

PERSIA'S NATIONAL DRINK.

Sherbet is the Popular Beverage in That Thirsty Country.

The great beverage in Persia is sherbet, which is plentifully supplied and of which there are many varieties, from the bowl of water with a squeeze of lemon to the clear, concentrated juice of any sort of fruit to which water is added to dilute it.

The preparation of sherbet, which is done with the greatest care, is a very important point in so thirsty a country as Persia and one to which much time is devoted. It may be either expressed from the juice of fruit freshly gathered or from the preserved extract of pomegranates, cherries or lemons, mixed with sugar and submitted to a certain degree of heat to preserve it for winter consumption.

Another sherbet much drunk is called gusa'gebzen. It is made from the honey of the tamarisk tree. This honey is not the work of the bee, but the product of a small insect or worm living in vast numbers under the leaves of the shrub. During the months of August and September the insects are collected and the honey is preserved. When used for sherbet it is mixed with vinegar, and, although not so delicious as that made from fruit, it makes an excellent temperance beverage.

Only among the rich and fashionable are glasses used. In all other cases sherbet is served in china bowls and drunk from deep wooden spoons carved in pear wood.

SOLDIERS' UNIFORMS.

They Are Not Khaki, but "Cotton O. D." or "Wool O. D."

In speaking of the uniforms worn by the soldiers in the regular army and the militia do not speak of them as khaki. It is incorrect, says the Kansas City Star, because the soldiers do not wear khaki, and, besides, the soldiers are not at all partial to the word.

The uniforms worn now are described by the war department as "Cotton, O. D." or "Wool O. D." The "O. D." means olive drab, and is descriptive of the color of the uniforms. Cotton uniforms are worn in the summer and wool in the winter.

Khaki is a word of East Indian origin, meaning dusty, and comes from the word khak, meaning dusty. It is a clay or dust colored cloth, originally coming from India. It was first worn by the native British troops and later by all British troops serving abroad or on campaign.

It was later adopted by the United States government for both field and colonial service because of its serviceable qualities and because it was supposed to make it harder for the enemy to detect soldiers. The color of the uniforms was supposed to merge into the color of the ground.

Khaki is lighter in color than olive drab, and the khaki cloth is said to be superior to the cotton uniforms now being worn in the army.

The Church of Gold.

There is no structure just like St. Mark's, in Venice, in the world. Its bulb shaped domes and minaret-like belfries remind the visitor of the orient. It seems more like a Mohammedan than a Christian temple. In the facade are scores of variously colored marble columns, each one a monolith and all possessing an eventful history. Some are from Ephesus, others from Smyrna, others from Constantinople and more than one even from Jerusalem. St. Mark's is the treasure house of Venice, a place of pride as well as a prayer. The work of beautifying this old church was carried on for five centuries, and each generation tried to outdo all that had preceded it. The walls and roof are so profusely covered with mosaics and precious marbles that it is easy to understand why St. Mark's has been called the "Church of Gold."

Galliel and the Swinging Lamp.

The boy Galliel, sitting with hundreds of others in the Cathedral of Pisa on a Sunday morning, saw an attendant draw aside the heavy hanging lamp to light it and then let it swing. Many other eyes saw the same thing, but there was only that pair in Galliel's head which really observed what happened. He alone noticed that as the swings of the huge lamp became smaller and smaller they always took the same time. He proved it by counting them with his pulse. He had made a great discovery, out of which grew the pendulum clock and the accurate measurement of time.

Praise For the Growlers.

"The growlers," says a Georgia philosopher, "are the boys that keep the world moving, for when folks are growling all the time the world stops to ask the reason and straightway finds a remedy for the trouble. If the world paid any attention to the optimists things would be at a standstill. Taking it for granted that everything's O. K. is the end of progress."—Atlanta Constitution.

Distinguishing Marks.

"My dinner coat needs a button, Julia. Please attend to it tonight."
"But I can't tell your dinner coat from your breakfast jacket, dear."
"Why, the breakfast jacket has eggs on it and the dinner coat has gravy."
St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Gentle Finality.

"What is the precise significance of the phrase 'the incident is closed'?"
"It's a polite way," answered Senator Sorghum, "of saying, 'What are you going to do about it?'"—Washington Star.

Everything great is not always good, but all good things are great.—Demosthenes.

AUCTION SALE!

The undersigned will sell at public auction at his place three miles northeast of Sublimity,

SATURDAY, SEPT. 29, 1917

Beginning at 1 p. m., the following property:

Horses, Cattle, Etc.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Black mare coming 5 weight 1200 | 3 full blood Jersey cows, 3, 4 & 6 yrs. |
| Sorrel gelding coming 3 " 1300 | 7 goats |
| Bay mare colt coming 1 in spring | 3 doz. White Leghorn chickens |

Farm Machinery

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Lumber wagon | Set plow harness 10 inch plow |
| Top buggy nearly new | 6 stands of bees |
| Single harness | 2 cross cut saws |
| Double driving harness | About 3000 lbs. hop wire |
| Set heavy work harness | Quantity of farming tools |

Household Goods

Bed room set, bed, 2 rockers, settee, set kitchen chairs, heater, cream separator, gas lamp, parlör lamp and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE: \$10 and under, cash; over that amount one year's time on bankable notes at 6 per cent.

W. H. DOWNING, Auctioneer, **T. J. HILL.**

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, by an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Marion, duly made and entered on the 10th day of August, 1917, was appointed administrator of the estate of S. H. Burson, deceased, and that he has duly qualified, as such administrator. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same duly verified as required by law to said administrator at the office of S. H. Heltzel, attorney at law, Stayton, Oregon, within six months of the date of this notice.

Dated this 23rd day of August, 1917.
S. H. Heltzel, Administrator.
Attorney for estate. 3515

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the un-

dersigned, by an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Marion, duly made and entered on the 9th day of August, 1917, was appointed administrator of the estate of Avery Winslow, deceased, and that he has duly qualified as such administrator. All persons having claims against such estate are hereby notified to present the same duly verified as required by law to said administrator at the office of S. H. Heltzel, attorney at law, Stayton, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated this 23rd day of August, 1917.
W. K. Winslow, Administrator.
S. H. Heltzel, attorney for estate, 3515

Notice of Executor to Creditors.

In the county court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Marion. In the matter of the estate of George Weinrich, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Geo. A.

Smith, the undersigned, has been duly appointed executor of the estate of George Weinrich, deceased, by the county court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Marion, and has duly qualified as required by law. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same, with proper vouchers and duly verified, as required by law, to the undersigned, at the office of V. A. Goode, Roy Building, Stayton, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated and first publication August 9th, 1917. Date of last publication, Sept. 13th, 1917.
GEO. A. SMITH, Executor.
V. A. GOODE,
Attorney for Executor.

St. Marys Church

Services 2nd 4th and 5th Sundays at 8:30 a. m.
Rev. Fr. Lainck, Pastor

Annual Fall Opening OF Dena Mack's Millinery PARLORS

Saturday September 22nd, 1917

COME AND REGISTER FOR THE FREE HAT

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