THE STAYTON MAIL

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OREGON

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office over Rock's store,

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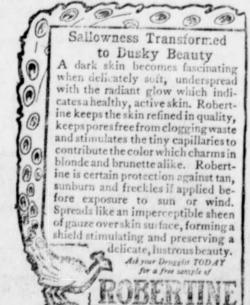
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Socialist Column.

Conducted Under the Auspices of the Socialist Party of the United States.

Socialism is a system of social organization which would abolish entirely or in great part the competition on which modociety rests and substitute for it cooperative action, would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the prodicts of labor and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. Socialism does not wish to abolish private property or accumulation of wealth, but it aims to displace the present system of private capital by a system of collective capital which would introduce a unified organization of national labor .- Professor Schaffle.

Socialist March.

The bugle blast, the banner waving, They call us, comrades, to the fight. Be industry no more enslaving, Freedom no longer veiled in night; The bilss of home, the sunshine fair, The might of knowledge be our share, To all the people be they given. This goal we seek, for this have striven.

This is the toller's new crusade For victory be the ranks arrayed.

Oh, all ye countless millions moiling In mine or field, in town or land, Still for a scanty pittance toiling.
With faithful heart and busy hand,
Why crouch ye yet in want and woe
When trumpet calls to face the foe?
From pain and sorrow discribing Is aim and object of our calling.

This is the people's new crusade And conquest crowns the effort made.

Not with the gun or bayonet gory Do we for freedom's triumph fight. Her host needs no barbaric glory, But wins with spirit sword of light: That peace may govern, plenty bloom And hope and joy dispel the gloom; Brightness to lives of labor lending. To such a goal our steps are tending.

This is the toller's new crusade. For victory are their ranks arrayed. -From the German of M. Kegel.

IS NOT "AGIN" IT.

Nebraska Editor Is Not Frightened by the Bogy of Social-Democracy.

"The editor of the Journal is no propagandist for the Socialist party, yet when we read the effusions of little 2 by 4 writers on the subject we become suddenly attacked with that tired feeling so prevalent at this time of the year and want to go somewhere and lie down for a good long rest. To these smart Alecs Socialism is a great bugaboo, besides being 'impractical,' 'visionary' and a 'dangerous menace" to the libertles of the

"The trouble is, these high lifty critics understand Socialism about as well as a Digger Indian understands the Nicene creed. It takes brains to understand Socialism; that is why the average individualist is so terribly afraid of it and looks on all advocates of Socialism as anarchists. They are awfully afraid to lose their individuality and are too ignorant to know that they have none to lose. Having heard the phrases, parrotlike they repeat that 'Socialism would eliminate all individual effort,' 'would destroy all incentive to work,' 'would put all men on a dead level,' etc., ad nauseam,

"They also tell us that to have Socialism selfishness must be first killed out from the human heart-and then we shall all be angels and have to live in heaven. What silly rot! In our own opinion no system of government was ever devised by man that is more practical, sensible or just or that would tend more to the elevation of man-intellectually, physically and morally-than Socialism. Under our present system of government the tendency is toward a dead level of intellectual mediocrity and superfined selfishness. Who can doubt this? Where are the great minds of today? How do they compare with the shining lights of the past? Who are our statesmen, divines, scientists, philosophers, biologists, poets and authors? Name the best-not those who have accumulated the most money, but those who have done something for the good of humanity-and you will find that a majority of them are ardent believers in Socialism, Would a Socialistic form of government destroy their individuality? We think not."-Ashland (Neb.) Journal.

THE CLASSES IN SOCIETY.

There Would Be No Class Hatred if There Were No Classes. By RUFUS W. WEEKS. Astuary New York Life Insurance com-

pany. On shipboard there is no denying the fact of classes. It is palpable in the line between cabin and steerage and between passengers and stewards. The feelings of the class struggle are here, too, to any one who has learned to ther said, "You shall have £80 a year, think about the feelings of another class than his own. A more haggard set of men than these stewards I never saw. I asked one of them if they had had a hard time in port. "Yes," he said, "uncommon hard. We had to work day and night loading cargo. It

was a very disagreeable thing to do, but we had to do it on account of the articles we had signed."

The passengers feel that they are badly served by these stewards. I heard a young collegian say, "The servants here are very impudent." seems he had gone to the saloon and asked for tea just as the tea hour was over and had got an "evasive" answer. I saw a full fed gentleman of haughty bearing threaten to "chuck" a steward you ov rload it, or when you eat the overboard on account of some question about a trunk, and a few minutes afterward, after seeing an officer, he told his wife, with satisfaction, "That fellow will be fired as soon as we get to Liverpool."

The psychology of this may be guessed at. The stewards feel injured and oppressed, all together, and by and indigestion. You should attend the natural instinct which may be to this at once by taking someteing called diffusion of resentment they at- that will actually do the work for the tribute their injury to an entire class of people, who, on their part, are astonished at such feeling so improperly aimed at them. It is a very useful instinct socially, this class resentment, for without it the fact of classes would be eternal.

Once, crossing in a German steamer, I asked a steward why they had such bloodshot eyes in the morning. He said: "We are on duty from early morning until 11 in the evening, and then we sleep, fifteen of us together, in a room down below where there is no air. I always come up with a headache." I remarked, "I should think you would all vote the Social-Democratic ticket." He looked startled, but made no reply. After seeming to consult some other stewards he came back, leaned over and whispered. "We do all vote Social-Democrat."

SPORTS AND THE SPHERE.

The Basic Pursuit In Most Games Is to Drive a Ball.

Some day there will arise a patient investigator who will work out this problem, Why are most sports but the variants of one object, the propulsion of a sphere?

Billiards, baseball, polo, goif, slinging, marbles, squash, handball, football, rackets, cricket, hockey, bagatelle, tennis, shooting, pelota-the basic pursuit in each is to drive a ball, the propulsion of a sphere.

Tipcat, shuttlecock and top spinning are the employment of modifications of the sphere, and archery is but another method of propulsion.

It is a strange limitation of form, and there must be a reason. Those who delve into origins may ascrete the whole motive of sports to some long armed, hirsute ancestor who first threw a pebble at a fellow cave dweller and found it great fun.

Or it may be poor mortal's attempt to get in a small fashion into the tre- day of November, 1907. mendous scheme of the universe, which is the everlasting movement of the spheres. Or it may be that sports are framed in inevitable obedience to some irresistible law of nature.

At any rate the fact is sports are based on the propulsion of the sphere. and some one ought to find a reason therefor.-New York American.

Wych Hazel, Not Witch Hazel. The correct name for Hamamelis virginica is not witch hazel, but wych hazel. Our plant has no connection with the magic of the water hunter.

The blackthorn of England, Prunus spinosa, was the wood used in these divinations, or whatever these superstitious practices may be termed. Hazel had a very wide meaning in the olden times, and the elm as well as the nut now known as such was hazel. One of these elms, now known as Ulmus montana, was the favorite wood for making wyches, or provision chests, and was therefore known as the wych hazel. In the present day it is the wych elm. Our hamamelis received from the early settlers the name of wych hazel from the resemblance of the leaves to those of the wych hazel or elm of the old world. Language reformers imagining that wych should be spelled witch are responsible for the confusion. Wych hazel is the correct term for our plant.

Dangerous Golf.

One of the rules of the Weston-super-Mare (England) Golf club reads, "A ball may be lifted and dropped with the loss of a stroke when played within the railings surrounding the powder magazine." There appears to be an element of danger in this kind of golf which reminds a London writer of a certain golf course on the West African coast, where the eighth and ninth holes are always optional, as several golfers are said to have been lost there owing to the proximity of the jungle, which is known to be a favorite lair of the lion.

The Intelligent Bohemian Life.

Corot, the French landscape painter, was a model of consistent bohemianism of the best kind. When his fayour plate at my table and be a painter, or you shall have £4,000 to start with if you will be a shopkeeper," his choice was made at once. He remainchoice was made at once. He remained always faithful to true bohemian principles, fully understanding the value of leisure.—Philip Gilbert Hamerton.

Thomas A. Edison, the great American inventor, says "Fully eighty per cent of the filness of mankind comes from eating improper tood or to much food; people are inclined to over in-It dulge themselves." This is where indigestion finds its beginning in nearly every ease. The stomach can do just so much work and no more, and when wrong kind of ford, the digestive organs cannot possibly do the work demanded os them. It is at such times that the stomach needs help; it demands help, and warns you by headaches, belching, sour stomach, nausea stomach. Kodol will do this. It is a combination of natural digestants and vegetable acids and contains the same juices found in a healthy stomach It is pleastnt to take. It digests what

you eat. Sold by Brewer Drug Co. For the Defense.

Ma-I hear that you've been playing with Donald Smith again, Tommy. Now, I told you- Tommy-Playing with him! You see the black eye he's got and you'll soon guess if there was any playing about it.-Punch.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Sylvia Sauder, deceased, has filed in the County Court of the state of Oregon, for the County of Marion, her final account as such administratrix, and that said Court has fixed Monday the 14th day of October, 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. in. of said day as the time and the County court room in the County Court house in Saiem, in Marion county, Oregon, as the place for hearing Marion county, Oregon, as the place for hearing said final account and all objections thereto. Done at Salem, Oregon, this 9th day of September, 1907.

LYDIA YERKES, Administratrix of the estate of Sylvia Sauder

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878 .-- Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,

United States Land Office,
Portland, Oregon, Sept. 5, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 18/8, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Archie W. Livermore, of Eugene, county of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day field in this office his sworn statement No. 7865, for the purchase of the NE)4 of SW quarter and Lot 6 of Section No. 6, in Lownship No. 9 S, Range No. 4 East W. M. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agrivaluable for its timber or stone than for agri-cultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Register and Receiver at ortland, Oregon, on Thursday, the 14th day i November, 1907. He names as witnesses: William Crook of

Perrydale, Oregon, T. L. Pope of Elkhorn, Oregon, Lot L. Pearce and L. R. Livermore of Salem, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to fix their claims in this office on or before said 14th

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878 .-- Notice for Publication. United States Land Office,

Portland, Oregon, September 6, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Ferritory," as gon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892, Mary F. Turnidge, of Mill City, county of Linn, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworm statement No. 7541 for the purchase of the NE, of Sec. No. 18 in Township No. 10 S, Range No. 2 East and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the County Clerk and Clerk of County Court of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 20th day of November, 1907.

She names as witnesses: Lewis T, Henness of

She names as witnesses: Lewis T. Henness of Gates, Oregon, Spruce V. Hall of Albany, Ore-gon, Edward Wolf of Gates, Oregon, Charles

Morner, of Mill City, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their ciaims in this office on or before said 20th day of November, 1907. ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878,—Notice for Publication. United States Land Office,

Portland, Oregon, September 6, 1967.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of tended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Forest R. Barnes, of Corvailis, county of Benton, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 7522 for the purchase of the N½ NE¼ of Sec. No. 30, in Township No. 9 S, Range No. 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at Portland, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 12th day of

Portland, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1907. He names as witnesses: James R. Barnes of Scio, Oregon, J. J. Barnes of Scio, Oregon, Jason A. Barnes of Albany, Cregon, Otto Herrling of

A. Barnes of Albany, Gregon, Otto Herring, of Mehama, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or beforesaid 12th day of November, 1907.

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878. Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Portland, Oregon, September 6, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Alonzo Shelley, of Stayton, county of Marion, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworm statement No. 7528, for the purchase of the Southeast quarter of Northwest quarter and Lots 3, 4 and 5 of Section No. 6, in Township No. 9 South, Range No. 3 No. 6, in Township No. 9 South, Range No. 3 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver, at Portland, Oregon, on Thursday, the

He names as witnesses: M. L. Eskew of Stay-ton, Oregon, Arthur Shelley, of Sublimity, Ore-gon, G. L. Brown of Stayton, Oregon, Warren

ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

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The Mail office.

No appetite, loss of strength, nervous ness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonio and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach. Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says:—
"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years.
Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk
for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat. Bottles only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, beiching of gas, etc. Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

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A few doses of this remedy will invariably cure an ordinary attack of

diarrhœa. It can always be depended upon, even in the nore severe attacks of cramp colic and cholera morbus.

It is equally successful for summer diarrheea and cholera infantum in children, and is the means of saving lives of many children each year. When reduced with water and

sweetened it is pleasant to take Every man of a family should keep this remedy in his home. Buy it now. PRICE, 25C. LARGE SIZE, 50C.