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CHANGE OF SCHEDULE OCT. 15 SALEM--STAYTON STAYTON--KINGSTON

AUTO STAGE Will make regular trips every day, Sundays included as follows:

SALEM PHONE 953 Leave Stayton for Kingston 8:35 A.M.

'Kingston Stayton 8:55 '

Arrive Stayton 9:05 '' Arrive Stayton

THE RESERVE TO SERVE					
Leave		Stayton		9:15	A. M.
	2	Sublimity		9:25	**
**	-	Aumsville		9:40	**
**		Turner		9:55	**
Arrive		Salem		10:25	**
Leave	Our.	Ore. Elec.	Salem	2:45	P. M.
Arrive		Turner		3:15	
**		Aumsville		3:35	**
**		Sublimity	114	3:50	**
**		Stauton	-	4:00	**

Leave Staten for Kingston 4:25 P.M. King-ton " Stayton 4:50 P.M. comects with Motor Car

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Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't sim-Mrs. Wildig had, Foster - Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned by order of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Marentered on the 4th day of April, 1917, the same, duly verified, to me at 2319, State st., in the City of Salem, Marion County, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated April 11th, 1917. (Signed) EDWARD FANDRICH Adminstrator of the estate of Gott- mating that she might hear from him.

G. E. UNRUH

Attorney for Estate.

Any one wants to try the re- bert Atwood, had been the cause of tail dairy busines in Stayton I will sell my cows and com- he was anxious to undo what he had plete dairy outfit with the

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Brown-PetzelCo,Stayton In the County Court of the State of Ore-

gon for Marion County

In the matter of the) Executor's No-Estate of Theresa tice of Appoint-Riesterer, Deceased ment.

Notice is hereby given that Bernard Gescher was appointed executor of the estate of the said Theresa Riesterer on the 26th Day of February, 1917, by an order of the County Court of Marion County, Oregon, duly entered of record in said Court, All persons having claims against said estate are required to send the same properly verified, with proper youchers, to Carson & Brown, tion in which she had been placed with his attorneys, at Salem, Oregon, within regard to Atwood and rejoicing that

Dated this 9th day of March, 1917. BERNARD GESCHER. CARSON & BROWN Executor. Attorneys for Executor 1015

Good Oak posts 15 conts each

She Forgot Her Wedding

By ELINOR MARSH

There are many ups and downs in the world. Estelle Ellison was a sufferer by one of the downs when she was barely twenty years old. A life of luxury was then, by her father's dying insolvent, turned to poverty. Her mother, her younger brother and sister were also left without a cent.

Walter Treadwell, a young man who was working his way through college by means of various expedients, had long been a youthful admirer of Estelle. It had been a question as to whether she would be won by a suitor have never had any trouble with my style to which she had been accustom-Kidneys and am enjoying the best of ed or by this young man who promised to achieve success by his own endeavers. When the crash came in the Eillply ask for a kidney remedy—get son family Trendwell was in his sen-Doan's Kidney Pills-the same that for year in college, taying plans for raising funds to enable him to study a profession. This eliminated him as a probable winner of Estelle. Like may at times cure like, but poverty cannot cure poverty. Estelle had partly promised to wait for Treadwell, but her father's failure and her present necessi-

ties had changed all that. Estelle at once set about considering what she might do to earn money. At ion County heretofore duly made and that time the kinetoscope bad been recently invented, and the picture play was appointed Administrator of the was in embryo. Estelle had taken estate of Gottfried Fandrich, deceased, part in private theatricals, and it ocand that he has duly qualified. All curred to her to apply for employment persons having claims against said as a movie actress. She was pretty estate are hereby notified to present and petite. One of the managers to whom she applied looked at her critically. He had accepted a scenario, the heroine of which was in the earlier parts a child and the last act a woman. Estelle's size was in her favor He had engaged an actress for the part, but took Estelle's address, inti-

This is as near to an engagement as Estelle came, It certainly was not money carned. Meanwhile the wolf was prowling about the door. Even hunger visited the family. With hunger came a wealthy man who had had business relations with Estelle's father. It was said that the man, El-Mr. Ellison's failure. He was sixty years old and unattractive. Whether done to bring about the family misfortune or wanted a young wife is not privilege of renting the farm. known, but he proposed to marry Estelle and on the day of their marriage settle upon her an amount that would enable her to support those dependent Oregon upon her comfortably.

Here was a temptation for Estelle to do violence to her heart for the purpose of relieving the strain. She held out till the condition of the family be

ame unbearable, then consented. Preparations were made for the wedding. On the appointed day Mr. Atwood, who was to meet his bride at the church, went there to be married. The bride was late in coming, and he waited. Half an hour passed, and he sent to ask what had caused the deay. The messenger was told by Mrs. Ellison that her daughter had gone out at 9 o'clock in the morning and had not returned.

The groom expectant left the church. He knew that Estelle was to sacrifice herself to save her mother and her brother and sister from want, and naturally inferred that at the last moment she had been unable to carry out her intention. He made no effort to find her and did not even inquire later if she had returned to her home.

On the morning of the intended wed ding the postman had left a letter for Estelle from the manager of the film company which had taken her address. It was simply a request that she would call upon him. She went at once, and he told her that the actress he had engaged had failed to comprehend the part she was to enact and he would give Estelle a trial. Estelle replied that she must be given a trial and a decision at once or she would not be ope

for engagement. The company was assembled and Estelle-was given the scenario of her part, which she committed to memor scene by scene. In the movies a great deal depends on the power of facial expression. This turned out to be a gift with Estelle, and at the end of th third act the manager offered Estelle an engagement at \$25 a week. So absorbed had she been in the play that she had taken no account of time. When this offer was made to her sho asked to be informed of the hour. What was her astonishment to learn that it was 12 o'clock-the hour for her mar-

To appear at the church dressed a she was was unthinkable, and it would require half an hour to get there. Th manager, who was bent on securing her for the part, wrote out a contract naming \$50 instead of \$25 a week salary and placed it before her. Tempted by the pay, searcely knowing what she did, she signed and was launched as a movie actress.

That evening when her mother was putting the children to bed Estelle stole into the house and told what she had done. She was suffering at the posisix months from the date of this notice. she had been able to relieve the necessities of those dear to her without sac-

rificing herself. Estelle Ellison, under another name, is now one of the movie stars who command large salaries. But it is sald that she will soon leave the profession to marry a young lawyer who worked his way through college.

AS PRICES RISE HIGH COST OF LIVING HITS THE RAILROADS

Service Will Be Crippled Unless Relief Comes Soon.

EXPENSES UP, RATES DOWN

Wasteful and Conflicting Regulations Hamper Railroad Credit, While Advance in Labor and Materials Outstrips Revenues, Chairman Kruttschnitt Tells Congress Committee. Unified Federal Control Will Improve

Washington, April 2.-The condition in which the railroads find themselves as a result of constant increases in wages, prices of material, taxes and other expenses, while their revenues are restricted by legislation, was strikingly described by Julius Kruttschnitt. Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Southern Pacific Company, in his testimony during the past few days before the Joint Congressional Committee on Interstate Commerce, which is making a study of the question of railroad regulation. Mr. Kruttschnitt urged the committee to recommend a plan of regulation which will center responsibility for regulation and its results in the federal government, so that conditions affecting both expenses and revenues may be made subject to a uniform policy instead of the waste ful and often conflicting policies in volved in the system of combined state and federal regulation.

Why Reads Need More Money. Mr. Kruttschnitt's testimony also had a bearing on the reasons for the application of the roads to the Interstate Commerce Commission for a general advance in freight rates. He showed that while the price of transportation has declined in recent years, the cost of producing transportation, like the cost of almost everything else, has rapidly advanced. This he illustrated by

showing that if freight and passenger rates had increased during the past twenty years in the same proportion as average commodity prices the railroads of the United States would have received \$1,654,000,000 more for transportation in 1915 than they did receive.

This saving to the public was effected, in spite of an increase of 93 per cent in the cost of operation of trains, by a reduction in the average passenger rate per mile from 2.04 cents in 1895 to 1.98 cents in 1915, a decrease of 3 per cent, and by a reduction in the average freight rate per ton mile from 8.39 mills in 1895 to 7.3 mills in 1915, or 13 per cent. During the same period the cost of operation per train mile rose from 92 cents to \$1.78, almost doubling. At the same time the average price of 346 commodities enumerated in a bulletin of the Department of Agriculture increased 115 per cent. Transportation is practically the only commodity in general use that has not increased tremendously in price during the past twenty years, freight and passenger charges being lower than they were twenty years ago.

Big Saving to Public.

If rates had risen proportionately to the increase in the cost of other artieles of ordinary use, Mr. Kruttschnitt told the committee, the average passenger rate in 1915 would have been 2.95 cents a mile, or 50 per cent higher than it was, and the average freight rate would have been 1.21 cents, or 66 per cent higher than it was. The saving to the public in passenger fares through this difference was \$314,000,-

900 and in freight rates \$1,340,000,000. Universal railroad bankruptcy under this reduction in rates and increased cost of operation, he said, was avoided only by heavy expenditures to obtain increased efficiency in train movement, making it possible to haul more tons of freight per locomotive. This had reduced the average cost of hauling a ton of freight, but the decline in the average freight rate had reduced the net revenue of the roads from each ton hauted. If the operating costs of the railroads, including the prices of coal, labor and material, continue to advance at the present rate a lot of railroads will be in the hands of receivers by 1918 unless some relief is afforded,

Mr. Kruttschnitt told the committee. "Owing to the rise of commodity prices," he said, "the purchasing power of the dollar has fallen 55 per cent and the railroads are in the position of being compelled by law to accept payment for their service to the public in currency worth 45 cents on the dollar.

Public's Chief Interest. "The public's greatest interest is in adequate transportation facilities and not so much in low rates. As to most ommodities freight rates form a very small proportion of their cost. Exchilling low grade commodities, the percentage of the freight rate to the cost is so slight as to offer no justification for any substantial increase in prices to the consumer. It may be stated with little fear of contradiction that the consumer seldom, if ever, profits from a lowering of freight rates.

Extortionate charges are a thing of the past, and under the attempt to cut rates to their lowest possible figure the interest of the whole public in the baracter and standard of transportatien is subordinated to the interest of that part of the public only that profits by lower rates -that is to say, the shippers and their agents and not the general public, the ultimate consumer."



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