

# BIG PARADE VOICES U. S. PREPAREDNESS

## New York Demonstration Has 150,000 in Line of March.

### ALL CLASSES IN PATRIOTIC PAGEANT

### Twelve Hours of Mankind Pass Re- viewing Stand—Great Awaken- ing Is Shown by People.

New York—New York expressed its attitude on the question of national preparedness Saturday by holding the greatest civil parade in the history of the country. An almost countless host of men and women, estimated at more than 150,000, representing all walks of life in the nation's metropolis, marched for 12 hours, 20 abreast, behind bands playing patriotic airs, through flag-bedecked streets lined with hundreds of thousands of cheering spectators.

All the professions and trades which make up the complex life of the city were represented.

In one division were the street sweepers in their uniforms of white, while in another were the dignified justices of the Supreme court of New York.

There also were the clergy—nearly 200, representing every denomination in the nation's greatest city. Lawyers, physicians, trained nurses, veterans of the Spanish-American war, were in line. But the most popular division was made up of the city's 10,000 National Guardsmen—infantry, cavalry and artillery—who brought up the rear.

"This," declared Major General Leonard Wood, in command of the department of the East, who reviewed the parade, "is the greatest argument America has ever known in favor of preparedness against elements that are at present unknown. It shows an interest in preparedness that amounts to a National awakening. This is what we need. It shows that the time has come to do something in the matter of National preparation."

The mammoth pageant began auspiciously. Just as Mayor Mitchell and a party of municipal officers left the city hall at the head of the first division an aeroplane appeared above lower Broadway and hovered around the great skyscrapers.

The paraders marched rapidly, more than 10,000 passing a given point within an hour.

With few exceptions, the marchers carried small American flags. Most of them also wore buttonhole emblems. At frequent intervals came one of the 200 bands and musicians were the only persons in the civic divisions who wore uniforms.

## Plan to Form Woman's Party Attacked by Illinois Suffrage Society

Chicago—An attack on the plan to form a woman's party was issued Monday by the Illinois Equal Suffrage association, while officials of the Congressional Union, promoters of the idea, were opening registration headquarters at 73 East Washington street. At the same time a campaign was launched by the Union with posters, banners and various advertising devices to boom the woman's party convention, which will be held June 5, 6 and 7 at the Blackstone theater during the time the Republican convention is in progress at the Coliseum. Twelve woman speakers will begin holding brief meetings at once under the auspices of the Congressional Union, on street corners, in factories or shops, offices, college dormitories and at labor union gatherings.

"Confusion and duplication of work" will be the effect of the Congressional Union's activities in Chicago, it is declared in the statement issued by the Illinois Equal Suffrage association. The proposal to form a party "on sex lines" is also assailed, and the union is defined as "a detached group of Eastern suffragists."

### All Other Flags Taboo.

Tacoma, Wash.—None but the American flag will be allowed in the Memorial Day parade in Tacoma. This action was taken Monday by joint committees from patriotic bodies in which they decided that at this time individual banners of fraternal societies and the like were not in keeping with the spirit of the day.

The veterans believe that the whole observance should be for the soldier dead, and as a consequence only the Stars and Stripes should be carried in the lines of March.

### Panama Police to Disarm.

Panama—William K. Price, the American minister, Monday delivered to the Panama government the final demand for the surrender of 1200 rifles used by the Panama National Police. The disarmament of the police force has been sought on account of riots which resulted in the deaths of Americans. It is understood the administration is opposed to the surrender of the rifles, but delivered up the arms under protest.

# ENGLAND TRIES KNIGHTED IRISHMAN ON CHARGE OF HIGH TREASON

London—The writing of a new chapter of the history of the Sinn Fein rebellion was begun Tuesday when Sir Roger Casement, knighted in 1911 for services to the British government, and Daniel Julian Bailey, an Irish soldier, one of his companions on the ill-fated submarine trip from Germany to Ireland were placed in the dock of the Bow-street police court for preliminary examination on the charge of high treason.

While considerable testimony introduced by the crown tended to incriminate Bailey, the main attack of the prosecution was directed against Casement in an endeavor to enmesh him in a net of evidence which would establish without question the leading part he is claimed to have played in the conspiracy, whose ramifications extended even to America.

## U. S. to Send Insistent Note to England on Interference With Mails

Washington, D. C.—Negotiations with Great Britain regarding interference with mails to and from the United States and interruption of neutral commerce by the British fleet are to be resumed in the near future. A note insisting sharply on modification in the treatment of mails already is being prepared at the State department, and as soon as possible work will be begun on a reply to the last British note defending the operation of the blockade orders in the council.

Secretary Lansing let it be known last week that the implied condition in the German note on submarine warfare, expressing confidence that the United States would hold Great Britain to compliance with international law, had made it difficult to proceed with the British negotiations. He said, however, that these negotiations would be continued promptly in spite of the embarrassing situation.

## Fourteen Killed and Thirty Injured in Great Powder Plant Explosion

Gibbstown, N. J.—At least 14 men were killed and about 30 injured Tuesday in a terrific explosion at the Du Pont Powder company, near here. The blast occurred in the building in which trinitrotoluol is manufactured, and wrecked that structure and three others.

The cause of the explosion is not known, and, according to officials of the company, may never be ascertained, as all those believed to have been in the building where the first explosion occurred are dead.

Trinitrotoluol is not considered an explosive risk, and company officials believe it caught fire before exploding. This blast caused a nearby building, in which nitro-benzolis was manufactured, to blow up. So great was the force that two buildings some distance away, in which huxite was manufactured, were wrecked, but the explosive did not go off.

## Near-by Blast Causes Restaurant Building to Collapse; Ten Killed

Akron, O.—At least 10 persons were killed, two are missing and a score were injured early Tuesday night, when the old Beacon Journal building, occupied by the Crystal restaurant, collapsed as a result of a blast of dynamite in an adjoining excavation.

Seven identified and three unidentified bodies have been recovered and two persons now missing are thought to be in the ruins.

A tremendous roar, echoing the screams of dying people, brought thousands to the scene of the disaster, in the heart of Akron's business district.

A great pile of ruins, broken timbers, twisted steel and tons of brick and mortar buried the victims, who a moment before were dining in the restaurant.

Eight bodies were taken out of the wreckage after firemen, police and volunteer rescuers had worked frantically, digging and chopping through the debris.

Twenty more, some slightly injured, were extricated and sent to hospitals. Only two or three of those known to have been in the restaurant succeeded in escaping before the crash.

## Bomb Droppers Sent to Border.

Columbus, N. M.—Aeroplane machine guns and bomb dropping devices arrived here Tuesday for the use of the first aero squadron. Army aviators here deny knowledge as to whether the planes to be sent into service in Mexico are to be equipped with the devices.

A "dead line" was drawn about the base arsenal here. It was said that a suspicion that incendiaries may have been responsible for the recent fires at Fort Bliss, Tex., caused the added precautions here.

## Dakota Snow Two Feet Deep.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—Snow to a depth of two feet fell Tuesday in parts of the Black Hills in South Dakota, and to a depth of 10 inches on the Cheyenne Indian reservation, in the central part of the state. Heavy rain and snow fell in the entire eastern half of the state, but in Sioux Falls, Watertown and Aberdeen and snowflakes melted immediately. High winds and falling temperature, recorded at 30 promise further wintry weather.

# NEWS ITEMS Of General Interest About Oregon

## Equality in Distribution of State School Money Shown

That the state and county officials of Oregon are much more zealous in safeguarding the school funds than are some of the neighboring states is shown by an investigation started a short time ago by the legislative committee of the state of Washington representing the State Federation of Labor, the Farmers' Union and State Grange. The secretary of the committee wrote to State Superintendent J. A. Churchill calling attention to the fact that 25 per cent of the moneys derived from the sale of timber and rentals of the forest reserves is paid by the Federal government to various states and that the law provides that it shall be by them divided among the counties in which the forest reserves are situated, and the money expended for the benefit of the public schools and the public roads thereof, and not otherwise.

A comparison of the way this money is divided in the different states is quite interesting. This committee sent a statement which shows that in many counties of Washington all the money is expended for the benefit of roads, and the schools receive nothing. In some counties a very small sum is spent for roads and schools and the balance is "otherwise" expended.

Superintendent Churchill sent a letter to each county of this state asking for a statement as to how the money is expended in Oregon. He has received letters from nearly all the counties, and in every instance the money is equally divided between the school fund and the road fund.

## Government Crop Report for Oregon

Washington, D. C.—A summary of the May crop report for the state of Oregon, as compiled by the Bureau of crop estimates, U. S. department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Winter wheat—May 1 forecast 12,400,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 16,200,000; two years ago, 13,684,000; 1909-13 average, 12,955,000 bushels.

Rye—May 1 forecast, 436,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 414,000; two years ago, 336,000 bushels.

Meadows—May 1 condition 93, compared with the ten-year average of 96.

Pasture—May 1 condition 93, compared with the ten-year average of 95.

Spring plowing—Per cent done to May 1, 1916, estimated 89 per cent, compared with 92 May 1 last year and 84, the ten-year average.

Spring planting—Per cent done to May 1, 1916, estimated 75 per cent, compared with 86 May 1 last year and 80, the ten-year average.

Hay—Old crop on farms May 1, estimated 75,000 tons, compared with 120,000 a year ago and 173,000 two years ago.

Prices—The first price given below is the average on May 1 this year, and the second, the average on May 1 last year.

Wheat, 87 and 116 per bushel. Corn, 85 and 89. Oats, 39 and 51. Potatoes, 77 and 77. Hay, \$13.10 and \$9.50 per ton. Eggs, 20 and 19 cents per dozen.

## Timber Sale Approved.

Announcement is made by the Forest Service that the district forester, Portland, Ore., has just approved the contract for the sale to Brown Bros. & Hubbard of 3,900,000 feet of timber on the Crater Lake National forest in Southern Oregon.

The timber is located on Crystal Creek on the west side of Klamath lake and consists mostly of western yellow pine, although there is some sugar pine and other species. The prices paid for the timber are \$3.20 per M feet for the yellow pine and sugar pine, and 50 cents per M feet for the other species.

## Mill Refuses Business.

Marshfield—Frank W. Rehfeld, a myrtle wood manufacturer here, has more orders than he can fill and had to turn down a large contract for myrtle bobbins for spinning mills in Calcutta.

Myrtle wood novelties have become much sought since they were exhibited at the San Francisco exposition, and orders for the wood are being received from many sections of the United States. The Rehfeld plant is now busy on an order for 1,000,000 auto writers, a contrivance used in teaching children to write.

## Fruit Pest Fight Planned.

Hood River—Professor L. F. Henderson, formerly head of the department of botany of the University of Idaho, who has just been appointed county fruit inspector to succeed H. M. Holbrook, will wage a campaign to keep the orchards of this district free from disease pests. Non-resident owners will be made to clean up tracts that have grown to weeds. "It was gratifying to us of the Upper Valley community to meet with such co-operation from Professor Henderson," said Colonel W. F. Tucker.

## Mill Burned; Loss \$15,000.

Tillamook—The Yellow Fir lumber mill, 11 miles south, was destroyed by fire one morning this week. The flames originated in the engine-room from a hot box. There was no insurance. The loss is put at \$15,000. Some 30,000 feet of lumber was burned. The plant will be built immediately to fill big orders ahead, according to Frank Long, owner.

# The Red Mirage

## A Story of the French Legion in Algiers

By I. A. R. WYLIE

(All rights reserved. The Bobbs-Merrill Co.)

### SYNOPSIS.

Sylvia Omney, her lover, Richard Farquhar, finds, has fallen in love with Captain Arnaud of the Foreign Legion. In Captain Sower's room Farquhar forces Sower to have Preston's I. O. U's returned to him. Farquhar is helped to his rooms by Gabrielle Smith. Sower demands an apology. Refused, he forces Farquhar to resign his commission in return for possession of Farquhar's father's written confession that he had murdered Sower's father. Gabrielle saves Farquhar from suicide. To shield Arnaud, Sylvia's fiancé, Farquhar professes to have stolen war plans and tells the real culprit why he did so. As Richard Nameless joins the Foreign Legion and sees Sylvia, now Mme. Arnaud, meet Colonel Destin, Farquhar meets Sylvia and Gabrielle, and learns from Corporal Goetz of the colonel's cruelty.

Do you believe in divorce?  
What if you came home some day and learned that your wife was madly in love with another man—your employer? Would you leave her, or would you force her to go with you to another town and begin all over again?

### CHAPTER VII—Continued.

He lifted her hand to his lips, his eyes still on her face, and, returning Arnaud's salute, strode across the sunlit courtyard and disappeared into the shadows. Husband and wife watched him in silence. Then Arnaud gave a short, half-angry laugh.

"When the devil goes abroad it is usually to some purpose," he said. "How did he come here?"

"I invited him."

"He had not called on you?"

She shrugged her shoulders prettily.

"That was just what made me do it. I was bored and lonely, and bored and lonely people are bound to do something mad."

"You are very often bored, Sylvia."

"Yes," she agreed. "But does that mean I am very often mad?"

He looked up at her, his pale eyes full of moody wistfulness. "How much can happen in a year where a woman is concerned. A year ago you would not have been bored, Sylvia. You thought then that there was no more lovely place on earth than Sid-el-Abbes, and that there was no other man for you than myself. Now you are restless and discontented. You hate the place and—perhaps your husband." The last words broke from him with a petulant violence. It was the irritable accusation of a man who does not believe what he is saying and expects contradiction. None came. Sylvia Arnaud's fair head was still bent over her flowers. He sprang upright, his face ashy with passion. "Do you hate me, Sylvia?" he stammered. She lifted her eyes for a moment, but not to him. In their brown, velvety depths there were pathos and melancholy infinitely touching.



### CHAPTER VIII.

At the Villa Bernotto's.

"Look well, though, don't I, Miss Smith? White is, after all, the most becoming. But one must have a good skin. Mine is still quite smooth. No one would think I had been a year in this dreadful place, would they?"

"No," was the calm answer.

Sylvia Arnaud considered herself for a moment longer in the glass. Then her eyes wandered past her own reflection to that of her companion behind her. Miss Smith, in a pearl gray dress of severe cut, was more than usually uncompromising. The soft brown hair had been dragged back and smoothed into order with a merciless hand, leaving the small, oval face without a softening line. Sylvia laughed gayly. The contrast with her own radiant femininity pleased her.

"Sometimes I really think you are not a woman at all, Miss Smith," she said quizzically. "And now I am ready."

Look out for that Arab! He's spying either for the Jewess, for Sylvia or for Colonel Destin—what is your guess about him, and how do you think he will act?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Much Metal Wasted.

The waste of metal from coins rubbing together is said to amount to 1 1/2 tons of silver annually.