the people of Boise City, Idaho, are opposed to the railroad entering that town on account of the smoke killing the trees.
In Lower California enough rain has fallen to insure good crops, though the drought was beginning to be severely felt all over the peninsula.
In the United States District Court at Portland Peter Grant, a sailor boarding-house runner, was convicted of harboring deserting seamen, and was fined \$500.
There is a warm contest in the Arizona Legislature over the passage of an irrigation bill, whose features are somewhat similar to the California laws on the same subject.
It is thought that the bed of the Fraser river in British Columbia is rich with deposits of gold, and an attempt will be made during the coming summer to secure a portion of this wealth.
Governor McConnell of Idaho openly stated in a letter to the District Attorney that members of the Legislature of that State were bribed, and that information will be furnished to secure convictions.
Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency reports twenty-one failures in the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the past week, as compared with twelve for the previous week, and a decrease of 100 failures for the year of 1892.
Utah's total gold output for 1891 was \$31,614; for 1892, \$31,926; showing an increase of \$282. The silver output for 1891 was \$7,702,253; ounces; for 1892 it was \$7,292,253; ounces; a decrease of 410,000 ounces.
W. H. Winn, who went to Phoenix, A. T., some time ago and took lodging with two widows there, has not been seen since Friday last. The ladies gave him \$110 to pay his furniture bill. He failed to return. Winn was a contractor formerly of Los Angeles.
The Nevada Legislature has adjourned, and a bill reducing the salaries of State officers is found to be missing. The State Controller says the journals show it passed and he thinks it will hold good, and will be entered in the statute book, with certification that the original was lost.
The Arizona Construction Company of Phoenix, Ill., has brought suit against the Gila Bend Reservoir and Irrigation Company, whose offices are at Tucson, and the City Bank of Los Angeles, at which bank the Arizona Construction Company has an account. The suit is for the right of way across Nevada and Utah to Salt Lake and Ogden, and also the same extension on the bank offered by the State of Nevada of \$3,000 for every mile of road completed. He is now in Utah.
In December last Mary Pushman, an eighteen-year-old mother, was arrested at Butte, Mont., for killing her baby by putting pins down its throat, breaking the brain and starving it. The defense was insanity. The State proved to the satisfaction of the jury that insanity was feigned, and after being out eighteen hours the jury returned a verdict of manslaughter.
The railroad freight agents in session at Santa Barbara, Cal., have agreed to form an association, to be called the Transcontinental Freight Rate Committee, in which all transcontinental lines except the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and Canadian Pacific will be parties. A resolution to that effect was passed, but no written agreement has yet been drawn.
The Grand Oregon Lodge of British Columbia has adopted strong resolutions endorsing Dalton McCarthy, Q. C., M. P., and condemning Sir John Thompson and his government for using public funds to assist the Premier's co-religionists to fight the people of Manitoba in their efforts to throw off the separate school system, and urging upon the British Columbia members of Parliament at Ottawa to support Mr. McCarthy's resolution to abolish French as an official language and do away with separate schools.

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL.

Comparison of Average Wages in Massachusetts and in England—London's Railways.

The four great ocean routes employ 1,100 steamships.

Less than 1 cent is the value of the raw material in a violin.

Chicagoans expect a \$10,000,000 World's Fair revenue from cash admissions.
The contract for the construction of the South Gila canal in Arizona has just been let. The work when completed will cost \$2,000,000.
An English company has been incorporated with \$15,000 capital to manufacture electric bicycles. The storage battery is to be used.
An Englishman has invented a combination folding bed, table, settee, table and bureau—all taking up no more room than an upright piano.
Notwithstanding the fact that the Western Union Telegraph Company has over 750,000 miles of wire and nearly 1,000 offices, it opens an average of 6,000 new offices annually.
The twin screw and triple screw steamships with improved engines develop more power with less coal than the single screw engines. The Eturia burns about 300 tons a day.
Engineers are discussing a water-storage project for a better supply of water to the Erie canal, involving a dam 150 feet in height across the tenesse river at a cost of \$2,700,000.
It is stated that in England those parts of locomotives which are liable to rust are made of galvanized iron, and that this includes the inside of tender tanks and also the coal spaces.
Nine cents a mile is the cost of the Ninth-avenue (New York) street-car line recently ran a storage-battery experiment car. The car weighed six and one-half tons, and carried 144 storage cells.
A clerk in a bicycle store in Kansas City has designed and is building a new bicycle with pneumatic tires, bicycle wheels and a number of improvements calculated to add strength, lightness and speed to the vehicle.
Carroll D. Wright, chief of the United States Bureau of statistics, reports that wages in Massachusetts average \$1.70 to every dollar paid in England, while the cost of the same mode of living is \$1.17 here to \$1 in England.
An alkaloid prepared from atropine (an active principle of belladonna), which is used by ophthalmic surgeons to dilate the pupil, is sold for \$2.10 a pound. The cost is of itself enough to make one open his eyes.
The wages paid to Chinese laborers in China are about 6 pence per diem, with rations. The workers are easily contented, demanding only the plainest of food, while for housing they are satisfied in winter to creep together under a long, low mat shed with a solid back to the north wind.
Within a six-mile radius of Charing Cross, London, there are 270 miles of railway and 235 stations, and within a five-mile radius only 43 miles of line and 301 stations. The average number of passengers carried on a week day by the public conveyances of London, including omnibuses, is 2,500,000. The total for last year was 777,000,000.

PERSONAL MENTION.
Bishop Hendrix to Preach the Commencement Service at the Vanderbilt University—Etc.
John L. Stevens, the United States Minister to Hawaii, went to edit the Kennebec Journal with James G. Blaine.
Congressman Newlands of Nevada is to be the only member of the next House who was elected on the straight-out silver question.
Mrs. Langtry and the Duchess of Montrose have joined John Strang Winter's no-crimoline league. The league now numbers over 11,000 members.
George Wheatland, who died at Salem, Mass., the other day at the age of 89, was contemporary at the bar of Webster, Choate, Curtis and Jeremiah Mason.
President Barrios of Guatemala has an American wife. It is said that she practically rules the Republic. She is the leader of all woman movements in that country.
Death has no terrors for Mrs. Annie Beant. What the majority of mankind regard as a theory to be dreaded she defines as "a choice relief from the burden of the flesh."
Bishop E. R. Hendrix, one of the most eloquent Bishops of the Methodist Church (South), will preach the commencement sermon at the Vanderbilt University in June.
Madame O'Rourke, Mother Superior of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, Providence, R. I., who died a few days ago, was the widow of Colonel O'Rourke, one of the most gallant heroes of Gettysburg.
Rev. Dr. Edward L. Clark, formerly pastor of the Church of the Paritans at One Hundred and Thirtieth street and Fifth avenue, New York, who tendered his resignation to the Presbytery of New York on the day that Dr. Briggs was acquitted of the charge of heresy, claiming that he could not subscribe to certain articles contained in the confession of faith, will in all probability join the West Suffolk Conference of Congregational ministers of Boston.
Young men are managing politics in South Carolina just now. Senator Irla, who was elected Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, Speaker of the House and United States Senator, all in three months, is only 36 years old. Governor Tillman is only ten years older. Congressman McLaurin was Attorney-General at 28 and elected to Congress when 29. Congressman Latimer is a young man, and nearly all the members of the two Houses of the Legislature are younger than the average of legislators elsewhere.

AGRICULTURAL.

Grandest Poultry Feed on the Terrestrial Globe.

SEED OF THE SUNFLOWER.

It is Equal, if Not Superior, to Wheat, Buckwheat, or any other Food for Poultry.

A correspondent writes: "I have used a poultry feed, says it is the grandest poultry food on earth, better than any egg-producing and flesh-forming, as well as for adding a beautiful luster to the fowl. As an egg food we believe it is fully equal, if not superior, to wheat, buckwheat or oats and greatly superior to corn, as it is richer in nutriment and fattening as the latter grain. It says: 'Sunflowers will grow on any kind of soil or in fence corners, but yield better when cultivated upon good land. They should be planted about the same as corn, two or three feet in rows, and are planted two thick, they grow slim and tall, without making good heads. We prefer the short, thick stalks to the tall ones, as we think they yield better and are easier to gather. Care should be taken in cultivating them, as the stalks are very brittle and break easily. Though they will grow up again if broken off, they will branch out and not make good heads. The heads vary in size from two to eighteen inches in diameter, sometimes to even twenty two inches with good cultivation; but twelve inches is a good average, a good head of this last diameter yielding about a quart of seed.'
Sunflowers may be planted any time from the moment the frost leaves the ground until the middle of July. We believe when they are planted early enough, say in March, that two crops could be raised from the same ground in a year by planting the second crop between the rows of the first after they have matured and cutting down the stalks as they get ripe. We planted two acres about June 20 of last year, and about the same time we planted a third, and we raised about six bushels to the acre, and we think we would have raised four or five times as much if it had not been so dry.
This grain can usually be had at seed-houses at about \$1 per bushel.

Extensive Experiment.
A subscriber wishes to know of a remedy for driving away rats, as his premises, permanently of these "vermin" exclusively. At one time when we had a storehouse we were bothered very much with them, and we tried many remedies, but all failed. We then tried a mixture of kerosene and kerosene, and we cleared the premises, permanently of these vermin by making a whitewash, yellow with copperas and covering every exposed surface with it. In all crevices where they could get we placed some copperas crystals, and scattered the same in the corners of every room, and about the house, and about the rats and mice. Since that time not a foot of either rat or mouse has been heard about the building, and we treated our residence, barn, etc., with same, and like results ensued. Every spring the cellar, as well as the entire interior of the out-houses receive a coating of yellow whitewash, and mice and rats and the like have so far given us a wide berth.
In addition to the power of driving away these vermin possessed by the copper solution, it is an excellent disinfectant, and we have often prescribed it for buildings, tenement houses and blocks infected with malaria and typhoid fever with the best results. Every spring our quest to proceed at once to thoroughly wash all portions of his buildings where they have runways, with this solution. It is much better than poison, as they are apt to crawl between the walls, and what smells worse than a dead rat?

Faithful Milk.
A Wisconsin man is having faultry milk to deal with, and wishes to know the cause of his cream having a brick-colored sum on it. Cows are evidently in good condition, and have no change either in care or feed. They have corn fodder, hay, straw and bran every day. He is milking seven cows, and churns three times a week. All pails, cans and utensils are thoroughly cleaned after each milking. Yet there was a red brick-colored sum on each of the three churnings of cream last week, and a little trace of it appeared today, and the butter obtained from it was not good. It seemed salty and light-colored.
The red brick-colored sum is probably caused by some physical injury to the udder of some cow of the herd, or possibly to the defective action of the secretory glands. If you keep the milk of each cow separate, you can probably tell which cow gives the faulty milk. If you cannot, it will not hurt them to give all the following treatment: Take a pound of Epsom salts and an ounce of ginger. Dissolve in a quart of hot water. Let cool, and give as a drench to each cow.

Co-operative Purchasing.
The Ohio State Grange successfully endeavoring to develop and extend among the members of the order the system of co-operative purchasing of farm and household supplies. Its record in this line for the past few years has been very good, and many thousands of dollars have been saved by members who purchased their supplies on this system. The Executive Committee maintains that on nearly every article needed by members 25 per cent can be saved through co-operative buying.
The saving of money is not the only benefit the farmers are getting from co-operative buying. They are getting valuable and needed business training for future co-operation in other lines. It is doing much to break down the conservatism of farmers and prepare them for a general system of co-operation.
If projects for roads through Ohio all become established facts, the weary passenger will soon be able to travel over 100 miles in a line on a street car.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Solicitor-General Aldrich's Opinion on the Power of the Secretary of the Treasury to Issue Bonds.

The first postmaster given office under the new administration is Newton A. Hamilton, who was appointed postmaster at Flora, Tenn.

Secretary Morton has appointed Donald Macneil of Nebraska City, Neb., chief clerk of the Agricultural Department, vice Henry Cassam resigned.

All the prominent officials of the Treasury Department, including the Assistant Secretary, Commissioners of Internal Revenue, Comptroller and all the Auditors, except Patterson and Fisher, have verbally tendered Secretary Carlisle their resignations.
Secretary Carlisle has accepted the proposition of the Denver clearing house to let the government have \$1,000,000 in gold for a like amount of treasury notes. He has stated that the department would accept the proposition, but has not indicated what policy he will pursue.
In the case of Captain Phares B. Brubaker of North Dakota, imprisoned in Spanish Honduras, the President has transmitted to the Senate in compliance with its resolution of the 3d instant a report from Secretary Gresham giving all the information in the department relative to the case. The paper show that Secretary Foster September 30 telegraphed Minister Pacheco to look into the matter. October 16 Pacheco forwarded a telegram from Secretary of War Alvarado of Honduras, saying Brubaker was one of those who took up arms against the government and captured Truxillo June 25. When the uprising was put down, Brubaker was captured and tried under the Honduras laws and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment, which he is now undergoing at Oruro.

President Cleveland the other morning sent to the Senate a message withdrawing the Hawaiian treaty pending in the Senate. The message was short, and simply requesting the Senate to transmit to the Executive the proposed treaty with Hawaii. The message was received without comment on the floor of the Senate. The Republican Senators regard this action as in line with the course pursued by Cleveland in withdrawing the Nicaragua treaty, sent to the Senate by President Arthur in the closing days of his administration. The Democratic Senators look upon the act from a two-fold point of view, some taking the ground that it shows Cleveland in agreement with the Nicaragua treaty, and some that it shows the President's determination to annex or American domination of any sort in the Hawaiian Islands, while others hold he will send in another treaty more to his liking.

Holman, Chairman of the House Committee, in the remarks which he is preparing for publication in the Congressional Record concerning the appropriations of the Fifty-second Congress shows the appropriations of the session just closed amount to \$519,225,000. From the point of view of the appropriations of the Fifty-second Congress aggregated \$1,892,570 less than those of the Fifty-first Congress. The aggregate of these statements of the appropriations made by the Fifty-second Congress as charged against it under permanent appropriations in accordance with the requirements of laws enacted by the Fifty-first Congress. These include sums agreed upon by Cleveland in withdrawing the Nicaragua treaty, sent to the Senate by President Arthur in the closing days of his administration. The Democratic Senators look upon the act from a two-fold point of view, some taking the ground that it shows Cleveland in agreement with the Nicaragua treaty, and some that it shows the President's determination to annex or American domination of any sort in the Hawaiian Islands, while others hold he will send in another treaty more to his liking.

Some time ago, when the question of the power of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue and put in circulation gold reserves was under consideration, Solicitor-General Aldrich was instructed by the Attorney-General to look up the matter. Aldrich's opinion in brief is: "First, the Secretary of the Treasury has a continuing power to issue bonds to redeem the legal tender of 1862 and 1863 and released under the act of May 31, 1875, but I am of the opinion it is not at all necessary. Second, there is no requirement for the redemption of gold in either gold or silver. The law stipulates they shall be redeemed in coin, which means either gold or silver now, and did so mean at the time of the passage of the law. This opinion, while asked and prepared, was not delivered owing to the fact that the occasion did not demand it. Aldrich says: 'The belief that there is no positive provision of law requiring 100,000,000 reserve shall be kept in my opinion correct. It is also true that the law, as I understand it, that all legal-tender notes may be redeemed in coin. This was the case at the period fixed for the redemption of specie payments, to-wit, January, 1879, under the law of 1875.'

To guard against a deficit Henderson warns this administration to give closer attention to moonshiners and the "whisky ring" in the collecting of internal revenue than it did from 1885 to 1889, when it collected \$51,000,000 less than President Arthur and \$115,538,342 less than President Harrison. He says the retiring administration paid \$30,000,000 on the public debt, saving in interest \$5,352,493 annually. He urged on pensions, showing that the pension bureau rolls will reach their highest point December 31, 1894, with 1,161,918 names on the rolls, including widows, widows, orphans and dependent parents, the annual value of the rolls at that date being \$155,605,004; that in 1895 there will be dropped from the rolls 44,032 pensioners, with an increasing rate thereafter. Referring to complaints against widows' pensions, he shows, if all the widows' claims yet undepended of were allowed, there would be 7,834 dead soldiers unrepresented on the rolls by widows, orphans or dependent parents. He also points out the danger to the treasury from war claims, and says Congress now has the data to show that about \$6,000,000 may yet be drawn from it to satisfy the claims. Henderson refers to the McKimley bill, a bill in the House, the slaughter of the anti-food bill, Congress' inability to grapple with the money question, its silent admiration of the McKinley bill, and predicts that the Fifty-second Congress will go down to history as the "know-nothing" and "do-nothing" Congress.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

Wheat—Valley, 11.12 1/2; Walls Walla, 11.05 per centus; 11.12 1/2; Walls Walla, 11.05; standard, 11.30; Walls Walla, 11.30; Graham, 11.30; Superfine, 12.50 per barrel.

Oats—Choice, 43¢ per bushel; fair, 40¢; rolled, 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 1.00 per bushel.

Hay—Best, 11.10; 11.20; 11.30; 11.40; 11.50; 12.00; 12.10; 12.20; 12.30; 12.40; 12.50; 13.00; 13.10; 13.20; 13.30; 13.40; 13.50; 14.00; 14.10; 14.20; 14.30; 14.40; 14.50; 15.00; 15.10; 15.20; 15.30; 15.40; 15.50; 16.00; 16.10; 16.20; 16.30; 16.40; 16.50; 17.00; 17.10; 17.20; 17.30; 17.40; 17.50; 18.00; 18.10; 18.20; 18.30; 18.40; 18.50; 19.00; 19.10; 19.20; 19.30; 19.40; 19.50; 20.00; 20.10; 20.20; 20.30; 20.40; 20.50; 21.00; 21.10; 21.20; 21.30; 21.40; 21.50; 22.00; 22.10; 22.20; 22.30; 22.40; 22.50; 23.00; 23.10; 23.20; 23.30; 23.40; 23.50; 24.00; 24.10; 24.20; 24.30; 24.40; 24.50; 25.00; 25.10; 25.20; 25.30; 25.40; 25.50; 26.00; 26.10; 26.20; 26.30; 26.40; 26.50; 27.00; 27.10; 27.20; 27.30; 27.40; 27.50; 28.00; 28.10; 28.20; 28.30; 28.40; 28.50; 29.00; 29.10; 29.20; 29.30; 29.40; 29.50; 30.00; 30.10; 30.20; 30.30; 30.40; 30.50; 31.00; 31.10; 31.20; 31.30; 31.40; 31.50; 32.00; 32.10; 32.20; 32.30; 32.40; 32.50; 33.00; 33.10; 33.20; 33.30; 33.40; 33.50; 34.00; 34.10; 34.20; 34.30; 34.40; 34.50; 35.00; 35.10; 35.20; 35.30; 35.40; 35.50; 36.00; 36.10; 36.20; 36.30; 36.40; 36.50; 37.00; 37.10; 37.20; 37.30; 37.40; 37.50; 38.00; 38.10; 38.20; 38.30; 38.40; 38.50; 39.00; 39.10; 39.20; 39.30; 39.40; 39.50; 40.00; 40.10; 40.20; 40.30; 40.40; 40.50; 41.00; 41.10; 41.20; 41.30; 41.40; 41.50; 42.00; 42.10; 42.20; 42.30; 42.40; 42.50; 43.00; 43.10; 43.20; 43.30; 43.40; 43.50; 44.00; 44.10; 44.20; 44.30; 44.40; 44.50; 45.00; 45.10; 45.20; 45.30; 45.40; 45.50; 46.00; 46.10; 46.20; 46.30; 46.40; 46.50; 47.00; 47.10; 47.20; 47.30; 47.40; 47.50; 48.00; 48.10; 48.20; 48.30; 48.40; 48.50