UP AGAINST THE HURDLES FOREIGN IMMIGRATIONS NEGRO QUESTION

YEAR VOTERS TRUSTS A

They Should Vote With Republican Party.

It Has Stood for Progressive Policies Within Sane Lines and Has Given the Country Unexampled Prosperity.

Between three and four million young men in the United States will this year cast their first vote. Every one of them should vote for President Taft and the Republican party.

In choosing his political affiliation the first voter should thoroughly study the platforms, principles and records of the great political parties, before allying himself with either. If he goes into the record of facts impartially, he cannot escape the conviction that his choice must be with the Republican party. From Lincoln to Taft, with one single exception, every president of the United States has accepted the inspiring Republican doctrine. The Republican party preserved the Union, abolished slavery, freed Cuba, rescued the Philippines and Porto Rico from three cenuries of Spanish tyranny, secured the open door of trade in China and is building the Panama Canal-making the old world dream of centuries come true and readjusting the world's highways of commerce. In addition to all this, its beneficient policies and wise administration have resulted in the progress of the nation, with commercial development and national wealth reaching a point almost beond imagination.

Democrats Are Destructive.

On the other hand, the first voter Il find that the Democratic party s always been an obstructive and lestructive party instead of construcive; that when in power it has alays brought disaster to the country ot only because of its incapacity nd incompetency, but also because t has invariably destroyed manufacring interests by attempting to foist me trade upon the American people.

It has always been on the wrong side of everything, and if it could have had its way would have destroyed the credit of the nation with he free coinage of silver. In the last mocratic administration the na-

anal debt increased and distrust and panic paralyzed the great industrial system of the country. The value of farm products decreased \$500,000,000, banks closed, business firms failed, ectories were silent and three million ablebodied men were begging for work. hose things happened during the hort administration of the Democratic party, which has done nothing or progress, nothing for the cause of liberty and freedom, and nothing for the glory of our common country, for more than half a century.

Republican Party Will Live.

The first voter will not be received by the attack now made upon the Republican party by men who are smarting under the sting of disappointed ambition. This is not the first year in which the Republican party has been subjected to similar experiences. There was the bolt of the Liberal Republicans to Horace Greeley in 1872, the defections in the early 90's to the Farmers' Alliance, Greenback and Populist parties and the withdrawal of the Silver Republicans in 1896. Republican presidents-Lincoln, Grant and McKinley-have been loaded with the vilest abuse by their contemporaries just as President Taft is assailed today. But the Republican party has survived all these experiences just as it will survive the present attempt to bring about its destruction.

The men who left the Republican party in the past have gone down to political oblivion. Those who have remained with the Republican party have, on the contrary, proudly participated in its great achievements.

The Republican party offers to the first voter the splendid record of its past and the glorious promise of its

Their Directors Contribute to His

Campaign Fund.

Harvester Trust Perkins and Steel Trust Munsey Give Him Half of Total Amount Contributed.

Roosevelt's cry of "Stop thief," has ot succeeded in diverting public atention from the liberal support which e is receiving from the big trusts. mong the significant contributions to he third party campaign funds the past week were those of George W. erkins, a director of the Harvester Trust, and Frank A. Munsey, of the Steel Trust, for \$15,000 each. Perkins says that more will be forthcoming hen needed. He cannot be charged with ingratitude.

The Harvester Trust was organized luring Roosevelt's administration with a paper capitalization of one hundred d thirty million dollars. The tangl le assets upon which this vast amount of watered stock was issued amounted at the time to only thirty millions of dollars. Ex-Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota declares that a word from Roosevelt, who was then formation of this great combine. But the word was not spoken. The deal accumulating money. went through and the farmers who buy lping to pay the dividends on this extra one hundred millions of watered stock ever since. Later in the Roosevelt administration the department of justice, on its own initiative, was about to begin prosecution against this trust for violation of the Sherman law. But Mr. Perkins appealed to his friend President Roosevelt, and by the president's personal order the proceedings were stopped. Mr. Perkins has not been a power in the White House during the present administration, and by direction of President Taft. a suit is now pending to dissolve the Harvester Trust. Is it any wonder that Mr. Perkins contributes liberally to the third term campaign fund.

A. Munsey is equally liberal, when it is remembered that he is a heavy stockholder in the Steel Trust, whose coffers were enriched to the extent of sixty millions of unearned dollars by the absorption of the Tennessee Coal a recent congressional investigation declares to have been plainly against the law, and which never would have been made except for the promise obtained in advance from President Roosevelt that the law would not be invoked against it.

These are not campaign slanders. They are acknowledged and undisputed truths. And they are set down here merely to make it clear why it bappens that George W. Perkins a director of the Harvester Trust, and Frank A. Munsey, heavily interested in the Steel Trust, can afford to be generous with their funds in financing the third term campaign. They found Colonel Roosevelt a friend indeed when he was last in the White House. and from their point of view they are ully warranted in drawing upon their pletheric bank accounts to put him

A Word to the Farmers. From the Leavenworth (Kan.)

If the farmers want good times to ontinue, they will vote for Taft. If hey want to take the chance of getting less for their crops, they will vote for either Roosevelt or Wil-

Some close observer has remarked hat the longer Col. Roosevelt reects over his past life, the more cerain he is that he never made a mis-

You may have noticed that the colo nel has no hard words for the bosse who are for him.

PRESIDENT TAFT'S SPLENDID RECORD

SOME OF THE ACHIEVEMENTS OF HIS ADMINISTRATION PRESENTED.

GREAT WORK HAS BEEN DONE

More Prosecutions of Trusts and More Social Reforms Secured Than Under Any Previous President.

"He has met every crisis that has arisen during his administration with firmness and resolution. The bluff and bluster of political enemies have not made him flinch an lota from his determination to do that which he believes to be for the general welfare of all classes of people in this republic."-Representative Kahn of California. in an address reviewing President Taft's Administration.

Ö00000000000000000000000 The record of President Taft's administration is one of splendid achieve-

His administration has broken all records for prosecutions brought and won under the Sherman anti-trust lav Without fear or favor it has brouto the bar of justice corporations at persons engaging in illegal combina tions in restraint of trade, the ulti mate purpose of each combination being to create a monopoly and to raise the prices on its products. In two years and eleven months of his administration President Taft caused to be instituted twenty-two civil suits and forty criminal suits against illegal trusts. Roosevelt, in the seven and a half years of his presidency. only instituted forty-four suits against illegal combinations.

Under President Taft's administration the great Sugar trust frauds were unearthed, resulting in the forced restitution of millions of dollars into the national treasury. These frauds. which were based upon the bribery of customs officials to dishonestly value imports of sugar, were in progress during the last administration, but were not detected until Taft became president.

Corporation Tax.

President Taft suggested and secured the enactment of a law imposing a tax upon corporations which adds \$30,000,000 annually to the revenues of the government.

He advocated and approved the law establishing postal savings banks. These banks are now the depositories of many millions of dollars and afford president, would have prevented the to people of small means in remote lo calities an easy and safe method of

> Under his direction there has been the excessive unfair charges of the express com panies and a complete rearrangement of rates ordered.

Railroads have been prevented from putting rate increases into effect without the approval of the interstate commerce commission. While this legis lation was pending an effort was made by certain trunk lines to increas rates. A temporary injunction wa immediately obtained by the attorne general, and by agreement with th railroad presidents they did not pu the increases into effect but waited for the enactment of the law. They then applied to the interstate commerce commission for permission, un der the new law, to make the increase And is it any wonder that Mr. Frank but their application was denied by the commission. The railroads de nounced the president and his attorney general for the stand they took in protecting the rights of the shippers

Other Reforms Accomplished. The white slave traffic has been vigorously and effectively attacked and severe punishment has been meted out to those engaged in the nefarious business.

A bureau of mines has been estab lished, so as to safeguard the lives o miners. President Taft personally a tended a demonstration of the meth ods employed to rescue miners and has done everything in his power to give efficiency to this new bureau.

Another great social reform which President Taft advocated and which received his hearty approval when the law was passed concerns the investi gation of child labor conditions by the covernment. President Taft selected woman to manage the bureau which s conducting the inquiry in order that there might be a sympathetic and

thorough administration of the law. Under President Taft's administra tion the Panama canal will be com pleted ahead of time, without a tain of graft. President Taft has made several visits to the isthmus in order to personally assure himself that the work was being prosecuted honestly and vigorously.

An income tax amendment to the federal constitution has been sub mitted to the states and now lack only the affirmative action of the legislatures of three or four additional states to become a part of the fundamental law of the land.

Tariff Revised Downward.

The tariff has been revised downward. Under the Payne taria law, approved by President Taft, the list of articles admitted duty free was in creased, while the average rates of duty upon all dutiable articles was decreased. No American industry has been orippled and not one American

workman has been thrown out of em ployment by reason of its enactment. Believing that the schedules might be still further revised, President Taft created the tariff board, an organization of experts, who dealt with the tariff problem from a business point of view and who suggested further changes. The Democratic house of representatives ignored these wellconsidered recommendations and also legislated the tariff board out of existence. The tariff bills vetoed by President Taft were framed by a committee of fourteen Democrats, eleven of whom are lawyers and the other three have had no business experi-

President Taft has enforced the employers' liability act and approved the extension of its provisions so that employes of railroad carriers may bring sults in any district in which the do fendant was doing buriness at the time of the commencement of the

These are a few-and only a fewof the great achievements of President Taft's administration. It is record unequalled by any president, and the work has all been done without self-glorification and in a modest and effective way.

DEMAND FOR LABOR

Unprecedented Prosperity in the United States Sends Up a Catl From Ocean to Ocean for Unskilled Labor.

The demand for unskilled labor never was so great in the United States as it is at present. There is also a large and general demand for skilled labor in many important lines The cry has gone up from New York state and extends south along the Atlantic coast, across the south line of the Union to California, up the Pacific coast to Seattle, and back across the heart of the country from Kansas City to St. Louis, to Chicago, to Detroit, to Pittsburg.

Everywhere laborers are needed in the harvests, the forests, the mines, the factories, the mills; on the railroads, for the construction of public highways and in our great industrial centers

Even within a hundred-mile radius of New York city the call is no less insistent. Labor agencies cannot supply the demand there. Contractors need manual help for aqueducts, tunnels, building excavations. There is work for every man willing to take pick and shovel and utilize the opportunity to earn a daily wage whose minimum is \$1.75.

Can anyone doubt that it is this condition of universally employed labor which is responsible for the high prices for farm products-prices which are giving the American farmer the greatest degree of prosperity he has ever known?

And can anyone believe that these conditions, either as to laborers or farmers, would be bettered by a change in the administration at Washington? Why make a change for the mere sake of change? "Let sleeping

A BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

President Taft Has Given Good Government to the People.

From 1882 to 1892 the ordinary expenses of the federal government in creased at the rate of about 3 per cent a year. In the succeeding decennial period they increased about 4 per cent a year. Under the presidency of Mr. Roosevelt the annual increase was almost 6 per cent. Mr. Taft has not only stopped this annual increase, which had so long seemed inevitable but has actually brought about a de crease. Under Mr. Roosevelt the or dinary annual expenses of the government grew from about \$471,000,00 to \$662,000,000, an increase of \$191,-000,000 in seven years. Mr. Taft has reduced them from \$662,000,000 to \$654.000.000.

We talk a lot about economy in public affairs. Isn't it worth while to stop a moment and give credit to a president who has actually done what we have all been saying ought to be

What Happened.

Ah, if the workingmen of this country could only know how they have been fooled about the protective tar-lif working for their benefit. Why if the protective tariff was relieve at a great many points, this is what would happen, that American industry ild take on a new size and speed. Prof. Wilson.

Why, certainly that is what would happen-just as it did the last time the protective tariff was "relieved."

Getting Back to Normal. From the St. Louis Times:

The one unmistakable political ten dency at present is the country-wide ecognition of the rare merits of Fres dent Taft. A period of normal re flection has set in. The shout has had its day and the intelligent in quiry, the frank recognition of facts, have arrived.

The Difference. From the Belvedere (III.) Repub-

The difference between the Reese velt and Taft administrations is that Mr. Roosevelt talked loudly against those whom he called "malefactors." and secretly protected some of them from the law, while Mr. Taft has made no threats, but has just enforced the

If you are too young to remember what happened the last time the Demperatic party was in power, ask some older man who was in business then. There is no danger that he will have forgotten it.



One-half the fire loss would be prevented if shingle roofs of adjoining buildings did not catch sparks blown from fires.

NEPONSE

PAROID ROOFING Is Made to Resist Fire as Well as Water

Buildings covered with smooth, fire-resisting NEPONSET Paroid stand undamaged next to big fires when a shingle roofed building would be doomed. You can greatly reduce danger of fire if you use NEPanseT Paroid, which lasts longer than shingles and costs less to buy and less to lay,

You make a permanent investment when you buy NEPanasT Paroid; roofs laid years ago are still good. Farmers who have studied roofing requirements are atting it on their best barns—on all buildings worthy of the best roof protection. NEPONSET Proslate is the NEPONSET Roofing for your house. Looks like rich rown stained shingles—but is without their defects.

FOR SALE BY

JOSEPH PETZEL



CANDY THE KIDS

are generally thinking of our Confections and talking about them. And they could not find anything sweeter to talk of, or a more wholesome sub-

ject. Both young and old appreciate their delicious purity, and we have built up a great family trade simply by giving to our patrons what they expected-pure, delicious, wholesome Candies.

Gem Confectionery

J A. HENDERSHOTT, Proprietor

Our stock is always in season, because we take pains to clear our shelves of the older goods at regular intervals. For this reason you may always be sure of getting the best and most timely articles at this store.

LADIES' AND MEN'S SUITINGS

are among the specialties we are able to offer you. We can give you a wide choice of material, pattern and style, and the garments are made to your order by a reliable house that knows how. We can please you.

CHAS. GEHLEN

NOTICE

WE WANT ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE

CHICKENS, DUCKS, GEESE, EGGS

PORK, VEAL, LAMBS, AND HIDES

We pay the highest market prices in Stayton. If you cannot bring your produce in, notify us by phone, and we will send the wagon for it.

STAYTON CASH PRODUCE COMPANY

G. B. Trask Manager.

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